THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 12,364. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 28, 1870.—TRIPLE SHEET. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

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PERSONAL.

A.—TUESDAY, JUNE 28; 11½; SAME AS USUAL. B.

A.—N.—DON'T DISAPPOINT; WAS NOT SEA SICK; will take State of Maine on Wednesday. MAUDE.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF ROSALIE BERESFORD, sister of Brighton Ogler, who sailed from London for New York, in October, 1868, by James R. Keeler. Apply to McANDREW & WARD, 40 Broadway.

IF THE PARTIES WHO COMMITTED THE ROBBERY, corner of Nineteenth street and Fifth avenue, on Saturday last, will return by early Wednesday morning the Brown Silk Striped skirt, with Overdress and Waist, which did not match, they will confer a favor, as they are not worth much excepting to the owner. No questions asked.

LEAR, DECEASED.—IF JEMIMA ELENORA LEAR, who in February, 1867, was living in Leonard street, New York, and was believed at that time to be in great distress, will communicate with Messrs. Richard & George Holmes, Solicitors, Arundel, England, she will hear of something to her advantage. Reasonable expenses will be paid for authentic evidence of the death of the said Jemima Elenora Lear. RICHARD & GEORGE HOLMES, Solicitors, Arundel, England. ARUNDEL, April, 1870.

MEET CASTELANOUS 2 P. M. THIS DAY, SAME place. W.

MRS. MARGARETTE JACKSON, FORMERLY MARgarette Gallagher, call at 687 Second avenue. IDA.

ST. CLOUD—SHALL REMAIN IN NEW YORK THREE weeks. Write me. DUOLC.

S. S.—CAN MEET W. DE A. AT 5:30 THIS (TUESDAY) afternoon, at the point whence the ride began.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, RIDING IN CENTRAL Park.—Will the large lady to whom gentleman riding alone said, "Tuesday's Herald," favor with address or appoint interview? To avoid mistake mention some circumstance. Address P. J. M., Herald office.

WILL MRS. L. M. FREEMAN, OF HUDSON, N. Y., send her address to No. 150 West Fourth street? SIXTH AVENUE CAR.

WILL THE LADY IN A WALL STREET STAGE going down Broadway, who recognized the gentleman at the corner of Bleecker street and Broadway and afterwards saw him near Barclay street, please meet him at the same place that she left him one evening about 6 o'clock, in January, this (Tuesday) morning at 11 o'clock?

ZENO.—HAVE YOU QUITE FORGOTTEN PYRITES?

$100 REWARD TO ANY ONE WHO WILL GIVE such information as will enable the undersigned to find Francis Laurie Harris, aged about 27; James Duncan McNab Harris, about 18; last heard from in St. Louis in 1869. Apply to R. PERKINS, JR., 218 South Delaware avenue, Philadelphia.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A.—HYNARD'S STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS, baggage, &c., 3.2 West Fourteenth street and 78 and 80 Bank street, near Bleecker. Furniture packed, shipped or moved in city or country. Responsible for breakage.

A.—A.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS SIMMONS & CO.'S LOTTERIES.

MISSOURI—EXTRA CLASS NO. 425—JUNE 27, 1870.
162, 26, 16, 68, 63, 63, 71, 3, 28, 21, 7, 72, 63, 40.
MISSOURI—CLASS NO. 426—JUNE 27, 1870.
77, 40, 67, 25, 20, 2, 64, 10, 42, 62, 56, 41.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS NO. 401—JUNE 27, 1870.
51, 21, 47, 72, 12, 16, 64, 74, 73, 43, 1, 60, 53, 52.
KENTUCKY—CLASS NO. 402—JUNE 27, 1870.
48, 18, 15, 62, 4, 24, 52, 14, 44, 27, 67, 18.

Information furnished in the above and also Royal Havana Lotteries. J. CLUTE, Broker, 205 Broadway, 153 Fulton street and No. 2 Park row.

A.—A.—ORPHANS' HOME LOTTERY of the State of Mississippi.
Class 458—69, 11, 13, 40, 4, 29, 52, 12, 55, 47, 42, 21, 36, 51.
Class 454—42, 45, 73, 39, 19, 22, 24, 17, 26, 34, 41, 8.
For circulars, &c., address the managers, McINTIRE, BASKERVILLE & CO., Columbus, Miss. Information furnished at 316 Canal, 154 Chatham, 290 Seventh avenue, 15 Sixth avenue, 94 Third avenue, 165 East Houston, 125 Greenwich and 62 East Thirteenth street, corner of Broadway.

A.—RICHMOND DISTRIBUTION.—JUNE 27, 1870.
Class 301—16, 13, 4, 3, 62, 27, 49, 26, 61, 7.
Class 302—36, 50, 66, 68, 34, 9, 11, 72, 65, 44, 62, 4.
Information given in the above, also Murray & Co.'s and Havana Lotteries. 12½ per cent commission allowed. Private office attached. T. J. TAYLOR, 42 Chatham street.

DOCTRESS REUSCH-FORMES, ALREADY OFTEN favorably mentioned in many American newspapers, from the University of Vienna, has arrived here and opened an office in

No. 243 East Thirteenth street.

Her specialty is the cure of Ear Diseases and all kinds of Female Diseases (including accouchments of the worst cases). Certificates of the first professors of the medical faculty of the University of Vienna can be seen in her office. Office hours from 10 A. M. till 2 P. M.

KENTUCKY AND ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY—INformation—Circulars sent; prizes cashed. J. R. CLAYTON, rear basement rooms, 10 Wall street, New York.

LOTTERY PRIZES CASHED AND INFORMATION given; Kentucky and Royal Havana circulars sent. JOSEPH BATES & CO., No. 11 Wall street, box 4,254 Post office. Branch office, 447 Broome street.

O. U. A. M.—CHARTER OAK COUNCIL, NO. 4.—THE members of this Council are hereby notified to attend the regular meeting on Wednesday evening, the 29th inst., for the election of officers. By order of the C.

ORDERS FOR CLEARING HOTELS, HOUSES, SHIPS of Bedbugs, Roaches, Ants, Moths, Fleas, &c., can be left at H. S. DANZIGER'S office, 73 Forsyth street, or 264 West Forty-first street.

TO AMERICANS VISITING PARIS.—JAMES W. BELL, artist tailor, 171 Fifth avenue, New York, has opened a branch house at No. 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, for the purpose of producing the latest styles of American and European Fashions.

WARNING.

Stolen at Demerara,
Firsts and Seconds of four Bills of Exchange, drawn at Halifax by the Bank of British North America there, on the Bank of British North America, London, in favor of Henry Lawson, Esq., and endorsed by him, say
No. 277, bill for £250;
No. 278, bill for 250;
No. 279, bill for 250;
No. 280, bill for 250;
together
One Thousand Pounds Sterling.
All parties are cautioned not to purchase these bills, payment having been stopped. SAMUEL BARBER & CO.
GEORGETOWN, Demerara, June 6, 1870.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR EUROPE during the week ending Saturday, July 2, 1870, will close at this office on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 o'clock M., and at all the stations as follows, viz.:—A and B, 11:40; C and D, 11:30; E and F, 11:05; G and H, 10 A. M. P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.

ALL KINDS OF FANCY DOGS AND BIRDS FOR sale.—Medicines for all diseases. Prepared Food for mocking Birds, at B. DOVEY'S, No. 3 Greene street, corner of Canal.
N. B.—Ladies attended by Mrs. Dover.

FRANCIS BUTLER, NO. 3 PECK SLIP, HAS ALL THE choice breeds of Dogs for sale and stock. Butler's Infallible Mange Cure and Flea Exterminator, 75c.; Butler's new Work, $2. Dogs boarded, trained, &c. Medicines for all diseases.

THE TURF.

A.—POOLS WILL BE SOLD THIS EVENING AT Riley's, corner Broadway and Twenty-eighth street, on the trot at Fleetwood Park; also every evening during the trotting meeting at Fashion Track. THOMAS B. JOHNSON.

FLEETWOOD PARK,
Morrisania, Westchester county.
Trotting on Wednesday, June 29,
at 3:30 P. M., promptly.
Purse $2,000;
$1,200 to first, $400 to second, $300 to third.
Two miles and repeat, in harness.
M. Roden enters s. g. Prince.
R. Reamer enters ch. g. Colonel Fisk, formerly No Name.
J. A. Chambers enters s. st. Hickory Jack.
John Murphy enters g. g. Moody.
A. Patterson enters s. g. Dreadnaught.
D. Mace enters w. g. White Fawn.
Trains by New York and Harlem Railroad leave depot, corner of Twenty-sixth street and Fourth avenue, at 2:30 P. M. HENRY DATER, President.

POOLS SOLD AT THE FLEETWOOD PARK CLUB House, No. 1,454 Broadway, between Fortieth and Forty-first streets, on Tuesday evening and every evening during the trots at the Fleetwood and Fashion Course meetings. JACOB SOMERINDYKE.

TROTTING AT FASHION COURSE.
Tuesday, June 28, 1870, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Mile and repeat, to wagons.
Fuller names b. g. Fuller.
McCan names b. g. Road Jack.
Owner names b. s. Bay George.
WILLIAM H. SAUNDERS & SON, Proprietors.

UNION COURSE, L. I.—TROTTING TUESDAY, JUNE 28, at 2½ P. M. Purse and stake of $250; mile heats, three in five, to wagon. M. Wing's b. g. Mocking Bird. G. Wright's black m. Nellie. L. S. Sammis' br. g. Bonaparte. WILLIAM SHAW, Proprietor.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

AUCTION SALE.
MAJOR CHARLES W. BARKER, AUCTIONEER.
Will be sold at public auction, without reserve,
AT THE GALEN PARK SALE STABLES,
150 East Twenty-fourth street, New York,
THIS DAY, JUNE 28,
at 10 o'clock, prompt,
EIGHTEEN OF THE FINEST HORSES ever offered in this market from Clyde, Wayne county, N. Y., being the property of Wm. H. Saunders & Son, and consisting of coach, road and speed.
BAY HORSE, 16 hands, 6 years old; an elegant coupe, coach and family horse; warranted sound and kind.
Closely matched PAIR BAY GELDINGS, 16 hands, 6 years old; A SUPERIOR FAMILY TEAM; not afraid of cars; stylish, free and pleasant drivers; warranted sound and kind.
BAY HORSE, 15¾ hands, 7 years old; warranted sound and kind.
BAY HORSE, 16 hands, 7 years old; fine coach or coupe horse; warranted sound and kind.
Elegant PAIR BAY COACH HORSES, 16 hands, 5 years old; first class family team; not afraid of cars; warranted sound and kind.
DAPPLE GRAY HORSE, 16 hands, 8 years old; can trot in 3:30; warranted sound and kind.
BROWN MARE, 15 hands, 6 years old; can trot in 2:50 and can be driven by a lady; warranted sound and kind.
BROWN MARE, 16 hands, 5 years old; warranted sound and kind.
Can trot in 3 minutes.
EXTRA HANDSOME BROWN MARE, 15½ hands, 8 years old; can trot in 2:45, and that to the end of the road; warranted sound and kind.
BAY GELDING, 15½ hands, 7 years old; can trot in 2:50 to the pole and faster single; as fine roadster as travels the road; warranted sound and kind.
EXTRA STYLISH flagtail CHESTNUT HORSE, 15 hands, 7 years old; can beat 3 minutes; warranted sound and kind.
VERY STYLISH SORREL HORSE, 15.2 hands, 7 years old; can trot in 2:40; extra fine pole horse; warranted.
BAY HORSE, 16 hands, 6 years old; warranted sound and kind.
BAY HORSE, 15½ hands, 7 years old, warranted sound and kind.
Genteel and stylish bay Horse, 15½ high, 7 years old; sired by Henry Clay; is a very fine and free driver; can trot in 2:50, and was never trained; is an elegant saddle horse; has all gaits; is warranted sound and kind.
Handsome and fast gray Gelding, 16 high, 8 years old; Hambletonian stock; stylish, prompt and elegant driver; great roadster; can trot in 2:35, and was never trained; gentle for any one to drive; is warranted sound and kind.
Also first class new and stylish Dog Cart, made by Dusenbury and Van Duser.
One top Wagon, made by Brewster.
One first class black trimmed coupe or dogcart Harness.
One black trimmed double Harness, used but little.
Two sets black trimmed Single Harness.
The above stock will be sold to the highest bidder, without reserve, the owners wishing to close it out, having leased the Fashion track for a term of years and rented their stable.
The stock can be seen and examined any time previous to sale.
NO POSTPONEMENT on account of weather.
BARKER & HAMLIN'S City Auction Mart and New York Tattersalls, corner Broadway and Thirty-ninth street.

AT BARKER & HAMLIN'S
CITY AUCTION MART AND NEW YORK TATTERSALLS,
Corner Broadway and Thirty-ninth street.
MAJOR CHAS. W. BARKER, AUCTIONEER.
Regular Auction Sales SATURDAY,
EVERY WEDNESDAY. Consignments disposed of to
Gentlemen's private best advantage, and a general assortment of private, Horses, Carriages, Harness and everything in the Horse line to suit the needs of all classes of purchasers constantly on hand.
Outside sales solicited and promptly attended to.
Superior stabling for horses on sale.
Liberal advances made on everything in the horse line.

AT 10 COLLEGE PLACE
Buyers will always find the largest assortment of every kind of Harness in the city.
We have over 300 sets of Harness to select from. Fine gold mounted single and double Harness, for coach, buggy and coupe; also Harness for farming, teaming, carting, expressing and all other purposes.
Single Harness, complete, $8 to $150 per set.
Double Harness, complete, $20 to $500 per set.
Ladies' and gentlemen's English Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Blankets, Robes, Sheets, Nets, &c., &c.
THE TRADES MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

A.—MINER, STEVENS & CO.,
656 Broadway,
have for sale at their warerooms, a fine assortment of fashionable Carriages and light Wagons of their well known manufacture, to which they invite the inspection of purchasers.

A.—NO BROADWAY EXPENSES.
Quick sales and small profits.
All styles of Carriages lower than can be bought in the city at prices which defy competition. Coaches, Clarences, Bretts, Cabriolets, Phaetons (Park, Pony and Rumble), Jagger, side spring and Express Wagons, two Brewster Road Wagons, one Stivers Road Wagon, three Coaches in good order, one Corbett & Scharch top Wagon; second hand; all in good order; for sale very low. Harness, $10 up set. Sheets, very large stock. Nets of all kinds, Robes, Whips, &c.
WM. H. GRAY, 20, 22, 24 and 26 Wooster street.

A.—DEMI-LANDAU.
This novelty is now ready for inspection. Of entirely new and original design, this cannot fail to recommend itself most favorably as a
Ladies' Carriage,
for one or two horses. To be seen at
Our New Repository,
adjoining the factory.
J. B. BREWSTER & CO., Twenty-fifth st., near Third av.
No carriages sold but those made on the premises.

A FAMILY TURNOUT, COMPLETE, FOR $250, CONsisting of sorrel Colt, between 3 and 4 years old, sound and kind; good blood; set new single Harness used but half dozen times; Rockaway, newly painted and covered; Whip, Blanket, &c., all new. Must be sold this week. Please address Mr. WOOD, box 112 New York Post office.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF PONY PHAETONS, Bretts, Cabriolets, Rockaways, Depot Wagons, four and six seat Phaetons, which will be sold very low, this week. HAM'S, corner Fourth street and Broadway.

A VERY HANDSOME BAY MARE FOR SALE CHEAP—Sired by Rysdyk's Hambletonian, 15½ hands, all sound and kind, and can trot in 2:40 single or to pole; don't pull. Also a Stallion, 16 hands, bay, sired by Eureka, dam by Hambletonian; can show a 2:28 gait; handled but two months; all sound and kind; a lady can drive him. Call at 20 Reade street, from 10 to 2. This is a rare chance.

A FAST MARE FOR SALE—EUREKA STOCK, OUT of a thoroughbred mare; her color brown; 15½; full, fine tail and mane; 7 years old, and can trot in 2:45 to the pole and better single; is of good disposition and warranted sound, gentle and kind, and can be driven by a child. Can be seen at EBBITS' Stables, Twenty-second street and Seventh avenue. J. FELTER.

A BARGAIN.—COUPE AND HARNESS FOR SALE; stylish, light and in first rate order; city made; nearly new; sold only for want of use. Apply at 47 Great Jones st.

A FIRST RATE TEAM OF TRUCK HORSES FOR sale, together or separately, 15 hands high; one black and one gray; will be sold cheap as the owner has no use for them. Apply at northeast corner of Thirty-ninth street and Second avenue, grocery store.

AN ELEGANT NEW LANDAU, NEVER USED, ON C springs, extra light, trimmed in brown satin, built to order by J. B. Brewster & Co., will be sold low, on owner's account, by JAMES B. CONE & CO., 595 Broadway.

AT WITTY'S, 638 BROADWAY—TWO LIGHT BRETTS, suitable for country use; Road Buggies of every description, Phaetons, Depot Wagons, Rockaways and all styles Family Carriages, at low prices.

ASSORTMENT OF PHAETONS, DOG CARTS, ROAD Wagons, Depot Wagons, Rockaways, Harness, &c., on hand and made to order; reliable work; reasonable prices; several second hand Carriages. TAYLOR'S, 59 Cedar street.

A HORSE, HARNESS AND SINGLE COUPE, IN EXcellent order, for sale cheap. Apply between 10 and 2 o'clock at private stable, 150 West Eighteenth street.

A BARGAIN.—A CITY MADE PIANO BODY LIGHT Wagon and Harness, in good order. Price $150. At BARRETT'S stable, East Twenty-third street, two doors from Lexington avenue.

A GENTLEMAN LEAVING THE CITY WILL SELL an elegant French Victoria, two wheel Dog Cart, single and double Harness, Horses, &c.; have only been in use a month. Excelsior Stable, 1,206 Broadway.

A PHAETON, SUITABLE FOR CITY USE, IN GOOD order. One sound, 15 hands, black Horse, 6 years old; both sold for want of use. 103 West Thirtieth street.

A BEAUTIFUL SORREL MARE, VERY STYLISH, 6 years old, 15 hands high; can trot in 2:50; warranted sound and kind. Also four other fine Horses. No. 6 West Thirteenth street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES, two, four and six seat Phaetons, Grocers' and Business Wagons selling off cheap; 50 second hand carriages. H. H. WITTY & CO., 10 Nevins street, Brooklyn.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

AT THE AUCTION HOUSE OF
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street,
opposite the Post office.

THE HORSE AND CARRIAGE BRANCH
of our business is conducted at our
HORSE AUCTION MART,
112 AND 114 EAST 13TH STREET, NEAR 4TH AVENUE,
where we hold regular
SALES OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES
EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.
Gentlemen wishing to purchase, or those having Horses or Carriages to sell, will find our house perfectly reliable, as we conduct this branch of our business, as we do all our other business, on the same straightforward principles which govern honorable houses in all mercantile pursuits.
We give the purchaser of every horse that is warranted sound from 24 to 48 hours for trial.
Entries for sales of Horses and Carriages can be made at our down town office and salesroom, 37 Nassau street, where we also keep a register of horses for private sale.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
THIS DAY (TUESDAY), AT 12 O'CLOCK.
CATALOGUE OF THIS DAY'S SALE.
VERY HANDSOME TEAM BAY CARRIAGE HORSES, full 15½ hands, 7 years; kind, perfect and true in all harness and under saddle; very showy and rangy; can trot together in 3½ minutes; one can trot close to 3 minutes, single; are one of the most perfect family teams in this city; are warranted sound, kind and true. Together with a six seat Park Phaeton, in good order, and by Wood Brothers. Also Dunscomb set fine double Harness, &c., &c.
TEAM OF BLACKS, HORSE AND MARE, Lone Star Black Hawk stock, just from and raised in Vermont, 15½ hands, 6 and 6 years, kind in all harness, free from vice, warranted to trot in 3½ minutes, stylish and warranted sound, kind and true; are a splendid family team.
BAY PATCHEN STALLION, raised in Burlington county, N. J., with long mane and tail, 15½ hands, 7 years, kind in all harness and under saddle, free from vice, fine traveller, very stylish, and is warranted sound, kind and true; has been used for breeding; is very docile and quiet.
GRAY TEAM, HORSE AND MARE, 15½ hands, 9 years; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; good travellers, and are, kind and true.
CHESTNUT THOROUGHBRED SADDLE HORSE, with long mane and tail; 15½ hands, 8 years; excellent under saddle; free from vice; a fast runner; very stylish and spirited, and is warranted sound, kind and true.
SORREL SADDLE MARE, long mane and tail, 15½ hands 7 years, kind in all harness, very fine under saddle, free from vice, fine trotter, very stylish, and is warranted sound, kind and true; is superior to the pole and is one of the finest saddle animals in the city.
GRAY PONY STALLION, 13 hands, 6 years, kind in all harness, superior under saddle, free from vice, very fast, stylish, and is warranted sound, kind and true.
CHESTNUT FILLY; is by Oakland, he by Reserve, he by imported Trustee; her dam by Minnie Leahman, by Boston, Jr., granddam by Andrew, her third dam by the famous mare American Maid, by Old Eclipse; her fourth dam was Eliza Splotch, by Sir Archy; her fifth dam by Bullock's Collector; her sixth dam by Citizen. For further description, height, age, &c., at time of sale.
CHESTNUT FILLY, by Dazzle, her dam by Planet, granddam by Red Eve, third dam by imported Margrave, fourth dam by Bertrand, Jr., fifth dam by Jupiter. For further description, height, age, &c., at time of sale.
ROAN MARE, 15 hands, 8 years, kind in all harness and under saddle; is free from vice, good traveller, stylish, and is kind and true; is very gentle, a lady or child can drive; is afraid of nothing. Also set single Harness, new and made to order.
DARK BROWN TROTTING HORSE, 15½ hands, 8 years; kind in all harness; free from vice; trots in 3 minutes sure; very stylish and is kind and true; trotted on half mile track full mile in 2:50 ten days ago; has trotted in 2:42 and 2:43; can do so in condition any time; is one of a team that cost $2,200.
BLACK PONY MARE, with long mane and tail, 14 hands, 8 years; kind in all harness and under saddle; free from vice; very fast and is kind and true; also Road Wagon and set Harness.
BLACK HORSE, 16 hands, 9 years; kind in all harness, free from vice, a good worker, and is kind and true; is an excellent cart or truck horse.
SIX-SEAT ROCKAWAY, built by John R. Lawrence.
FOUR-SEAT PARK PHAETON, built by Brewster & Baldwin.
FOUR-SEAT DEPOT WAGON, with shifting top, city made.
LIGHT TROTTING WAGON.
1 BAROUCHE, 1 COACH, 3 ROAD WAGONS; also Top Wagons, single and double Harness, Whips, Sheets, &c., &c.
We never postpone a sale on account of the weather.

A.—CLEARING OUT SALE.—WE OFFER ALL OUR Stock, consisting of some first class Top and No Top Buggies, Park and Pony Phaetons, Rockaways and Depot Wagons, also 300 sets city made fine Harness, to close out; splendid assortment of first class hand made Sheets, Nets, Afghans, &c.; 50 dozen fine whips at half price; most of these goods are forced on the market; are warranted as represented and we will
give them away for nothing
if we cannot and do not undersell any house in the country. Be sure to call before purchasing elsewhere.
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
JOHN M. TUFTS, JR., Salesman, 58 Liberty street,
between Broadway and Nassau street.

A.—BREWSTER & CO., OF BROOME STREET, OFFER at their warerooms, Fifth avenue, corner Fourteenth street, the following second hand Carriages at very low figures:—
One four-in-hand Drag, little used;
Several four seat four spring half top Phaetons;
Two no top Phaetons;
One turn-out seat Phaeton;
One top Wagon, little used;
One Coupe, and
One English Stanhope.
The above are all our own make and in excellent condition.
Also two fine curtain Coaches,
Two no top Wagons, one Coupe and
Two two-wheel Dog Carts.

A.—"THE PERIOD."
PONY PHAETONS,
with or without rumbles, at low prices.
All summer Vehicles in great variety.
Landaulets, Coupes, Clarences.
CURTAIN ROCKAWAYS VERY CHEAP.
A. S. FLANDRAU, Carriage Builder,
Nos. 7 and 18 East Eighteenth st., one door from Fifth av.

ATTENTION.
ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE
SALES OF
FINE HORSES AND CARRIAGES,
AT AUCTION THIS DAY
(TUESDAY), JUNE 28, AT 12 O'CLOCK,
By JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
at their Auction Mart,
112 and 114 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue.
Look at catalogue above for full descriptions.
We never postpone a sale on account of the weather.

AN ELEGANT FAMILY ESTABLISHMENT
AT AUCTION,
THIS DAY (TUESDAY) AT 12 O'CLOCK,
BY JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
at their auction mart,
112 AND 114 EAST THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR FOURTH AVENUE.
Very handsome team Bay Carriage Horses, full 15½ hands, 7 years, warranted sound, kind, perfect and true; also six seat Phaeton, made by Wood Bros.; also set fine double Harness by Dunscombe, &c., &c. Full description in catalogue.

BAROUCHE FOR SALE A GREAT BARGAIN.—WOOD Brothers' make, on C springs, nearly new; unusually light and stylish, with storm front to make it a close carriage in bad weather; built to order for $1,800, price $600. To be seen at 1,370 Broadway.

BE SURE AND READ CATALOGUE UNDER THIS head of one Horses and Carriages at auction this day at 12 o'clock, by JOHNSTON & VAN TASSEL, at their auction mart, 112 and 114 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue. Look at catalogue above.

BASKET PONY PHAETON, SEATS FOUR, AND ASSORTment Pony Phaetons, Shetland Pony Wagons, Rumbles, &c., at low prices; Depot Wagons, Phaetons, light Family Carriages, all styles. WITTY, 638 Broadway.

BLOOD WILL TELL.—THE SERVICE OF ONE OF the best bred and most promising five year old Trotting Stallions will be given free to three mares. Address box 5,509 Post office.

CANNOT BE BEATEN IN THE STATE.—A PAIR OF Dapple Grays, 15½ hands high; splendid tails; fine knee action; warranted in every way. BAKERS, HUNT & HAVILAND, 108 Murray street.

CARRIAGES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AT AUCTION, this day, by JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL, at their Auction Mart, 112 and 114 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue, at 12 o'clock. Look at catalogue above.

CARRIAGES AND HARNESS.—ALL WHO CONTEMplate purchasing are invited to examine a seasonable stock at 32 Barclay street. Save money and get goods as represented. HICKS.

COACH AND CARRIAGE LAMPS.—DE VOURSNEY BROTHERS have removed their manufactory from Greene street to the new building 389 Broome street, corner of Mulberry.

DEPOT WAGONS, PONY PHAETONS, EXTENSION Top Phaetons, Coupe Rockaways, Road Buggies and all styles Family Carriages, at greatly reduced prices. Examine before purchasing elsewhere. CALVIN WITTY, 638 Broadway.

EXTENSION TOP PHAETONS, VICTORIAS, SIX SEAT Westchesters, Depot Wagons, Pony Phaetons, Coupe Rockaways and light Carriages of all styles, in great variety at low prices. WITTY, 638 Broadway.

ELEGANT SIX SEAT ROCKAWAY, NEARLY NEW, made by J. R. Lawrence & Co., at auction this day (Tuesday), at 12 o'clock, at JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL'S Auction Mart, 112 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue. Look at the catalogue above.

FOR SALE—AT PRIVATE STABLE, 131 WEST SEVENteenth street, near Sixth avenue, a gentleman's Turnout, consisting of one pair beautiful, stylish, perfectly gentle, dapple gray Horses; long tail and mane; suitable for a family team; 7 years old, 15½ hands high; a Buggy (Stivers' make), with pole and shafts; just repaired and in perfect order; one light Park Phaeton, one set double Harness and one set single Harness; will be sold cheap; parties going out of town for the summer will find the above every way desirable. Apply from 8 to 10 A. M.

FOR SALE—A DAPPLE GRAY AND GOLDEN SORrel; sold separately or together; 6 and 7 years old, 15½ hands high, both raised in Orange county; the sorrel a fine saddle horse; fine steppers, of great endurance, and drive together like one horse; also a set of gold mounted Harness, little used, made to order; bay Horse, warranted sound and kind in all harness; to be sold very cheap. Can be seen at the private stable 243 Mercer street, near Fourth.

FOR SALE—TWO GOOD BRETTS, IN PERFECT ORder; light top Wagon, Stivers' make; a desirable Doctor's Phaeton; also fine Clarences for stable business. MOTT & BURR, 203 Mercer street.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID PAIR OF BLACK CARriage Horses, 15½ hands high; long manes and tails; very stylish, sound and gentle; sold for want of use. Apply at 15 Stone street.

FOR SALE—A BLACK MARE OF MEDIUM SIZE, SUITable for a light carriage. Inquire of JOHN J. SCHILLINGER, No. 9 Third street, between Second and Third avs.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF UNCOMMONLY HANDSOME black Messenger Mares; young, kind and very fast; sold for no fault, the owner is abroad and the orders are to sell. Apply at private stable No. 145 West Thirty-eighth street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS FAMILY TEAM, 6 YEARS old, 15 hands and 3 inches high; stylish and prompt drivers. Also a bay Mare, 5 years old, 15½ hands high, gentle in harness; any lady can drive her. They will be fully warranted. ROBERT STODDART, 600 Greenwich street.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

FOR SALE—SPLENDID PONY, 15 HANDS HIGH, warranted sound; would do for any business; must be sold, owner going to Europe. Call at 559 Eleventh avenue. JOSEPH POLLARD.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, TWO CANADIAN PONIES; sound and kind; price from $65 to $125; must be sold, as the owner is leaving the city. 608 Greenwich street, corner of Clarkson.

FOR SALE—A CANADIAN PONY, 14¼ HANDS HIGH, very fast and stylish; is 5 years old; also gray Horse, 15¾ hands high; both warranted sound and kind. Apply at 31 Hamilton avenue, South Brooklyn, gun store.

FOR SALE—AN OLD AND WELL ESTABLISHED Livery Stable, 100 feet of Broadway, first class stock, doing a good business. Inquire of L. B. LYNCH, House of Lords, corner Houston and Crosby streets.

FOR SALE—A FINE SADDLE HORSE, 15¼ HANDS, drives well in single or double harness; also nice Pony, 13 hands, kind and gentle; broken to saddle or harness. Inquire at BRIGGS' stable, Forty second street and Seventh avenue.

FOR SALE—A BAY MARE, 8 YEARS; SOUND, GENtle and kind; also a good top Wagon and Harness; will sell cheap or trade for Liquors. Apply at 344 West Eleventh street.

FOR SALE—NICE BLACK HORSE, BUGGY WAGON and Harness; a very nice turnout, and little used, for a gentleman. 85 Wooster street, near Spring.

FOR SALE—A VERY STYLISH BROWN HORSE, SIX years old, 15¾ hands, fast, at low price. Will be shown by addressing V. C., box 732 Post office, on farm where raised. Would trade for farm horse.

FOR SALE—A FINE FAMILY HORSE, TOP CARRIAGE and Harness; sound, kind and gentle; stylish driver for either gentleman or lady; color jet black; will be sold cheap for want of use. Inquire for full particulars of E. O. CARRINGTON, 861 Broadway, first floor.

FOR SALE—A BAY HORSE, SUITABLE FOR A GROcery or milk wagon; sound and kind in all respects. Can be seen until sold at 63 West Thirty-third st., in market.

FOR SALE—THREE GOOD WORK HORSES; SOUND and kind; fit for butcher, grocery or express business. Inquire at 125 avenue B, corner Twelfth street.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF HORSES, 14 HANDS HIGH; drive like one horse. Apply at Mansion stable, corner Seventh avenue and Forty-second street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A GOOD SPRING CART. CALL at 719 Washington street.

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP—TWO MARES, GOOD IN all harness and superior for the saddle; free from all tricks; very gentle and free and sound. Address Post office box 4,267.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A SIX SEATED PARK PHAETON, in perfect order. Apply at 192 Greene street, in liquor store.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A NEW DOCTOR'S PHAETON and Buggies of every description; also Express, Grocery and light Business Wagons; also second hand double Truck. 23 Third street, near Bowery.

HORSES AND TRUCK.—A FINE LARGE TRUCK Team, Truck and Harness, for sale; no finer looking or better working team in the city. Inquire at EAGLE OIL WORKS, 169 Water street.

LOT SLIGHTLY SOILED AND SECOND HAND CARriages, cheap; Hand Wagons for butchers, grocers, &c.; Carriages to let by week, month or season; old carriages taken in trade. WITTY, 638 Broadway.

ONE PAIR OF CLOSELY MATCHED BAY HORSES, 16 hands; also one splendid bay single Horse, 15½ hands, and a nice coupe Horse, just from the country, for sale at 156 East Twenty-third street.

SPEED—A SPLENDID POLE HORSE, BAY, 15½ hands high, without blemish or fault, young and sound, can trot in 2:40; also a black, can trot in 2:50. BAKERS, HUNT & HAVILAND, 108 Murray street.

TO BAKERS.—FOR SALE, HORSE AND TWO WAGONS; bread routes gratis. Inquire at ELLIS', 419 Fourth av.

WANTED—A NICE LOOKING HORSE OR MARE, 15½ or 16 hands, six to seven years of age; must be perfectly sound and kind, and very stylish; high knee action and arch neck; no one applying unless an animal that will answer above description. Address, with lowest price, Post office box 818.

WANTED—A PONY, 14 HANDS, FOR SADDLE AND harness; guaranteed sound and kind. Address C., Post office.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS SINGLE ESTABLISHment, in exchange for a first mortgage of $1,000; horse must be sound, stylish and moderately fast. Address WILLIAMS, box 122 Herald office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A COMPLETE OUTFIT IN Carriages and Horses, suitable for a gentleman's suburban residence, for which will be given the equity in a good farm near the city, on the Harlem Railroad. Address H. C. SKINNER, box 542 Post office, New York.

WANTED—A LIGHT SECOND HAND ONE HORSE Truck, in good order. Apply to L. MARCOTTE & CO., 27 East Seventeenth street, Union square.

WANTED—A SOUND AND KIND FAMILY HORSE, for harness and saddle, not less than 16 hands high, dark colored and stylish; ... with price and ...

WANTED—A TWO SEATED CARRIAGE, WITH POLE, phaeton or dog cart, to hire during summer months, by private family, for park driving; good care and usage guaranteed. Address J. A. WALSH, station A.

$40—GOOD WORK HORSE; ALSO EXPRESS WAgon and Harness, cheap; one good work or family Horse, 7 years, a noble animal. Bargain given. Must sell. 468 Pearl street.

$55 WILL BUY ONE STRONG WORK HORSE; also one heavy Pony, $85, sound and kind; must be sold; $60 for one heavy Grocery Wagon, at 193 Canal street.

$85.—HANDSOME BAY PONY, FIT FOR RIDING or driving. Brown Pony, $110. Fine 16 hand saddle Horse, $125. Trotting Horse, $140. All sound and kind; here first. 734 Washington street.

$140.—A HORSE, 16 HANDS HIGH, FIT FOR CART or truck, warranted sound and kind, to be sold for want of use. Apply at Sandford's stable, 109th street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LAST WEDNESDAY EVENING, IN EIGHTY-third street, a Diamond Solitaire Ring. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at 508 East Eightieth st.

LOST—ON SATURDAY, THE 25TH INST., A SATCHEL and Bundle marked Jas. A. Coleman. A suitable reward will be given by returning the same to 202 West Twenty-sixth street.

LOST—ON MONDAY, JUNE 27, 1870, A BANK BOOK (No. 231,803) of the Bowery Savings Bank. The finder will please return the same to CATHARINE MOLLER, 444½ Pearl street.

LOST—ON NASSAU STREET, BETWEEN FULTON and Pine streets, a Package of Legal Papers, in a suit entitled Conkling vs. Laurence. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the same to F. H. BAROWSKY, Counsellor-at-Law, 14 Wall street, room 31.

LOST—ON SATURDAY, JUNE 11, A BANK BOOK, No. 194,286; of little value. The finder will please return the same to JOSEPH LIBAU, 25 Waverley place.

LOST—ON SATURDAY, JUNE 25, A GOLD SLEEVE Button, with an enamelled hand holding a pearl. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the same to W. H. CRAWFORD, 17 and 19 Broadway, rooms Nos. 1 and 2.

LOST—IN EIGHTH AVENUE, NEAR TWENTY-SECOND street, a black and tan Terrier Slut, medium size, long ears and long tail, answers to the name of Yenka. $3 reward will be paid to the party returning the same to No. 245 West Twenty-second street.

LOST—AT THE CORNER OF BROADWAY AND Franklin street, a draft drawn at sight by J. & J. Stuart & Co., dated this day, on John Stuart & Co., Manchester, for £40 sterling, on which payment has been stopped. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning the same to J. S. WHITFIELD, 22 White street.

LOST—CERTIFICATE NO. 2,991, FOR 100 SHARES NEW York Central and Hudson River Consolidated Stock in the name of Cammann & Co. All persons are cautioned against negotiating the above, as transfer has been stopped and new certificate applied for. CAMMANN & CO., No. 8 Wall street.

STOLEN—$100 REWARD—FROM THE STABLE OF Mrs. R. A. Marcher, near High Bridge, Westchester County, on the night of the 24th instant, a bay Mare, about 10 years old; an old Harness and a new square box ¾ seat Road Wagon, about 150 pounds, red striped running gear, black body, made by Brewster & Co., of Broome street. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the property.

REWARDS.

$5 REWARD WILL BE PAID TO THE FINDER OF A large Pocketbook, containing papers and memorandas valuable only to me. DAVID MAYER, 40 White street.

$10 REWARD.—LOST, ON SATURDAY NIGHT, IN Twenty-sixth street, a black and tan Dog. The finder will receive the above reward at 119 West Twenty-sixth street.

$20 REWARD.—LOST, SUNDAY EVENING, SOLItaire Diamond Stud, set in black enamel. The above reward will be given by leaving it at F. H. JAEHNE'S, 379 Broome street.

$25 REWARD.—LOST, SUNDAY EVENING, AT Landman's Park, a gold headed Cane, with owner's name on handle. Return to CHAS. HOWARD, 211 East Forty-first street.

$50 REWARD.—LOST, ON SATURDAY NIGHT, A lady's Gold hunting case Watch and Chain. The above reward will be paid and no questions asked, by addressing C. O. S., box 1,401 Post office.

$50 REWARD.—LOST, ON SUNDAY EVENING, June 26, from $120 to $130, in neighborhood of Bleecker street and Broadway. The finder will receive the above reward at E. H. CRAIGE'S, 335 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

DETECTIVES, DETECTIVES, DETECTIVES.—ONLY experienced and reliable operatives furnished by the old established agency of WARRIN, WHIPPLE & CO., 72 Broadway. Refer to the leading business houses as to ability, standing and responsibility.

YACHTS, STEAMBOATS, &C.

FOR SALE—THE SLOOP YACHT SALUS, 35 FEET long by 15 feet beam, handsomely fitted up, with cabin, private stateroom, water closet and every convenience, in first rate order and well found in every respect; sold in consequence of the death of the owner. Can be seen at the Club House, foot of Henderson street, Jersey City. Apply to P. MILLER, 137 Broadway, room 24.

FOR SALE—A YACHT 32 FEET LONG, NICE CABIN, not two years old. Apply at 25 Beaver street.

PROPELLER FOR SALE—90 FEET; 18 FEET BEAM, 2 cylinders, 16x20; Lighthall condensor; boat new; will tow or carry freight. Inquire of P. ECKLER, 40 Fulton st.

ROWBOAT WANTED—ABOUT 15 FEET LONG; MUST be in order; price moderate; one with sprit sail preferred. Address, with price and particulars, box 2,960 Post office.

EUROPEAN STEAMSHIPS.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.
Steam to
BREMEN, HAVRE AND LONDON,
Via Southampton.
The new, first class and elegant iron mailsteamships
HANSA........Thursday, June 30
of 3,600 tons and 700 horse power, Capt. E. Brickenstein.
DONAU........Saturday, July 2
Captain G. Ernst.
NEW YORK........Saturday, July 7
Captain W. Nordenholt.
will leave from Bremen pier, foot of Third street, Hoboken, and take passengers to
London, Havre, Bremen and Southampton,
at the following rates:—
First cabin........$120, gold
Second cabin........72, gold
Steerage........35, gold
For passage or freight apply to
OELRICHS & CO.,
68 Broad street, corner Beaver, New York.

LONDON AND NEW YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.
Rates of passage reduced.
Steamers sail direct to London
from pier No. 3 North river.
PARAGUAY........July 2
Rates of passage payable in currency:—
First cabin, $70; second cabin, $50; steerage $25.
Passengers booked to Bamburg, Bremen, Havre, Paris, Antwerp and Rotterdam at reduced currency rates.
For freight and passage apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
54 South street.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—INMAN LINE of Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:—
Etna, via Halifax........Tuesday, June 28, 1 P. M.
City of Paris........Saturday, July 2, 8 A. M.
City of Brooklyn........Saturday, July 9, 1 P. M.
City of Baltimore, via Halifax........Tuesday, July 12, 1 P. M.
and each succeeding Saturday and alternate Tuesday, from pier 45, North river.

Rates of Passage.

Payable in gold.		Payable in currency.	
First Cabin, single berth	$75	Steerage	$30
To London, single berth	80	To London	35
To Paris, single berth	90	To Paris	35
To Halifax, N. S., single berth	20	To Halifax, N. S.	15

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
For further particulars apply at the Company's office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, N. Y.

LIVERPOOL, NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA Steamship Company.
NOTICE.—The steamship City of Paris, from Liverpool, will commence to discharge under general order, at pier 45 North river, on Wednesday, 29th inst., at 7 A. M. The company will not be responsible for any loss or damage arising to goods after discharge, and all goods not removed within 24 hours will be stored at consignees' risk and expense.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

CUNARD LINE.
The British and North American Royal Mail steamships, between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.
Cuba....Wednesday, June 29 | China....Wednesday, July 13
Tarifa....Thursday, June 30 | Batavia....Thursday, July 14
Russia....Wednesday, July 6 | Java....Wednesday, July 20
Samaria...Wednesday, July 6 | Abyssinia....Thursday, July 21
Aleppo....Thursday, July 7 | Scotia....Wednesday July 27
RATES OF PASSAGE.
By the steamers not carrying steerage.
First cabin........$130, gold Second cabin........$80, gold
First cabin to Paris........$145, gold
Return tickets........250, gold
By the steamers carrying steerage.
First cabin........$80, gold Steerage........$30, currency
Return tickets........$150, gold
Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.
Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent and for Mediterranean ports.
For freight and cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green.
For steerage passage at 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.
CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

THE ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS
sail to and from Glasgow and Derry
every Wednesday and Saturday,
booking passengers at the lowest rates, and forwarding them at reduced rates to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Germany and America, as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other line.

"EXPRESS" STEAMERS.		"EXTRA" STEAMERS.	
COLUMBIA	Sat., July 2	SIDONIAN	Wed., June 29
EUROPA	Sat., July 9	CALEDONIA	Wed., July 6
INDIA	Sat., July 16	BRITANNIA	Wed., July 13
CAMBRIA	Sat., July 23	IOWA	Wed., July 20
ANGLIA	Sat., July 30	DACIAN	Wed., July 27
AUSTRALIA	Sat., Aug 6	DORIAN	Wed., Aug. 3

—and every Wednesday and Saturday thereafter,
From pier 20 North river, New York.
Rates of passage, payable in currency:—
First cabins, $65 and $75, according to location.
Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $130.
Intermediate, $33; steerage, $28.
Certificates, at reduced rates, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.
Drafts issued, payable on presentation.
Apply at the Company's offices to
HENDERSON BROTHERS,
No. 7 Bowling Green.

DIRECT LINE TO AND FROM FRANCE.
The Hamburg-American Packet Company's iron Mail steamship
HAMMONIA,
sail on Tuesday, June 28, 1870, at United States mails, will
PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG AND HAMBURG,
taking passengers to London (via Plymouth) and Paris (via Cherbourg).
Payable ... Second Cabin, $75. Steerage, $35.
The ALLEMANNIA will follow on July 5.
KUNHARDT & CO., General Agents, 61 Broad street, N. Y.
C. B. RICHARD & BOAS, General Passenger Agents, No. 6 Barclay street, N. Y.

STEAM TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARrying the United States mails.
Sailing every Wednesday.
MINNESOTA, Whineray........June 29, at 4 P. M.
IDAHO, Price........July 6, at 11½ A. M.
From pier 46 North river.
Cabin passage, $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency.
Passengers booked to and from Paris, Hamburg, Norway and Sweden, &c. Drafts on Ireland, England, France and Germany at lowest rates. Apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE.
STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN,
from pier 47 North river.
DENMARK, Forbes........Saturday, July 2, 8 A. M.
HELVETIA, Grigs........Saturday, July 9, 12 M.
HOLLAND, Thomas........Saturday, July 16, 6 A. M.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown—Cabin, $75 and $65; steerage, $28.
Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $32, currency.
Apply at the company's office, 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
The General Transatlantic Company's mail steamships between New York and Havre, calling at Brest.
The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from pier No. 50 North river as follows:—
PEREIRE, Duchesne........Saturday, July 9
LAFAYETTE, Roussan........Saturday, July 23
VILLE DE PARIS, Surmont........Saturday, August 6
ST. LAURENT, Lemarie........Saturday, August 20
Rates of passage, payable in gold (including wine):—
To Brest or Havre—First Cabin, $140; Second Cabin, $75.
To Paris (including railway ticket)—$145 and $78.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travellers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe by taking the steamers of this line avoid both transit by English railways and the discomfort of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAM TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
Every Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday.
MINNESOTA........Wednesday, June 29
DENMARK........Saturday, July 2
Drafts payable in any part of England, Ireland, Scotland, at current rates of exchange. Apply to THOMSON'S passage office, 73 Broadway, corner of Rector street.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.
Cunard Line.
TARIFA sails........Thursday, June 30
SAMARIA sails........Wednesday, July 6
Cabin passage, $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Europe issued at lowest rates.
For cabin passage apply at No. 4 Bowling Green.
For steerage passage apply at 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.
CHARLES G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

BOATS TO CONVEY PASSENGERS AND LUGGAGE to steamship CUBA will leave the Cunard wharf, foot of Grand street, Jersey City, between 1:30 and 2:30 P. M., on Wednesday, 29th inst. Passengers only can be taken on board.
C. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent,
No. 4 Bowling Green.

IMPORTANT TO EUROPEAN TRAVELLERS.
HARPER'S HANDBOOK FOR TRAVELLERS IN EUROPE AND THE EAST. Being a guide through France, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Austria, Italy, Egypt, Syria, Turkey, Greece, Switzerland, Tyrol, Russia, Denmark, Sweden, Spain and Great Britain and Ireland. With a Railroad Map corrected up to 1869. By W. Pembroke Fetridge. Revised edition: eighth year. Large 12mo, leather, pocketbook form, $7 50.
HARPER'S PHRASE BOOK; or, Handbook of Travel Talk for Travellers and Schools. Being a guide to conversation in English, French, German and Italian. By W. Pembroke Fetridge. Square 4to, flexible cloth, $1 50.
For sale by all booksellers.

CUBA AND EUROPE.—UNITED STATES PASSPORT Bureau.—Passports procured in 24 hours by A. H. NONES, Notary and Commissioner for all the States, 184 Broadway, room No. 4.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PASSPORT OFFICE, 363 Broadway, corner of Franklin street, room No. 9. F. I. KING, Passport Agent, Notary, &c.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—OFFICIAL Passports of the Department of State issued by A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Court Buildings, 41 Chambers street.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
Through Line to
California and China.
Freight and passage greatly reduced.
Through rates, New York to San Francisco:—
First Class. Steerage.
$125 to $170. $60.
according to location of berth.
These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.
Steamers of the above line leave pier 42 North river, foot of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon,
on 6th and 21st of each month,
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
July 6—ALASKA, Captain Gray, connecting with MONTANA, Captain Parker.
Steamer CHINA will leave San Francisco August 1, 1870, for China and Japan.
All freight for San Francisco will go as fast, and be received until 4 P. M. Tuesday, July 5.
Freight for Central American and South Pacific ports will be received until 4 P. M. Saturday, July 2, only. All the usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.
For freight or passage tickets and all further information apply at the office, pier 42 North river.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.
New York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, sailing every twenty days, from pier 17 East river.
The new steamers
CITY OF MERIDA, Deaken, Tuesday, July 12, at 3 P. M.
CITY OF MEXICO, Timmerman, Monday, Aug. 1, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, 33 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA.
The well known A1 sidewheel steamship RAPIDAN Captain Whitehurst, now at her dock ready to receive cargo will sail for the above port on Wednesday, June 29, at 3 P. M., from pier 36 North river. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
88 Liberty street.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
Atlantic Mail Steamship Company.
Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from pier No. 4 North river.
COLUMBIA, Captain E. Van Sice, June 30.
MISSOURI, Captain J. S. Edwards, July 7.
MORRO CASTLE, Captain R. Adams, via Nassau, July 14.
For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President,
No. 5 Bowling Green.

TEXAS LINE
of Galveston Steamers.
The A1 steamer VARUNA, Captain Spencer, at pier No. 21 East river, will sail on Saturday, July 2.
All goods for Houston or the interior will be forwarded by our agents, Messrs. T. H. McMahon & Co., free of charge.
For freight or passage apply to
C. H. MALLORY & CO., 153 Maiden lane.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, the South and Southwest.—The New York and South Carolina Steamship Company's first class steamship ASHLAND, Captain Crowell, on Wednesday, June 29, sailing from pier No. 5, North river, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued in connection with the South Carolina Railroad to all points South and Southwest and with steamers to Florida ports.
Insurance by this line one-half per cent.
The steamer MANHATTAN will follow and sail Saturday, July 2.
HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents, 30 Broadway.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
The Cromwell Steamship Line,
leaving pier No. 9 North river at 3 o'clock P.M., as follows:—
MARIPOSA, Kemble........July
GEO. WASHINGTON, Gager........July
Freight received daily. Through rates given for Galveston, Indianola, Mobile and St. Louis.
Cabin passage, $50; steerage, $25. For passage or freight apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., 86 West street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
MERCHANTS' STEAMSHIP LINE,
From pier No. 12 North river, at 3 o'clock P. M.
CRESCENT CITY,
on Saturday, July 2.
Freight received daily. Through rates given for St. Louis, Vicksburg, Mobile, Galveston and Indianola.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to FREDERIC BAKER, 40 Broadway.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.
Old Dominion Steamship Company.
Steamships of this line leave pier 37 North river, foot of Beach street.
For Norfolk, City Point and Richmond every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 3 P. M., connecting with the Virginia and Tennessee Air line, the Seaboard Inland Air line, Petersburg and Weldon railroads, Chesapeake and Ohio railroads and Richmond and Danville railroads. Through passenger tickets and through bills of lading at reduced rates to all points South and Southwest.
Apply at office on pier 37, or to
N. L. McCREADY, President,
187 Greenwich street, corner of Dey.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

BATH AND CONEY ISLAND RAILROAD.—FULTON, Wall, South and Hamilton ferry cars to Greenwood Cemetery connect with steam cars to the island every forty minutes.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS ON HOUSAtonic and Naugatuck Railroad; fare $1; steamers leave Catharine slip at 12 noon and 12 every night (Sundays excepted).

NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
On and after Monday, May 23, 1870, two express trains will leave depot, corner of Twenty-sixth street and Fourth avenue, as follows:—
10:30 A. M., Rutland Express.
3:45 P. M., Montreal Express.
Sleeping coaches on night trains between New York and St. Albans, Vt. I. C. BUCKHOUT, Superintendent.

SHARON SPRINGS.—ALL RAIL FROM ALBANY.—PASsengers leaving New York by DAY BOAT, People's line, or Troy line of steamboats can procure through tickets, have their baggage checked direct to Sharon, via Albany and Susquehanna Railroad, and avoid the tedious carriage ride by other routes. By the night boats passengers reach Sharon at 10:36 A. M.; by the day boats at 9:12 P. M. Passengers by the Hudson River Railroad will be transferred at Albany to the Albany and Susquehanna depot free on applying to the proper agent stationed on the outside of the depot. Ask for tickets via Albany and Susquehanna Railroad.
S. E. MAYO, General Ticket Agent.

TROY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY DAILY AT SIX P. M., Saturdays excepted, from pier 44, Spring street. Fare $1 50; Sunday, $2. Connecting with all railroads for the West and North. J. W. HANCOX & SONS.

$2 TO ALBANY AND TROY.—THE DAY LINE steamboats C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW will leave Vestry street pier at 8:45 and Thirty-fourth street at 9 A. M., landing at Yonkers, Nyack and Tarrytown by ferry boat, Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Bristol, Catskill, Hudson and New Baltimore. A special train of broad gauge cars in connection with the day boats will leave on arrival at Albany, commencing June ... checked by Dodd's express office, 944 Broadway, ... Court street, Brooklyn.

EXCURSIONS.

A.—A.—THE FISHING BANKS DAILY, SATURDAYS excepted, steamer RIP VAN WINKLE, Captain Simmons, leaving Peck slip at 7:30 A. M., Christopher street at 8 A. M., and pier No. 4 North river at 8:45 A. M. Bait, lines, refreshments and music on board. Fare $1; ladies 50 cents.

A GRAND TRIP TO THE CHOLERA BANKS will be made by the steamboat STATE OF MAINE on Saturday, July 2, leaving Christopher street at 6 A. M., pier 4 at 6:30 A. M. and Peck slip at 7 A. M.
ANDERSON COLWELL, Pilot.

CONEY ISLAND EAST RIVER LINE.—ON AND AFTER Saturday, June 25 the steamer META, Captain E. T. Wilson, will run every day as follows:—Leaves Eighth street, East river, at 8:20, 11:20, 2:20; Peck slip, East river, 8:40, 11:40, 2:40; Fulton ferry, Brooklyn, at 9, 12 and 3 o'clock.

CONEY ISLAND.—GRAND EXCURSIONS TO THE SEA side.—The steamboat NORWALK, Capt. G. W. Wilson runs regularly every day, leaving West Tenth street at 9:20 12:20, 3:20; Warren street, North river, at 9:40, 12:40, 3:40; pier No. 4, North river, at 10, 1 and 4 o'clock.

EXCURSION OF THE WEST FIFTY-THIRD STREET Baptist church to Jena's Island, on Thursday, June 30.—The steamer SLEEPY HOLLOW will leave Thirty-fourth street, North river, at 7:45 A. M., and Fifty-second street at 8:20. Refreshments and music on board. Tickets $1; children 30 cents.

FISHING BANKS DAILY, SATURDAYS EXCEPTED.—The well-known sea going steamer, STATE OF MAINE, with her main and upper saloon, will commence her regular trips on Tuesday, June 14, leaving Eighth street, East river, at 7 A. M.; Peck Slip, East river, at 7:30 A. M.; Christopher street, North river, at 8 A. M.; Pier No. 4, North river, at 8:30 A. M. Lutz's brass and cotillion band, bait, lines and refreshments on board.

FOR CATSKILL, DAILY.—STEAMBOATS THOMAS POWELL and NEW CHAMPION leave pier 35 North river, foot of Franklin street, at 6 P. M., and Saturday, at 2 P. M., making their usual landings, connecting at Catskill with stages for the Catskill Mountain House and all points West.

FOR CHARTER—FOR FOURTH OF JULY, ON FAVORable terms, an elegant, large saloon Steamer, very fast, accommodating 1,000 passengers. BLOOMER & CO., 243 Front street, or JAMES BOYER, pier 35 North river.

IONA ISLAND, ON THE HUDSON RIVER, IS NOW open for excursions and picnic parties. The grounds have been much improved, and are the most romantic and attractive on the Hudson. For choice of days and steamboats call upon HASBROUCK & BUSHNELL, 164 Fulton st., N. Y.

NEW AND FIRST CLASS STEAMBOAT PLEASANT VALLEY from Spring street daily. Sundays included at 10, 2 and 5½ for Fort Lee, Pleasant Valley and Shady Side, landing at Thirty-fourth street.

NEWBURG, POUGHKEEPSIE AND RONDOUT, LANDing at Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall, New Hamburg and Milton. The steamboat MARY POWELL, on and after May 14, will leave Vestry street pier at 3:30 P. M. daily.

RONDOUT, POUGHKEEPSIE AND NEWBURG, LANDing at Cozzens', Cornwall, Milton and Esopus.—Steamboats THOMAS CORNELL and JAMES W. BALDWIN leave pier foot of Harrison street daily at 4 P. M.

ROCKAWAY BEACH.—THE FAST AND SAFE STEAMER POPE CATLIN, Captain H. G. Farrie, making daily trips, commenced her regular trips for the season Sunday, June 19, leaving East Eighth street, 7:45; Peck slip, 7:45; Fulton ferry, Brooklyn, 8:15; Warren street, 9; making three hotel landings at Rockaway; leaving Rockaway at 3:30 P.M., arriving in New York at 6 P. M. Good music and refreshments on board. Fare for round trip $1.

STEAMBOAT FORT LEE AND OTHER FIRST CLASS Steamboats to charter for Sunday School picnics and other private parties, with Groves. Apply to CRARY HOLLENBECK, 156 Maiden lane, up stairs.

STEAMER THOMAS E. HULSE, CAPT. G. W. ANNETT leaves daily from Christopher street, at 10, 2, 5, landing at Thirty-fourth street, for Pleasant Valley and Fort Lee. Leaves Fort Lee at 7, 12, 3:45, 6, Sundays included. Music on board.

STEAMBOAT TO CHARTER FOR THE SEASON.—A first class passenger steamer, for either day or night service; can accommodate 800 day passengers or 200 night passengers; very fast, economical, light draught and a good sea boat. Is in complete order, and can be put on any route at a day's notice. Reliable parties may address, with route intended, length of charter, &c., PROPRIETOR, box 122 Herald office.

THE FAVORITE, ELEGANT, PALATIAL STEAMER SUNNYSIDE, unequalled for size, speed, safety and comfort, carrying 2,500 passengers, to charter for picnics and excursions; also other steamers and barges. Iona Island and other groves.
BLOOMER & CO., 243 Front street.

THE LARGE, FIRST CLASS STEAMBOAT SLEEPY HOLLOW, unequalled for speed, comfort and safety, having accommodation for 2,000 people, is now open for excursions; also Dudley's, Myers' and Raritan Beach Groves, Alderney Park and Spring Hill Grove, on the Hudson. Barges Walter Sands, William Myers, Wm. J. Haskett, Merchant and Durant, with steamboats of all kinds if desired.
J. & E. MYERS,
corner Morton and West streets, up stairs.

BILLIARDS.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY FIRST CLASS NEW and second hand Tables complete, at W. H. GRIFFITH'S factory, 40 Vesey street, at reduced prices. Be not humbugged by the catgut cushions, which change with the weather, and the other patent humbug trash.

WANTED—50 NEW BILLIARD TABLES, AND A party capable of fitting up a splendid floor, 200 feet deep, with bar, &c. Address ROSWELL W. HOLMES Newark, N. J.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

TURKEY.

THE GREAT FIRE IN CONSTANTINOPLE

Herald Special Report of the Conflagration—The Losses of Life and Property—The Sultan at the Post of Danger—City and Suburban Scenes.

By the European mail at this port yesterday we have the following special from Constantinople in thrilling detail of the late fire calamity in the Turkish capital, the origin, spread and fatal results of the conflagration.

"Fire! Fire!"

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 8, 1870.

The 5th of June will long be a memorable day in the minds of the present and coming generation of the inhabitants of Pera, that part of this capital occupied by the foreign legations, the greater part of the foreign population and a vast number of native Christians. About noon a wooden house, situated on the highest part of the city, called the Taxsim, caught fire, and, freshened by a violent north wind, it spread with fearful rapidity over an extent almost incredible; from the Taxsim to what is called the Petit Champs des Morts, along the main street to some distance between the Galata Saray College, consuming all of the fine houses of the place, of stone as well as wood. Some 10,000 houses have been burned, and it is supposed about 1,000 persons, men, women and children. The loss is estimated to be some $25,000,000.

All of the finest cafés, the opera and shops, with all of their contents. It burned from noon of the 5th to the following morning, impetuously, and, perhaps, at no other time has there been so terrible a catastrophe occurred here or in any other capital of Europe. Frequent as fires are in this place, no one remembers any one which consumed so many fine houses, such valuable effects, and cost so many lives. The dead are still being taken out of the ashes, some from wells, cisterns and cellars, into which they proposed to escape from the raging element of fire. Some have been found in wells still alive. Few were found still living in the open ground. Smothered by the heat and smoke, hundreds fell exhausted in the streets, and were covered up in the falling cinders and burning fragments.

In one place twenty-two females were found dead in a cellar. Mothers were found surrounded by their children, the smallest in their arms, all dead. Many lost their lives in fruitless attempts to save the lives or property of their friends.

Many Turkish gentlemen came over from Stamboul to aid their Christian friends and convey their families to their own houses. All of the Sultan's ministers hastened to the scene and did much to save lives, but with small success in saving houses and property.

The Grand Vizier and the Ministers of Police and War were particularly conspicuous in the very midst of the flames, and before nightfall the Sultan also came from the side of the Taxsim, and did much to encourage the firemen in their vain efforts to avert the flames with sums of money and words of promise and encouragement. His clothes having taken fire, his suite finally prevailed upon him to retire. Early the next morning his Majesty again returned, and, it is said, was deeply affected at the dreadful calamity which had befallen his subjects. He had already thoughtfully ordered some five hundred tents to be brought to the square of the Taxsim and the adjacent Armenian and Greek cemeteries, and carts were everywhere seen conveying food to the houseless and utterly destitute poor.

SAD SCENES.

Such a heartrending scene of desolation cannot be imagined; it must be seen. Mothers, fathers and friends walking among the ashes in search of children, brothers and sisters! Here some twenty dead bodies lay together, almost burned into a dark mass of charred matter; there a number of others, scarcely burned at all, "sleeping the sleep which knows no waking." Some were but little changed, though swollen, while many others could scarcely be recognized as having ever been living men and women. Several, many even, small children, had been lost in the crowd and rush and abandoned to their sad fate. Many must even have been trodden to death under the feet of those who madly rushed along the fiery streets in search of life and fresh air. What the end of this globe must be by fire can be imagined from the awful scenes of burning Pera.

FANNING THE FLAMES.

The wind was so violent that the flames spread everywhere at once; the people no longer knew where to fly; all around them nothing appeared but certain death in its most frightful form, and it is only surprising that so few became its victims.

The British Embassy, surrounded by flames, took fire in the afternoon, and is now only a mass of charred ruins. Its archives and some of the silver were found.

The American Consulate was burned, but some of its archives have been saved.

The American Minister and the Secretary's houses were saved, the quarter in which they are situated, called Aga Jiamissi, not having taken fire at all, the wind blowing the flames to another direction.

AID.

An Armenian gentleman named Andrios Effendi paid the firemen £1,200 to save his house, and thus also saved all the rest of Pera. It is at the corner of Galata Saray and the street called Yani Charchesi. Some $8,000 have been already collected for the sufferers, and clothing and coverings for beds are being distributed everywhere.

One of the Sultan's barracks has been given up to the sufferers.

The Freemasons have organized a committee of succor for those who are in want of food and other positive necessaries and called upon their brethren in Europe and America for contributions of any amount through Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., of London, who will forward them to the District Grand Master, Brother John P. Brown, Secretary of the American Legation. If ever humanity had calls upon mankind it is here at the present moment.

Besides the tents given by the Sultan there is no other covering from the sun, and all business is hushed throughout the entire city. Thousands of the Mussulman population of Stamboul are seen going among the suffering Christians, distributing small sums of money, food and covering. Indeed, they show how much all religious sentiment disappears in the presence of so much poignant grief and misery. The weather is warm, and even hot, and water is wanted among the tents, where, on boards and even the bare ground, lie thousands of females, who but a day or two ago reclined on the most comfortable of beds and sofas. A long time must pass before these can be provided for throughout the other parts of the capital.

A population of at least 50,000 persons are houseless.

English Account of the Conflagration—Petroleum in Liquid Flame and Explosion.

The Liverpool *Post* of the 16th of June, to hand yesterday by the City of Paris, speaking of the great fire, its origin and progress, says:—"In addition to the particulars of this terrible disaster communicated by telegraph, we are enabled, by the kindness of a Liverpool merchant, to add the following details from a special supplement of a Constantinople paper":—

The disaster originated in the quarter of Validécheshme, below the Taxim, where, about two P. M., a fire broke out in a small wooden house. A strong northeast wind was blowing at the time, and fanned by it the flames spread in a few minutes to the adjoining houses, engulfing the whole and rolling on in the line of the wind like a torrent of liquid fire. In little more time than we take to tell it the entire quarter down into the valley was ablaze, scores of houses being fired at once by the dense showers of sparks and burning fragments of wood, cotton and everything else the wind could scatter far and wide. To this latter cause has been owing the rapidity and ultimate extent of the calamity. At an early hour some dozen of the squirts—miscalled fire engines—used by the *Tolumbajees*, had collected at various points in the line and round the fringe of the fire, but they were, of course, useless. Even where water was obtainable their feeble jets were everywhere powerless to check the tide of flame, and merely sufficed in a few instances, where several of them were concentrated on one stone house, to save it from total destruction.

About five o'clock the wind slightly shifted to the eastward, and it soon became evident that the south side of the main street of Pera must share the ruin which was fast being consummated on the north. Though most of the houses were of stone, and were laterally protected by iron doors and window-shutters, the clouds of live embers speedily ignited their roofs, and from about a couple of hundred yards below the Taxim the street on both sides was soon a double wall of fire. About five P. M. the clouds of blazing fragments from Kaloundji-Kalouk and the houses in Rue Hamal-bashi had settled in such masses on the roof of the British Embassy as to melt the lead sheeting, and, penetrating through this to the wood work, ended by firing the latter all along the northern face. The roof at length took fire, and half an hour later the whole upper part of the building was ablaze. Thirty minutes later the entire pile was a prey to the flames beyond chance of salvation.

Late in the afternoon a strong party of sailors and marines from her Majesty's ship Antelope had been summoned up, and, under the command of Lieutenant Lascelles, did all that was then possible with the means at their disposal—first to master the flames, and, failing in that, to rescue the valuable contents of the building. So rapidly, however, did the fire spread over the house and down from floor to floor till the basement was reached that little except the archives in the chancellory and the government plate could be saved. From attics to cellars the whole building was gutted, books, furniture, works of art and a valuable collection of Oriental manuscripts (belonging to Mr. Hughes, now absent in England) all falling a prey to the destroyer. The private loss to the ambassador, Mr. Barron, and Count Pisani is said to be very great. The last-named gentleman, especially, in his anxiety to protect the archives, neglected his own room and its contents, and so lost a very valuable collection of historical and diplomatic papers, the fruit of nearly a life time's compilation. Two powerful London made fire engines were attached to the establishment, but when drawn out of their long undisturbed shelter it was found that the hose and nozzles were damaged, and, though there was water in abundance, little or no use could therefore be made of either engine.

Shortly after seven o'clock Lady Elliot, accompanied by her daughter and the women servants of the establishment, took shelter on board the Antelope, whither they were followed about an hour later by the ambassador, Mr. Barron, and the other secretaries.

The offices, however, escaped unscathed, and even the clock over the gateway, though blistered by the heat of the houses burned in front, never stopped, and continues to report "mean time" while we write—proof enough that the heat thereabouts was not overwhelming. The fine cypress and other trees in the garden and in front of the palace have, nevertheless, been more or less destroyed; and in fact, what from its isolation, wide-extending boundary walls and internal solidity of construction should have been the safest building in Constantinople, has suffered as much as if it had possessed none of these elements of protection.

At an early hour of the evening the Grand Vizier, the Ministers of War and Police and several other high functionaries had hastened to the scene of the disaster, but it was soon apparent that nothing could be done to arrest its progress. Indeed, once the fire had made good its ground, the combined fire brigades of London and Paris would have been powerless to check it. Its extent and tremendous volume simply defy description, and would equally have defied every human effort to limit its ravages except by the wholesale demolition of everything in its course.

What added greatly to the force and rapid spread of the calamity was the large stock of petroleum in the shops of the numerous *bacals*. As these in turn caught fire the liquid flames carried irresistible destruction to the adjoining houses, and in many instances, it is said, the explosion of the square tin cases in which the oil is stored killed or mortally burned several persons on the spot.

Of the scene presented last evening by the Petit and Grand Champs, and, in fact, by all the open spaces round the faubourg, it would be difficult to convey an idea. Wherever room could be found for a family to squat, there little burned out groups had congregated with such articles of bedding and furniture as they had been able to save from the flames; many of them, however, were without even a mattress, and the aspect of the whole was pitiable beyond description.

To-day a few tents have been pitched, and the government, as usual, is generously supplying bread to the most destitute. The number of dead is spoken of this morning as from 500 to 600, and that of the houses destroyed as being little, if at all, under 8,000.

Up to yesterday afternoon eighty-four bodies had been buried in the Greek cemetery at the Taxim alone, and throughout the day the municipality carts were busily employed in conveying their ghastly loads to the Pancaldi and other burying grounds. Though the majority of these had been burned to death, many were untouched by the fire, having evidently been suffocated or crushed to death in lower rooms.

THE SULTAN.

Early in the evening the Sultan rode up from Dolma-baktché, but on reaching the Taxim his Majesty found the way already barred by the flames, and was therefore forced to return. With a thoughtfulness which does him honor the Sultan has ordered the Medjidieh (Belle Vue) Barracks to be vacated by the troops and thrown open to the unsheltered victims of the calamity, who are also receiving abundant rations of bread and rice at his Majesty's private expense. Orders have at the same time been given to the Imaums of the Mussulman quarters to relax the rule which practically forbids Christians renting houses in those *mahalés*. A large amount of house accommodation will thus at once become available, and at rates of rent much below that which is usually paid in the exclusive Christian quarters.

Loss of Life by the Fire.

[From the Cork Herald, June 17.]

The late disastrous fire in Constantinople, besides the destruction of £5,000,000 worth of property, has resulted in the loss of over 2,000 lives. The bodies of 1,000 persons had been recovered up to the 8th inst.

The staff of the English journal published in Constantinople, the *Levant Herald*, including the editor, the compositors and the clerks, were burned out, and barely escaped with their lives.

TERRIBLE CASUALTY IN DUBUQUE.

Four Young Men Blown Up by Gunpowder—One of Them Killed—The Others Dangerously Injured.

[From the Dubuque Times, June 22.]

One of the most shocking accidents of the above nature that we have ever been called upon to record occurred at Tete des Morts, a few miles south of the city, last Sunday afternoon. The Catholic residents of that vicinity were engaged in holding a grand religious festival peculiar to that faith, the ceremonies consisting of a large procession composed of men, women and children, who were disposed around several altars that had been constructed for the occasion. As is the universal custom the priest appeared before each of these and bestowed upon them his blessing, when at the conclusion of the same and in order to heighten the effect, a cannon was fired, which was stationed on a small eminence immediately back of the church. The firing party was composed of four young men, sons of farmers residing in that neighborhood, but their names we were unable to obtain. Along in the afternoon they ran out of powder, when the boys started after a fresh supply, and soon after returned with seven pounds of common blasting powder, loosely wrapped in a piece of brown paper. They had got about half way up the hill, when some of the powder spilled out upon the ground. The young man instrusted with the task of carrying it was carelessly smoking a cigar, and without removing this from his mouth he stooped over and commenced lading the powder up with his hands, and placing it back again in the paper. While thus doubled over the pile of powder he commenced joking his companions about the mishap, but in the act of speaking the lighted cigar dropped from his mouth directly into the pile of powder, around which at the time, all were closely huddled together. Quick as thought, instantaneous as an electric flash, before one of the party could think or dream of getting away, a bright angry tongue of flame shot heavenward, followed by a muffled roar and billows of black sulphurous smoke, producing one of the most terrible explosions and fearful sights on record. The consequences that ensued were frightful. The ill-fated smoker was blown up in the air a distance of ten or fifteen feet, and fell in a heap so scorched, blackened and disfigured that he could hardly be recognized as a human being. All of the rest of the party were shockingly injured, their skins being burned to a crisp and peeling off at the slightest touch, leaving nothing but the bare quivering flesh. Every vestige of clothing was blown from their bodies, the hair singed off and their eyesight destroyed. Added to the other horrors the dresses of a large number of school children, who happened to be standing near, caught fire, and many were badly burned—some so seriously that their lives are despaired of.

One of the young men died on Sunday night, and at last accounts the others were but just alive. The accident, as may well be imagined, causes the utmost excitement at Tete des Morts, and was the prevailing topic of conversation yesterday in many places. We hope to obtain further particulars in regard to the terrible affair soon, when we shall hasten to place them before our readers.

Since writing the above we learn that the names of two of the victims are Nicholas Gerein and Nicholas Tyson. The boy that died is the son of a widow woman, and was her only support.

A SAD CASE OF DESERTION.

A Poor German Woman Cruelly Abandoned by Her Husband.

[From the St. Joseph (Mo.) Gazette.]

Late Friday night Robert N. Phillips discovered a woman and three children sitting in the street near the old Atlantic House, apparently in very destitute circumstances. He made some inquiries and ascertained that she had been sitting there all the evening, and neither of the party had eaten anything during day. She had left Buffalo some time ago, in company with her husband, and arrived in this place with him a day or two since. On Thursday night the husband decamped for parts unknown, taking with him $400, which she had received some time ago as bounty due a son who was dead. At the same time her eldest daughter also eloped, leaving her with the three small children and not a cent in the world. The woman is a German, hardly able to speak a word of English, and did not know what to do. She had wandered around the streets all day, until perfectly tired out, and then sat down where she was found, with little hope of receiving succor. Mr. Phillips at once procured something for the family to eat, and then made known the facts to some persons residing near by, who kindly gave them food and shelter during yesterday. It is to be hoped that some clew may be obtained of the whereabouts of the absconding husband, and that he may be compelled to refund the money he took from the woman.

SHOCKING BARBARITY—A WHITE BOY WHIPPED TO DEATH BY NEGROES.—A party of some sixteen or eighteen black fiends, residing near Portland, Dallas county, tied up a little white boy one day last week and deliberately murdered him by whipping him to death. The boy's offence consisted in his having fought and gotten the better of a little black thief who had stolen something from him. We are glad to learn that the colored people of Dallas disapprove the deed of their fellows, and that they are in favor of lynching the guilty villains if the proof of their guilt can be made forthcoming. Eight of the murderers are in jail awaiting trial.—*Marion (Ala.) Commonwealth*, June 23.

MIDSUMMER RETREATS.

Improvements in Saratoga—The Hotels—The Springs—The Race Course—The Horses, Racing, &c.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, June 25, 1870.

The growth and improvement of Saratoga is truly wonderful. The visitor of five years ago would now scarcely recognize the place, especially in the suburban streets. Elegant and substantial private residences and first class boarding houses in great numbers have sprung up as if by magic all around the village, forming appropriate surroundings to the magnificent hotels in central localities. The latest sensation is the completion of the new Union Hotel. It is no exaggeration to say that it is the most elegant hotel in America and probably equal to any in the world. From the kitchen to the garret it is a perfect success. It was opened on Wednesday evening with a grand reception and was visited by admiring thousands.

There are many fine hotels in the village, well patronized by friends who have enjoyed their hospitalities. So numerous are they that all tastes and all purses can be suited.

The old Congress spring is charming this season, and in addition to the many other excellent springs well known a number of new ones of great value have been discovered. The Hathorn spring, opened last year by the proprietor of Congress Hall, from whom it takes its name, is possessed of most powerful cathartic properties and is a favorite resort. A mile south of the village another wonderful spring has recently been discovered. It is an artesian well several hundred feet in depth, and from it the water spouts up to an immense height. Its qualities are similar to the other springs in this neighborhood, with the addition of a greater proportion of salt.

The races here are to be very attractive this year. Two meetings of six days each are to be held, the first to commence on the 14th of July, and the second on the 12th of August. In addition to the large number of horses recently at Jerome Park, and all to be here, there are already on the ground more than half a dozen Southern and Western stables, including all the cracks of those sections, brought here for the purpose of meeting the victors of the opening meeting at Jerome Park. There will be a larger number of horses here than ever assembled at a race course in America, and the attractive programmes presented will insure large fields of starters, resulting in the most exciting contests. For the Travers stakes, for three year olds, Mr. Swigert's Kingfisher, winner of the Belmont stakes, seems to be first favorite; but it is whispered that he is to be captured in the Travers. Captain Moore's Foster, who ran a good second for the Belmont, is no mean rival to the King, and is considered an improving horse; and among the twenty others now set down as starters in the race there are some known good ones, and more than one dark one of fine racing powers. There is "danger in the dark," and many a fat pool may be won by small investments in this race.

To give a general notice of the prominent horses to meet in the thirty-six races to be run here would occupy too much space in your columns. The sports embrace steeple chases and hurdle races, in addition to flat racing in great variety, at all distances, from half a mile to four miles.

Some little sparring is going on between representatives of opposing sections, and matches are talked of as the probable result.

Extensive improvements have been made this season at the course. The large open stand west of the grand stand has been roofed and seated and will be quite attractive. The grounds of the running course have been extended so as to provide sufficient room for a grand steeple chase; and, to accommodate the host of horses to be present, five large new stable buildings, containing fifty boxes, have just been completed. The course has had spread upon it during the past winter an additional coat of loam, and is now in the best possible condition. Indeed, everything connected with racing indicates brilliant meetings for Saratoga this season.

CHESS MATTERS.

A Game in Consultation.

A consultation game was played recently at the Brooklyn Chess Club between Messrs. Brenzinger, Schultze and De Con, opposed to Messrs. Gilbery, Munoz and Perrin:—

Scotch Gambit.

Brenzinger and Allies, White.	*Gilbery and Allies, Black.*
1—P to K 4	1—P to K 4
2—K Kt to B 3	2—Q Kt to B 3
3—P to Q 4	3—P tks P
4—B to Q B 4	4—Kt to K B 3
5—Castles	5—B to Q B 4
6—P to Q B 3	6—P tks P
7—P to K 5	7—P to Q 4
8—P tks Kt	8—P tks B
9—P tks Kt P	9—R to Kt
10—Q to K 2 ch	10—B to K 3
11—R to Q	11—Q to B 3
12—Q Kt tks P	12—Q tks Kt P
13—P to K Kt 3	13—K to B
14—Q Kt to K 4	14—B to K 2
15—K Kt to Kt 5	15—Q to Kt 3
16—Q B to B 4	16—Q R to Q B
17—P to K R 4	17—P to Q Kt 4
18—P to B 5	18—Q to B 4
19—Q to K 3	19—B tks Kt
20—B tks B	20—K Kt to K 4 (a)
21—Q to Q B 5 ch	21—K to Kt 2
22—B to B 6 ch	22—K to R 3
23—Q tks Kt	23—K tks P
24—R to Kt 2	24—K to Kt 3
25—R to K R sq	25—Q tks Q
26—B tks Q	26—K to B 4 (b)
27—R to R 5 ch	27—K tks Kt
28—B to B 6	28—R to K Kt 3
29—Q R to K ch	29—K to Q 6
30—Q R to K 3 ch	30—K to B 7
31—B to Q B 3	31—Q R to K
32—R to K 2 ch	32—K to Kt 8
33—R to Q 2	33—P to Q B 3

and white announced mate in nine moves (c).

(a) Played without sufficient reflection.
(b) Black recover the lost piece, but get their king into a fearful scrape.
(c) The moves of the white to effect the mate are 31; R to R ch, then P to Kt 4, R to Q B sq. &c., black having to sacrifice pieces to prolong the game to nine moves.

Judd vs. Hosmer.

Mr. Hosmer, the acknowledged best chess player of Chicago, during a recent visit to Detroit contested three games with Mr. Max Judd, one of the leading players of that city, in two of which the former was victorious. The following is one of the games:—

Evans' Gambit.

Judd, White.	*Hosmer, Black.*
1—P to K 4	1—P to K 4
2—Kt to K B 3	2—Kt to Q B 3
3—B to Q B 4	3—B to Q B 4
4—P to Q Kt 4	4—B tks Kt P
5—P to Q B 3	5—B to B 4
6—Castles	6—P to Q 3
7—P to Q 4	7—P tks P
8—P tks P	8—B to Q Kt 3
9—Q Kt to B 3	9—Q Kt to R 4
10—Q B to Q Kt 2	10—Q Kt tks B
11—Q to Q R 4 ch	11—P to Q B 3
12—Q tks Kt	12—Kt to K 2
13—P to Q 5	13—P tks P
14—P tks P	14—Castles
15—Q Kt to K 4	15—P to K B 3
16—K Kt to K R 4	16—Q B to K B 4
17—Q Kt tks Q P. (a)	17—Q tks Kt
18—Q B to Q R 3	18—Q R to Q B (b)
19—Q to Q Kt 3	19—K B to Q B 4 and wins

(a) This was an injudicious move, although the result of a deep combination.
(b) Black's best reply to white's previous move.

Chess Notes.

New York must be the coolest place in this hemisphere, because as soon as the intensely warm weather sets in the city is visited by many of the best chess players in the United States.

Last week Messrs. Hosmer and Bock, of Chicago, astonished the metropolitan players here with their extraordinary skill in chess. Mr. Bock beat Mackenzie two games out of three. Mr. Hosmer beat several of the best New York players, among others Messrs. Perrin, Brenzinger and Turner. Captain Mackenzie, however, won several games in succession from Mr. Hosmer, thereby establishing his claim to be the finest chess player in the United States except Paul Morphy.

The association called the Down Town Chess Club have issued a challenge to the Chess Club of the Nineteenth Ward Reading Association to play them a match at chess, which has been accepted. Each club will be represented by three of their leading players.

A test tournament was commenced by the members of the club which meets at the Café Europa and which numbers about fifty, on the 5th of this month, and was closed on the 23d, as many as six hundred games having been played in eighteen days. This speaks well for the activity and energy of the club. This tourney was intended to establish the relative strength of the players. The scores of the most successful combatants were as follows:—

	Won.	Lost.
Von Frankenberg	17½	½
Goldschmidt	17	3
Rosenburg	34	7
Dwyer	41	14
Cassierer	41	13
Hubert	28	8
Doyle	17	6
Randecker	13	5
Gumberger	28½	11½
Harvey	22	10
Tottler	19½	10½
Sanger	38	18
Captain Randrup	21	14½

THE BRUTAL FIGHT IN BROOKLYN.

BROOKLYN, June 27, 1870.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

In your issue of to-day I notice an account of a "brutal fight between Thomas Kerrigan, Edward Ham and John Berry." I beg to state that the aforesaid disturbance unfortunately occurred almost opposite the door of my residence. I was merely an on-looker, and did not even know any one of the men engaged and took no part whatever in the fight. My name used in connection with the affair is quite a mistake.

JOHN BERRY, No. 102 Hudson avenue.

NEW YORK SHAKEN BY AN EARTHQUAKE.

What So Many Supposed an Explosion Last Saturday Evening Turns Out an Earthquake—All About the Rumbling Visitant—When and How It Came and the Extent and Deviation of the Oscillations—Subsequent Shock in Brooklyn.

The present will be the first intelligence to most of the people living on New York Island that on Saturday evening last we were visited by an earthquake. It is thirty-four years since our city experienced the presence and shaking by one of these unusual and startling phenomena, but that shock was so extended and the oscillation of the earth was so well defined as to leave no doubt of its reality. In the latter case, however, there were wanting these distinctive features. Its locality was limited, being confined mainly to the eastern part of the city, below Fourteenth street, and its duration so brief that thousands, though feeling the shock and hearing the report or rumbling noise accompanying it, did not for a moment suspect it was an earthquake, but some gunpowder or gas, or glycerine or fireworks explosion, and thus only gave transitory heed to it. It is positive now that it was a genuine earthquake, and the proofs of this startling fact are many and conclusive. In addition to the fact we have already alluded to, of thousands feeling the shock, there is nothing else to which the shock can be possibly attributed, and a growing comparison of notes by those experiencing its effects clears the subject of any shadow of doubt as to the real cause, which was nothing else than a genuine, Simon pure, original Jacobs earthquake. Precursors there are of earthquakes, as of thunder storms, hurricanes and cyclones. The precursor of this was a

SUDDEN RISE OF THE THERMOMETER.

At a quarter of seven o'clock P. M. on Saturday the thermometer stood at eight-nine degrees. It was hot, suffocating, the air like the hot air of a furnace—nothing electric or life-giving in it. Scarcely a breath stirred the air. The children in the streets panted with the heat. Women, with fans busy in motion, sat on the doorsteps and in the windows. Men who had returned from their day's work had just finished their suppers and sat smoking their evening pipes. Suddenly the thermometer gave an upward jump of four degrees, making the children pant more visibly, giving a livelier motion to the fans and making more lethargic the whiffs of smoke from the pipes. A moment following this upward leap of the thermometer there came

A QUICK, RAPID SHOCK.

It lasted a second, and was over. Like a sudden lightning flash on a dark summer's night, it quickly came; as quickly went. Children were frightened; the women dropped their fans; the men started to their feet.

"What's that?" called out the children.
"What's that?" tremblingly asked the women.
"What's that?" anxiously echoed the men.
"An explosion; it must be an explosion," rose from hundreds of voices.
"The house shook," said one.
"I felt the earth tremble," said another.
There was a rush to the housetops, all

WONDERING WHAT IT MEANT.

What we have described was general throughout the eastern part of the city and more particularly in the Thirteenth ward. Some turned their eyes in the direction of the gas works, in Twenty-first street, and some toward Hell Gate, and some looked toward the iron works, along Dry Dock, thinking some of their huge steam engines might have exploded. Some thought it might be one of the monster engines in the Hecker Flour Mills, and some thought the magazine at the Brooklyn Navy Yard might have exploded. The shock was ascribed to a variety of causes, but in vain the myriad eyes looked for rising clouds of smoke and leaping flames of fire and other tokens of an explosion of the gigantic character this was assumed to be. While all were wondering, and very few at the time supposing they had just undergone the novel sensation of an earthquake shock, which, with a little more force, might have rent into countless seams the rock-ribbed granite of our island foundation, and toppled over houses and swallowed up in its huge fissures buildings and people and everything, and left no one to tell the tale of our city thus deeply and irrevocably engulfed into the rumbling and irate bowels of the nether earth, the thermometer went down again, falling seven degrees in a short space of time. The

DIRECTION OF THE VIBRATION,

according to all accounts, was from the southwest to the northeast. The wind, what little there was, remained southwest during most of the evening. The shock was like a heavy blast under foot. We might fill columns of the

VARIED EXPERIENCES

of those feeling the shock, but it is unnecessary to do so, they all being nearly alike. One gentleman says that he felt the shock while standing at the side of the hall door, resting on his left foot, with his shoulder against the wall. He felt the shock all through his frame and the building vibrated as if about to topple over. The oscillation was distinct to all in the house. Another gentleman was in the cellar and says he felt the shock directly under his feet, and the same fact is stated by another gentleman who was passing at the time through a vacant lot. Persons who were lying down felt it more distinctly than those sitting or standing. One gentleman says he was fairly twisted about in his chair. A good many—which is the strongest proof of all of being an earthquake—felt that nausea always experienced in earthquakes, the degree of the nausea depending of course on the duration and severity of the shock. But the story does not end here. About seven o'clock on Sunday morning there was

A SHOCK IN BROOKLYN,

which was felt by large numbers. Here, too, those resident in the vicinity of the shock supposed some terrific explosion had taken place not far away. The fall of the old Hamilton Market, which now lies a mass of ruins, was no doubt caused by the shock here, as it fell just after the supposed explosion was heard.

CONFLAGRATION IN PHILADELPHIA.

Premature Discharge of Pyrotechnics—One Man Killed—Several Injured.

[From the Philadelphia Age, June 27.]

A sad disaster occasioned by the premature discharge of fireworks, occurred on Saturday morning, shortly before five o'clock. J. B. Bussier & Co.'s warehouse, No. 107 South Water street, was filled with pyrotechnics, in anticipation of the demand on the coming anniversary of Independence Day. At the hour mentioned an officer passing the building was startled by a hissing sound, followed by a sharp report, and concluded at once that the place was on fire. An alarm was sounded, but before the arrival of the firemen the building was filled with smoke, and the flames had burst through the windows. When the doors were broken open, a terrific explosion occurred, which blew out the sash, lifted the roof from its place, and forced the southern wall of the structure a foot out of line. The force of this discharge was felt for a square around, and the glass of the buildings in the vicinity was shattered. The report was distinctly heard as far south as Christian and Second streets, and in Camden. The scene that followed the explosion was an appalling one. Rockets flew in every direction, miniature bombs were discharged through the windows; thousands of fiery serpents ran hissing in all directions, while the explosion of firecrackers, mines, Roman candles and the like made a deafening clatter and kept the lookers-on a safe distance from the dangerous place. The conflagration proved to be the most disastrous one of the year—not in the destruction of property, but in the loss of life and the injuries it occasioned.

Messrs. Bussier & Co.'s stock was entirely destroyed, and the loss occasioned thereby is $10,000, on which there is an insurance of $5,000 in the American. The building, belonging to Mr. Moro Phillips, was damaged to the extent of $5,000. There is an insurance on it of $3,000 in the American also.

On the south of Bussier's store is a three story building, now occupied by Phillips & Brother, dealers in fruits. Their stock, at the time of the fire, was estimated at $50,000 in value. Aside from the thorough smoking it received, it was drenched, and is of little value now. The building on the north side of No. 107 is occupied on the first floor by W. G. Porter & Son, dealers in cheese, lard, butter, &c., a large quantity being on hand. The loss is estimated at $1,000 and fully covered by insurance. The second and third stories of this building were occupied by H. C. Kellogg & Co., wholesale grocers. To the rear of No. 107, separated by an area, is the four story building facing on Delaware avenue, used by Messrs. Bussier & Co. for the sale and storage of all kinds of canned fruits, &c. The glasses were shattered but the loss is trifling. It is owned by Moro Phillips, and has an insurance upon it of $2,000 in the American Company. A quantity of money and a number of packages of goods were stolen by thieves from the above place. No. 110 Delaware avenue is occupied by Moro Phillips for the sale of guano and phosphates. It was damaged by fire and water.

A member of the Hope Hose, named John Rhoads, aged twenty-five years, while standing in the door of No. 107, was struck on the forehead by a large rocket and knocked down. When removed to the Pennsylvania Hospital he was unconscious. Before he could be taken into one of the wards he expired. He was unmarried.

The force of the explosion threw a lad of twelve years, James Walton by name, across the street. He received injuries of a very serious nature about the head, and had to be removed to the hospital for treatment. John Ward, of the Hibernia Engine Company, was struck on the head by a flying pyrotechnic, and will probably lose the sight of one eye. He received other injuries of a serious nature. Samuel Harris, a fish dealer on Spruce street wharf, was burned about the face and had an arm broken. James Butterworth, living in Water street, below Walnut street, received a number of cuts about the head and had his face blistered. Frederick J. Wade, a fireman, was knocked down and received an injury to his head that may prove fatal. Michael Buckley, Daniel Foley and Thomas McCarty, of the Hibernia, were considerably injured.

The origin of the conflagration is supposed to have been spontaneous combustion.

YACHTING.

The Prince of Wales' International Cup.

[From the Irish Times (Dublin), June 15.]

It seems very doubtful whether the yacht match for the 100 guinea cup, presented by his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to the sailing committee of the Royal Yacht Squadron, may not be indefinitely postponed. His Royal Highness will not give the cup unless one of the American schooner yachts takes part in the contest for its possession. Mr. Douglas, of the Sappho, has refused to enter his yacht.

All, therefore, depends upon the decision of Mr. Bennett, of the Dauntless, who is now on the Continent, but who is expected in English waters in a few days.

Should he refuse to enter, the match is not expected to come off at present.

The Non-Boat Owners of the New York Yacht Club.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

The meeting of constitutional grumblers and malcontents, that "barnacle" adhering to the New York Yacht Club, and retarding its onward progress, was held at Delmonico's, and resulted in resolutions for a general amendment of the constitution and by-laws of the club, and a statement of the grievances suffered by the said family of "crustacia."

It is gratifying, however, to remark the generosity of this "species," trodden down by its innumerable sufferings, in still allowing to the yacht owners the privilege of voting on questions concerning their own yachts.

The inquiry, however, here suggests itself, what question can possibly arise in a club whose whole and sole object is the building, fitting out and sailing of yachts that does not "actually concern yachts?" Under this point of view, therefore, the voting must remain as now, solely in the hands of yacht owners.

One grievance upon which the above malcontents appear to lay great stress—viz., that the by-laws require notice of all meetings to be sent to all members of the club—was intended to give the non-yacht holding members the opportunity of being heard, and using their influence, if not their vote—a privilege which appears to have been freely availed of, but which the yacht owners will not object to being discontinued, thus saving the secretary much time and trouble.

One might suppose from reading the elaborate proceedings of this meeting that the right of voting was some old and valued prerogative, of which the malcontents have been suddenly deprived. They seem to forget that the mode of voting now is the same that has existed since the formation of the club, over twenty years, and that they have joined it with a full knowledge of the fact.

Let us look for a moment at the effect of the vote concerning the regatta being thrown open to the class of malcontents represented at the above meeting. What prevents them (thinking as they appear to, that the small sum of twenty-five dollars entitles them to receive it back manifold at the regatta) from passing a resolution requiring every yacht to enter or pay a heavy forfeit, or, in fact, any other measure which costs them nothing and yacht owners everything? This, it appears to me, does "actually concern yachts."

There is one statement made as an argument for their right to a vote in the club which is totally false. It is that the non-yacht owners contribute $8,400 annually, while the yacht owners contribute but $1,225.

Let us look for a moment at this most remarkable statement. I think that even the malcontents will admit that a yacht club without yachts would hardly be worth belonging to. It is therefore the yacht owners who give to the club the whole of its attractions.

Let us, therefore, see what the yacht owners really annually contribute to the club.

The yachts now belonging to the club amount, in round numbers, to 4,700 tons, making a first outlay of about $700,000.

Annual interest on above	$49,000
Yearly depreciation	35,000
Yearly cost of keeping up	280,000
Yearly dues admitted by malcontents	1,225
Total	$365,225

The great expenditure of the club is for the annual regatta, which is given solely for the gratification of the non-yacht holding members, and would be abandoned without much reluctance by the yacht owners. The club would, therefore, lose nothing financially by their resignation.

"COPPER PAINT FOR BARNACLES."

Yachting Notes.

The approaching international contest is anticipated with much interest in yachting circles, owing to the fact that the prospects for races in our own waters, in which the Cambria will doubtless take part, are exceedingly brilliant. The most active preparations are being made by the owners of the fastest schooners in America, in order that the British craft may cope with them subsequent to her arrival here. The Cambria will in all probability, join the cruise of the New York Yacht Club, and it is to be hoped that her best powers will be brought into requisition along the Sound. She will assuredly find some stiff competitors, for, perhaps, the club had never a finer fleet since its organization than at the present time.

The Atlantic Yacht Club will celebrate the national anniversary by a cruise to Nyack. The entire fleet will participate on the occasion, which, it is expected, will be unusually interesting. The members of the club will proceed in the order of procession to the residence of the Commodore, Mr. William Voorhis, at Nyack, where they will be suitably entertained. A grand pyrotechnic exhibition from the yachts will be among the attractive features of the celebration.

A very handsome flag was presented to the Hoboken Yacht Club a few days since by the ladies of that locality. The affair came off at their new club house, Tottenville, S. I. Miss Marcill presented the color in a neat and appropriate address, which was responded to by Mr. George Clarke. An elegant entertainment was subsequently provided for the guests.

The Columbia Yacht Club will hold their annual regatta on Thursday next from off the club house foot of West Fifty-seventh street, North river, to and around stakeboat off Fort Lee; thence to and around a boat anchored off the Elysian Fields; thence to stakeboat at the club house; the course to be sailed twice over, making the distance about twenty-five miles. Since last year several new yachts have been added to the fleet, and a very spirited contest is therefore anticipated. The yachts will sail in four classes and each class for a separate prize. The Commodore of the club is Mr. C. F. Tompkins, and the Regatta Committee consists of Messrs. J. A. Weaver, Robert Wilson, J. S. Gage and James Skillen. Should the weather prove favorable the display will doubtless be very interesting.

Mr. Franklin Osgood's fine schooner yacht Magic is now anchored off quarantine. She will be one of the competitors in the first race that the Cambria sails in American waters. The Fleetwing is at New London and the Phantom is at her anchorage off Staten Island. Most of the crack yachts have been completely fitted out with new sails.

EXCITING SPORT DOWN SOUTH.

Spirited Wolf Hunt in Mississippi—Israel Putnam Number Two.

[From the Meadeville (Miss.) Journal, June 20.]

A few days ago several gentlemen of this county, having had some knowledge of the alarming number of wolves in their neighborhood, prowling about the country and making such hideous and mournful howls at night, disturbing the peaceful slumbers of the quiet inhabitants, concluded to go in search of the midnight disturbers of the peace, hogs and sheep. Four of the Joneses, Mr. Poole and Mr. F. C. Huff were the gentlemen who composed the hunting party. They started near Mrs. Dixon's, and Middleton's creek was the scene of the excitement that soon followed. The chase commenced with the spontaneous outburst of a hound's joy, and the surrounding forest fairly resounded with the cheering shouts of the pursuing hunters. For seven long hours the chase continued unabated, during which time six wolves were killed and several dogs badly injured. But they were still resolute, and if they did not possess the tenacity of bulldogs they manifested a winning disposition to "go for" the wolves. After approaching the den Mr. Huff's dogs entered in search of more game and three dead whelps were the result. But the fight went bravely on, and it was soon ascertained that the faithful dogs were having too much of a good thing in the den and the hunters readily determined to rescue them at all hazards. Mr. Huff being the smallest man he consented to enter. So he assumed the character of Israel Putnam and entered the "wolf's den" to rescue his dogs. Perhaps Mr. Huff had some misgivings about this new adventure, as he requested some one to heel for him, or rather to hold him by the heels as he descended into the hole. Well enough he took this precaution, for the old mother wolf was in there, though he was not aware of it until he had made his entrance. Mr. Jones performed the office of heelman for Mr. Huff. So he entered. The distance being much greater than was first supposed, some one was compelled to heel for Mr. Jones. The advance was made slowly and cautiously, but when the scene of the subterraneous combat was fully approached Mr. Huff caught one of his dogs by the leg and had his request conveyed to the rear to back out or pull him out. Jones' heelman pulled him; Jones pulled Huff; Huff pulled the dog, and the dog pulled out a young wolf. Israel H. took the trophy of his exploit home with him, but it died in a few days from the effects of injuries received in the fight. Had the old mother taken a part when the gentlemen entered the den we imagine there would have been some old He scratching on that particular occasion. However, the wolf hunt ended with good results. We have been informed that the wolves are killing dogs and sheep daily in that portion of the country. While the dogs were running the wolves a dog that did not belong in the drive met the wolves and was killed. When the hunters arrived at the den they found limbs of sheep and hogs, which had been carried there the night before—enough to feast the hounds after their chase and fight. We wish Israel Putnam II. success in his next adventure.

THE QUARANTINE QUESTION.

Meeting of the Committee of Merchants Yesterday.

Tendered Interposition by the United States Government—New Jersey Proposes to Receive the Commerce of New York—The Merchants Believe Dr. Carnochan Honest and Only Ask Fair Treatment from the Commissioners.

Yesterday an informal meeting of the committee of merchants was held at the office of Royal Phelps, No. 45 Exchange place. William K. Kirkland was chosen to preside, and the object of the meeting was announced to be for the reception of suggestions and for a consultation on the subject of proposed action in relation to quarantine law. Communications were submitted from half a dozen lightermen of the harbor, with proposals, accompanied by bonds, for the removal of cargoes from vessels detained in the lower bay under quarantine regulations. These proposals submitted rates of charges at about one-third the sum now demanded in some cases and fifty per cent less in others.

Communications were presented from prominent lawyers in Washington proposing an

APPEAL TO THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT.

These letters set forth that the United States, and not the State governments, were entitled to jurisdiction in quarantine matters under the laws relating to commerce, and that the question belonged by right to, and should be settled by, Congress on appeal.

A letter was also presented at the meeting from a prominent government official in the city of New York, offering to undertake the litigation of the matter in the courts.

Mr. HUMPHREYS deprecated any action on the part of the merchants which should conduce to bring the United States government and the government of New York, or the State governments of New York and New Jersey in collision, or induce a conflict of jurisdiction of any kind.

It was here remarked that every member of the committee was a democrat, and some one volunteered the statement that they had rather make arrangements with the State than with the federal authorities.

Mr. KIRKLAND did not wish to bring the grievances of the merchants into the lion's mouth of political circles, and thought that the demands, being reasonable, would be acquiesced in by the Commissioners.

"DR. CARNOCHAN IS AN HONORABLE MAN,"

said Mr. Phelps. He will not be bribed. We do not want him removed. He performs his duty conscientiously, and all that is necessary is that the Commissioners shall give him authority to arrange fair terms of compensation with us for the transfer of cargoes from vessels detained to the warehouses designated by consignees.

In reply to this it was stated that merchants did not want their freights sent to the Erie Basin. A large share of the cargoes consisted of coffee from the West Indies, South America and the Spanish Main. The berry was delicate and required handling by experienced stevedores and warehouse men. What the merchants desired was that these cargoes should receive fair treatment and at reasonable rates of charges. Coffee was not quarantineable, but the Health officer and Commissioners held that the ships were. They did not wish to interfere with the health regulations of the port. They were the last who would undertake to do so, but they had understood that the carriage of cargoes by lighters from vessels detained in quarantine to the warehouses in the city had been "farmed out"—let and relet. If a ring had been formed to victimize them they were disposed to

TAKE THE "STEAL" OUT OF THE RING,

though they did not wish to "fight" nor to enter into any political arrangements one way or the other. Their business was commerce, and they simply wished to be dealt fairly by and let alone. However, if a fight was inevitable let it come.

Mr. PHELPS—Though Dr. Carnochan is surrounded by a circle of corrupt and sham less politicians, yet he will not give way to them, and my feeling is that, however he may err in judgment, he is a man of principle and honor. I, for one, would rather deal with an honest and conscientious man than with the representative of a political ring with no conscience.

A statement was then made that Governor Randolph, of New Jersey, and the authorities at Perth Amboy had appointed a board of health and full quarantine commission and had sent delegates to the merchants, including the Collector of the Port of Perth Amboy, to state that they had every facility for the landing of cargoes, with some half dozen warehouses and several hundred feet of water front for first class ships.

EVERY INDUCEMENT HAD BEEN OFFERED

by this committee to secure landings at Perth Amboy, but, as in the case of interference by the general government, no action had been taken, for the reasons already set forth.

A statement that the Commissioners had made a final disposition of the question now agitated, upon the occasion of their trip to Quarantine on the Andrew Fletcher, on Friday last, and which has obtained considerable currency in the city, was emphatically denied by the merchants.

After some desultory conversation the meeting of the committee was adjourned.

TROOPS ON THE PLAINS AND TROOPS IN GARRISON.

What the Soldiers Think.

FORT MONROE, Va., June 25, 1870.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

The article on the subject of "Indian Troubles" published in the HERALD of Thursday last has met with the strongest approbation of many officers stationed at this post. The question may well be asked, "What do we want of a garrison at Fort Hamilton, or Governor's Island or Fortress Monroe?" General Hancock states, in reply to the request of the Governor of Minnesota that troops might be sent to protect certain settlers in that State, that he has so small a force (only 421 men for duty) that he cannot furnish the desired protection. The garrison of this post alone comprises some 450 men, all of whom might be withdrawn, with the exception of say fifty men; while of the 700 men of the artillery, infantry and engineers in New York and vicinity 600 could be spared. The number of men occupied in garrisoning the forts along the New England coast is not less than 800 men; 400 of these could be withdrawn. Then at Fort McHenry and the forts near Washington city some 400 more troops are stationed, whereas 100 could occupy the posts. At the Tortugas, Key West and the other posts along the Southern coast, from the Carolinas to Florida, are stationed about 800 more men; 400 of these could easily be withdrawn. If this were done more than 2,000 effective, well equipped and disciplined men could be forwarded to the frontier at once, leaving at each post now occupied a force sufficient to protect the public property.

Scarcely a day passes that we do not read of new outrages being committed against defenceless settlers by the savages and of small bodies of troops being sent out to contend against vastly superior numbers of their merciless enemies, while we, of the more favored branch of the service, are passing the time in comparative idleness.

Captain ARMSTRONG.

FORT MONROE, June 25, 1870.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

By your paper of the 24th more Indian outrages on the frontier are reported, and General Hancock reports but 421 available men for duty. The garrison of this post alone is 471 men, and if the five companies now at this post were full it would be over 500 strong. The officers at this post are anxious to serve their country on the frontier—anything to show the country their usefulness. The companies of artillery, before the late war, were many of them stationed in the Indian country, and served as both cavalry and infantry. Why can we not do so now, when there is such a demand for our services?

Agitate the subject in the columns of your journal and it may be listened to at headquarters.

Corporal CAISSON.

FORT MONROE, Va., June 24, 1870.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

Your notice in yesterday's HERALD of Indian outrages and need of troops on the Plains, and large garrisons of troops on the seaboard where they are not needed, states the case as it is, and meets the approbation of the officers at this post. There is a garrison of five companies—nearly 500 men—at this post, and why we are kept here, now that the State is reconstructed, we cannot see. We are ready and anxious to go to the Plains, where we can be of some use. Please keep the matter before the public. Agitate it in every number of your paper until Congress shall notice it, and you will oblige some of us who wish to serve the country and show our usefulness at a time when there is such a demand for it.

Lieutenant PLUCK.

THE JETER PHILLIPS CASE IN RICHMOND.—Petitions, said to have nearly 1,000 signatures, were yesterday presented to the Governor for the commutation of the sentence of Jeter Phillips to imprisonment for life. If the petition is not granted Phillips will, on Friday next, the 1st of July, suffer the extreme penalty of the law for the crime of murdering his wife. It is reported that the prisoner entertains but little hope of executive clemency, and has again called in his spiritual advisers.—*Richmond Despatch.*

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NEW YORK HERALD

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
PROPRIETOR.

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Volume XXXV.....No. 179

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway and 13th street.—MINNIE'S LUCK.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE, Twenty-fourth st.—FERNANDE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE, Broadway.—THE FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE, Broadway, corner Thirtieth st.—Matinee daily. Performance every evening.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, corner of Eighth avenue and 23d st.—THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE, 23d st., between 5th and 6th avs.—THE HUGUENOTS.

BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—PRINCE ANABEL—PRINTER AND HATTER—WEALTH AND POVERTY.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, 201 Bowery.—UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

MRS. F. B. CONWAY'S PARK THEATRE, Brooklyn.—TROUBLED DOWN.

THEATRE COMIQUE, 514 Broadway.—COMIC VOCALISM, NEGRO ACTS, &c.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS, No. 720 Broadway.—FROW-FROW—HORSE FLY DON'T TICKLE ME, &c.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN, 7th av., between 58th and 59th sts.—THEODORE THOMAS' POPULAR CONCERTS.

APOLLO HALL, corner 28th street and Broadway.—PANORAMA OF SCOTLAND

TERRACE GARDEN, Fifty-eighth street and Third avenue.—BARBER BLEW.

NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 618 Broadway.—SCIENCE AND ART.

TRIPLE SHEET.

New York, Tuesday, June 28, 1870.

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HOW OUR POPULATION INCREASES.—Two thousand seven hundred and fifty-six was the number of new arrivals in ships' berths from foreign ports yesterday, besides the usual arrivals from other births.

QUICK TIME.—The French Transatlantic mail steamship Pereire, which sailed from Brest on the 18th of June, in the afternoon, arrived at this port about one o'clock yesterday afternoon. The Pereire landed our continental files from Europe dated in Paris on her day of sailing—slightly over eight days since.

A NATIVE EARTHQUAKE.—The generality of New Yorkers will learn to-day for the first time that they came near being involved in a terrible earthquake disaster on Saturday night last. The shock is said to have been so severe in Brooklyn as to cause the demolition of Hamilton Market, which fell without perceptible cause at that time.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL MANIFESTO.—If the recently published address of the democratic Congressmen is to be taken as the first grand pronunciamento of the campaign, the initiative shot into the enemy's camp, it may as well be said to have fallen stillborn, or, like the fuse of damp powder, fizzled out before it attracted attention. It would not fill worthily a place in the political column of a country democratic newspaper, and that seems to be the way in which that class of journals are treating the document.

MR. BERGH'S SOCIETY—EVIDENCE OF ITS USEFULNESS.—If evidence of the usefulness of Mr. Bergh's society for the prevention of cruelty to animals were wanting it could be ascertained from statistics showing the number of horses killed in this city during the late extraordinary heated term, as compared with the number perishing in previous hot seasons. So far as our observation has extended this year we have failed to have seen the corpus of a defunct equine lying in the streets in any part of the city, whereas formerly such a sight was by no means uncommon. The poor omnibus and city car horses have, therefore, much to be thankful for in Mr. Bergh's humane reign, and our citizens cause for congratulation in not having their eyes and nostrils offended by the disgusting presence of dead carcasses broiling for hours in the sun in the public thoroughfares.

The Funding Bill to be Pressed for Congressional Action.

It is understood that General Schenck, the chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, will urge upon the House of Representatives an early consideration of the Funding bill. This is the House substitute for Mr. Sherman's Senate bill. The main feature of this measure is to convert a thousand million of the outstanding six per cent bonds into new bonds, or consols, bearing four per cent interest and having thirty years to run. These new bonds are to be exchanged dollar for dollar for the old securities and are not to be sold at less than par in gold. It is believed that the debt can be converted and consolidated on these terms. That, however, has to be seen. The five-twenties are now at about par with gold, but the sixes of 1881 are quoted nearly five per cent higher—that is, the difference between the market value of the five-twenty six per cent bonds, which are now due or about to fall due, and the bonds bearing the same interest, which have eleven years to run, is five per cent. This shows clearly that bonds of long date are more acceptable and much more valuable. The longer time they have to run, therefore, the greater the value. It is upon this principle that Mr. Schenck expects to convert the six per cents into four per cents at par. But, if a thirty years' four per cent bond can be exchanged for the sixes now due or about to fall due, why could not a three sixty-five one, having forty or fifty years to run, be exchanged on the same terms? By parity of reasoning this ought to be so.

The difference between four per cent interest and three sixty-five would on the whole debt amount to over eight millions a year. This would make a nice sum to be applied to the sinking fund or to be taken off the shoulders of the people through reducing the taxes. Then, such a bond or consol would simplify the debt, and all the operations of the Treasury bankers and brokers. Bearing a cent a day interest the exact value could be calculated instantly by every person. The most ignorant even could tell how many days the coupons had run toward the yearly, half yearly or quarterly payment of interest, and to a cent what they would be worth at any time. It would inaugurate a simple and beautiful principle in financial operations. As to the payment of the debt, it would make no difference whether the bonds had thirty or fifty years to run. The government can enter the market at any time and buy up its securities just as individuals do. The sinking fund can be applied to the liquidation of the debt whether the bonds have one year or a hundred years to run. Whatever surplus funds the Treasury may have for this purpose—ten millions or a hundred millions a year—they can be used just the same. Long bonds would be no inconvenience to the government, while they would, indeed, be a great saving, through the reduced interest they would bear. We advise Congress, therefore, to consolidate the debt in a three sixty-five security having forty or fifty years to run, if that be practicable. As was said before, a bond of this long date, bearing three sixty-five interest, ought to be as good as a thirty year bond bearing four per cent interest. At least there is no reason why the experiment should not be made.

There is one very obnoxious feature of the Senate Funding bill which we hope the House will not adopt. That is the proposition to employ agencies *abroad to manipulate* the debt and to pay the interest on it. There is no necessity for any such agencies. It would be simply a job to put money into the coffers of foreign bankers and capitalists, without any benefit to the United States. Of course these men and their agents and correspondents here are very anxious to get this job, and are using all the arguments possible to that end. But we do not want any such outside and fictitious aid to give character to our national securities. Their value is well known. There is scarcely a village in Europe, particularly in Germany and some other parts of the Continent, where the high credit of this republic is not appreciated. The coupons on our bonds can be exchanged almost everywhere, as Bank of England notes are, for their face value in gold, and in some places they are at a premium. It would be no advantage to have special agencies abroad to pay the interest on the debt. Besides, it should be an object with the government to make all financial operations centre in the United States, and in New York, the great commercial metropolis of the country. Congress should frown down any attempts to transfer the financial business that can be done here to Europe. The telegraph and steam power make communication rapid between all parts of the Old World and America, and intermediate agencies are things of the past. The time is soon coming when New York will be the monetary and commercial centre of the world, as well as of intelligence. Our old fogy Congressmen are dreaming of the past when they should be looking to the future. They do not see that we are fast breaking away from the leading strings of Europe. Funding the debt, and the principles we may establish in doing that, may facilitate or retard, to some extent, the controlling financial future of this country and of New York. Let us not throw away our opportunities. Let us bring Europe to us and our system rather than to go over there for everything, as a child goes to its guardian. We have reached the full stature of manhood in financial as well as in political matters, and should act independently.

THE GREAT FIRE IN CONSTANTINOPLE was, as we are assured by the accounts just to hand by mail, fed in force and rendered almost irresistible at the first by a flow of petroleum from the stores in which this article was kept for sale. The "liquid flames" carried destruction to the adjoining houses. Many of those who lost their lives during the disaster were, it is alleged, either instantly killed or mortally burned by explosions of the tin cases in which the fluid was kept. Very dangerous and very sad.

MR. A. B. CORNELL'S nomination as Assistant Treasurer has been withdrawn from the Senate at his own request, he preferring his present position as Surveyor of the Port. Mr. Cornell makes a very acceptable Surveyor, and the President can no doubt readily find many acceptable sub-treasurers among the available men in this city not now in office. It is to be hoped that it will not, therefore, be necessary to change all the federal appointments—a point to congratulate ourselves upon.

The Death of Lord Clarendon.

On Sunday the Earl of Clarendon, Mr. Gladstone's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, died at his residence in London. His Lordship, as will be seen from our cable despatches, had been seized with illness on Friday. Lord Clarendon was born in January, 1800. He was thus in his seventy-first year. His age no doubt made him an easy victim to the malady which carried him off.

When Queen Victoria ascended the throne of England Lord Clarendon was one of the many promising statesmen who rallied around the standard of Lord Melbourne. His training, as well as his natural aptitudes, made him a diplomat rather than a parliamentarian. While yet very young he was employed in the civil service. In 1833, the year after the passing of the first Reform bill, we find him at the Court of Madrid in the capacity of plenipotentiary. This post he held till 1839, when, on his return home, he was made a Privy Councillor. In 1838 he succeeded to the Earldom of Clarendon. Lord Privy Seal and Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster under Lord Melbourne from 1839 to 1841, he became President of the Board of Trade in 1846, and in 1847 he went to Ireland in the capacity of Lord Lieutenant. This post he held until 1852. His rule in Ireland covered the Smith O'Brien revolution, and the vigor of his administration, while it commended him to the authorities in London, made him several enemies in Ireland, many of whom survive. During the protracted struggle between the Western Powers and Russia Lord Clarendon held the seals of the Foreign Office. It was his good fortune to sign the treaty of peace at Paris in the spring of 1856. In 1858 he retired with his chief, Lord Palmerston. In 1864, when Lord Palmerston became the second time Prime Minister, Lord Clarendon took office first as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, again becoming Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in November, 1865. We have known him now for two years as Mr. Gladstone's Foreign Secretary. Since the death of Lord Palmerston it has been the general opinion in Great Britain that Lord Clarendon was the only man who thoroughly understood the foreign relations of the three kingdoms and the work of the Foreign Office. With the exception of Lord Aberdeen and Lord Palmerston no one has for so many years presided in the Foreign Office. Lord Clarendon, now that he is no more, will be judged as a great figure in history, and the judgments will, no doubt, be varied.

We have already said that diplomacy was the *forte* of the deceased nobleman. His knowledge was extensive; his caution was great; his words on all occasions were few, to the point and well chosen. He was not one of those men who think aloud and thus give the enemy an opportunity. But those qualities which fitted him for diplomacy unfitted him for the Senate. He never did, never would shine as a parliamentary leader. In Parliament he was never the equal of Earl Russell; but Earl Russell could never approach him in the arts of diplomacy. The one man who excelled them both, and who was equally great as a parliamentary leader and as Minister of Foreign Affairs, was Lord Palmerston. In his later years Lord Clarendon has *had to do specially with this country*. Our experience of him in relation to the Alabama depredations has not raised him in our estimation. It is true he succeeded to the Foreign Office at an awkward time. Andy Johnson had been too anxious and Reverdy Johnson had been too sweet. Lord Stanley had been led to believe that the work was practically done, when Sumner's great speech awoke the nations. In Clarendon's time the negotiations have made no progress. He stood too much on the principles of the past. It was evidently his opinion to the last that when France and Great Britain are agreed the world must be at peace and more or less subject to their dictation. He could not realize the new conditions under which the result of our late war had placed all the nations. He was thirty years too old. Now that he is gone, and that there is a likelihood of a new Minister being sent to the Court of St. James, let us hope that old fogy notions will no longer obstruct business. Peace to the dead, but prosperity to the living!

THE FENIAN TRIALS.—General Starr and two subordinate officers of the Fenian army which recently invaded a few rods of Canada were arraigned at Canandaigua yesterday for a violation of the neutrality laws, and pleaded not guilty. A postponement was demanded, and the trials were finally fixed for July 12. If the violation of our neutrality laws is a crime such men as General Starr and the other leaders should be punished; and even if it is only a crime on paper, and not in fact, then they should be punished for misleading their faithful and enthusiastic followers. The privates so far have suffered all the pains and penalties of an infraction of the law. They ran the risks of Canadian capture and endured the hardships of private soldiering. If we intend to enforce the law at all we must begin at once on the leaders, who usually gain all the glory of success and incur none of the perils of defeat.

ANOTHER EMINENT CITIZEN GONE.—In the death of Francis B. Cutting the city of New York loses another of her distinguished citizens; for Mr. Cutting in the profession of the law and in the party politics of his day was greatly distinguished. As a "war democrat" his position during our late Southern rebellion was that of a man whose patriotism is not tied down by party precepts or party lines in a great crisis. His public record is good, his private life was such that he is universally regretted. He leaves behind him a good name, and in his industrious and honorable life an example which may be profitably followed by our young men ambitious of fortune or distinction.

WANTED—AN INSPECTOR OF BUILDINGS IN BROOKLYN.—Since the tumbling in of the Hamilton Market, South Brooklyn, attendant with loss of life, the fact has been ventilated that the city of Brooklyn is deprived of the services of an Inspector of Buildings on account of partisan jealousies and rancor. This is disgraceful, and the parties concerned should be made known and held up to public odium. The cause of the Hamilton disaster demands investigation. Where is Mayor Kalbfleisch?

The Indians—More Soldiers Wanted on the Plains.

We expressed our opinion the other day that there were not troops enough on the Plains to perform the duties required of them in repressing the hostile Indians. We based that opinion upon facts received from authority, than which there could be no better—the officers themselves in command of the posts on the frontier, who admit that they are unequal to the task of protecting the settlers. Within a brief period several such admissions have been made. What is the consequence? The cunning savage knows our weak spots, and there he directs his attack. Take the case at Fort Buford, a few weeks ago, where five hundred Indians butchered all the laboring men working around the fort, while Colonel Barron stated that he had only a paltry few available soldiers in garrison, a force entirely unable to resist the savages. And this is only one instance out of many. The fact is that we have plenty of able officers on the Plains, from Sheridan down, but we are shamefully deficient in soldiers. The remedy we suggested is that the troops now doing nothing in the different Eastern and Southern garrisons should be sent out to assist General Sheridan, leaving only enough men here to do ordinary garrison duty.

We publish some letters to-day from officers highly commending this suggestion, expressing their anxiety to be sent to the frontier on active duty, and confirming our statement that fifty or a hundred men would be quite sufficient to protect the public property at each of our Eastern forts and perform all the requirements of garrison duty. We commend these letters and the facts and figures contained therein to the attention of our readers. It appears that there are now stationed at Fortress Monroe four hundred and fifty men, where probably there are only fifty actually required. There are about seven hundred troops in the forts around New York. Why six hundred of these troops cannot be spared for service on the Plains, where they are needed, who can tell? In the garrisons of the New England coast—Fort Adams, at Newport, and Fort Warren, in Boston harbor, and others—there are not less than six hundred men. In the forts at Baltimore and around Washington there are nearly four hundred soldiers, while along the Southern coast, from North Carolina to Florida, nearly eight hundred men are scattered.

Now, when it is considered that we are at peace all along this region of country, and that we are decidedly engaged in a bloody war with thousands of savage demons on our Western frontier, who are daily murdering our farmers, their wives and children; who are rendering the existence of peaceful and happy settlements there an impossibility—although when the government sells land to the settler it guarantees him protection—savages can attack our forts with a force of a hundred to one, and cut off our troops in detail when they meet them on the prairie, would it not be proper to transfer some of the unemployed soldiers from our garrisons about here to help Sheridan and his officers? It may be said that the garrisons of the forts on the Eastern shore are made up chiefly of artillery. To this we answer that artillerymen have made as good cavalry and infantry soldiers on the frontier as those arms of the service before now.

We repeat that it is useless to talk about subjugating the Indians—if it is not to be all talk in the Interior Department—unless we put troops enough on the Plains to drive the obstinate tribes or sections of tribes upon the reservations and compel them to remain there. This condition of things does not evidently exist at present. The Governor of Minnesota recently made an appeal to General Hancock for a small force to enable him to protect the settlers in that State from the savages. But the commanding general of the District was obliged to send the pitiful answer that he had only four hundred and twenty-one soldiers at his disposal and could spare none to avert the desolation in Minnesota. Let the blood flow; let the farm house blaze; let the infant child cry for mercy. General Hancock, although willing enough, could not stay the misfortune, because he had no troops to spare! And yet there are seven hundred soldiers in Governor's Island, Fort Hamilton, Fort Richmond and the other forts in the bay, and nearly fifteen hundred more in the various garrisons along the coast. Surely there must be something egregiously wrong, if not corrupt, in the management of our "Indian policy." We hope that this condition of things does not result from the idea that there is more to be made by keeping the savages at war than by conquering a peace promptly and effectually. At all events it is clear that more soldiers are wanted on the Plains.

TAKE CARE IN THE TUNNEL.—The Erie Railway Company and the Delaware and Lackawanna are at issue in regard to their respective rights in the Bergen tunnel. The Erie Company owns the tunnel and appears disposed to contest the validity of the arrangement by which the other company has equal privileges with Erie in its use. This is no doubt all right, and the public has no reason to complain if the contest is confined to the courts. But contests of this sort have a tendency to rage elsewhere than in the tribunal. The Erie authorities, for instance, declare that the other company must not run their trains through the tunnel at certain times; but this order is disregarded and the Delaware and Lackawanna trains rush onward without heeding the restraint. How long can this continue without a disastrous collision? Signals to stop at the tunnel are important, and if trains do not heed them they cannot always run safely.

ANOTHER BIG PRIZE FIGHT IN THE SOUTH.—The citizens of Mobile and vicinity were edified by a brutal prize fight a few days since. The combatants fought eighty-seven rounds, each of which was pluckily contested, ending in the defeat of the favorite at the beginning of the mill. Some of the Southern papers are objecting to this transfer of the prize ring from the North to the Sunny Clime; but so long as they allow such exhibitions to be given, not only not unmolested by the authorities, but actually countenanced and encouraged by them, so long will the bulldogs of the prize ring seek the Southern latitudes for their fistic encounters. It is far more pleasant to be a P. R. hero in the South than a fugitive from justice in the North.

Congress—The Income Tax and the Tariff on Salt.

The Senate has stricken out the income tax clause without any reservation, except that government officers and corporations shall pay the tax for the present year. But why government officers? Corporations of course are rich enough and soulless enough to be singled out for any extra persecution such as this; but government officers, from President Grant at twenty-five thousand dollars a year down to tide waiters or night watchmen at a few hundreds, are the worst paid employés in the Union. Why the tax should be especially continued in their case is inexplicable. The evening was consumed in discussing Southern Pacific Railroad grants, and the Texas Pacific Railroad bill was passed.

The House has again shown itself firmly in favor of a low tariff. It steered its way yesterday through all manner of parliamentary intricacies to a plain vote of 108 to 59 for a reduction of all duties on salt fifty per cent. The entire trouble in regard to reducing the tariff lies with the Committee of Ways and Means, which, being hopelessly protective in its tariff views, will report no non-protective bill unless directly ordered as in this case of salt, and sometimes, as in the case of coal, it evades the direct issue even then. The committee should remember that it is a servant of the House, which in its turn is a servant of the people, and should do as it is bid or else be paid off and discharged, as the House undoubtedly will unless it follows its orders very carefully.

The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was further discussed, but with no important change in its text. Mr. Farnsworth and Mr. Dawes had a few wordy flings at one another over its provisions, and from that we judge that the rare guardian of the Treasury is fully awake and looking to the general interests of the country in the matter.

Dr. Livingstone—A Hopeful View.

Sir R. Murchison, of the Royal Geographical Society of England, hopes in about seven or eight months to hear good news of Dr. Livingstone, and that shortly thereafter he will be back in his native country. Professor Murchison says that his friend, the indefatigable explorer, has been for three years in the heart of Africa, at Ujiji, a native settlement on Lake Tanganyika, which Livingstone believes to be the real fountainhead of the Nile. This lake, represented as over two hundred miles long, lies south of the Albert and Victoria (Nyansa) lakes, and is supposed to flow into the former. If such is the fact the sources of the Nile are some seven or eight degrees farther south than the heads of the Albert and Victoria lakes. This is the question which Dr. Livingstone has undertaken to settle. But he has been, according to Murchison, for three years at Ujiji waiting for supplies from Zanzibar to resume his journey northward on the Lake Tanganyika.

Many months have passed, however, since we have had any direct or indirect tidings from Dr. Livingstone. Professor Murchison says that the cholera on the eastern coast of Africa arrested a relief expedition sent out some time ago, but that now, the coast being clear, the English Consul of Zanzibar, happening to be in England, would go back at once to provide another little expedition for the explorer's relief; and as it would take over two months to reach him from the coast some eight months would elapse before he could be heard from. We like this hopeful view of Murchison, but we still think it probable that his friend has fallen a victim to the savage inhabitants or the savage climate of Ujiji. Sir Samuel Baker, now in command of a powerful expedition far up the Nile, under the authority of the Viceroy of Egypt, and bound for the lakes Albert and Victoria, to annex the whole line of the river to Egypt, will, perhaps, after all, be the man who will settle the question of Lake Tanganyika and the question of Livingstone's fate, dead or alive. Otherwise we fear that nothing but a well equipped British military expedition from Zanzibar will ever reach him, and we think that such an expedition should be sent out without further delay.

COMPELLED TO BE INDEPENDENT.—Canada at last fairly looks independence in the face. Why? Because England has given her notice to leave. Because it is evident that the next thing England will do will be to kick her out. How strange is a comparison of the history of the colonies that went of their own will with that of the colonies which from helpless inanity held by the imperial government till the imperial government was more than tired of the connection. In fact, all that an imperial government like that of Great Britain wants of colonies is to bleed them, and Canada is very poor bleeding. The countries to the north of us are naturally rich enough, but to develop their resources there must be the spirit, enterprise and energy that never exist in colonies, that is found only where the people are free, and where some sense of a national spirit is felt in the whole mass of the populace. Colonies did well enough as promoters of trade, emigration and settlement in the slower ages, and may do well enough now in the remote regions of the earth; but not next door to the great republic and in the full dazzle of all that is most progressive in the spirit of the time.

SUNDAY RUM—WORSE THAN EVER.—Our Monday murder chronicle was even fuller and more terrible than usual. The deliberate murder of the German Michel by a half-grown ruffian of the Jack Reynolds species was the most atrocious case. It began in a quarrel in a rum shop, and the cool malice of the murderer held him to his purpose while he watchfully followed his victim for several squares and until the victim was sent on his way in apparent safety by a policeman whose protection he had sought. Then the murderer crept up and stabbed his victim fatally. Beside this there were several desperate affrays, from one of which we may certainly count upon one death. Excepting only one case all these murders are a direct consequence of opening the rum shops on Sunday, which is itself a violation of the law, and for every one of these rum butcheries the delinquent ministers of the law are morally responsible.

WALL STREET is very dull, as might naturally have been expected as a sequence of the heated term. Yesterday the tired "bulls" suffered the "bears" to go on with the performance, and the result was a general decline in prices, gold going off to 110⅛, which is a consolatory figure to every patriot who wishes to buy cheap firecrackers on the Fourth.

The Mexican Revolutionary Movements.

Without taking into consideration the disturbances going on in the central States of the Mexican republic, there are three extensive revolutions agitating that country at the present time. Affairs on the Guatemalan border look gloomy enough. Martinez, before Matamoros, exhibits a bold and determined front, and Colonel Vascano's attack on the city of Guaymas was as daring an achievement as any that has occurred in Mexico for years. Apart from the movements of the reckless and ambitious pronouncers that in the States of Zacatecas, San Luis Potosi, Xalisco, Oaxaca and other sections are embarrassing the government and rendering life and property less and less secure, we find three formidable revolutions threatening to shake the very foundations of the republic to its centre. The revolutionists in the South are open in their declarations to form a new republic, which, while it would, if successful, result in the cutting off of four or five of the Mexican States from the parent republic, would add largely to the area of Guatemala. On the northwest coast Placido Vega, acting through his chief, Colonel Vascano, having been successful in his late raid on the city of Guaymas, now declares it as his intention to sweep the Pacific coast and come down on La Paz, Mazatlan, San Blas and other towns on the seaboard. There is a movement, however, deeper than a mere descent on these cities contemplated. Vega has determined to split the republic if he can. His desire is to establish a northwestern republic, to embrace the States bordering on the Gulf of California and the Pacific as far down as Colima. The movement in the Northeast, on the Rio Grande, is also worthy of thought. The leader, General Martinez, is a man of ability, coolness and courage. He has under him over two thousand well drilled, thoroughly equipped and trained soldiers. Through the States which he passed he overcame all obstacles, and his position before Matamoros is such as to create alarm among the believers in the Juarez administration. Even with these three movements before us, losing sight altogether of the disaffected spirits scattered throughout the country, it is impossible to regard the situation in Mexico in any other light than that of being most gloomy. With the small army at the command of the administration, a sickly treasury and impaired credit, the resources at the command of the Executive to stay the tide of revolutionary events now transpiring throughout Mexico are poor indeed. The rebels have it pretty much their own way, and the country suffers in every respect. Poor Mexico!

HOW IS IT?—The trade strike is general all over the city of Cork, Ireland. Nobody works, yet everybody has to find the means of living. Even the young ladies belonging to the industrial classes remain at home. Lord Straithnairn has resigned the command of her Majesty's troops in Ireland. How is it? The Irish working girls worse-looking than the Sepoys? Oh, no! That's not it.

THE WATER SUPPLY is said to be running short in Brooklyn, notwithstanding the fact that the Excise law is almost a nullity. It may be that the milkmen are encroaching too heavily on the hydrants.

OLD YALE.

Commencement of the Exercises of Presentation Week.

NEW HAVEN, June 27, 1870.

This week—presentation week at Yale—the most attractive, enjoyable and brilliant week of the collegiate year, opened yesterday with a pleasant ripple of excitement and an agreeable intellectual contest. The week is one that witnesses the last presentation of the graduating class to the President, the breaking forever of the fond circle which has been forming for four years, the tearful farewells of the seniors and the brilliant promenade and rollicking wooden spoon presentation of the juniors. The former separate only to meet on graduation day, and the latter realize the delightful sensation of being born full fledged seniors, dropping forever the semi-dignity of junior year. On Sunday the senior class listened to the last sermon they are to hear before the Baccalaureate is delivered. The services were largely attended, many ladies being present. President Woolsey delivered a sermon on the subject of "Faith as a Means of Allaying the Apprehensions of the World." Yesterday the doings of the week were fairly inaugurated by the

DE FOREST PRIZE SPEAKING

by the seniors at the college chapel. This was, as usual, well attended, a large part of the audience being comprised of ladies. The speaking was in all respects equal to the average on such occasions. The speakers were as follows:—Henry B. Mason, Chicago, Ill.; George Chase, Portland, Me.; John W. Andrews, Columbus, Ohio. Each spoke on "The Decay of Faith." Charles E. Sheppard, Dansville, N. Y., on "The Great Debate Between Webster and Hayne;" Thomas J. Tilvey, Brooklyn, N. Y., on "Abraham Lincoln;" William C. Gulliver, Chicago, Ill., on "De-tructive Reformers." The De Forest gold medal was awarded to Mr. Tilvey, and Mr. Chase received honorable mention.

In the evening the junior promenade concert was held. To-day the Yale regatta occurs, and this evening the presentation of the wooden spoon. Wednesday is presentation day, which concludes the exercises of the week.

DISHONEST DOMESTIC.

Alleged Wholesale Robbery by a Servant Girl.

A servant girl named Fanny Cole, who is about sixteen years of age and has large blue eyes and short, dark hair, with a full, ruddy countenance, left the employ of a Mrs. Willis, at Roseville, N. J., very suddenly yesterday morning, before the family were up, taking with her two large bundles, which, it is alleged, contained a large amount of valuables belonging to her employers.

The girl entered their service only last Wednesday, and departed yesterday morning on the plea of going to the butcher's for meat. It is thought that the girl may be identical with one "Mary Frances Lingard," who had been committing similar depredations on the good citizens of Brooklyn. When she entered the service of Mrs. Willis she possessed no baggage, and was furnished with clothing by her employer. The neighbors who saw her leaving say that she carried a superabundance of female wearing apparel upon her person in addition to the huge bundles of more valuable articles that she had in her possession. The police of this city have been notified to be on the lookout for her.

HORSE NOTES.

Sale of Prince Arthur's Horses.

The stud and establishment of Prince Arthur was sold at Rosemount, Montreal, Thursday. Below are the names of some of the principal purchasers and the prices realized:—Large bay gelding, sixteen hands, used in single and double harness, bought by Andrew Allen for $120; bay mare Rose, do., bought by Andrew Allen for $195; bay mare Fanny, bought by A. Prevost for $195; bay mare Squaw, a splendid saddle horse, bought by Mr. Prevost for $150; bay gelding Gunner, bought by Ed. McKay for $160; bay gelding Dexter, a good saddle horse and hunter, bought by N. G. Charlebois for $125; brown mare Jessie, bought by James Johnson for $150; brown mare Minnie, his Royal Highness's own hack, bought by Dr. Kirwin for $170. A three seated double sleigh was bought by D. Torrance for $135. The set of black bearskin robes, by Henderson, was bought by William Stephens for $210. A double park phaeton was bought by Dr. Kirwin for $140.

THE LEAHEY-M'MENAMY AFFRAY IN NEWARK.

Yesterday forenoon John McMenamy, of Hunterdon street, Newark, who, it is said, inflicted terrible injuries on Patrick Leahey, of Canal street, in the course of a quarrel on Saturday night, surrendered himself at the station-house and was at once admitted to bail. His side of the story shows that Leahey provoked and struck him first, and that he simply acted in self defence. Leahey continues to improve.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Queen Isabella's Abdication of the Throne of Spain.

DEATH OF LORD CLARENDON

Napoleon and the Orleans Princes.

The Trades Combination and Strikes in Great Britain.

The Ocean Yacht Race—"Heading" for the Starting Point.

SPAIN.

The "Last of the Bourbons."

PARIS, June 27, 1870.

The abdication of the throne of Spain was signed by Queen Isabella, in the presence of all the members of the royal family in Paris, and several Spanish grandees and generals.

The Queen preceded the act by reading a formal address and farewell.

"Learn" in Adversity.

PARIS, June 27, 1870.

In a letter to the Pope the ex-Queen notifies his Holiness of her abdication, and begs his blessing for the Prince of Asturias and for Spain.

ENGLAND.

Lord Clarendon's Death.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

The Earl of Clarendon died quite suddenly yesterday. He was attacked with diarrhœa on Friday. He was seventy years old.

Lord Clarendon's Illness.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

Lord Clarendon was prostrated by excessive labor, and had for a long time been subject to violent attacks of gout, but the immediate cause of his death was diarrhœa. When first attacked his lordship paid no attention to the disease, which, operating on a debilitated system, soon became dangerous, and within three days terminated fatally.

Honor to His Memory.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

A state ball which was to have been given by the Prince of Wales has been postponed in consequence of the melancholy event.

In the House of Lords to-night Earl Granville, in feeling terms, announced the death of Lord Clarendon. He praised the deceased for his ability, sagacity, experience and moderation. His brilliant wit, his conversational powers and his conciliatory temper, were known to all. He had a marked influence with the Queen, with all parties, and with foreign Courts and their representatives. Lord Granville said he believed he would best honor the wishes of the deceased by not moving the customary adjournment of the House.

The Duke of Richmond, the Earl of Derby and Earl Cowley followed with similar eulogies, at the conclusion of which the House in committee resumed the Irish Land bill.

An amendment offered by the Marquis of Clanricarde, requiring the tenant or landlord to furnish evidence of improvements claimed or contested was carried.

The Felony passed, and the House adjourned.

The Cabinet.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

It is believed that Earl Granville will exchange the Department of Colonies for that of Foreign Affairs.

Light.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

In the House of Commons to-day Mr. J. B. Smith, member for Stockport, gave notice that he should move a resolve exacting ability to write as a qualification for a voter.

The House went into committee on the Education bill.

Mr. Dixon moved an amendment, prescribing that scholars who decline religious shall receive secular teaching. The amendment was rejected.

Mr. Dixon then moved that religious and secular teaching be given in separate rooms. This was also rejected.

Other points having been acted upon, the committe reported progress and the House adjourned.

Joy.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

The marriage is announced of George, son of John Delane, editor of the London *Times*, with Louisa, daughter of Mowbray Morris.

Party Election Strife.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

The election for member of the House of Commons for Bristol, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the ejection of Mr. Robinson, has undoubtedly resulted in the choice of Mr. Kirkman D. Hodgson, liberal, although the result has not yet been officially announced. Notwithstanding the large liberal majority usually cast in Bristol the tories threaten to contest the election on the ground of fraud and corruption.

The nominations were made on Friday amid much confusion and some violence.

Trade Strikes.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

Some of the proprietors of the cotton mills in Lancashire have conceded to the advance in wages demanded by the operatives. Others still hold out against the strikers.

The Cotton Supply.

LIVERPOOL, June 27, 1870.

The total receipts of cotton from all ports for the week ending June 24 were 36,000 bales; of this all but 1,000 bales came from the United States. The amount of American cotton on hand here is estimated at 463,000 bales, and there are besides 108,000 bales of American at sea bound to this country.

Friendly.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

The reports which have been received here of the intended recall of Mr. Motley, the American Minister, excite surprise and are not credited.

Fatal.

MANCHESTER, June 27, 1870.

A boiler exploded to-day in the Firwood Mills, near this city. Two men were dreadfully scalded, one of whom has since died.

Central American Canalization.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

Señor Guitierrez gave a dinner at Richmond, at which Mr. Squier, the explorer of Central America, the Prussian and Peruvian Ministers and other persons were present. The question of connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans by a canal was discussed, and the merits of the scheme advocated by Señor Guitierrez were thoroughly explained.

Civic and Commercial Compliment.

LIVERPOOL, June 27, 1870.

M. de Lesseps and his wife this morning received at the Town Hall addresses from the Chamber of Commerce and the India and China Associations.

A great crowd assembled in and around the hall. The guest made an exulting speech.

Later in the day he visited the Exchange, where he was received with warm demonstrations of welcome by the merchants.

Breadstuffs.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

The Mark Lane Express reviews the prospects of the wheat crop, and comes to the conclusion that the crop is safe.

FRANCE.

Generous, Yet Cautious.

PARIS, June 27, 1870.

The Emperor Napoleon has intimated that the time "has not yet arrived" to grant the petition of the Orleans princes. He adds that he will urge the removal of the restraints whenever it is "safe and proper to do so."

Unfavorable.

PARIS, June 27, 1870.

The Committee on Petitions in the Corps Législatif, at the request of M. Ollivier, have reported unfavorably on the application of the Orleans princes to return to France.

The Food Question.

PARIS, June 27, 1870.

The *Journal des Débats* says that the stock of the western lines of railway in France is firmer, owing to the increase of business expected from the transportation of American breadstuffs.

Home Again.

PARIS, June 27, 1870.

Prince Napoleon has returned to this city.

On 'Change.

PARIS, June 27, 1870.

The exaggerated reports of the Emperor's illness continue, but they are probably circulated merely to influence the Bourse.

IRELAND.

Artisan Observance of Sunday.

CORK, June 27, 1870.

The riots broke out here again yesterday. Several houses were assailed. Quiet, however, was soon restored. Many arrests were made.

The Strike General in Cork.

CORK, June 27—Evening.

The trades strike here is no longer confined to the journeymen tailors, but has become general.

Laborers in all departments of industry are leaving or threaten to quit work, and the steamship works are abandoned; the foundrymen have left their shops, the lockmen have stopped work; even the workwomen stay at home, and the newsboys refuse to sell papers.

There have been no scenes of violence to-day, but the situation is dangerous and the excitement and anxiety intense.

Don't Like It.

DUBLIN, June 27—Evening.

Lord Strathnairn has resigned the command-in-chief of the forces in Ireland.

SCOTLAND.

A Light Extinguished.

EDINBURG, June 27, 1870.

Surgeon Syme, of the Edinburg University, died here suddenly yesterday afternoon.

ITALY.

The "Memory of the Dead"—Hopes of the Living.

FLORENCE, June 27, 1870.

The *Independenza* denies the report published lately of an Anglo-Italian note to the Greek government on the subject of brigandage.

Forty thousand people assembled on the field of Solferino, on Friday, the 24th, the anniversary of the battle, to witness the ceremony of dedicating a monument to the memory of the soldiers who fell there. The proceedings, which were very interesting, were conducted by Colonel Haye, on the part of the French, and Colonel Pollak, on the part of the Austrians. Among the great numbers present were the Princes Humbert and Savoy Caragnon of Italy. In the evening a grand banquet was held, at which pacific and appropriate toasts were exchanged by the representatives of the various European Powers.

GERMANY.

Condition of the Crops.

BERLIN, June 27, 1870.

The drought has been severe throughout Germany. Advices from all quarters report the crop prospects very discouraging.

Belligerent, but Not "Right."

LEIPSIC, June 27, 1870.

Alvah Lake, of Memphis, Tenn., has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment for committing an assault on the American Consul here.

Concession to Commerce.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

The collection of tolls by the Austrian and Prussian authorities on the Elbe ceases on the 1st of July.

PORTUGAL.

Naval Movements.

LISBON, June 27, 1870.

The United States steamer Juniata sailed yesterday for Portsmouth.

THE INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACE.

Mr. Ashbury at the Place of Starting—Sport in Anticipation.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

The yacht Cambria has gone to the place of rendezvous, off Kinsale, on the Irish coast, near Cork harbor.

She is in command of Captain Cannock.

Mr. Ashbury is on board, and takes out some handsome prizes to be offered for races in America, besides a service of plate valued at £250 sterling.

The Prince of Wales Yacht Club.

LONDON, June 27, 1870.

The second grand match of the Prince of Wales Yacht Club, from Erith to the Nore and back, was won by the cutter Eva, twenty-two tons, with the Phantom second.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Investigation Into the Recent Explosion—Evidence Before the Coroner's Jury.

WORCESTER, June 27, 1870.

The Coroner's jury has been in session all day examining witnesses concerning the recent explosion, among whom were Hugo Dittmar, patentee and manufacturer of dualin, and T. P. Shaffner, of New York, manufacturer of nitro glycerine and patentee of several explosive substances of which nitro glycerine is a component part. The contents of the car were plainly shown to have been ten cases of Dittmar's patent dualin, which one of the Dittmar brothers testified to having shipped, and a box containing 1,000 or more of the exploders used in connection with the dualin, all of which was consigned to the Hoosac tunnel. Mr. Dittmar testified that the dualin is made without the introduction of nitro-glycerine, which is contrary to the showing of the patent, a copy of which was produced for examination by the jury. Several scientific men were present and experiments were made with various explosives, and many important facts will be disclosed before the close of the inquest. William Shanley, from the Hoosac tunnel, will come before the jury to-morrow.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, June 27—4:30 P. M.—Consols closed at 92⅝ for money and 92¾ for the account. American securities steady; United States five-twenty bonds, 1862, 90½; 1865, old, 89¾; 1867, 89; ten-forties, 87¾. Stocks steady; Erie Railway shares, 19; Illinois Central, 112⅛; Atlantic and Great Western, 25.

PARIS BOURSE.—PARIS, June 27.—The Bourse closed firm; rentes, 72f. 52c.

FRANKFORT BOURSE.—FRANKFORT, June 27.—United States five-twenty bonds closed quiet.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 27—4:30 P. M.—The cotton market closed firmer; middling uplands, 10d. a 10⅛d.; middling Orleans, 10¼d. a 10⅜d. The sales of the day have been 12,000 bales, including 3,000 for export and speculation.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—HAVRE, June 27.—Cotton closed quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 27—4:30 P. M.—Wheat, 10s. 6d. a 10s. 8d. per cental for California white; 8s. 11d. a 9s. for No. 2 Red Western, and 9s. 6d. a 9s. 8d. for red winter. Corn, 31s. 9d. per quarter for European.

LIVERPOOL PROVISIONS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 27—1:30 P. M.—Bacon, 58s. per cwt. for Cumberland cut. Lard firm at 70s. per cwt.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 27—4:30 P. M.—Rosin, 13s. 3d. per cwt. for fine.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, June 27.—Linseed oil easier, at £31 per ton for thin oblong for feeding. Tallow firmer, at 45s. 3d. per cwt. Sugar quiet. Whale oil dull. Linseed oil dull. Spirits turpentine dull. Common rosin firm; refined quiet.

PETROLEUM MARKET.—ANTWERP, June 27.—Petroleum opened firm and unchanged.

CUBA.

The Captain General and the Free Masons—Marines Captured by the Insurgents—Earthquake—More About the Upton Expedition—Vessels Destroyed by the Cubans.

HAVANA, June 27, 1870.

Captain General de Rodas publishes a card in which he refers to the charge made in the Madrid journals that he is a Freemason and at the same time persecutes the order in Havana by ordering the arrest of its members. The Captain General denies that he is or intends to be a member of any secret society.

The insurgents recently surprised and captured a party of marines who went out from Puerto Principe on a foraging excursion. The prisoners were all killed soon after their capture.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt at Santa Cruz del Sur on the morning of the 5th inst.

Seven more of the fillibuster Lono's command have been killed, and only eight men remain of the second expedition, landed by the steamer George B. Upton.

The Captain General has commuted seventeen death sentences to imprisonment or exile. The schools in Porto Rico have closed for want of funds.

The insurgents have burnt a sloop and lighter in Vijaru river.

A correspondent of the *Diario*, writing from Santiago de Cuba, criticizes severely the proceedings at a banquet given there by the French residents to their newly arrived Consul.

The volunteers surprised near Santiago a batch of twelve rebels, and shot them all.

The return of the Captain General to Havana in a few days is expected.

Business in Havana opens dull this week. The sanitary condition of the city is improving.

THE LABOR QUESTION.

General Strike of Tailors in Boston—Workshops Deserted and Clothing Dealers Disquieted—Confidence of the Strikers.

BOSTON, June 27, 1870.

The labor question in Massachusetts is fast assuming a prominence which will place it beyond the pale of party politics, and in course of time create a third party in the Commonwealth. The trouble among the Crispins at North Adams, aggravated by the introduction of Chinese labor, and the discontent which has everywhere been manifested among the working classes of the State, more particularly the operatives in large establishments, must eventually find a vent which will, perhaps, work a revolution in the cause of "the toilers in the masses."

This morning the members of the Tailors' Protective Union, 250 in number, who have for a long time been dissatisfied with their compensation, left their workshops in a body, and to-morrow almost the entirety of the wholesale clothing dealers in Boston will be left without help adequate to perform the labor necessary to fill their orders. The men have received from twelve dollars to eighteen dollars per week, and their strike is for a general advance of one-sixth of the highest wages heretofore paid. They have telegraphed east and west, cautioning members of the craft from coming hither, and, assured of the possession of a large fund in their treasury, are determined and confident of success.

Strike of Laborers in Providence, R. I.

PROVIDENCE, June 27, 1870.

A strike of some laborers on the city water works, a few miles from town, to-day, gave rise to alarming reports. The Mayor and a large posse of the police went to the scene, but no serious breach of the peace had occurred.

THE FENIANS.

General Starr, Colonel Thompson and Captain Mannix Arraigned for Trial.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., June 27, 1870.

The trial of the Fenian General Starr was announced to take place to-day. Upon the assembling of the court Mr. Cleveland, for General Starr, applied for a postponement of the trial, and read affidavits showing that the prisoner had good and substantial defence, on the ground that his lawyer (Mr. Lanning) was necessarily absent in New York on a large railway suit, and witnesses in New York State were absent whom he had not time to subpœna. The Judge asked if they would be ready by Thursday next. Mr. Cleveland answered that they would not, on account of the absence of Mr. Lanning.

After further argument the District Attorney said he had no desire to press the case unduly, but he would have it tried in Canandaigua and before this Judge. There was no place in New York where the witnesses could not be brought in a week. The trial must be held where a jury could be obtained free from the influences brought to bear in large cities. This was a place equally secure for both parties.

Mr. Cleveland again asked for more than a week. The Judge fixed the 12th of July, at half-past nine A. M., and stated the adjournment must be peremptory.

Colonel Thompson and Captain Mannix were then called up. Mannix was at first obstinate and insisted on an immediate trial, stating that his counsel (Judge Parker) would be present Tuesday. The cases were finally set down for the 12th of July, and the jury and witnesses were discharged with that understanding.

INDIANA.

Discovery of Two Dead Bodies—Supposed Violence—Liquidating the State Debt.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 27, 1870.

On Saturday last two little girls were found dead in a race or sluice way near White river, who it was supposed at the time were accidentally drowned. Further developments by the coroner's jury reveal the horrible fact that the elder of the two had been outraged and murdered, and the youngest was also murdered to prevent her giving information. There was only eighteen inches of water over them when found. No arrests have yet been made, but the police think they are on the track of the guilty parties.

General Kimball, Treasurer of the State, left this morning with checks on New York for nearly $500,000. This, with the $500,000 sent for the same purpose a few days since, will nearly, if not entirely, liquidate the State debt.

Adjournment of the Young Men's Christian Association Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 27, 1870.

Most all of the churches united with the delegates to the Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association last night. The Academy of Music was crowded to overflowing long before the hour for service. A second meeting was organized in the Third Presbyterian church, which was soon crowded, and thousands were unable to gain admittance to either place. George H. Stewart made the concluding prayer, after which the President briefly and feelingly addressed the Convention. The following was adopted:—

Resolved, That this fifteenth annual Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of the United States and British Provinces do now adjourn to meet in Washington in 1871, at the call of the Executive Committee.

COLORADO.

Completion of the Denver Pacific Railroad.

ST. LOUIS, June 27, 1870.

A despatch from Denver says the last spike of the Denver Pacific Railroad was driven by Hon. John Evans on Friday last. The spike, which is of solid silver, was presented by the citizens of Georgetown, Colorado.

TENNESSEE.

A Man Accidentally Poisons his Three Children.

MEMPHIS, June 27, 1870.

Harris Bailey residing near Somerville, in this state, poisoned himself and three children Saturday by giving them bed bug poison, thinking it was whiskey. The children all died. Bailey will probably recover.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ITEMS.

The flour and woollen mills of Josiah Dearborn, at Effingham Falls, N. H., were burned on Sunday. Loss $12,000. No insurance.

Draper & Son's hosiery factory, in Canton, Mass., was destroyed by fire on Sunday. The loss is $30,000; insured for $20,000.

A boy, aged four years, son of Daniel J. Sweeney, a member of the Boston Common Council, was killed in that city on Sunday by being run over by an empty coal car which he and some other boys were pushing on a railroad track.

Andrew Stafford, late mail agent between Baltimore and Philadelphia, was yesterday morning sentenced by Judge Giles, in the United States District Court at Baltimore, to three years' imprisonment in jail for embezzling a letter from the mails.

Isaac Vanderhoff, of Canandaigua, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Woodruff to the Monroe county Penitentiary for three months for disposing of his goods with intent to defraud his creditors, he being bankrupt. This is the second instance in that district where a person has been tried and convicted of such an offence.

At McConnelsburg, Pa., a severe storm occurred on Sunday afternoon, accompanied with rain and hail. It came from the north and swept through the valley. About one-half of the Court House roof was torn off and carried some distance. The new Methodist church was badly injured. The walls of both ends were removed from the foundation.

Fire Marshal Blackburne, of Philadelphia, has sent in his resignation of his office on account of ill health. He has filled the place for thirteen years, and in that time arrested 914 persons, charged with incendiarism, and 157 convicted. He has been connected in responsible positions with the police since 1850, through all political changes that have occurred.

BEETHOVEN.

The Centennial of the Master Mind of Music—Young Germany Afloat—Thunder and Lightning All Around.

The district of the city known in ethnographical terminology as "Young Germany," but designated in the political geography of New York as the Seventeenth ward—and which the Germans themselves delight in calling "Das Deutsche Viertel"—was all agog yesterday. It was the day on which the darling child of their neighborhood was to celebrate its majority. The Beethoven Maennerchor was to have its grand festival, laying the corner stone to its future habitation. This of itself was enough to call out all the people of the Seventeenth ward; but that thousands of others from distant localities would be ready and present to join in the celebration was not expected, and yet it was so. Probably the unusual multitude of people may be ascribed to the fact that the society is more than any one popular in the neighborhood; but partially perhaps it may have been because a German republican morning paper cast a slur and a sneer upon the society and its celebration, which, to the narrow spirit of these party men, seemed to be led by prominent men of a persuasion different from their own.

THE PROCESSION.

It was later than the appointed hour that the procession formed in Sixth street, in front of the Beethoven Hall, the present headquarters of the society. But when the members, the bands of music, with the carriages and guests, formed into line, the whole was quite a sight. All along Sixth street, as far as the eye could cast its glances, house after house was decorated with flags, and when the line of march filed into other streets and avenues in the course of its tour it was found that the people were expecting the procession and had prepared themselves by exhibiting flags and banners and portraits and busts of Beethoven. Specially remarkable in point of decoration were Karl's Germania Hall on avenue A, and Sauer's Germania Assembly Rooms on the Bowery, it being impossible to mention the many private and public houses handsomely decorated. Even the Seventeenth precinct station house, on the corner of Fifth street and First avenue, showed its appreciation of the day by unfurling the starry banner on its pole.

The sidewalks were literally crammed with people, no less than fifty thousand persons viewing the procession and many of them afterwards joining in the ceremony of

LAYING THE CORNER STONE.

As the carriages containing the Mayor and other city dignitaries, among whom were noticed as conspicuous County Clerk Charles E. Loew, Alderman Woltman, Sheriff O'Brien, Supervisor Herrman, Commissioner Gross, Ex-Alderman Repper and many others, reached the ground, the band struck up "Hail to the Chief," and when the platform was reached all was quiet. The Beethoven chorus sang Kreutzer's impressive anthem "This is the Day of the Lord," after which Mr. J. M. Ohmeis spoke the introductory oration. He was followed by

MAYOR HALL.

After addressing himself to the assemblage the Mayor said that there was nothing more pleasant in the arid life of a public man than to come in sight of an occasion like this, and meeting the strains of music falling upon his ears is to him like an oasis to the traveller in the Eastern desert. No man need suppose that the Mayor by being present could confer honor upon the occasion; but the honor is done upon the official representatives of the city, as the building to be erected would do honor to the community. If he had not been invited as an officer of the city he would have been present as an individual and pleased to see the people who could, on such a hot and uncomfortable day, turn away from the miserable dollar to do honor to the æsthetics of life and to begin the foundation of a temple of art in memory of one of the greatest men of art.

Having made a very beautiful reference to a letter of Beethoven when but eleven years old, and saying that the "pursuit" of music to the close of his life was a gift from nature to Beethoven, who translated the pure harmonies of the soul, Mayor Hall mentioned

THE SENSATIONALISM OF MUSIC,

which had its day. He then incidentally referred to the musical speculation on the fame of Beethoven lately exhibited at the "Rink," and after some appropriate remarks he proceeded to lay

THE CORNER STONE

in the northeast corner of the foundation walls of the building. The Mayor seemed to be an experienced "mason," for he handled the silver trowel, marked Trinity Lodge, No. 12, with great dexterity. In the interval "The German Lay" was sung by the chorus. In the corner stone the usual number of coins were imbedded, with the constitution and bylaws of the society and the portraits of many members, among them Mr. Ohmeis, the present president; Dr. L. Erbe, deceased, his predecessor, and Captain Mount, of the Seventeenth precinct. The HERALD of the day was also added, and some others of the morning papers. A very interesting document was put aside of these, which was entitled in Latin as follows:—"*Quod bonum, felix, faustum, fortunatumque sit,*" and which was signed by the following:—

President, J. M. Ohmeis; Vice Presidents, Frank Stoll, Paul Schreyvogel; Recording Secretary, Richard Weinacht; Corresponding Secretary, H. F. Gierisch; Treasurer, George Reichardt; Financial Secretary, Louis Bock; Librarians, J. H. Haas, Joseph Bastgen; Musical Director, Charles Traeger; Trustees, Philip Hance, Joseph Hildenbrandt, Adam Weber, George Graf, George Hering, Joseph Schauffler, Cassino Krenkel, Michael Schaller, Otto Meyer, Wilhelm Lieber, Michael Adrian; Building Committee, Adam Weber, George Reichardt, Charles Kinkel, Joseph Schaeffer; Architect, William Graul; Mason, Julius Boerschke; Carpenters, Griessler & Fansel, and Plumber, J. Ehrhardt.

This ceremony being over, and the company having again assembled around the principal speakers' stand, Mr. Magnus Gross delivered an

ORATION IN GERMAN,

which was both eloquent and timely. He spoke of the growth of the German element in America, the more seen of late, since the number of the Germans was larger. But they should not forget the trials of those Germans who had come to this country twenty-five and thirty years ago, and whose successes, though limited at the time, did nevertheless lay the foundation for the great advancement of German ideas in this country. Space forbids to give anything like justice to the very able and exhaustive essay of Mr. Gross. He was often interrupted by applause and loudly cheered at its close.

"GOD'S HONOR,"

by Beethoven, was then exceedingly well performed by the chorus of the society, after which the whole party repaired to the Terrace Garden, where the musical performances, both choral and instrumental, were continued, closing with terpsichorean exercises, the heavy thunder storm having cooled the air in the meantime.

Tantæ molis erat, Romanum condere gentem.

THE EXCISE LAW.

Declaration by the Police Commissioners—The Law to be Enforced.

The Police Commissioners, alarmed at the great increase of crime growing out of the unrestricted sale of rum on the Sabbath, have been forced to action by public opinion—a power that cannot be disregarded. At a late meeting, last night, they passed the following, which Jourdan, the public may depend upon it, will execute:—

Resolved, That the Superintendent be and is hereby instructed to notify the captains of the several precincts to see that the Excise law, and particularly those provisions requiring licensed places to be closed between the hours of one and five o'clock in the morning, and that no intoxicating liquors be sold or given away on Sunday—be efficiently enforced; and that the Captains of the several precincts will be held responsible for any neglect in their enforcement of this order.

Important General Order by Jourdan.

The following very important general order, issued last evening by the Superintendent, looks like work:—

GENERAL ORDER NO. 10.
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE,
NEW YORK, June 27, 1870.

Captain ——, —— precinct—

At the request of the Mayor you will cause the patrolmen on their beats, during the next rainy day, to report to me those inequalities of street surface which force a deposit of water to considerable quantities at street crossings. In the roadways and especially by sewer holes at corners. They must also report portions of the street which may be regarded as threatening injuries to horses and carriages from undue wear and tear of pavement; and in every such case particularly to denote the locality, so that the City Inspectors can readily find the place by the report. Further, to report street localities in which carts, wagons or carriages remain in front of premises which are not occupied by owners of such vehicles. Also to report by telegraph instantly any discovery of nuisances in the streets, such as dead animals, neglected or unnecessary obstructions for building purposes, injuries to streets, sewers, pipes, or other injuries to city property which seem to require prompt attention.

While the force will continue, by all means in their power, to regulate and control the nuisances and enforce the Corporation ordinances, these ordinary are more particularly hereafter to be enforced by general observance of infractions by the police attached to the Twenty-sixth precinct, under supervision of the Mayor. But it will still be necessary to have from the force generally information of any infractions of corporation ordinances.

JOHN JOURDAN, Superintendent.
GEORGE W. DILKS, Inspector.

VIRGINIA.

The Richmond City Council Decline to Receive Back the Jeff Davis Mansion.

RICHMOND, June 27, 1870.

The City Council this evening adopted a resolution declining to receive the Jefferson Davis Confederate Presidential mansion back on the terms proposed by the United States government; that is, not to charge rent for the time of its occupancy as headquarters for the military. They ask that rent be paid and the building restored to its former condition.

The Legislature is debating a proposition to adjourn July 11, and the House has adopted it.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—Miss Leona Cavender, a young lady of considerable promise, made her début at this theatre last evening, under auspices that augur well for her future career upon the stage. "Minnie's Luck, or the Ups and Downs of City Life," a local drama, by Mr. John Brougham, performed for the first time in New York, was the production in which she appeared. It was throughout marked by the hearty and unanimous approbation of a crowded and fashionable assemblage; for, despite the rumpus of the elements in the evening, the establishment was well filled. "Minnie's Luck," is a good summer play, gotten up in Mr. Brougham's best style. It is marked by originality, pathos, good points and truthful observation. The prevailing sentiments are ennobling; but while it is full of sympathetic tenderness, there is a roll of humor which opportunely bubbles up and fails not to bring to mind the genial wit of its popular author. The scene is laid in this city. Clara Willoughby, known as Minnie Rook (Miss Cavender), is the daughter of Mrs. Willoughby (Miss Mestayer), who, having obtained a divorce from her husband, is entrusted with the care of the child. Actuated by feelings of revenge the husband, who assumed the name of Philip Wrexford (C. W. Barry), succeeds in abstracting the child, intending to educate her as a pilferer, and when sufficiently degraded to send her back to her mother a ruined outcast. Always on hand, however, when anything of a generous or philanthropic nature is to be performed, Horatio Pryer (Mr. John Brougham), a sensation reporter, assisted by Inky Dick, a printer's devil (Miss Lizzie Price), "interviews" little Minnie, and so manages to work up a rousing article, which subsequently proves efficacious in bringing matters to a happy issue. Inky Dick, a good hearted youth, falls in love with Minnie, who afterwards being restored to her mother, imparts a tone of happiness to the general aspect of affairs. There was a simplicity, a depth of feeling, a thorough appreciation of character about the representation that at once won the favor of the audience, and Brougham succeeded in adding another laurel to his name. Miss Cavender was successful in every respect. Her winsome manners, gracefulness, cheering aspect under difficulties, her vivacity, dulled at times by clouded thoughts and vile surroundings, told wonderfully with a sympathizing assemblage. Now she would sing refrains and rattle her tiny feet in a grogshop, and Miss Cavender dances with artistic finish; again, she would burst into a flood of tears at the recollection of her wretched association and fly the scenes of misery. She was mirth-provoking, gentle, fascinating, affectionate, and altogether a general favorite—a fact, by the way, frequently demonstrated by unconstrained applause. The gallant Brougham was in his element. As the metropolitan newspaper man and "interviewer" he was perfectly at home, and was indeed the good genius of the drama. Mr. Brougham exaggerated but little, yet however much it was on the right side. His sallies of wit, energy and ceaseless anxiety to make sensations, put the audience in the most felicitous mood, and his impersonation of Horatio Pryer was not only appropriate but was unquestionably one of his greatest hits. The other characters, it is almost unnecessary to state, were artistically represented and in complete harmony with the excellent casts invariably made at Wallack's. The rascal Wrexford was capitally portrayed by Mr. Barry. Melchezedeck Maggs, the old scoundrel, who had undertaken to make Minnie a pickpocket, was done every justice to by Mr. Stoddart; and Mr. Fisher, great in almost every part he fulfils, did Lawyer Goodwin with excellent effect. Miss Annie Deland sustained the *rôle* of Mrs. Pryer and Miss Mestayer that of Mrs. Willoughby—difficult as both characters were—with commendable exactness; while Cleopatra, a cranky old negro woman, found an admirable interpreter in Mrs. Morda unt. But the Inky Dick of Miss Lizzie Price was a feature, presented, as it was, by that lady with a truthfulness that won hearty encomiums. The general make up, scenery and appointments were in consonance with the tone of the production, which was a great success, and one that will run cheerily through the summer months. Considered as Mr. Brougham's "report" "Minnie's Luck" will undoubtedly enlist attention.

Musical and Theatrical Notes.

By the steamer Allemania the Grand Opera House will be in receipt of another sensation in the Viennoise Ballet Troupe, which will be under the direction of Madame Kate Lanner. The entertainment proposed to be given will combine ballet and pantomime—something similar, though in a superior scale, to that presented by Madame Weiss twenty-four years since at the old Park theatre. The troupe is composed of the maitresse de ballet, Madame Kate Lanner; the Swedish première, Bertha Lind, niece to the great Jenny, together with a number of pantomimists, mimics, coryphees and others, numbering in all about sixty persons. The *répertoire* of the combination includes among its ballets and pantomimes "Le Diable à Quatre," "Papillon," "Faust," "Sitala," "La Giselle," "Hirka Linsella," "Rose de Seville," "Esmeralda," "Robert and Bertrand," "Cinderella," "Fée des Fleurs," "Postillon and Vivandière," "La jolie fille de Gand," "La fée des Lacs," &c. The steamer with its terpsichorean treasure is expected to-morrow.

There arrived here yesterday from Europe a troupe of six French wrestlers, viz.:—Pierre Dubois, Eugene Christ, Jacque Dumontier, Joseph Harpier, François Dubuisson and Pierre la Dne. They are said to be accomplished athletes, having created a sensation at the Imperial Circus. They also appeared in several cities throughout England. Accompanying them is M. d'Italie, known as the "Man of Steel." His strength, it seems, is centered in his jaws. Mme. Angela, a female Sampson in her way, forms one of the party. The troupe is in charge of Mr. Coville, and the first performance will be given at Wood's Museum on the Fourth of July.

The variety entertainment at the Theatre Comique was considerably enhanced last evening by several additional attractions, of which the humorous negro delineator, Hart, was by no means the least. An intricate yet fascinating dance, "The Humming Bird Cancan," was gracefully performed by the sisters Lucelle, assisted by Mrs Ida Recmfield and Miss Herbert, and at its finish a handsome floral tribute was showered upon the fair terpsichorean artists. Strange enough, the weather had but little effect upon few places of amusement last evening. The east side establishments were more or less crowded, while the more pretentious up town histrionic temples were comparatively well attended.

Miss Matilda Heron, the well-known tragedienne, whose Camille met with such unparalleled success, will, it is said, shortly reappear on the stage which she so long adorned, in what the French term *la seconde manière*. Miss Heron has been for months engaged writing plays, all of which have been accepted at highly remunerative prices, and are spoken of as brilliant productions.

Offenbach's "Barbe Bleue" will be given this evening at Terrace Garden, with Habelmann in the title *rôle* and Mlle. Canissa as Boulotte.

Most of the theatres about to close for preparations will reopen in August.

MUSIC IN THE PARKS.

The Department of Public Parks announce that, if the weather be fine, there will be music by the Central Park Band in Tompkins square this evening, from six to eight o'clock. The following is the programme:—

PART I.

1. March, "Advance"..........Kochkeller.
2. Overture, "L'Italienne en Alger"..........Rossini.
3. Romanza, "Musikfreund"..........Gene.
4. Galop, "Der Federball"..........Faust.

PART II.

5. Grand Selection from "Martha"..........Flotow.
6. Waltz, "Leitartikel"..........Strauss.
7. Air, "Oh, take me to thy heart again"..........Balfe.
8. Galop, "Columbanus"..........Parlow.

PART III.

9. Overture, "Nabuco"..........Verdi.
10. Waltz, "Sorgenbrecher"..........Strauss.
11. Selections, "La Belle Helene"..........Offenbach.
12. March from "Lurline"..........G. Wiegand.

Popular Airs.

Musical entertainments will also be given on Wednesday, in Washington square; on Thursday, in Madison square; and on Friday at the Battery, from six to eight o'clock P. M., should the weather be fine.

BASE BALL NOTES

The Unions went on to Philadelphia yesterday morning and appeared against the Athletics in the afternoon. The game is reported as a first class muffin game on both sides, and terminated with the following score:—

Clubs.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.
Union..........	0	1	4	5	0	2	0	4	4—20
Athletic..........	3	1	2	7	0	10	3	23	3—51

The Red Stockings defeated the Olympics in Washington yesterday, with a score of 35 to 24.

To-day the grand local sensation game will come off at the Union grounds, Brooklyn, E. D. The Mutuals and Atlantics will play, and as these clubs generally play their best game when pitted against each other something very fine may be looked for, provided always there is no understanding beforehand as to how the game shall end.

The Atlantic and Gulick boat clubs played a game on Saturday at Hoboken. Three innings were played, when the boaters were played out, the score standing 15 to 10 in favor of the Atlantics.

THE GERMAN VETERANS.

The Association of German Veterans left their headquarters, in Orchard street, early yesterday forenoon, on their march to Jones' Wood. A number of battle-flags, scarred and torn in the shower of bullets, were borne in the ranks. Arriving on the ground of Mr. J. H. Schultheiss the Veterans formed into line, and Mrs. Franciska Klein, in a neat speech, presented them with a flag of her own design and most beautifully elaborated, *E Pluribus Unum* being conspicuous. In the presentation ceremonies Mrs. Klein was assisted by fifty young ladies, all clad in white, with red and blue ribbons, the whole presenting a gigantic living flag of the Union. Dr. Straubenmueller made the principal speech, the main purport of which was that the country need never despair of the help of its sons, whether native or adopted.

THE WEATHER.

Thermometrical Change that Came Pleasantly O'er the Spirit of Every One's Dream and One that Did Not—Yesterday Morning's Weather Record Throughout the United States and All Day Record in New York—Cases of Sunstroke.

After the particularly perspiring weather of the past few days and the persistent pertinacity of the thermometrical mercury in working itself up to a red heat of fiery passion the grand cooling down of the temperature beginning on Sunday afternoon and continuing till noon yesterday was a most acceptable change. It was a change that brought vitality and vigor with it, inspired hope, gave new impulse to energy, was a great saving of shirt collars, and emboldened to gratifying assurances of renewed leases of life. The effect of this change was apparent everywhere. A good night of cool, refreshing sleep brought everybody bright and early and brisk to business. It was not unpleasant walking on the sunny side of Broadway. The shady side of the street was not so crowded, umbrellas were less frequent, and the soda water stands, lager beer saloons and cooling concoctions so mysteriously mingled in "sample rooms" had less patrons. Many who had ordered their trunks to be packed to go into the country countermanded the order. Even omnibus and car horses moved with lively pace in grateful appreciation of the change. Theatrical managers looked jubilant in anticipation of good houses in the evening and base ballists were in joyous expectation of lively sports in the field.

The following was the state of the weather at the various points throughout the country at nine o'clock yesterday morning:—

Place.	Thermometer.	Place.	Thermometer.
Plaister Cove..........	65	Charleston..........	84
Halifax..........	60	Savannah..........	85
Portland..........	68	Augusta..........	73
Boston..........	68	Oswego..........	84
New York..........	73	Buffalo..........	82
Philadelphia..........	83	Pittsburg..........	76
Wilmington, Del..........	76	Chicago..........	80
Washington..........	78	Louisville..........	80
Fortress Monroe..........	83	Mobile..........	82
Richmond..........	78	New Orleans..........	85

It will be seen from the above that the weather here at nine o'clock yesterday morning was twenty-three and a half degrees cooler than at three P. M. last Saturday. This change has, however, been by no means universal. In New Orleans and Savannah, though the mercury has tumbled from the nineties, it still ranges at an uncomfortable height. At Augusta, Ga., the thermometer indicated ninety-six degrees, and in Richmond, at noon, ninety-eight degrees.

The following is the record of the thermometer as it stood yesterday at Hudnut's, HERALD building:—

	1869.	1870.		1869.	1870.
3 A. M..........	77	74	3 P. M..........	90	83
6 A. M..........	76	76	6 P. M..........	86	85
9 A. M..........	81	79	9 P. M..........	79	82
12 M..........	84	84	12 P. M..........	78	80

Average temperature yesterday.......... 81
Average temperature for corresponding date last year.......... 81¾

This latter record shows how illusory are human hopes, and particularly as to the weather at this season of swiftly alternating changes. Everybody was all "struck of a heap" again, and during the middle of the afternoon there was again perspiration profusely oozing from every pore, again limpid shirt collars, again evanescing corporeal vim, and again a rush for cool, evanescent drinks.

We give below a list of casualties caused by yesterday's heat:—

Henry Finkin, a German, aged thirty, of 44 Thomas street, died at eight o'clock last evening from the effects of the heat. He was taken sick on Saturday last from a sunstroke and grew worse until last evening.

Jacob Ullman, of 112th street and Broadway, was prostrated by the heat yesterday while driving a water cart.

Lewis Meyer, aged fourteen, of 67 Prince street, was overcome by the heat yesterday.

George Wallace was sunstruck while at work on a new building at Eighty-third street and Eighth avenue yesterday.

THE BRAVE OLD NINTH CORPS (Burnside's) will reassemble at Niagara Falls in September next to commemorate Antietam. The boys who wore the Ninth corps badge are preparing for the muster, and we understand that the gathering will be unusually large.

MAILS FOR EUROPE.

The Hamburg mail steamship Hammonia will leave this port on Tuesday for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg.

The mails for Europe will close at the Post Office at twelve o'clock noon.

THE NEW YORK HERALD—Edition for Europe—will be ready at ten o'clock in the morning.

Single copies, in wrappers for mailing, six cents.

Stafford's Iron and Sulphur Powders
Invigorate the body and purify the blood.

A.—Sale To-Day at 12:30 P. M., by Mallory & Blackwell, at Tarrytown, of a part of the Benedict estate, comprising 47 beautiful Building Sites. Complimentary tickets by steamer Daniel Drew or C. Vibbard, from foot of Vestry street, at 8¾ A. M., and Thirty-fourth street at 9 A. M., or parties

Can go by Rail

(Express train) from Thirtieth street at 11 o'clock A. M.

Let no one fail to be present who desires to buy one of the most beautiful sites for a residence in America at a very reasonable price.

Sale will take place rain or shine, full protection being provided against a stormy day.

A.—Boots and Shoes of Every Variety, at reduced prices. E. A. BROOKS, 575 Broadway. Soiled Shoes half price.

A.—Espenscheid's Hats for the Heated term.—First on the list of novel and elegant summer Hats introduced by ESPENSCHEID for the present torrid season is the superb ULTRAMARINE PEARL CASSIMERE. It is unquestionably the coolest and lightest, as well as the most dashing and piquant dress hat that has been seen on the fashionable promenade or at the watering places since the warm weather commenced. ESPENSCHEID, 118 Nassau street.

A.—The Eighth Wonder.—To the Seven Wonders of the World an eighth has been added. It is a fluid without bad smell, sediment or color, that changes the greyest hair to its youthful shade, in from five to ten applications. This prodigy of the age is PHALON'S VITALIA, OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

A Sewing Machine, $25 to $45, 817 Broadway. Can be converted into a hand machine instantly; convenient for parties going in the country; warranted first class. New patent broad gauge Hemmer, applicable to all machines.

A.—Herring's Patent
CHAMPION SAFES.
251 Broadway, corner Murray street.

A.—Gents' Pearl Cassimere Dress Hats
for Five Dollars.
WARNOCK & CO., 519 Broadway.

A.—For Restoring the Original Color of the HAIR, DISPERSING DANDRUFF AND CLEANSING THE SCALP, RESTORER AMERICA IS WITHOUT AN EQUAL.

A.—For a Stylish and Elegant Hat Call on DOUGAN, 102 Nassau street, corner of Ann.

A.—Lung Complaints, Bronchitis, Asthma, &c., are speedily relieved, and, if taken in time, permanently cured by JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. You will find in it also a certain remedy for Coughs and Colds. Sold everywhere.

Bunting Flags all Sizes Closing Out Cheap, below market prices, at HOJER & GRAHAM'S, Manufacturers, 97 Duane street.

Card.

FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION.

GRAND PARK.

As this festival is given for the purpose of exhibiting the extensive improvements on this beautiful property to parties interested in suburban homes who desire a pleasant city in the country, and as the ladies and gentlemen of Westchester county and vicinity and a number of distinguished guests are expected, the invitation is cordially extended to ladies and gentlemen generally. Music, collation and addresses will be furnished, and every provision made to secure the comfort and entertainment of visitors.

No fireworks will be permitted on the grounds. No free railroad tickets will be issued on this occasion, but carriages will be in attendance on the arrival of the 7, 9 and 11:30 A. M. trains from New York. ANDREW WILSON, Jr.
Grand Park office 317 Broadway.

Cristadoro's Unrivalled Hair Dye.—Sold and applied at his wig and scalp factory, No. 6 Astor House.

Head Ironer Wanted.
A respectable woman, entirely familiar with the operation of a public laundry and competent to take the lead in the work in the ironing department, may learn of a good situation by applying at 35 East Twelfth street, basement.

Missisquoi Spring Water is an Infallible remedy for all diseases of the kidneys. For sale by druggists. See pamphlets.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Prizes Paid in Gold. Information furnished. The highest rates paid for Doubloons and all kinds of Gold and Silver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall street, N. Y.

Sleeve Buttons and Studs
at reduced prices. GEORGE C. ALLEN, 513 Broadway, under St. Nicholas Hotel.

Store and Dwelling to Let,
STORE AND DWELLING TO LET.
STORE AND DWELLING TO LET.
AT LONG BRANCH.
AT LONG BRANCH.
AT LONG BRANCH.
No competition for hats and caps, boots and shoes, millinery or florist. Either is very much needed. The one is but one store left, and that is in the centre of Helmbold's Block. Apply to H. T. HELMBOLD,
594 Broadway.

The News is Bad in Many Points of View, but the intelligence that an issue of superb HATS, especially for the Fourth of July holidays, will be made by the inimitable KNOX, is very agreeable indeed. The forthcoming fashions will eclipse all previous styles that have emanated from 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton street, brilliant as those have invariably been. The silk, straw, felt, canvas and other varieties of head gear now offered by KNOX, show that the hatter is paying close attention to the comfort of the community.

The Upright Patent Trunk Company, No. 6 Barclay street, next door to the Astor House, up stairs.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

THE COURTS.

The Sheridan Homicide Case—The Kansas Pacific Railroad Litigation—Dispute Between Partners—A Mandamus Granted in Favor of Supervisor Foley—The Wilkes Libel Suit—Death of Francis B. Cutting in the Marine Court—A Bogus Detective Sentenced—Trials in Court of General Sessions.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

The Sheridan Homicide—Trial Set Down for Thursday.

Before Judge Barnard.

The People vs. Thomas Sheridan.—On the opening of the court yesterday morning Thomas Sheridan was placed at the bar and pleaded not guilty to the charge of murder of his wife. His trial was postponed till next Thursday, there not being a sufficient number of jurors in court. Sheridan shot his wife in September last in presence of a child of his and a man named Powers, whom, it is said, he suspected of being on too intimate terms with her.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

The Kansas Pacific Railroad Litigation—Motion for Injunction Against the Company.

Before Judge Barnard.

Ephraim Williamson vs. The Kansas Pacific Railroad Company.—This case came up yesterday on an order served upon the defendants to appear and show cause why an order of injunction issued by the Court restraining them, their officers, agents, attorneys, confidants, employés, &c., from disposing of, parting with or in anywise interfering with any of the money or funds in their hands, proceeds or avails of the stocks or bonds mentioned in the original complaint, should not be made perpetual. Counsel were not prepared to argue the case, and the Court set it down for hearing on Friday next.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Dispute between Partners—Injunction Granted.

Tippetts vs. Howth and Another.—The parties had entered into contracts to complete works of excavation near Portland, Maine, and other places, in copartnership, and large sums were now due to them.—Edwin James now moved upon affidavits on behalf of the plaintiff for an injunction restraining the defendants from receiving any moneys under the contract until the further order of the Court. The plaintiff alleged that the defendants were insolvent and had appropriated large sums to their own use in fraud of the plaintiff. Judge Barnard granted an injunction.

The Contested Supervisorship.

The People ex rel. John Foley vs. Henry Smith.—Judge Barnard has issued a mandamus to the Mayor demanding the issuance of a certificate of election for John Foley as Supervisor.

The Wilkes Libel Suit.

Before Judge Cardozo.

The People vs. Saunders D. Bruce, Hamilton Busby and James C. Simpson.—These defendants are editors of the *Turf, Field and Farm*, in which appeared an article detrimental to the character of Mr. George Wilkes, editor of the *Spirit of the Times*. An indictment was found against the defendants on his complaint, in the Court of General Sessions in March last, but the trial was transferred to the Oyer and Terminer, and yesterday was set down for its trial. Judge Barnard, who held the court, left the bench, and Judge Cardozo took his place. This was caused by Judge Barnard being subpœnaed as a witness, and therefore incapacitated from sitting. Counsel for defendants asked to be allowed to withdraw the plea of not guilty, his object being to move to quash the indictment. This was opposed by counsel for the people, and Judge Cardozo held that the motion was inadmissible, but that, if the indictment was defective, counsel could move to arrest judgment on the verdict.

Counsel for defendants then asked to be heard on a demurrer to the indictment on behalf of J. C. Simpson, one of the defendants.

Judge Cardozo declined hearing until after the trial of the other defendants. It was then moved, on behalf of defendants, to adjourn the trial, on the ground that it would be necessary to send a commissioner to California to examine witnesses with regard to the forgery of the will, and that this would require time. Also Mr. John B. Haskins, whom they supposed had material and important evidence to give, was in Europe and would not be back until the end of July, or, perhaps, not then. On this ground alone counsel claimed a postponement.

Ex-Judge Whiting, for the prosecution, made a most elaborate speech, remarking on the freedom of the press, and the necessity that it should be as pure as it ought to be free. It should not be allowed to falsify the character of any man. The editors of the *Turf, Field and Farm* knew when the alleged libellous article was written whether it was true or false, and they had sufficient time to be able to prove that it was true. They stated that Mr. Wilkes had been brought up in a house of prostitution and had lived off the shame and degradation of woman. They had said of him the most damning thing that could be said of man, and that the boys on the street *marked him* out as a jail bird. *They had said he was a forger.* Surely they ought to be able to prove what they stated so boldly. If the courts of justice would not interfere to protect a man's character he must do it himself, and then the shooting of editors would become more frequent than they are now. Mr. Whiting closed by remarking that Mr. Wilkes had lived and been brought up in New York, and what he was and how he lived could be readily shown in this city.

Mr. McCarthy, for defendants, attempted to read an article from the Wilkes paper, to show that they had been libelled more than Mr. Wilkes was, but the Court would not allow of it, as not being material to the case.

Judge Cardozo said that there was nothing more difficult to decide than motions for adjournment in criminal cases. It had always been his practice to allow the defence to prepare fully; but he must say the defendants in this case had been very dilatory in every stage of the proceeding. He would, however, adjourn the trial to the third Monday in July, as that would leave sufficient time for the return of the commission from California.

It was also agreed between counsel to send a commission to Europe to take the testimony of Mr. Haskins, as it was not known when he would return.

Repeaters.

Charles Link (colored), John Kelly, Andrew Morris and Edward Martine were brought up on charges of violating the Election law. They having no counsel Mr. Spencer was assigned to the colored individual and Mr. Howe to the others. Charles Clark, Pat. Hogan, Fred. Rogers and Martin Ryan, bailed repeaters, were called, but not appearing, were ordered to be rearrested and their bail forfeited.

The Phœnix Rubber Company Litigation.

John H. Cheever vs. Thomas Ackerman and Others.—This was an action brought by the plaintiff, as a stockholder of the Phœnix Rubber Company, against the other stockholders and directors of the company to recover from them his share of the assets of the company, amounting to a very large sum. The case came up yesterday on a motion for a receiver and an injunction. The Court, in a lengthy opinion, reviewing all the main points of the case, granted the motion. E. W. Stoughton and Wm. E. Curtis for the motion; Wm. M. Evarts and Mr. Buckley opposed.

Decisions.

By Judge Ingraham.

Demarest vs. Demarest.—Complaint dismissed.

Lang et al. vs. Donahue.—Motion granted on the usual stipulation.

Harrington vs. McGlyn.—Motion denied.

By Judge Barnard.

Horey et al. vs. Faber et al.—Motion granted.

By Judge Cardozo.

Struners vs. Faber et al.—Both motions denied. Costs to abide event.

Morse vs. Kuhner.—Motion denied, without costs.

Muller vs. Schifeler.—Memoranda for counsel.

Cheever and Others vs. Ackerman.—Motion granted.

MARINE COURT—PART 2.

Death of Francis B. Cutting.

Before Judge Alker.

The court having been opened Mr. Calvin said:—May it please the Court, the sad duty devolves upon me to announce to this court the death of Francis B. Cutting. While I am not in favor of taking notice of the death of the members of the profession in the city of New York, where so many in the natural course of events must die, because such notices so often interrupt the business of the courts, yet when a distinguished member departs, a member eminent for his learning and natural abilities, a member whose professional reputation has never been stained by any unprofessional act, I most respectfully say that it is due to the members of the profession to take suitable notice of the sad event of the decease of our departed brother.

Mr. Swain fully concurred in the sentiments expressed by Mr. Calvin, and moved that the court adjourn.

Judge Alker, in response, said—It is due to the memory of the deceased, who stood at the summit of his profession, that the court should adjourn. The motion is granted, and the court will stand adjourned till to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett.

CONVICTION OF A BOGUS DETECTIVE—HE IS SENT TO THE STATE PRISON FOR THREE YEARS.

After transacting some preliminary business the trial of Henry McCord, which was commenced on Friday, was resumed. The defendant was charged with calling upon Charles O. Miller, in Ludlow street jail, on the 25th of April, and by falsely representing that he was a detective officer and had a warrant issued by Justice Hogan obtained a diamond ring and a gold watch as security for $200, which McCord demanded upon the promise that he would shield Miller from further trouble in reference to a claim of Henry Brinker for $1,200.

Mr. Howe, in summing up, alluded to the system of independent private detective bureaus and said that the efficient Superintendent of Police (Mr. Jourdan) could provide all the detectives that were necessary for the efficient administration of justice.

The jury rendered a verdict of guilty and the Recorder imposed the full penalty, which was three years imprisonment in the State Prison, observing that the police force and the citizens must be protected against bogus detectives.

LARCENY FROM THE PERSON.

William Murphy pleaded guilty to larceny from the person, he having on the 13th inst. stolen a silver watch from Frederick Walker. He was sent to the State Prison for three years.

ANDREW J. BROAS DISCHARGED.

Andrew J. Broas was called to the bar and addressed by his Honor. The Recorder said that the attitude in which Broas stood before the court was too shocking to expatiate upon. He had been tried for an alleged rape upon his youngest daughter, and the jury, having seen fit to disbelieve her statement, acquitted him. There were two indictments for alleged incest found upon the complaint of two of his daughters, running over a period of years. From the statements made to the District Attorney and by him communicated to the Court, his Honor was satisfied that whatever might be Broas' guilt the girls were very bad and not better than common prostitutes. His Honor had been informed that Broas made threats against his daughters, which he (the Recorder) advised him not to put into execution, lest he should incur the punishment due to such an offence. He was then discharged from custody.

COTTON "BROKERS" CHARGED WITH RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS.

The rest of the day was occupied in trying an indictment against Philip and Patrick Cantlin, charging them with receiving twelve bales of cotton on the 25th of October, 1869, the property of Funke, Engers & Co. A "boss" carman, named James Duggan, was indicted for grand larceny in stealing the cotton, but he has fled the jurisdiction of the court. John Grogan, the carman who took the bales to the store of Cantlin, in Trinity place, was a witness for the people. The defence showed that Philip Cantlin, Jr., was the proprietor of the place and had extensive dealings with Duggan, to whom he paid a full price for the cotton.

Recorder Hackett gave a succinct statement of all the testimony, calling the attention of the jury to the fact that the marks which were put on the twelve bales of cotton by the sampler at North Moore street were cut out and afterwards found in the store of Cantlin, and to the further fact that twelve bales of cotton, supposed to be the original twelve bales, taken from the premises of the Cantlins to the Bremen steamer Hansa at Hoboken were found to contain nothing but old rags, iron and other rubbish. The jury acquitted Philip Cantlin, the aged father, and convicted Patrick Cantlin of receiving stolen goods. He will be sentenced on Wednesday.

The following is the calendar for to-day:—The People vs. Caroline E. Vreeland, James Butler—two cases—and Levi Knowles, felonious assault and battery; Francis Redmond and George Redmond, burglary; Eliza Ellis, receiving stolen goods, and Edward Connor, grand larceny.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Judge Barnard.—Nos. 70, 89, 256.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.—Part 1.—Before Judge Curtis.—Nos. (non-jury causes) 1477, 1504, 1612, 1630, 1652, 1066, 1637, 1638, 1640, 1643, 1647, 1649, 1650, 1653. Part 2—Before Judge Alker.—1567, 1409, 1566, 1561, 1635, 964, 1211, 1611, 1619, 1621, 1622, 1624, 1628, 1636, 1655, 1518.

BROOKLYN COURTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Adjourned Out of Respect to the Memory of the Late Francis B. Cutting.

Before Judge Benedict.

At the opening of the court at noon yesterday ex-Judge Beebe moved an adjournment in respect to the memory of the late Francis B. Cutting. Mr. E. H. Owen seconded the motion of Judge Beebe, and in a brief speech pronounced a handsome eulogy of the deceased lawyer. Similar speeches were made by Messrs. Sherwood and Huntley, after which Judge Benedict said that the motion met with his hearty approval, and that he would accordingly adjourn the court until to-day at ten o'clock. The court then adjourned.

JUDAISM.

Jewish Orthodoxy and Reform—The War Waxing Warm.

[From the Jewish Times (reform) of June 24.]

One of our contemporaries (the *Jewish Messenger*), pretending to represent orthodox America, occasionally gets likewise into a passion, and pronounces a fiat on matters and things, without knowing, or probably caring to know, what it is talking about. So it says in its last issue:—

PHILADELPHIA RADICALISM.—Is it true that on and after Sunday next there will be a special service and sermon on that day in the "Jewish" Temple of Philadelphia, for the benefit of those who cannot attend on the Sabbath? If this be true the next improvement will probably be the substitution of a handsome portrait of "St. Hirsch" for the Ten Commandments tablet, which we believe now adorns the ark of this temple.

We cannot answer positively whether it is true that there will be a Sunday service introduced in the Temple at Philadelphia, *but we will assume it is. What sin is it to have such a service?* Since when are Jews allowed to worship on certain days only and on none other? The editors of our orthodox periodical may not know it perhaps; but it is not many years since that Jewish synagogues were open every day of the year and that service was held therein thrice a day. There are this day even a great number of synagogues where service is held on Saturdays and Sundays and every day in the week. Is it wrong, according to Jewish law, orthodox or reform, or any other law, to worship God on Sunday and to address a congregation of Jews on religion and morals, perhaps on the wrong committed in violating the Sabbath? If there is such a law we would like to know it, and we should feel obliged if our contemporary would tell us where to find it. * *

Rev. Dr. Einhorn, who over and over again has denounced from the pulpit the desecration of the Sabbath, has made a proposition at the last Rabbinical Conference that a periodical week-day service be introduced in the synagogues on a Sunday. He has at all times spurned the idea of a transfer of the Jewish Sabbath to Sunday; and yet he believes that an opportunity should be given to those who could or would not visit the synagogue on a Saturday to attend public worship on a day which society compels them to keep as a day of rest. We firmly believe that such a movement would strengthen our faith than otherwise. It is not transferring the Sabbath to any other day—alas! in practice it has been transferred—that cannot be done and never will be done; it is merely opening the synagogue for public worship on a day which is otherwise spent in idleness, and offering an opportunity to Jews to devote more than two or three days in the year to a higher object than the chase after material objects.

[From the Jewish Messenger (orthodox) of June 24.]

IT IS TRUE.—Last week Dr. Hirsch held his first Sunday "service" in his temple in Philadelphia. This is to accommodate those new owners who cannot leave their business on Sabbath. Why not tear off your mask at once, Dr. Hirsch, and proclaim boldly what your intentions are? * * *

A Virginia congregation advertises for a "Reader *à la* Dr. Einhorn." What sort of a reader is that? We have heard of "Lamb chops *à la* Jardinière," "Marriage *à la* Mode" and "Pudding *à la* Hongroise," but never yet of a "Reader *à la* Dr. Einhorn." Can the Doctor inform us what this new style of reader means?

And speaking of Jewish Sunday schools, the same journal, closes a long article inferentially on the strict observance of the Sabbath, as follows:—

It may be important to cause children to declaim the Fourth Commandment, to speak aloud, doubtless in sincerity, "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy;" but what a blush of burning shame must it produce on parents who, hearing their children, in a place devoted to holiness, declare those words, written "with the finger of God," knowing, as they do, that they violate its sanctity, deriding the word of God and disregarding the most important of all religious duties! What feeling must agitate the breast of the young when they solemnly declare their readiness to observe the command, knowing, as they must, that it is not observed by those they deem "their cloud of protection by day, their pillar of fire by night to lead them in all their wanderings!"

The International Evangelical Council.

[From the Hebrew Leader of June 24.]

It is not without astonishment that we read the following lines on this subject in the HERALD of the 15th inst.:—

We learn that the President of the United States, the Vice President and the Secretary of State have expressed their interest in the approaching Conference of Christians from all parts of the world, by affixing their names to the following declaration:—

Having heard of the intended General Conference of eminent divines and others from foreign countries and our own, to be held in New York in September next, under the auspices of the Evangelical Alliance, we have great pleasure in expressing our interest in that important assemblage of great and good men, our approval of the objects contemplated by it, and the hope that its deliberations may tend to the advancement of civil and religious liberty and the promotion of peace and good will among men.

The Indian chieftains who recently visited Washington designated the President by a name that pleased us exceedingly well—the Great Father. How can the great father, the father of all citizens of America, without distinction of creed or thoughts—he is of course, allowed to think personally as he pleases—the elect of the nation, grant especial and exclusive protection to a party which is the opponent of all other parties, which endeavors through missionaries to undermine all other confessions, especially Judaism, and aims at rendering the members thereof apostates?

THE OLD MASTER AND HIS FORMER SLAVE.—Amos McMullen and Bill Humphreys (colored) were sentenced yesterday to the penitentiary for two years each. After Amos' sentence had been passed upon him he went to Colonel McMullen, his old master, and asked him for money. Tears at once filled the old man's eyes, and he responded liberally to the request of his former slave. This is a simple illustration of the attachment still existing in the breast of the old Southern master for the negro that is now sought to be used as an instrument for his destruction.—*Greenville (Ala.) Advocate.*

THE NEW STEAMSHIP SIDONIAN.

Another Addition to the Anchor Line's Ocean Fleet—Her Dimensions, Machinery, Accommodations, Appointments and Officers.

The new steamship Sidonian, another addition to the extensive ocean fleet of the Anchor Line, hence to Glasgow, via Londonderry, arrived at this port two or three days since, and, after discharging a valuable cargo, at once commenced to load for her outward trip to-morrow (Wednesday). This vessel is one of the "extra" steamships of the line, built for the Mediterranean trade, but will be continued to this port during the summer season. Although not so large as some of the sister vessels of this prosperous company she is a stanch, elegant, tidy craft of handsome design and comfortable appointments. As a model of naval architecture she reflects considerable credit upon her builders and finishers. The Sidonian is of iron, bark rigged, and built in both hull and machinery by Messrs. Robert Duncan & Co., Glasgow, this year, having been launched in the month of May. Her length on deck is 253 feet, breadth of beam thirty-two feet, depth of hold twenty-two feet; and when loaded has a draft of fifteen feet, and is of 1,250 tons gross, British measurement. She has two full decks, their height being respectively seven feet six inches. Each of these rests upon iron plate stringers of very large size and thickness, which tend materially to strengthen them. The hull of this steamship is of wrought iron plates, from one inch to a quarter of an inch in thickness; her floors are of single and double angle iron of more than ordinary size for a vessel of her class, and her plates are double riveted. She is fitted with five water-tight bulkheads which are of iron. Water tanks are placed in the hold of the vessel with a capacity of 4,000 gallons, and the apparatus for the condensation of water is capable of supplying fifty gallons per hour. The steering gear of this steamship is of the old, safe and well tried pattern, possessing all the fittings necessary to give it strength and make it reliable. Hanging in appropriate places, and properly rigged that they may be instantly used in emergent cases, are five lifeboats, each capable of accommodating a very large number of persons.

The machinery of the Sidonian, in design and construction, is worthy of praise. It is not very fanciful, but massive, suggestive of strength, speed and safety. She is fitted with direct acting engines, having cylinders thirty-eight inches in diameter and three feet six inches stroke of piston. The boilers are of the tubular description, two in number, generating a great sufficiency of steam, and her propeller is of seventeen feet in diameter, with twenty feet pitch. Besides this machinery proper the vessel is supplied with independent steam fire and bilge pumps, steam winches for hoisting purposes and all else that an ocean vessel of her character requires.

The passenger accommodations of the Sidonian are not of the extensive nature that the "express" or Saturday steamships of this line possess, but they are ample and of a style that is suggestive of quietude and comfort. There are staterooms capable of accommodating thirty-one first class passengers, and berths for about 400 steerage passengers. The state rooms are quite large, nicely furnished and excellently ventilated. Convenience and comfort will undoubtedly be found in them during a passage across the Atlantic, and the cabin, into which the staterooms open, is cosey and of requisite cheerfulness.

In the matter of pleasantness the quarters of the steerage passengers are not excelled by any vessel of her class that plies to this port. Plenty of room and ventilation have been secured, which, indeed, for such a voyage, are the great requisites.

The following is a list of the Sidonian's officers:—

Captain—John MacKay.
First Officer—H. Burns.
Second Officer—R. Gorden.
Purser—John Agnew.
Doctor—— Ferguson.
Chief Engineer—James Scott.
Assistant Engineers—Alexander Roe, William Laing.
Chief Steward—Robert Bridges.

The Anchor line have in process of construction three other large steamships, which will be in readiness to take their respective places on the route from Glasgow, hence to New York, within the next three months. These are the Alexandria, Assyria and Ismailia, making, with the Anglia, Australia, Britannia, Caledonia, Cambria, Columbia, Dorian, Dacian, Europia, India, Iowa, Sidonian, Scandinavian and Scotia, seventeen first class full powered steamships.

MURDER WILL OUT.

John Sullivan, During an Inquest Over One of His Victims, Attempts to Murder a Witness in the Coroner's Office.

An inquest was held before Coroner Schirmer yesterday morning on the body of John O'Brien who died from a stab wound inflicted by John Sullivan on the 15th instant, at No. 1 Whitehall street.

Mrs. Catharine Sullivan, Julia Buckley and John Wogan, all of No. 1 Whitehall street, and John O'Connor of 19 Pearl street, gave evidence as to the drunken habits of the prisoner. O'Connor said that he heard that Sullivan was quarrelling with his wife; he went up stairs to separate them; saw Sullivan sitting on a chair with an umbrella in his hand; Mrs. Sullivan standing with a child in her arms; *she called him a murdering thief who had murdered* her brother; Mrs. Sweeny, the mother of Mrs. Sullivan, just then walked in with a stick in her hand; she asked what the murdering villain was doing there, and at the same time struck him on the head with a piece of wood; Sullivan then went out on the landing and Mrs. Sweeny struck him again; Sullivan then struck her three times on the head with an umbrella; he, witness, then saw that Sullivan was beginning to look dangerous; he caught Mrs. Sweeny round the waist and she growled at him for interfering; he tried to get Sullivan out of the place, but he would not go with him; he (witness) then went up stairs, and saw O'Brien in a sitting posture; in less than a minute Sullivan ran up with a knife in his hand, which he was opening; he was running towards O'Brien; heard him ask, "Are you O'Brien?" O'Brien answered that he was O'Brien; Sullivan then said, "I will take you life, you son of a b—;" at the same moment Sullivan stabbed him three times; the last stab took effect; O'Brien groaned a little; Sullivan then ran down stairs and got away; could not identify the knife.

Mrs. Ann Kenney, of No. 1 Whitehall street, testified that she resides on the fourth floor; heard there was a quarrel; went out on the landing; saw O'Brien; heard Sullivan ask "are you the man that took hold of me?"; O'Brien said, "No, no;" asked Mr. O'Connor why he did not interfere?; Mr. O'Connor said it would be hard to do anything with a man who had a knife in his hand.

At this juncture the prisoner, who had been very unruly from his entrance into court, seized the chair upon which he was sitting, and bounded across the room to kill Mrs. Buckley with it. He was seized by officer Smith, and forcibly put down in his chair. The Coroner sent for handcuffs and had him secured. He was very violent and threatening.

Officer J. W. Smith, of the First precinct, testified to having arrested the prisoner in Morris street with a large knife in his hand, upon which there were stains of blood; in presence of Judge Hogan he said that he had to protect himself, and that O'Connor had a pistol to shoot him; the crowd ran after him.

The ante mortem statement of the deceased was read to the jury, and the testimony of Dr. Cushman, that death had occurred from peritonitis.

THE VERDICT.

The jury then retired, and in a few minutes returned with the following verdict:—"We find that John O'Brien came to his death from peritonitis, the result of a stab wound in the abdomen caused by a knife in the hands of Laurence Sullivan, at No. 1 Whitehall street, on the 13th of June, 1870."

THE PRISONER'S STATEMENT.

Laurence Sullivan was then examined. He said:—I am twenty-five years of age; I was born in Ireland; I live at No. 19 Albany street; I work in a feed store; I did the stabbing in self-defence.

He then kissed his wife, and was committed to the Tombs.

POLITICAL NOTES AND COMMENTS.

A. H. H. Stuart is expected to be next leader of the Virginia democracy.

Governor Orr does not endorse the Union reform movement in South Carolina. He didn't endorse the rebellion, but he went in for it.

The republicans in Alleghany county, Pa., are ripe for an independent movement—"to rescue their organization from the corrupting influence of selfish and unprincipled politicians." The county gave about 11,000 majority for Grant in 1868, but only about 4,500 for Geary in 1869. If the republican majority keeps on being reduced at this rate, next fall it may pretty nearly be "counted out."

General James M. Negley, M. C. from the Alleghany (Pa.) district, has been repeatedly complimented on his speech on the commercial and shipping interests of the country.

It appears from recent disclosures that Jefferson Davis preferred being Commander-in-Chief of the Confederate armies rather than President. As President was he not the Commander-in-Chief?

An Eastern paper says Attorney General Akerman is the son of Benjamin Tappan, of New Hampshire. Judging by the surname, one would think he is the son of some "other man."

The Tallahassee *Floridian* gives three reasons, and no doubt the true ones, why Governor Reed vetoed the Funding bill:—First—It was not his bill. Second—It put no money into his pocket. Third—But it did put money into the people's pockets.

THE SEQUEL TO "AN EPISODE IN A YOUNG GIRL'S LIFE."—In Jamaica Plain, on Saturday, Nancy T. Babig and John H. Wentworth were married by the Rev. Dr. Thompson. The ceremony was performed at the house of Mr. Perry, who gave away the bride, and deputy constables Stone and Hammonds were the witnesses. In performing his duty Dr. Thompson bestowed upon the couple some excellent advice; and thousands who have heard of them so much lately will hope they will follow it, remembering the good old maxim that it is never too late to mend.—*Boston Advertiser, June 2.*

NEW YORK CITY.

Gleanings of News in the Metropolis.

The body of an unknown man was found in the dock foot of Jackson street.

About five hundred dollars' damage was inflicted yesterday morning upon the store No. 62 Liberty street by a flow of Croton that was stopped by the police.

Michael Dalton, a lad five years of age, whose parents reside at 247 avenue B, died yesterday from injuries received on Saturday last by falling from a wagon.

Ellen Burke, six years of age, of No. 667 Eleventh avenue, was at play on the pier foot of Forty-ninth street on Sunday last, when she accidentally fell overboard and was drowned.

During an altercation yesterday morning, at the corner of Nineteenth street and First avenue, Patrick Callahan, of No. 91 Seventh street, received a scalp wound at the hands of some man to him unknown.

John Manning, a boy of about twelve years of age, was arraigned at the Yorkville Police Court yesterday on suspicion of having stolen a silver watch and chain and some other property. He was remanded for examination.

Carl Reusch, a Prussian, forty-five years of age, was yesterday morning found dead in his room at 26 Greenwich street. He entered his room on Saturday evening and was not again seen alive. Coroner Keenan was notified.

Commissioner Tweed, in conjunction with Comptroller Connolly, yesterday opened thirty-nine proposals for various street improvements, but in consequence of the large number of bids received no award of the contracts could be made.

Edward Faur, charged with stabbing Alphonse Joyzean on Sunday night, was yesterday committed by Justice Shandley, at Jefferson Market, to await the result of the injuries. The wounded man is at present confined in Bellevue Hospital.

A formal organization of the Board of Police Surgeons was perfected yesterday afternoon, by the election of Dr. F. N. Otis president, Dr. Patrick W. McDonell vice-president, Dr. Martin Freligh treasurer, and Dr. Alfred N. Beach secretary.

A fire in Patrick Grace's house, No. 516 East 117th, street inflicted $500 loss on stock; insured for $2,500. The adjacent building, occupied by Charlotte Pase work (No. 518), sustained $500 damage, and is insured for $1,500 in the Germania Insurance Company.

John Hickey, a driver on the Belt Railroad line, was yesterday brought before Justice Bixby, at the Yorkville Police Court, charged with running over Hugh Curley, of No. 221 East Thirty-fifth street. Curley was so severely injured as to necessitate the amputation of one of his legs.

Yesterday morning officer Wood, of the Twentieth precinct, encountered corner of Eighth avenue and Thirtieth street a ferocious dog, fired upon him, missed the dog and shot a brother officer (Ostrom), who stood on the corner of Thirty-second street and Eighth avenue, in the leg. The wound is severe, but not dangerous.

Yesterday morning, as Lottie Dunham, of Passaic, N. J., was passing the corner of Broadway and Fourth street, James Henry snatched her wallet, containing $9 19 in money, and attempted to escape, but was captured by officer Ray, of the Fifteenth precinct. He was arraigned before Justice Shandley at Jefferson Market, and committed in default of $300 bail.

A political organization, denominated the Matthew T. Brennan association, of the Fifth ward, was organized last evening, at the corner of Hubert and Greenwich streets. Some two hundred names appear on the roll. The following gentlemen were chosen officers:—President, William H. Burns; Vice President, Michael O'Hara; Secretary, T. Fitzsimmons; Treasurer, Thomas Fallon.

In the case of Patrick Foley, found dead in a stable corner of Sixty-sixth street and Tenth avenue, as already reported in the HERALD, an inquest has not yet been held. At first it was thought deceased had been kicked by a horse, but some of his friends seem to believe he was the victim of intentional violence. Dr. Wooster Beach is of opinion that deceased's skull was fractured by a fall.

John Swartz, of 530 Tenth avenue, on Sunday night found Augustus Nenschwenter, a carpenter, in his bedroom, and gave him into the custody of officer Halliday, of the Twentieth precinct. A complaint of burglary was preferred against him before Justice Shandley, of Jefferson Market, yesterday, charging him with attempting to steal clothing valued at $750, to which he pleaded not guilty, but was committed for examination.

Coroner Keenan was notified from the Board of Health of the death of Anna Christine Krochle, a native of Norway, nearly thirty years of age, who died from peritonitis. Dr. Lilienthal, of No. 301 East Tenth street, who had been attending deceased since the 16th inst., was told that she had had an operation performed upon her ten days previously. Deceased had been attended by another physician before Dr. Lilienthal was called. The case will be thoroughly investigated.

The Board of Assistant Aldermen met yesterday afternoon. The Mayor's message regarding the establishment of two public baths in this city was received and referred. A resolution was adopted to pave with Belgian pavement Jay street, from Hudson street to the North river; also Forty-sixth street, from First avenue to the East river; also Eighty fifth street, from Second to Fifth avenue. A resolution was adopted to repair and refit the rooms over Jefferson Market.

The City of Hartford, on Sunday evening, while *en route* to New York, in the Connecticut river, struck a rock just above the town of Portland, crushing in her planking. She was run on shore, where she lies easy, with her lower cabins nearly filled with water. The Silver Star took off such passengers as desired to return to Hartford, and the State of New York took the remainder of the passengers and freight and brought them on. The steamer will be raised, brought to New York for repairs and resume her post in the line in about a week.

The Sabbath school children of the Dutch Reformed church in Suffolk street went on their excursion yesterday to Mount Bueno grove. Arrived at the park, headed by a select band discoursing sacred music, the little ones marched in order, carrying banners, to the grand stand, where, after singing a few beautiful hymns, they separated to commence their gambols and games under the green trees of the grove. They hugely enjoyed themselves in games and the good things they brought with them, and returned home well tired at sundown.

Daniel Mitchell, the young German who was stabbed in the abdomen while on the corner of Thirty-seventh street and Second avenue at an early hour on Sunday morning, as heretofore published in the HERALD, died in Bellevue Hospital from the effects of the injuries received at one o'clock yesterday morning. Thomas Sheridan, the man arrested by Captain McDonnell, of the Twenty-first precinct, charged with inflicting the fatal wound, is still in confinement, awaiting the result of an investigation. Sheridan, on being identified by his victim as the man using the knife, confessed his guilt and gave his reasons for doing so.

Two thousand seven hundred and fifty-six passengers arrived at this port yesterday from foreign ports in the following vessels:—Steamship Columbia, from Glasgow and Moville, 125; steamship City of Paris, from Liverpool and Queenstown, 818; steamship Idaho, from Liverpool and Queenstown, 883; steamship Paraguay, from London and Havre, 382; steamship Pereire, from Havre and Brest, 191; ship Edith, from Liverpool, 196; bark Fyen, from Rio Janeiro, 2; bark Harzburg, from Bremen, 146; bark Mary C. Dyer, from Bermuda, 2; brig Eva H. Johnson, from Carbarien, 3; brig Annie Eldrigde, from Eleuthera, 4; schooner J. K. Howard, St. Johns, N. B., 2; schooner Reno, from St. Thomas, 2.

PARENTAL MONSTROSITIES.

An inquest was held at Yonkers, Westchester county, yesterday, by Coroner Smith, on the body of Anna Williams, aged six years, who died from supposed sunstroke on the previous night. It appears that the parents of deceased live in Hudson street, and in addition to being extremely poor they are both habitual drunkards. The police having been notified on Sunday morning that the child was in convulsions sent an officer to the house, where he found both parents in a beastly state of intoxication. By order of a physician the unfortunate infant was conveyed to the Invalids' Home, where it died during the day. After a post mortem examination, which failed to detect a particle of food in the stomach of the deceased, a verdict was rendered that death was caused by exposure to the sun, through gross neglect of the parents. To complete this picture of parental brutality it may be added that the father of deceased was locked up for drunkenness on Sunday night, and was discharged yesterday morning on payment of the ordinary fine.

POLICE TRIALS.

A Heavy Docket—A Patrolman Who Wanted to be Avenged Upon His Roundsman—Speights' Spotters—A Vile Conspiracy Against an Officer.

Commissioner Brennan and his audience at the Central Office yesterday were pleasantly entertained by the hearing of evidence in complaints against policemen. Some forty blues were tried. The only important cases are:—

A CANDIDATE FOR PROMOTION.

The Second precinct, Captain De Camp, presented a singular case. From the evidence it appears that a patrolman named Martin Cooper, thinking that his roundsman (Rogers) had a spite against him resolved to "square accounts." On the 6th inst. he saw his side partner, W. A. Carpenter, conversing with a citizen for fourteen minutes, and saw the roundsman pass during the time, and fail to take Carpenter to task. Cooper felt that Rogers had no right to let up on Carpenter and he timed the latter. Cooper kept a memoranda quietly for future use. On the night of the 15th inst. he saw Rogers enter and remain in a building thirty-five minutes. Instead of patrolling his post he stood and timed his roundsman; and then, thinking he had the "dead wood" on Rogers, hied to his captain and reported his discoveries. The matter was referred to Superintendent Jourdan, who took Cooper's complaints against Carpenter and Rogers, and ordered Captain De Camp to prefer charges against Cooper for timing them instead of patrolling. At the hearing Cooper admitted he had a feeling against Rogers, and he timed him and preferred the charge against him and Carpenter, to punish the roundsman who had systematically "metred him." Commissioner Brennan informed Cooper that he would recommend his dismissal, so he could no longer play the part of roundsman, and acquit Rogers and Carpenter.

A VILE CONSPIRACY.

One of the best officers in the Twenty-seventh precinct is John L. Lockwood, who has displayed so much promptness that all the roughs of the First ward and their political backers hate him. On the night of the 10th officer Dunn and other policemen heard disorderly proceedings in a dance house kept by John Horstmann at No. 21 Rector street. Calling to his assistance others officers, including Lockwood, he entered and arrested the inmates, with the exception of Henry Fox, barkeeper, who hid away in a hall off from the barroom. Fox charges that while looking through a hole in the door leading from his retreat to the barroom he saw Lockwood take from the drawer six silver watches and $4 90 in money, which he did not turn in at the desk. The evidence showed that Lockwood in May last arrested Fox, who took this means to be revenged; that none of Lockwood's companions saw him take the property, and that Fox told different stories as to what the property consisted of. Witnesses were produced who testified that Fox was a "bad beat," unworthy of belief under oath. The evidence against Dunn, charged with falsely arresting the inmates of the den, was equally unreliable, although the proprietor of the place swore the officer attempted to blackmail him.

UNPARALLELED STEAMBOAT TIME.

Extraordinary River Feat—Trip of the Natchez—New Orleans to St. Louis in Three Days, Twenty-one Hours and Fifty-eight Minutes—Graphic Report of the Trip.

[From the St. Louis Republican, June 23.]

The arrival of the Natchez, only three days, twenty-one hours and fifty-eight minutes from New Orleans, has revived the interest in fast river steamers. The large number of our citizens who collected on the wharf and on board the Natchez attest the fact that all interest in swift steamers has not been lost. The event of yesterday also recalled the great run of the J. M. White, which steamer arrived from New Orleans on the 8th of May, 1844—three days, twenty-three hours and nine minutes out from New Orleans. As a matter of interest we reproduce the feelings with which this trip was viewed in the long ago, as preserved in the columns of the *Republican* of that period. Captain Converse commanded the White on that memorable voyage. His name has passed down to history, and will be transmitted to posterity till all interest in the navigation of the great river is swallowed up in the grand forever. But another name will be recorded in the same volume—that of Captain T. P. Leathers.

[From the Daily Republican, May 9, 1844.]

LESS THAN FOUR DAYS FROM NEW ORLEANS TO ST. LOUIS.

What has heretofore been merely the speculation of enthusiasts has been realized. New Orleans has been brought within less than four days travel of St. Louis—in immediate neighborhood propinquity. The steamboat J. M. White has been the first to accomplish this extraordinary trip. She arrived here yesterday afternoon, and for the especial benefit and information of the Ohio papers, some of which are in the habit of boasting of the performances of their favorite boats, we publish the memoranda of her voyage from St. Louis to New Orleans and back:—

The J. M. White left this port on Monday, April 29, at three o'clock P. M., with 600 tons of freight, and arrived at New Orleans on Friday evening, the 3d inst., being three days and sixteen hours on her downward trip. She departed for St. Louis on Saturday, May 4, 1844, at forty minutes to five o'clock P. M., and arrived here on the 8th, having made the trip up in three days and twenty-three hours, and having been but nine days on the voyage out and home, including all detentions.

The following are the runs up from wharf to wharf and is the best time ever made by any steamboat on the Western waters:—

FROM NEW ORLEANS

	Miles.	D.	H.	M.
To Natchez	300		20	49
To Vicksburg	410		29	55
To Montgomery	625	1	13	3
To Memphis	775	2	12	5
To Cairo	1,000	3	6	44
To St. Louis	1,200	3	23	9

The time made by the J. M. White for twenty-six years had remained unsurpassed by any steamboat on the Western waters.

The following are the memoranda of the Natchez:—"Left New Orleans 32 minutes past 5 o'clock P. M. Saturday, June 18, 1870; timed from St. Mary's market; had on board 80 cabin and 45 deck passengers and some freight; made the run to Natchez in 17 hours and 51 minutes; made Yucatan for her 2½ hours' run; landed at Serrices, above Natchez; landed at Rodney; made landing at Grand Gulf; Vicksburg, 26 hours 54 minutes; landed and took on 690 boxes of coal. Left Vicksburg and made landing at Tallulah, landed at Lake Providence, landed at Greenville, made landing at Columbia, made landing at Bolivar, landed at White River, coaled 395 boxes. Found bottom in chute and had to haul back; landed at Memphis, lost thirty minutes; landed at Henderson's Point and took six cords of wood; landed and coaled at Cairo, lost one hour and five minutes; struck bottom at Liberty bar, landed at Grand Tower."

At thirty-four minutes past three o'clock yesterday the steamer Natchez made the old time marks of the J. M. White, opposite the Arsenal grounds. Intense interest was felt by all the passengers. It was known in the city that the Natchez was coming up on fast time, and a large number of citizens, representing all classes, merchants, steamboatmen, mechanics, professional men, some even of the clerical gentlemen of the city, had collected on the wharf and watched with earnest intent the rapid progress of the boat as she ploughed her way against the swift current. By this time the passengers on board, of whom there were more than a hundred, were brought up to the highest pitch of enthusiasm; but there was no cheer, no word spoken. Silent and unconscious of all else around them, they had gathered out on the guards and forecastle, gazing with intense eagerness towards the nearing wharf. If the passengers were thus affected what must have been the emotions of that brave old river captain, who stood upon the roof of his own fine steamer, as the index hand on the dial of his watch pointed towards the hour which for twenty-six years had been the standard, inaccessible to all succeeding navigators of the river, as the fastest time on record? On the way from Cairo, at Liberty bar, she touched bottom. Her speed was checked. Thus far she had made an unexampled run. Must she now be stayed and stick fast in the sand, and the coveted triumph be changed into an ignominious failure? There was a clear head and a steady hand at the helm. Her engines were reversed, the ponderous wheels rolled back; her bow was veered a little to the larboard, and onward, with increased speed, she dashed through the foaming river. All was yet safe. Two hours yet remained in which to make her time and claim the palm of victory. The walls of the tall buildings of South St. Louis appeared in the distance. The captain gazed with intense earnestness as the buildings became more and more distinct. The spires and towers and lofty walls grew nearer and nearer. Carondelet was made, only three days, twenty-one hours and thirty-six minutes out from New Orleans. Every one of the officers of the boat was at his post, cool, calm, collected, with victory already almost attained; yet a few miles remained. The identical spot where the White signalled her arrival, a little more than twenty-six years before, lay still above. But there was more than an hour yet in which to make the distance. And now came the moment for emotion—the moment in which the magnitude of the achievement was to be realized. "There is the arsenal grounds." "There is the point reached by the J. M. White." "There is the end of her voyage," and all eyes were turned toward the well known landmark with an eager, earnest intensity that held the tongue still, and no word or exultant cheer escaped from the lips of those earnest lookers toward the shore, the goal of one of the most noted of steamboat triumphs in speed. The victory was won; the quickest voyage from New Orleans to St. Louis was brought to a safe conclusion. A few more minutes and the steamer was still, reposing quietly on the bosom of the river at her wharf. The spell was broken. The pent up feelings, the anxiety, the tension of the deeply absorbed minds of the officers gave way. A vast company of our citizens rushed on board. Captain Leathers received them calmly, though it was evident that in that moment of triumph he felt and realized the significance of his achievement. He knew that he had accomplished what might not be accomplished in a generation—might never be accomplished again. He knew that in after years men would turn over the pages on which are written the history of the past to learn of the run of the Natchez, and he realized, too, that when he should be numbered with the silent sleepers, his name would still be sometimes recalled in connection with the grandest feat thus far recorded in the annals of steamboat navigation on the Mississippi.

We know not how we can better conclude our notice of this memorable voyage of the Natchez than in the expressive language of the brave old captain, as he stood triumphantly, proudly on the deck of the Natchez, feeling and realizing the significance of the feat:—"Ah, gentlemen," said he, "very many of us old steamboatmen, and many young ones, too, will be in our graves and have mouldered to indistinguishable dust before the time is made again."

BROOKLYN CITY.

The Water Supply for Brooklyn Running Short—The Daily Consumption—The Park Imbroglio—The Mayor Directed to Sign the Bonds—The City Revenue.

Yesterday William A. Fowler, president of the Water and Sewerage Board, sent a communication to the Aldermen, in relation to the supply of water for Brooklyn. It sets forth that the present source of supply was 19,150,050 gallons daily, and that with an increasing population the consumption, according to the experience of the last few years, each succeeding year would require an increase from one to two millions of gallons daily. The subject was one of vital interest to the city, and the plans of the Chief Engineer, Colonel Adams, and Engineer Kirkwood, were suggested for adoption.

They recommended as the most economical course the construction of a storage reservoir in the Hempstead valley within the drainage basin of the existing works, which yields in the driest seasons an excess of over 24,000,000 gallons daily, now running to waste, and where such a storage reservoir could be constructed of a capacity of 1,050,000,000 gallons, equal to 10,000,000 gallons a day, for 105 days, which would be longer than any possible drought.

Another plan, the extension of the conduit eastward, so as to take in ponds beyond, was suggested by them, but it would cost double the sum the other would cost in order to obtain the same daily supply.

The capacity of the present conduit is equal to the delivery of 40,000,000 of gallons in twenty-four hours, or more than double the amount of the present supply, so that no further conduit work would be required beyond that of connecting the projected reservoir with the present conduit, while a further extension of this reservoir in the future, or such other provision as might be deemed necessary to a still further supply of 10,000,000 of gallons a day, or 20,000,000 in all, could be made before exhausting the limits of the present conduit.

The President of the Water Board urged some prompt action. Referred to the Water and Drainage Committee.

The Corporation Counsel, William C. DeWitt, sent in a lengthy communication to the Aldermen, giving a history of the Prospect Park legislation, and the recent litigation between the Park Commissioners and the Mayor, all of which has been fully published. He said that the proposition of the Mayor that the Legislature had no power to impose a debt on the city for local purposes was radical and revolutionary. He thought that further litigation should cease. Alderman Bergen offered the following:—

Whereas a controversy has arisen between the Brooklyn Park Commissioners and his Honor the Mayor of this city, as head of its executive department, touching the issue of certain city bonds, which are directed to be issued by an act of the Legislature of the 2d of May, 1870, for the further improvement of Prospect Park; and whereas a mandamus has been directed to issue by the Supreme Court compelling the Mayor to execute a portion of said bonds, which he has appealed from, and an application is now pending on behalf of the said Park Commission for a mandamus as to another portion of said commission; and whereas this Board is advised by the Corporation Counsel that the objections taken by the Mayor to the issue of said bonds have, after a full discussion thereof, been substantially overruled by the Court at General Term, in this case as well as in other similar cases; therefore,

Resolved, That the act of May 2, 1870, be enforced; that the Mayor be and he is hereby directed to sign the bonds provided for by that act, and hand the same over to the Comptroller to be used for the purpose required by said act; that the Corporation Counsel and the Treasurer and all other officers of the city government withdraw any opposition to the execution of said act in the courts, and that litigation thereon cease.

Resolved, That the city of Brooklyn in its corporate capacity adopt and confirm the said act of May 2, 1870, as of binding force upon said city.

The same gentleman also offered the following:—

Whereas, pursuant to an act passed May 3, 1870, park improvement bonds to the amount of $35,000 have been issued by the city and sold by the Comptroller, and the proceeds thereof paid into the City Treasury to the credit of the Park Improvement Fund, and whereas his Honor the Mayor is doubtful as to his powers to sign a warrant to draw said sum from the City Treasury to be paid to the Brooklyn Park Commissioners, without the direction of the Common Council; therefore,

Resolved, That the said sum of $35,000 be paid out of the City Treasury to the said Brooklyn Park Commissioners, and that the Mayor, Comptroller and City Clerk be and they are hereby authorized and directed to sign a warrant therefor.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted.

E. M. Johnson, Comptroller, in compliance with a resolution of the Board of Aldermen passed at the former meeting, sent in a detailed statement of the total amount of city revenue received for the last fiscal year and the amount received for lease of city property during the last five years:—

Wharfage	$217 04
Courts	6,013 90
Markets	830 51
Advertising	24,624 79
County interest	94,790 73
Contingent	193,561 62
Total	$319,528 69

Amount received by city from leases of city property during the last five years:—

Received from Union Ferry Company for piers foot of Atlantic street	$10,000
Rent of Hook and Ladder No. 2, E. D.	222
Rent of Hose No. 5	28
Rent of Engine House No. 1	26
Rent of James Street Market	200
Total	$10,477

The statement was ordered to be printed in the minutes of the Board.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

The name of the young man who was killed on Saturday afternoon on the Erie Railway, between Paterson and Hohokus, was Francis Barbaro. He was about seventeen years of age, and, being, intoxicated, persisted in standing upon the platform, in spite of the remonstrance of a friend with him. Losing his balance he fell and struck on his head, sustaining a fracture of the skull, which resulted in almost instant death. Coroner Butterworth, of Paterson, viewed the body, but did not deem an inquest necessary.

About half-past six yesterday morning a man named Myers, a poultry dealer, of New York city, while trying to catch the train at Passaic village, N. J., stumbled over a crosstie higher than the rest and fell in such a manner that one of his legs was run over and cut off by the carwheels. He was also otherwise hurt, but it is thought his wounds are not fatal.

REAL ESTATE MATTERS.

Messrs. Mallory & Blackwell will sell to-day, on the premises, ninety-seven building sites at Tarrytown, being a portion of the well known Benedict estate. This property has been in the Benedict family over forty years, and is situated in the heart of Tarrytown, fronting on Broadway. The property has been divided into plots of from three to six city lots. On the morning of sale boat will leave the foot of Vestry street at quarter before nine o'clock and Thirty-fourth street at nine o'clock. Maps and full particulars may be had at the office of the auctioneers or opposite the depot at Tarrytown.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

New York.

Columbia st, e s, 153 ft n of Rivington st, 50x118x80x93x30x25	$18,333
Henry st, n s, No 263. No demensions	12,000
Kingsbridge road, e s, 109.11 ft n of 152d st, 262.5x1582.6x259,10x1519.6 (q c)	Nom
Sheriff st, e s, 175 ft n of Stanton st, 25x100	29,750
Sheriff st, e s, No 36, 21.10x100, h and l	16,000
19th st, s s, 175 ft w of 10th av, 25x92	6,000
43d st, s s, 160 ft e of 10th av, 20x100.5	18,000
46th st, s s, 300 ft w of 6th av, 120x100.4	70,000
44th st, n s, 275 ft e of Lexington av, 25x100.5	10,500
47th st, n s, 305 ft e of 10th av, 25x100.5, h and l	16,500
53d st, s s, 290.5 ft w of 4th av, 41.8x100.5	22,000
53d st, s s, 265 ft e of 7th av, 20x96.3, house and lot	5,000
57th st, s s, 241.8 ft w of 1st av, 16.8x68.5, house and lot	10,500
64th st, n s, 100 ft w of 3d av, 40x100.5	12,000
65th st, s s, 125 ft w of 8th av, 25x½ block; 93th st, s s, 125 ft w of 8th av, 50x½ block, ½ share	5,000
79th st, s s, 125 ft w of 3d av, 25x102.2	8,000
79th st, s s, 150 ft w of 3d av, 18.9x102.2, house and lot	22,000
142th st, s s, 475 ft e of 8th av, 25x99.11	1,550
Lexington av, w s, 89 ft n of 50th st, 18.6x80; Lexington av, w s, 107.6 ft n of 50th st, 21.6x100	16,800
Madison av and 76th st, s w corner, 76.8x95	35,000
7th av, w s, 49 ft n of 22d st, 48.4x100	35,000

Kings County.

BROOKLYN.

Chauncey st, about 325 ft w of Stuyvesant av, 62.3x102.3x—x—x—, indefinite	16,500
Devoe st, n s, 137.10 ft e of Bushwick av, 25x100	2,089
Douglass st, s s, 250 ft e of Locust st, portions of two lots, each 25 ft front	150
Franklin st, e s, 26.10 ft n of Colyer st, 25.10x72.4	3,325
Frost st, s s, 200 ft w of Kingsland av, 50x100	500
Henry st, e s, 100.5 ft s of Cranberry st, 47.5x60x23x20x27.5x40	13,350
Pacific st, n s, 350 ft w of Pearsall st, 20x100	14,000
Pulaski st, s s, 275 ft e of Marcy av, 25x100	6,000
Warren st, s s, 291.8 ft e of Smith st, 16.8x100	3,600
4th st, w s, 80 ft n of North 6th st, 30x100	3,400
South 5th st, n s, 20 ft w of 6th st, 16x73.4, h and l	7,000
11th st, n s, 245 ft e of 2d av, 20x100	7,000
28th st, s s, 175 ft e of 3d av, 25x100	600
Myrtle av, n s, 60.2 ft e of Stockholm st, 25x25.2x21.3x25x35.7x35.7	700
Shepard av, w s, 250 ft s of Gay st, 25x100	200
Walton st, n s, 350 ft e of Marcy av, 25x100	4,075
10th av and 16th st, easily corner, 60x97.10	2,500
New Utrecht—New Utrecht woodlands, adjoining Stillwell's and De Russey, 2 acres	1,900

Westchester County.

CORTLANDT.	
Crumpond road, s s, adjoining G Williams, 70x100	200
MORRISANIA.	
Springfield st, n s, 345 ft w of Washington av, 25x100	800
Tinton av, s e s, 25 ft s w of Pontiac st, 50x105	400
MOUNT PLEASANT.	
Elm st, s s, adjoining Robert Havells, 140x250	8,000
NORTH CASTLE.	
Kensico to Armonck road, adjoining J Birdsall, 60 acres	10,000
PELHAM.	
East st, s s, adjoining J H Thaier, 100x100	1,000
WHITE PLAINS.	
Spring st, e s, adjoining D Dusenbury, 95x200	1,600
WEST FARMS.	
Clinton av, w s, lot 18, Mt Hope, 50x95	500
Marion av, e s, lot 129, B Berrian farm, 50x180	1,500
YONKERS.	
Chestnut and Linden sts, s w cor, 50x100	2,000
Gold st and Ravine av, n e cor, 25x100	400

Essex County, N. J.

NEWARK.	
Perry st, n s, 250 ft w of Willett st, 30.7x100x28	300
Littleton av, w s, 350 ft n of West Bank st, 15.3x200x75; Littleton av, e s, 350 ft n of West bank st, 50x100	12,000
Joralemon st, s s, 50 ft e of Ridge st, 25x100	250
WOODSIDE.	
J Havens to J Littell—100.1x180.1x324.8x231x371.5	24,500

Hudson County, N. J.

JERSEY CITY.	
Brunswick st, w s, 35 ft s of South First st, 12.6x50	2,600
Elm st, n s, R C Bacot's lot, 25x100	500
Waverley st, s s, sold to W Van Kensen, 75x100	2,800
North 4th st, n s, 175 ft e of Prospect st, 25x100	2,500

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WALL STREET, MONDAY, June 27—6 P. M.

The week opened on a very dull state of affairs in Wall street. As the forenoon progressed a dread of another hot day drove many of the Long Room frequenters out of the street, while the brokers put in a very slim appearance. As a consequence, very little was doing, and prices declined.

THE WASHINGTON REPORTS

were again confused and contradictory, except upon the point that the Funding bill will be the special order to-morrow. From the fact that the measure which is coming up for consideration is that of Mr. Schenck, proposing a thirty year bond at four per cent, less attention was paid the announcement than usual. While it is generally conceded that Congress will reach no conclusion on either of the financial bills now pending for its action, we trust the public will be agreeably disappointed. The Congress of 1869-70 can distinguish itself and make a good record with the people by legislating a Funding bill which shall provide for the issue of forty year consols (to be so called), bearing 3.65 per cent interest. With the present rate for money in the street—only three to four per cent on prime collaterals—it is not difficult to see that such securities would invite the investment of funds held by trust companies and by estates, where a reliable investment is more desirable than a high rate of interest. It is proverbially true that as the civilization of a country progresses its interest rate decreases. When New York shall have become, as it will within the next twenty-five years, the moneyed centre of the world, money on call will be worth only two per cent, as it is now frequently in London when that present mistress of the financial world is entrusted with the unemployed capital of her citizens. The men in Congress who remember this fact will prove their statesmanship by enacting a measure which is for the future as well as for the present. As to the Currency bill, two sets of telegrams bewildered the street. One asserted positively that the conference committee had done nothing: the other that they had agreed upon a bill providing for the issue of $45,000,000 banking currency, the withdrawal of the three per cents, the redistribution of $25,000,000 of the present banking capital, and a system of free banking on a gold reserve. As to the latter feature, it would be impracticable until the country returned to specie payments. In fact, the proposition clothes a very suspicious plan, by which the banks operating under it could issue their notes for gold, sell the gold, and keep up the process until they forced the gold premium to nothing, when they would be the clear gainers of the original gold premium. However, the idea is too visionary to challenge the serious attention of Congress for a moment. The only reserve necessary is the "great American greenback," which is a popular currency and sufficient for all the uses of business until resumption naturally arrives.

GOLD UNSETTLED.

The gold market is still in the throes of excitement succeeding the events of last week. The firmer feeling in exchange ran the price up to 111½, from which there was a reaction to 110⅞ under a fresh pressure of sales in anticipation of the July interest, which begins to come on the market to-morrow. The sentiment in the Gold Room is greatly divided at the present time, and as the facility for speculation is readily afforded by the small premium the "bears" meet with great difficulty in forcing the market down. The nearer gold goes to par the greater this temptation to buy and hold for an accidental advance. The dying agonies of the gold premium will be prolonged, for the simple reason that the opportunity afforded to buy $10,000 in gold with $500 or $1,000 in currency will set every gambler in Wall street to speculating for a rise. In gold an operator may, to use the parlance of the street, "limit his losses." Let him be assured of this in any speculation and he will plunge in without hesitation. The course of the market is shown in the table:—

10 A. M.	111½	2 P. M.	111
11 A. M.	111⅝	2:15 P. M.	110⅞
11:24 A. M.	111⅜	3 P. M.	111⅛
12 M.	111⅛	4 P. M.	111⅛
12:30 P. M.	111⅛	5:30 P. M.	111⅛
1 P. M.	111⅛		

In the gold loan market the rate ranged from "flat" to two per cent and 1-64 for borrowing. The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank were as follows:—

Gold cleared	$39,621,000
Gold balances	1,254,722
Currency balances	1,415,208

STOCKS DULL AND DECLINED.

The dulness of the street enabled the "bears" to raid the market, and prices on light dealings fell one to two per cent. The public will remember that we told them last week there was no money in buying stocks. The Currency bill, the Funding bill and the railroad freight and fare war were generally quoted as the causes for a decline. Panama Railroad, which is not really in the active list, was a feature, however, as it fell from 130 on Saturday, ex-dividend, to 120 to-day, the result of the decreased dividend. Pacific Mail was weak in answer to the reduced business of the Panama route, and declined to 41. In the active list the feature was Ohio and Mississippi, which fell from 37½ to 35⅝. The following were the cloisng prices at the last session of the Stock Exchange:—Canton, 69; Consolidated Coal, 30; Western Union, 34⅞ bid; Quicksilver, 7⅞ a 9; Mariposa, 7 a 8; do. preferred, 15½; Atlantic Mail, 30½ a 30¾; Pacific Mail, 41⅞ a 41½; Boston Water Power, 18; Adams Express, 66⅞ a 67; Wells-Fargo Express, 16 a 16⅞; do. scrip, 2⅞ a 3; American Express, 43½ a 44; United States Express, 45⅞ a 46; New York Central consolidated, 97⅞ a 98⅛; do. scrip, 93⅛ a 93⅞; Harlem, 138 a 138½; Erie, 22⅞ a 23⅛; Reading, 106⅞ a 105⅞; Michigan Central, 119⅞ a 121; Lake Shore, 98⅞ a 98⅝; Illinois Central, 139 a 139⅞; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 109⅞ a 109½; Chicago and Northwestern, 82⅞ a 83; do. preferred, 88 a 88⅞; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 80 a 82½; Rock Island, 116 a 116⅛; Milwaukee and St. Paul, 65⅞ a 65⅞; do. preferred, 80⅞ a 80⅞; Toledo and Wabash, 56⅞ a 56½; do. preferred, 77; Fort Wayne, 95 bid; Ohio and Mississippi, 36⅞ a 36⅛; Delaware and Lackawanna, 104 a 105⅛; New Jersey Central, 109⅛ a 109⅞; Chicago and Alton, 117⅞; do. preferred, 118; Morris and Essex, 87⅞ a 88⅞; Hannibal and St. Joseph, 117⅞ a 118; do. preferred, 119⅞ a 121; Iron Mountain, 48⅞ a 51; Boston, Hartford and Erie, 3⅞ a 4½; Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central, 19½ a 19⅞.

THE HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES.

The following shows the highest and lowest prices to-day:—

	Highest.	Lowest.
New York Cen. & Hud. consolidated	98⅛	97
New York Central & Hudson scrip	93½	92⅞
Harlem	139½	138
Reading	107¼	106⅝
Lake Shore	99	98
Wabash	57	55⅞
Northwestern	83	82½
Northwestern preferred	88⅝	87⅞
Rock Island	116⅞	116
Milwaukee and St. Paul	66	65
Milwaukee and St. Paul preferred	80⅞	80⅛
Ohio and Mississippi	37½	35⅝
New Jersey Central	109⅝	109
Western Union Telegraph	35⅝	34½
Pacific Mail	42½	41

GOVERNMENTS STEADY.

The government list was steady, the fluctuations being small as compared with those in gold. The following were the final street prices:—United States currency sixes, 113⅞ a 114; do. sixes, 1881, registered, 114⅞ a 114⅞; do. do., coupon, 117½ a 117⅞; do. five-twenties, registered, May and November, 110⅛ a 110⅞; do. do., 1862, coupon, do., 110⅞ a 111; do. do., 1864, do. do., 110⅞ a 110⅞; do. do., 1865, do. do., 110⅞ a 110⅞; do. do., 1865, coupon, January and July, 112⅞ a 113; do. do., 1867, do. do., 113 a 113⅛; do. do., 1868, do. do., 113 a 113⅞; do. ten-forties, registered, 107⅛ a 108; do. do., coupon, 107⅞ a 107⅞.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES DULL.

The Southern list was dull, but generally steady, except for the new Tennessees, which were lower, but not specially weak. The following were the prices at the last board:—Tennessee, ex coupon, 67 a 67⅛; do., new, 64⅞ a 64⅞; Virginia, ex coupon, 70; do. new, 68⅞ a 69⅞; Georgia sixes, 89 bid; do. sevens, 95 bid; North Carolina, ex coupon, 49 a 49⅞; do. new, 27⅞ a 28; do. special tax, 25 a 25⅛; South Carolina, ex coupon, 92; do. new, July, 82 a 82⅞; do. do., April, 81⅞; Missouri sixes, 94⅞ a 95; do. do. (St. Joseph), 94½ bid; Louisiana sixes, 77½ bid; do., levee sixes, 77 a 79; do. do. eights, 96; Arkansas sevens, 75⅞ a 76.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Foreign exchange was firm at 109¾ for prime bankers' sixty days' sterling and 110¾ for sight. The decline in gold, while stimulating purchases of bills, has checked produce exports and curtailed the supply of commercial bills.

Money was easy at three per cent on governments and four per cent on stocks.

THE SPECIE MOVEMENT.

The imports of specie at this port during the past week have been as follows:—

June 21—Steamer Merrimack, St. Thomas—Gold	$30,228
June 23—Steamer Columbia, Havana—Gold	200
June 23—Steamer City of Port au Prince, Port au Prince—Gold	1,224
Total for the week	$31,652
Previously reported	7,016,220
Total since Jan. 1, 1870	$7,047,872
Same time 1869	9,594,678
Same time 1868	3,951,234
Same time 1867	1,589,049

COMPARISON OF THE IMPORTS.

The following shows the foreign imports at New York during the past week and since the beginning of the year:—

	1868.	1869.	1870.
Dry goods	$1,123,989	$1,197,486	$1,089,790
General mdse	4,139,840	4,007,448	5,178,798
Tot. for the w'k.	$5,263,829	$5,204,934	$6,268,588
Prev. reported	115,482,108	152,319,585	141,626,675
Since Jan. 1	$120,745,937	$157,524,519	$147,895,263

THE SUB-TREASURY REPORT.

The following shows the results of to-day's business at the Sub-Treasury in this city:—

General balance yesterday	$90,301,734
Gold receipts	408,189
Gold payments	128,696
Gold balance	76,402,263
Currency receipts	642,521
Currency payments	235,169
Currency balance	13,127,243
General balance	91,061,330
Customs	335,000

SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Monday, June 27—10:15 A. M.

$21000 U S 6's, '81, r	114¾	100 shs Am M U Ex.ex d	43
10000 US 5-20, c, '62	111¾	5000 N Y C & H R c..b c	93¾
10000 US 5-20, c, '64...b3	111⅞	1500 do	94
16000 US 5-20, r, '65	110⅝	100 Reading RR	107¼
5000 US 5-20, c, '65	110⅝	200 do	107
25000 US 5-20, c, '65, n..c	113	10 Panama RR....ex d	122
35000 US 5-20, c, '67	113⅛	20 do	120
2500 US 5's, 10-40, r	107⅜	100 L S & M S RR....b c	98⅜
5000 US 5-20, c	113½	100 Clev & Pitts RR	109⅝
4000 Tenn 6's, ex c	67	200 do	109⅛
5000 Tenn 6's, n	65¾	100 Chic & N W RR...s10	83
10000 do....b3	65⅞	200 Chic & N W pref	88⅝
8000 Missouri 6's	94⅛	50 do	88¾
2000 N Y 7's, b l. reg..c	102⅛	200 N J Central RR	109⅝
1000 B'klyn 6's, w l	95	100 Chic & R I RR	116⅛
3000 N Car 6's, old bds	49½	550 Mil & St Paul RR	65⅜
3000 Erie 4th mtg	85¾	500 Tol, Wab & W RR	57
1000 Cen Pac RR g bds	93⅝	26 P, Ft W & C RR gtd	95¼
2000 Clev & P 3d m	95	56 do	96
8000 Col, C & I C 1st m	81½	5 C, C, Cin & In RR	82
12000 N Y & N H 6's, bds	97	300 Ohio & Miss RR	37½
1000 North Mo 1st m b	90	50 Morris & Es RR	89⅛
8000 Ohio & Miss con b	92	100 do	89⅛
25 shs Del & Hud C Co	124⅞	100 do	89
100 Maryland C Co..b c	31	100 H & St Jo RR pf	120
200 Pac M SS Co....b c	42½	100 do	120¼
100 West U Tel....b c	35		

12 o'Clock M. and 2:15 P. M.

$10000 US 6's, '81, c	117⅜	$2500 US 5-20, c, '65....c	110⅝
5000 US 5-20, c, '62	110⅞	6000 U S 5-20, c, '67....c	113
10000 do	111	500 do....s.c	112⅞
10000 US 5-20, c, '64	110¾	25000 do	112⅞
16500 US 5-20, c, '65, n	112⅞	18000 US 5's, 10-40, c	107⅞
20000 do	115	10000 do	107⅞
500 do....s.c	112⅝		

One o'Clock P. M.

$5000 Tenn 6's, ex c	67	200 shs Harlem RR	138
20000 Tenn 6's, n	64½	200 Reading RR	106⅝
5000 do	64½	200 do	106⅝
2000 O & Miss con b	92	200 L S & M S RR	98⅜
12000 C, C & Ind C 1st	84½	1000 do....b c	98½
500 shs West U Tel...b3	35	100 C & N W RR....b c	82⅞
200 Mariposa pref	15½	100 N J Central RR	109⅝
400 Pacific Mail SS Co	41½	200 Chi & N W RR pf	87⅞
200 do	41⅝	200 do	88
50 do	41⅝	200 do....b30	88
100 Atlantic M SS Co	31	400 do	87⅞
100 do	30¾	100 do	87⅞
100 U States Ex	45¾	100 C & R I RR	116⅛
50 Am M U Ex	43½	100 do	116½
100 Adams Ex....bt cl	66⅝	400 Mil & St P RR	65⅞
200 N Y Cen & H R..b c	97⅞	100 Mil & St Paul pf	80⅝
30 do	98	400 Tol, W & W RR	56½
300 do	97⅞	1 sh Mor & Es RR	89⅝
200 do	97⅝	400 H & St Jo RR	118
20000 N Y C & H R c.b c	93	100 H & St Jos pref	120
10 Erie RR	23	100 Col, C & I C RR	19½

STREET QUOTATIONS.

Half-past Five o'Clock P. M.

West Un Tel	34⅝ a 34¾	Rock Island	116⅛ a 116¼
Pacific Mail	41 a 41⅛	St Paul	65⅞ a 65¾
N Y Central con	97 a 97⅛	St Paul pf	80⅛ a 80⅜
N Y Cen scrip	92½ a 93	Wabash	55⅞ a 56
Reading	106⅛ a 106⅜	Ohio & Miss	35½ a 35⅝
Lake Shore	98 a 98¼	Bost,Hart&Erie	4 a 4¼
Northwestern	82½ a 82⅝	C, C & I Cent	19¼ a 20
N Western pref	87½ a 87⅝		

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

MONDAY, June 27—6 P. M.

COFFEE.—The market for Rio was quiet, the demand being light, and we heard of no sales of consequence. Prices, however, were steady at our last quotations. Other kinds were still neglected, but held with firmness at former prices. We quote:—Rio—Ordinary cargoes, 14½c. a 15c.; fair do., 15½c. a 15¾c.; good do., 16¼c. a 16½c.; prime do., 17c. a 17½c.; extremes for lots, 14¼c. a 18c.; Java, 20c. a 22c.; Singapore, 19c. a 19c.; Ceylon, 17½c. a 19c.; Maracaibo, 16½c. a 19c.; Laguayra, 16½c. a 18½c.; Jamaica, 15c. a 16½c.; Costa Rica, 18c. a 20c.; Manila, 16c. a 17c.; Mexican, 15c. a 18c., and Savanilla, 15½c. a 18c., all gold, duty paid.

COTTON.—The market for this staple was more active, there being an improved demand from all classes of buyers, and prices were quite steady at Saturday's quotations. The offerings were fair. There were sales of 1,321 bales, including 825 for export, 246 for spinning, 20 on speculation and 80 in transit. There was a fair business transacted in future deliveries, but at rather easier prices, the offerings being fair. The sales were as follows:—200 bales, basis low middling, for June, at 19⅞c. a 19⅞c.; 1,000 do. for July, at 19⅝c. a 19⅞c.; 100 do., for August, at 19c.; 200 do., for November, at 18⅞c.; 100 do., for December, at 18c., and (late Saturday) 200 bales, June, at 19⅞c.; 300 do., for July, at 19⅞c.; 100 do., for August, at 19⅛c.; 50 do., for October, at 18⅞c., and 50 do., for November, at 18⅞c. We append the closing quotations:—

	Uplands and Florida.	Mobile and Memphis.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	16⅛	16⅛	16⅜	16⅜
Good ordinary	18⅛	18⅛	18⅜	18⅜
Low middling	19½	20	20⅛	20⅜
Middling	20½	21	21⅛	21⅛
Good middling	22¼	22½	22⅜	23

FREIGHTS.—The market was quiet, the offering still being light, and rates were lower, especially for grain, which was taken in the Liverpool steamers as low as 4d. a 4½d. The chartering business was quiet, though there was a fair demand for petroleum vessels, which commanded former rates. The engagements were:—To Liverpool, per steamer, 15,000 bushels wheat at 4d. a 4½d., and 10,000 bales cotton at ⅝d.; all bales sea island, do., at ⅝d., and 150 hhds. tobacco at 20s. To Havre, 2,000 bushels wheat at 8⅝c., and 600 bbls. flour at 65c. To Glasgow, per steamer, 15,000 bushels wheat at 5d. The charters were:—A bark to a port in the Prussian Baltic with 2,100 bbls. petroleum at or about 5s. 6d.; a bark from Montreal to the River Plate, with lumber, at $20; a new ship from Philadelphia to the Continent, with 5,000 bbls. petroleum, at 5s.; a bark to Rotterdam, with 4,000 bbls. do. at 4s. 9d.; a bark with 3,000 bbls. do., to Dantzic or Pallan; a bark to Rotterdam, with 4,000 bbls. petroleum, at 4s. 7½d., with the privilege of 1,000 bbls. naphtha at 4s. 9d.; a bark to Belle Isle for orders, with 14,000 bushels wheat in shipper's bags, at 10d.; a brig to Guadaloupe and back from San Blas, fruit, &c.; a bark from the Baltic to New York, and a bark, about 410 tons, from the Mediterranean to New York, on private terms.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Receipts, 21,412 bbls. flour, 200 bags corn meal, 189,321 bushels wheat, 65,355 do. corn, 26,951 do. oats. The flour market was barely steady under a moderate inquiry. Prices were nominally unchanged. The sales were about 8,000 bbls. Southern flour was slow of sale, but unchanged in value. Sales 500 bbls. Rye flour was quiet, but steady. Sales 150 bbls. Corn meal was dull and prices were entirely nominal. We quote:—

No. 2 State	$4 75 a $5 10
Superfine State	5 30 a 5 60
Extra State	5 75 a 6 00
Choice do.	6 15 a 6 50
Superfine Western	5 25 a 5 60
Extra do.	5 65 a 5 90
Minnesota	6 50 a 7 00
Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands	6 00 a 6 10
Round hoop Ohio, trade brands	6 10 a 7 00
Family	7 00 a 7 25
St. Louis low extra	5 75 a 6 00
St. Louis straight extra	6 00 a 6 50
St. Louis choice double extra	7 00 a 7 50
St. Louis choice family	7 50 a 9 50
Southern choice and family	6 50 a 10 25
Southern superfine	5 50 a 6 00
Rye flour	4 90 a 5 50
Corn meal, city	5 00 a —
Corn meal, Jersey	5 25 a —
Corn meal, Brandywine	5 75 a —

—Wheat was fairly active, mainly for prime to fill freight engagements, and No. 2 Milwaukee was pretty firm, closing at $1 32, while common sorts were dull, heavy and lower. The sales were about 180,000 bushels, at $1 15 a $1 16 for No. 3 spring, $1 23 a $1 24 for poor No. 2 Chicago; $1 25 for prime do., in store; $1 28 for "Racine;" $1 29 for soft No. 2 Milwaukee; $1 32 for prime do.; $1 37 for No. 1; $1 40 a $1 45 for amber winter, in store; $1 42 a $1 43 for small lots, delivered; $1 30 for Southern Illinois winter. Corn was more steady, but sold at a wide range, owing to the great difference in quality. The sales were about 80,000 bushels at 88c. a $1 05, but mainly at 93c. a $1 for full loads for new mixed Western and $1 05 a $1 10 for yellow. Oats were dull and lower. The sales were 70,000 bushels at 67c. a 69c. for Ohio and State and 69c. a 61c. for Western, closing at the inside price. Rye, barley and barley malt continued to rule dull and nominal. The stock of grain in the New York and Brooklyn Warehouses June 25, 1870, was as follows:—886,604 bushels wheat, 346,153 bushels corn, 568,485 bushels oats, 35,682 bushels barley, 29,815 bushels rye, 114,923 bushels malt, 13,299 bushels peas.

GUNNIES were dull and prices were nominal at 2½c. a 23c. for bags and 30½c. a 31c. for cloth.

HEMP was inactive and prices were nominal at the quotations in our last report. No sales.

HAY.—Only a moderate demand prevailed, but prices were steady at 75c. a 80c. for shipping, $1 a $1 15 for retail lots, $1 a $1 10 for long rye straw, and 90c. for short do.

HOPS.—The market was still dull, the demand being confined to small lots to supply immediate wants. Prices were firm, however, at 10c. a 20c. for common to choice grades.

MOLASSES.—The market was still dull, the business being confined to small lots at former prices. We quote:—

	New Crop.	Old Crop.
Cuba—Centrifugal and mixed	28c. a 35c.	22c. a 24c.
Clayed	37c. a 39c.	24c. a 25c.
Muscovado, refining	37c. a 42c.	25c. a 30c.
Muscovado, grocery	40c. a 45c.	— a —
Porto Rico	40c. a 70c.	— a —
English Islands	30c. a 50c.	— a —
New Orleans	70c. a 95c.	— a —

NAVAL STORES.—There was but little demand for spirits turpentine and that was almost entirely for small lots, and as holders were generally anxious to realize the market was heavy and lower, closing at 37c. for merchantable lots in yard. There were sold 100 bbls. at 37½c. a 38c., the latter price for a small lot in store. Crude turpentine was dull and nominal at $3 50. Rosin was dull, there being scarcely any demand, and prices were heavy, though not quotably lower. Strained was quoted at $2 a $2 05. The sales were 2,000 bbls. strained on private terms; also about 450 bbls. in lots, within the range of $2 10 a $2 50 for No. 2; $2 70 a $4 for No. 1; $4 25 a $5 for pale, and $5 25 a $8 for extra do. and window glass. Tar was dull and nominal.

OILS.—Linseed was quiet, but steady. Crushers' prices were 96c. a 97c. for casks. Other kinds were dull, but held for full figures.

PROVISIONS.—Receipts, 311 bbls. pork, 75 do. beef, 35 do. cut meats, and 150 do. lard. The market for pork was dull, there being but little demand, and prices were heavy though not quotably lower. New mess closed at $30, at which price 250 bbls. were disposed of. For future delivery 200 bbls. mess were sold for August, on private terms. City mess was quoted at $28 75 a $29, and Western prime mess at $26. Live hogs were quiet, and with free arrivals prices were heavy, ranging at from 8⅞c. a 9⅞c. The arrivals were 6,002 head. Dressed hogs were in fair request but at lower prices, the market closing at 11c. a 11½c. Beef was slow of sale but steady in value. Small sales were made within the range of $12 a $15 for plain mess and $16 a $18 for extra do. Of tierce beef we heard of no sales; prime mess was quoted at $26 50 a $28. Beef hams were dull at former figures and no sales were reported. Bacon was inactive, and prices were entirely nominal. Long clear was generally quoted at 15c. for icehouse. The market for cut meats was quiet, but prices were very firm, owing to the small supply. There were sold 50 tierces city pickled hams at 20c. and small lots smoked shoulders at 15½c. a 15⅝c. We quote:—Dry salted and pickled shoulders, 12⅞c. a 13c.; Western and city pickled hams, 16⅞c. a 20c.; smoked and bagged do., 21c. a 23c. The market for lard was quiet and prices were heavy, closing at 15⅞c. a 16c. for prime Western steam. There were sold 150 packages city at 14⅞c. a 14⅞c. for common to kettle.

PETROLEUM.—The market for crude was very dull, there being scarcely any demand, and we heard of no sales of moment. Prices were unchanged, however, closing at about 14c. in bulk and 18⅞c. in bbls. Naphtha was dull at 9c. a 9⅛c.; no sales were reported. The business in refined oil was very light, there being but little demand; but the market was stronger, especially for oil for this month's delivery, which was held at 26½c. For July delivery 26⅛c. a 26⅜c. were the closing quotations. The sales were 2,000 bbls. for July at 26⅛c. and (reported) 2,000 do. for August at 27c. Jobbing lots were slow of sale, the demand being light. Prices were steady at 28c. a 29c., the latter price for prime white. In Philadelphia the market was quiet at about former prices. Sales, 2,000 bbls. for July at 26⅝c.

RICE.—Carolina was quiet, but steady and firm, owing to the small supply. Small sales were made at 8⅝c. a 9c. for common to prime.

STEARINE.—The demand was active and prices were higher. Sales 125 tierces prime, part to arrive, at 17⅝c. a 17⅞c., and 100 tierces grease on private terms.

SEEDS.—The demand for Calcutta was light, and no sales were reported. Prices were nominal at $2 25 a $2 25½, gold, duty paid. Grass were inactive and nominal at former quotations.

SUGAR.—The business in raw was only moderate, but prices were steady at our last quotations. The demand was almost entirely from refiners. The sales were 900 hhds., part at 9⅞c. a 10c. for Cuba and Porto Rico; also 611 boxes, part at 10⅛c. Refined was slow of sale, and prices were heavy, closing at 13⅞c. a 13⅞c. for hard, 12⅞c. a 12⅞c. for soft white, 12c. a 12½c. for extra C, and 11c. a 11⅞c. for yellow. We quote:—Cuba—Inferior to common refining, 8⅞c. a 9c.; fair refining, 9⅞c.; good refining, 9⅞c.; fair to good grocery, 9⅞c. a 10c.; prime to choice grocery, 10c. a 10⅞c.; molasses, hhds. and boxes, 8⅞c. a 9⅞c.; melado, 5⅞c. a 8⅞c. Havana—Boxes, Dutch standard, Nos. 7 to 9, 8⅞c. a 9⅞c.; do., 10 to 12, 9⅞c. a 10⅞c.; do., 13 to 15, 10⅞c. a 11c.; do., 16 to 18, 11⅞c. a 11⅞c.; do., 19 to 20, 12⅞c. a 12⅞c.; do. white, 12⅞c. a 12⅞c. Porto Rico—Refining grades, 8⅞c. a 9⅞c.; do. grocery grades, 9⅞c. a 11⅞c.

TALLOW was quiet. The sales were 50,000 pounds at 9⅞c. a 9⅞c.

WHISKEY.—Receipts, 671 bbls. The demand was fair, and prices were higher. The sales were 400 bbls. at $1 01 a $1 03, tax paid.

COTTON MARKETS.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 27, 1870.

Cotton quiet; middling, 18⅞c.; sales 150 bales; receipts, 297 bales; exports, constwise, 857 bales; stock, 15,030 bales.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 27, 1870.

Cotton flat; middling, 19c.; sales 50 bales; receipts, 261 bales; exports, coastwise, 470 bales; stock, 5,459 bales.

NORFOLK, Va., June 27, 1870.

Cotton dull; low middling, 18⅞c.; receipts, 241 bales; exports, coastwise, 234 bales; stock, 1,746 bales.

GALVESTON, Texas, June 27, 1870.

Cotton steady and in fair demand; good ordinary, 16⅞c.; sales 500 bales; receipts, 109 bales; stock, 17,264 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, June 27, 1870.

Cotton quiet and steady. Middling, 19c. a 19⅞c. Sales, 1,500 bales; net receipts, 1,304 bales; coastwise, 50 bales; total, 1,554 bales. Exports—To Great Britain, 4,680 bales; to Havre, 1,168 bales; to New York, 2,053 bales. Stock, 75,491 bales.

MOBILE, June 27, 1870.

Cotton quiet and steady. Low middling, 18c. Sales, 400 bales. Receipts, 461 bales. Stock, 25,546 bales.

IRISH IMMIGRATION TO THE WEST.

Meeting of the Irish Emigrant Aid Society in Chicago—Speeches by Dillon O'Brien and James W. Sheahan—The "Irish Rotting in New York."

[From the Chicago Post, June 24.]

A meeting of the Irish Emigrant Aid Society was held last evening, in the rooms of the Union Catholic Library Association. The chair was occupied by Charles McDonnell, who called upon Mr. Dillon O'Brien to address the meeting.

Mr. O'BRIEN said that in common with those interested in their movement, he felt sorry that no immediate action had followed the Convention held at St. Louis. It was feared that this long inaction might deter others from doing anything to further the movement. His visit to the East was to explain to his countrymen there the cause of the delay, and keep the public interest alive in the question. The editor of a paper in New York had said to him, "The Irish are rotting here." In the physical world stagnation meant corruption, and applied to immigration it meant the same thing. Any plan that would bring immigrants out upon the land and away from overcrowded tenement houses would do more good than all the reformatory and benevolent institutions of New York. The St. Louis plan in aid of immigration from Ireland was not deemed practical at the East. Then the organization of a joint stock company for the purchase of lands was favored, said company to distribute them at reasonable prices to Irish immigrants, reserving to themselves certain sections for town lots, which they could sell to investors at the full market price. The most cheering fact he had learned during his visit to the Eastern cities was that the Irish population of New York was now interested in the movement and were applying to the society there for information about the Western States. Boston and Philadelphia were to have such organizations and Chicago should have one. The speaker detailed the plan for the proposed organization and spoke of its entire feasibility.

Mr. JAMES W. SHEAHAN said the St. Louis Convention decided not to go into the land business, because of the jealousy of the Irish people, who would think they were speculating for their own benefit. They wished simply to assist immigrants the moment they landed on our shores with money to help them West, but they did not want to go into the land business. He was surprised that in New York, where there were rich Irishmen, they would not lift the rotting poverty out of the dust at their feet without being paid for it. An Irishman leaving his native land knew nothing of the geography of America. The German, on the contrary, had in his hands before he left home a ticket for the very quarter section he intended to buy. If New Yorkers would not give a dollar to help the poor Irishmen out from their midst let them suffer in their degradation and the West would do the best it could without them.

Mr. O'BRIEN stated that he knew Mr. Sheahan would do nothing to injure the Irish immigrants, but he would remind him that all these agencies for aiding Scandinavian immigrants were on a business basis. The failure of the philanthropic plan was shown by the fact that not twenty men were present at this meeting to discuss the subject.

The meeting then adjourned until Sunday afternoon.

THE BLUE BOW.—Sunday evening as the sun went down behind a beautiful gold-fringed cloud there appeared a most extraordinary blue bow stretching from west to east. The scene was an unusual one, and so lovely withal that all eyes were turned skyward. The "mammies" say "it's de sign ob war."—*Union Springs (Ga.) Times, June 20.*

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Married.

HILLSBURG—GATES.—On Monday, June 27, at the St. Cloud Hotel, by the Rev. Dr. Howard Crosby, Mr. CHARLES HILLSBURG, of this city, to Miss CATHARINE L., youngest daughter of John Gates, Esq., of Niagara, C. W.

VAN ARSDALE—CORNELL.—On Thursday, June 23, at the Fifth avenue Baptist church, by the Rev. Thomas Armitage, D. D., THEODORE C. VAN ARSDALE to LOUISA B., youngest daughter of John N. Cornell, all of this city.

Died.

ANDERSON.—On Monday, June 27, at the residence of her father, C. R. Wortendyke, at Hackensack, N. J., RACHEL ANN, wife of James Anderson.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock. Carriages will be at Anderson street, Hackensack, on arrival of twelve o'clock M. train from New York by Erie Railway from Chambers street ferry.

ANNAN.—On Sunday, June 26, the Rev. J. E. ANNAN, late pastor of the Fortieth street Presbyterian church.

Funeral services will be held this (Tuesday) afternoon at three o'clock, at the Murray Hill Presbyterian church, Fortieth street, near Lexington avenue. The remains will be taken to Cincinnati for interment. Relatives and friends of the family, with the congregation of the Murray Hill church, are respectfully invited to be present.

Cincinnati papers please copy.

BACHE.—On Sunday, June 26, GEORGE A. BACHE, son of George P. and Eliza Bache, in the 32d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, at half-past four o'clock, from Trinity church.

CHERRY.—On Sunday morning, June 26, after a long and painful illness, EMILY, the widow of Isaac S. Cherry, in the 54th year of her age.

Her relatives and friends and those of her son, John, and sons-in-law, Edward L. Murphy and Joseph Hudson, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 56 Eldridge street, and from thence to the Cemetery of the Evergreens, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

CLARKE.—In Jersey City, on Sunday, June 26, JAMES DOREN, only child of John F. and Isabella Clarke, aged 9 months and 4 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 332 South Second street, Jersey City, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

CUTTING.—On Sunday, June 26, FRANCIS BROCKHOLST CUTTING, in the 66th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at Grace church, corner Broadway and Tenth street, on Wednesday morning, at ten o'clock, without further notice.

DAILY.—At Sing Sing, N. Y., at the residence of his father, on Sunday, June 26, JOHN DAILY, in the 31st year of his age.

The funeral will take place this (Tuesday) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock. The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

DONOVAN.—On Sunday, June 26, IMOGENE, the beloved daughter of Christopher and Imogene Donovan, aged 10 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 426 East Sixteenth street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from thence to Calvary Cemetery.

DOSCHER.—On Sunday, June 26, JOHANN GEORG DOSCHER, a native of Bramstedt, Amt Hagen, province Hannover, aged 25 years and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his brother, Henry Doscher, 592 Grand street, corner Mangin, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

FALLON.—At her residence, No. 485 Greenwich street, on Sunday, June 26, Mrs. JANE FALLON, wife of Hugh Fallon, aged 62 years.

Funeral leaves the house this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, for Calvary Cemetery.

San Francisco, Dublin and China papers copy.

FIELD.—On Monday, June 27, ALICE M. MONTEITH, wife of Richard Field and eldest daughter of Michael Monteith, of Frankford, Kings county, Ireland.

Her remains will be taken from her late residence, 23 City Hall place, on Wednesday morning, to St. Andrew's Roman Catholic church, corner City Hall place and Duane street, where a requiem mass will offered up for the repose of her soul, at ten o'clock; thence to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

FRANSWAY.—On Monday, June 27, GEORGE ANTHONY FRANSWAY, in the 62d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday morning, at ten o'clock, from his late residence, 82 Charlton street.

FITZSIMMONS.—At her residence, 250 Elizabeth street, on Monday, June 27, after a short illness, Mrs. ANNIE FITZSIMMONS, wife of Terence Fitzsimmons.

For funeral notice see to-morrow's HERALD.

HARRINGTON.—On Monday, June 27, after a long and painful illness, MICHAEL HARRINGTON, in the 73d year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 361 East Eighth street, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

HAMILTON.—Of diphtheria, at Washington Heights, on Sunday, June 26, HELEN LOUISE, youngest child of Johnson and Sarah A. Hamilton, aged 7 years and 11 days.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, this (Tuesday) morning, at ten o'clock.

SCOFIELD.—Suddenly, on Sunday, June 26, at Cairo, Ill., WILLIAM H. SCOFIELD, Jr., formerly of Walden, Orange county, N. Y.

HARES.—In Harlem, on Monday morning, June 27, of congestion of the lungs, JASPER, infant son of Thomas A. and Mary F. Hares, aged 1 month and 2 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, at the residence of his parents, 512 East 118th street.

HINCK.—On Sunday, June 26, EMMA, daughter of Henry and Anna Hinck.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from No. 102 Second avenue, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

HOUGHTALING.—On Monday, June 27, at her residence, 323 West Thirty-sixth street, of puerperal convulsions, FRANK R., wife of Stephen D. Houghtaling, in the 22d year of her age.

The remains will be taken to Carthage Landing, Dutchess county, N. Y., where the funeral will take place Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

KING.—On Monday morning, June 27, HENRY KING, in the 69th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 251 West Thirty-fourth street, on Tuesday afternoon, at half-past twelve o'clock.

LUIGI.—On Sunday, June 26, TERRAGNI LUIGI.

The members of the Italian Society "Di Unione e Fratellanza" are invited to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at three o'clock, from his late residence, No. 17 Baxter street.

F. RAMACCIOTTI, Segretario.

LYND.—On Saturday, June 25, HONORIA, widow of John Lynd, in the 70th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her sons, James, John and Robert, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, 302 West Fifty-third street.

MULLEN.—On Sunday, June 26, ISABELLA MULLEN, daughter of Elizabeth and Edward Mullen, aged 10 years, 4 months and 3 days.

The funeral will take place from the parents' residence, No. 64 Hamilton avenue, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

Dearest parents, do not weep;
Sisters and brothers, I am not dead, but have a sleep.
As I am now you all will be;
Prepare for death and follow me.
By night and by day, both near and far,
I was guided by those heavenly stars.

MCCHESNEY.—In Brooklyn, L. I., on Monday, June 27, DEWITT MILLER, eldest son of Robert D. and Elma Y. McChesney, aged 19 years, 3 months and 18 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from St. Luke's church, Clinton avenue, near Fulton, on Wednesday afternoon, at four o'clock.

MCCLURE.—At Saratoga, on Sunday, June 26, WILLIAM M. MCCLURE, a native of Galloway, Scotland, but for many years a resident of New Orleans.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral service, which will be held on Tuesday afternoon, at five o'clock, in Grace chapel, Fourteenth street, opposite Irving place. The remains will be taken South for interment.

Scotch papers please copy.

MCGRANE.—On Monday, June 27, JOHN MCGRANE, contractor, aged 58 years, a native of Mayne, parish of Haggard's Crop, county Louth, Ireland.

The relatives and friends of the family, also his late associates of the Tammany Hall General Committee, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 411 West Thirty-eighth street, on Thursday morning, at half-past nine o'clock. From thence the remains will be taken to the Church of the Holy Cross, Forty-second street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, where a solemn requiem high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. The remains will be taken to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

NASH.—After a severe illness, MICHAEL NASH, aged 60 years.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 618 East Fifth street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

O'CONNOR.—On Sunday, June 26, at her late residence, 333 East Fifty-ninth street, ANNE O'CONNOR, wife of Cornelius O'Connor, in the 56th year of her age.

Funeral will take place this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

PARKER.—On Monday, June 27, after a long illness, GEORGE PARKER, aged 29 years and 2 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from 53 Monroe street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at one o'clock. Members of Greenock Lodge, No. 175, F. and A. M.; o Greenock Lodge, Scotland; the brethren of Perseverance Lodge, F. and A. M., No. 652, also the brethren in general, are invited.

Scotch papers please copy.

SMITH.—On Monday morning, June 27, after a short illness, THOMAS, the beloved child of John and Rose Smith, aged 2 years and 1 month.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock, from 31 Scammel street.

SMITH.—On Monday, June 27, JESSIE M., daughter of Thomas H. and Perellia Smith, aged 3 months and 27 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from 59 Broome street, on Wednesday morning, at half-past nine o'clock. The remains will be taken to Norwalk for interment.

SCOFIELD.—At Stamford, Conn., on Sunday, June 26, of apoplexy, OLIVER SCOFIELD, in the 62d year of his age.

Funeral service will be held at St. John's church, Stamford, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

STRUFF.—On Monday, June 27, WILLIAM F. STRUFF, Jr., aged 3 months and 13 days.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from 72 Hester street, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock.

TATE.—At Lyons Farms, N. J., on Sunday, June 26, after a protracted illness, Mrs. ELIZABETH B. TATE, in the 75th year of her age.

Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, on Wednesday afternoon, at half-past three o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at the Broad street station of the Newark and New York Railroad on the arrival of the two o'clock train from foot of Liberty street, New York.

UPTON.—At Hoboken, N. J., on Sunday, June 26, PHILIP UPTON, aged 47 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Columbia Lodge, No. 63, I. O. of O. F., and Hoboken Lodge, No. 35, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the First Baptist church, corner Third and Bloomfield streets, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock. His remains will be taken to Hoboken Cemetery for interment.

UPTON.—The members of Hoboken Lodge, No. 35, F. and A. M. are hereby summoned to meet at their lodge rooms, Nos. 80 and 82 Washington street, on Tuesday, June 28, at one P. M., to attend the funeral of late brother Upton. By order of

K. M. COOK, W. M.

VLIET.—On Sunday, June 26, AMOS H. VLIET, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

The relatives and friends of the family, also members of Company G, Fifty-first regiment New York Volunteers, and of Mechanic Hose No. 2, Brooklyn Volunteer Fire Department, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 65 Ryerson street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at three o'clock, without further notice.

WILKINS.—At Hoboken, N. J., on Monday, June 27, WILLIE, son of Albert and Mary Wilkins, aged 3 years and 25 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 284 Bloomfield street, Hoboken, on Wednesday morning, at nine o'clock.

ICE CREAM.

M. J. DIXON, 275 BLEECKER STREET, FURNISHES hotels, restaurants, confectioners, fairs and excursions with his celebrated Steam Ice Cream of all flavors at 40c. per quart.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS, GRAVEstones, Tiles, Table and Plumbers' Slabs. New show rooms, with finest assortment of Mantels. Prices reduced.
A. KLABER, 134 and 136 East Eighteenth street, N. Y.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS.—RICH AND ELEgant designs, from $9, $12, $15 up to $250. T. B. STEWART & CO., 605 Sixth avenue, between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth streets.

S. KLABER & CO., MARBLE WORKS, 223 WEST Fifty-first street, between Broadway and Eighth avenue.—Marble and Marbleized Mantels, Monuments, Headstones, of superior workmanship, cheapest in the city.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNE DEMOISELLE PARLANT FRANCAIS ALLEmand et Anglais, desire se placer comme gouvernante ou demoiselle de compagnie. S'adresser par lettre, MADEMOISELLE DUBOIS, Stapelton, Staten Island.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
Corner Twenty-third street and Eighth avenue.
JAMES FISK, Jr. .... Proprietor
JOHN F. COLE .... Manager
LAST NIGHTS
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LAST NIGHTS
LAST NIGHTS
of the finest Spectacle of the age, the
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
In consequence of the engagement of the celebrated
MADAME KATE LANNER'S
VIENNOISE BALLET TROUPE,
numbering 38 beautiful and accomplished artists, who, having created the wildest enthusiasm in every principal capital in Europe, will arrive in the United States in a few days, and make their first appearance in this theatre.
FAMILY MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY, AT 2.
FOURTH OF JULY—EXTRA GALA MATINEE.
Seats secured in advance at the Box Office; also at Schirmer's, 701 Broadway, and Erie Railway Ticket Office, corner Twenty-third street and Broadway.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
LAST WEEK OF THE SEASON.
THE HUGUENOT,
EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK,
with its fine cast and beautiful scenery.
MATINEE AT 1½ o'clock ON THE FOURTH OF JULY.
MONDAY EVENING, July 4,
LAST PERFORMANCE OF
THE HUGUENOT,
AND LAST NIGHT OF THE SEASON.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE,
Broadway, corner of Thirtieth street.
Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Performances daily at 2 and 8 P. M.
LITTLE LULU, the smallest woman alive, 23 inches high and weighs 12 lbs. MISS HANNAH DUKE, the largest woman alive; weighs 600 lbs. THE INFERNAL REGIONS. THE LAST SUPPER. The Bohemian Glass Blowers, THE DYING ZOUAVE, SLEEPING BEAUTY, ZOUAVE TRUMPETER, ACROBATIC LEOTARD. Over 1,000,000 strange and striking objects.
FOURTH WEEK of the famous MARTINETTI TROUPE. GREAT SUCCESS of the beautiful serio-comic pantomime of JOCKO. SECOND WEEK of the protean actress LITTLE NELL, in six characters, with Dances, Songs and Banjo and Drum Solos, in the laughable farce of POPSEY WOPSEY.
In preparation the grand Trick Pantomime THE GREEN MONSTER, as originally performed by the Ravels.

MRS. F. B. CONWAY'S PARK THEATRE, BROOKLYN.
TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 28,
ROSE AND HARRY WATKINS
in the romantic Irish drama,
TRODDEN DOWN.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS,
720 Broadway. Monday, June 27,
RETURN OF THE ONLY LEON.
EDWIN KELLY AND THE MAMMOTH COMPANY.
FOR SIX NIGHTS ONLY.
LEON IN EIGHT CHARACTERS—The Girl Par Excellence, Coliseum Parepa, Kitten Relations in Avenue B, Swiss Hornpipe, as the German Girl in Lischen and Fritzchen, Gilberte in Frow-Frow, and
HORSE FLY DON'T TICKLE ME.

THE WORLD RENOWNED
THE WORLD RENOWNED
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DR. KAHN'S MUSEUM
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POSITIVELY OPEN TO THE PUBLIC
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ON SATURDAY, JULY 2,
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ON SATURDAY, JULY 2,
FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY.
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ADMISSION, FIFTY CENTS.
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745 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE ASTOR PLACE.
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APOLLO HALL, CORNER TWENTY-EIGHTH STREET and Broadway.—For six days only, commencing to-night, at 8 P. M., and at 2 P.M. from Wednesday to Monday, 4th July, Robb's great diorama of
SCOTLAND,
its scenery and music. The following talented Scotch artists will appear:—Miss Jennie Watson, Queen of Scottish Song; Mr. F. Hardy, Mr. Paton, Mr. R. Scott.
Ticket to be had at Wm. A. Pond & Co.'s, 527 and 596 Broadway.

FRENCH WRESTLERS—CHAMPIONS OF THE world. MONS. D'ATALIE, the Man of Steel. ANGELA, the Female Samson.
SENSATION AND SENSATIONAL at Wood's Museum July 4.
Full particulars will be immediately announced.

618 MUSEUM OF ANATOMY 618
Broadway.
We are fearfully and wonderfully made.
The Beauties, Wonders and Monstrosities of the Human and Animal Creation to be seen at one visit.

FRENCH WRESTLERS—CHAMPIONS OF THE world, have arrived, and will appear at Wood's Museum July 4, Monday next.

TO THEATRICAL MANAGERS.
A large and constantly increasing stock of
WOOD CUTS,
from fresh and original designs, on hand at the
METROPOLITAN JOB PRINTING OFFICE,
97 Nassau street,
Old Herald Building.

THE LECTURE SEASON.

MODERATE DRINKING NOT CONSISTENT WITH Temperance.—Miss Lizzie Cheeseman, of Schenectady, will lecture on Temperance, at Association Hall, corner of Fourth avenue and Twenty-third street, this evening, at 8 o'clock. Tickets, 50 cents, to be had at Patterson's music store or at the door.

TEMPERANCE,
But Not Teetotalism.
Rev. CHARLES B. SMYTH
will lecture at Steinway Hall on Tuesday evening next, June 28, at 8½ o'clock, on the subject of
PRACTICAL TEMPERANCE
AS OPPOSED TO TOTAL ABSTINENCE.
The lecturer will introduce several examples of extreme temperance, intersperse his discourse with anecdotes and dilate upon the popular beverage of "Gin and Milk." Tickets 50 cents each, at the door on the evening of the lecture.

MUSICAL.

A FIRST CLASS ORGANIST WISHES A POSITION IN a church. Address G. G., box 751 Post office.

A FIVE OCTAVE TWO STOP REED ORGAN FOR sale—Price $100; contains swell, &c.; in complete order; nearly new. Apply at 390 Eighth avenue, between Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth streets.

A FIRST CLASS TENOR AND SIGHT READER DEsires an engagement in some Protestant church, Episcopal preferred; would sing as a supply if desired; best references. Address TENOR, Herald office.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

NOTICE.—THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF HANDsome Round Hats, suitable to all ages and of the most distingue styles; also the Nautical Yachting English Hat, only to be had at Mme. DE LACY'S, 882½ Broadway, near Nineteenth street. Selling off the remainder of her imported Bonnets at $10, worth $25.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAIR DYE.—COLUMBIAN BALM, SIMPLEST, MOST durable and elegant black or brown dye in the world; applied at any time. No preparations needed. 50c. bottle.
FORREST & CO., 1,271 Broadway.

FURNITURE.

AT GREAT SACRIFICE FOR CASH.—MAGNIFICENT Parlor Suit, richly carved, latest style, covered with satin brocatel, made to order, cost $450, for $175; one do., $160; two walnut striped rep Suits for $65; two plain rep Suits for $55; rosewood four round corner 7½ octave Pianoforte, cost $800, for $275; Chamber, Library, Dining Furniture for half cost. Private residence, 12 East Tenth street, one block west of Broadway, between University place and Fifth avenue.

A RARE CHANCE FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.—MAGNIficent Parlor Suit, covered brocatel, cost $450, for $169; one do., $50; Etageres, Bookcase; rosewood Pianoforte, cost $700, for $240; Velvet Carpets, Paintings, Silverware, marqueterie Cabinets; rosewood, walnut Furniture. Sacrifice; property family leaving city. 57 West Fifteenth street, near Sixth avenue.

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Housekeepers supplied with the above
on easy terms.
Payments weekly or monthly.
KELLY & CO.,
Corner Twenty-fifth street and Sixth avenue.

CARPETS, FURNITURE, OILCLOTH AND BEDDING at reduced prices; housekeepers supplied at DANIEL O'FARRELL'S, 200 Eighth avenue, late O'Farrell & Greene. Payment taken weekly or monthly.

FOR SALE—NICE NEW FURNITURE, SUITABLE for small family; sickness cause. Call at 452 Seventh avenue. Inquire for Mrs. PEMBLETT.

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GEO. W. READ & CO.,
Manufacturers and dealers in
Veneers and Fancy Wood,
Hungarian Ash,
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Amboine, Tuya and Tulip Wood,
Black Walnut and Ash Burls,
Mahogany, Rosewood, Birdseye and Curled Maple,
Mahogany, Walnut and Ash Crotches,
Satinwood, &c., &c.
Veneers cut to order and size.
All orders promptly executed.
170 and 172 Centre street.
Factory, { 291 Monroe street,
398 Madison street.

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5TH AVENUE THEATRE.

FOURTH WEEK OF

"FERNANDE!"

THE GREAT PARISIAN SENSATION.

5TH AVENUE THEATRE.
Sole Lessee and Manager.......Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY
Twenty-fourth street, near Broadway. Begins at 8
EVERY NIGHT until further notice the BRILLIANT PARISIAN COMEDY, in four acts and four tableaux, entitled
FERNANDE.
FERNANDE. Characters by Miss Agnes Ethel, Fanny Morant, Mrs. Gilbert, Fanny Davenport, Amy Ames, Emelie Kiehl, Roberta Norwood, Mr. George Clarke, D. H. Harkins, James Lewis, George Parkes, G. F. De Vere, &c. The Herald says:—"Judged by every histrionic standard FERNANDE must be called the most brilliant and thrilling play now on the American stage."
FOURTH "FERNANDE" MATINEE, Saturday next at one.
Thursday, June 30, BENEFIT OF Mrs. GILBERT.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Manager...........Mr. WM. B. FRELIGH.
ENTIRE CHANGE. NEW NOVELTIES.
Engagement with the charming vocalist and burlesque actress,
MISS MARION TAYLOR,
from the English Opera, London.
First nights of William Brough's burlesque of
PRINCE AMABEL;
Or, Turko the Terrible and the Fairy Roses.
NEW SCENERY, ORIGINAL MUSIC AND MOUNTINGS.
Miss MARIAN TAYLOR as PRINCE AMABEL.
First time of the new London Drama,
WEALTH AND POVERTY,
and the comic piece of the
PRINTER AND HATTER.
Friday evening—Benefit of Mr. OLIVER DAVID BYRON.

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Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas.
R. W. BUTLER and E. G. GILMORE, Managers and Proprietors.
HOUSES CROWDED. FASHIONABLE AUDIENCE.
DELIGHTED THOUSANDS.
IMMENSE SUCCESS. IMMENSE SUCCESS.
THE GREAT STAR BURLESQUE TROUPE.
HOME IN A REGULAR FIX.
Cupid, an airy sprite........Mr. John Hart
Mr. Lester Robkins........Mr. Byrman
Mrs. Robkins........Miss Hardy
THE CAN CAN BY THE FOUR DANCING BLONDES,
Misses Rose Lucille, Fanny Lucille, Ida Greenfield, Emily Herbert.
THE GRAND BALLET.
The great Clown and Pantomimist, CHARLES ABBOTT.
Master Barney, J. C. Stewart, Johnny Queen, B. West.
All the Company (100 Artists) will appear.
Doors open at 7; curtain rises at 8 o'clock.
MATINEE WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Proprietor and Manager....Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
Doors open at 7½ o'clock P. M. To commence at 8 o'clock.
SUMMER SEASON.
Engagement for a limited period of the popular author and actor,
Mr. JOHN BROUGHAM,
Who will appear in conjunction with
Miss LEONA CAVENDER.
For the first time in New York, in Brougham's own new and original local drama of extraordinary domestic interest, written expressly for Miss Cavender, and entitled
MINNIE'S LUCK,
OR
UPS AND DOWNS OF CITY LIFE.
Produced with appropriate Scenery, Costumes and Appointments.
Characters by—
MISS LEONA CAVENDER, MR. JOHN BROUGHAM, Mr. Charles Fisher, Mr. J. H. Stoddart, Mr. C. W. Barry, Mr. Joseph Sefton, Mr. J. W. Leonard, Mr. Quigley, Mr. Peck, Mr. J. Curran, Miss Annie Deland, Miss Lizzie Price, Miss Emily Mestayer, Miss Mordaunt, Miss Fowler, Miss Rowe, Miss Hayden, and others.
ACT 1.—THE STREET SINGER.
ACT 2.—THE SPIDER'S WEB.
ACT 3.—THE SCHOOL FOR THIEVES.
ACT 4.—A SURPRISE PARTY.
ACT 5.—MINNIE'S BALL.

WALLACK'S, WEDNESDAY MATINEE, 1½ P. M.
MR. JOHN BROUGHAM, MISS LEONA CAVENDER. MINNIE'S LUCK.

WALLACK'S. WEDNESDAY MATINEE, 1½ P. M.
MR. JOHN BROUGHAM, MISS LEONA CAVENDER. MINNIE'S LUCK.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
THE CLOSING WEEK OF THE SEASON.
THIS EVENING, TUESDAY,
LAST NIGHT
BUT
FOUR
OF
MRS. JAMES A. OATES' GREAT TROUPE
IN
THE FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD.
Earl Darnley (her original character), Mrs. J. A. OATES.
SEE OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.
THE GREAT TOURNAMENT SCENE,
Introducing
AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF GROTESQUES.
HERNANDEZ'S WONDERFUL GUITAR SOLO
AND IMPERIAL JAPS.—LEON BROS.
THE TUMBLERONICAN, BY PROF. O'REARDON.
PROCESSIONS, MUSIC AND FUN.
THE LAST MATINEES
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AT 2.
MONDAY, JULY 4,
TESTIMONIAL BENEFIT OF
Messrs. SIMONS, SUTTON and KNAPP,
MATINEE AND EVENING,
WITH IMMENSE ATTRACTIONS.

TERRACE GARDEN, FIFTY-EIGHTH STREET AND Third avenue.—Summer Theatre.—H. Colell, Proprietor.
TUESDAY, June 28, 1870.
Offenbach's musical parody,
BARBER BLEW, with Ballet.
Second appearance of Mlle. Canissa as Bouletana; Mr. Habelmann as Barber Blew. Second appearance of Mlle. Westmale with Sig. Tito Cellini. Full Chorus and Orchestra. H. Mollenhauer, conductor. Admission to Garden, including theatre, 50c.; Reserved Seats, 50c. extra; Garden alone, 25c.
H. GRAU, Manager for Opera and Concerts.

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THE COOLEST HOUSE IN NEW YORK.
THE GREAT EMOTIONAL DRAMA, AFTER LONG AND CAREFUL Preparation. NOW READY.
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.
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IN SIX ACTS AND FORTY TABLEAUX.
IN SIX ACTS AND FORTY TABLEAUX.
NEW SCENERY. NEW EFFECTS. NEW APPOINTMENTS, ALL THE ORIGINAL SONGS, MUSIC, &c.
THE GREAT PLANTATION SCENE.
The best CAST ever presented in New York, OR ELSEWHERE.
FIRST UNCLE TOM MATINEE ON WEDNESDAY.

KING SOLANDER LODGE, NO. 279, F. AND A. M.—The Festival of the above lodge will take place at Terrace Garden Thursday, June 30, instead of the 29th. Exercises commence precisely at 8 P. M.
A. BLUMENSTEIL, Secretary of Committee.

TO THEATRICAL MANAGERS.
A large and constantly increasing stock of
WOOD CUTS,
from fresh and original designs, on hand at the
METROPOLITAN JOB PRINTING OFFICE.
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MONS. D'ATALIE AND MLLE. ANGELA.
D'ATALIE, the Man of Steel,
ANGELA, the Female Samson,
THE BEAUTIFUL ANGELA,
performers of the most difficult feats of strength ever exhibited, have arrived, and will appear at Wood's Museum July 4.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.
EVERY NIGHT.
THEODORE THOMAS'
POPULAR CONCERTS.

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A.—"BARNES'" PIANOFORTES ARE SUPERIOR IN tone, finer in finish and more durable than any other manufactured, for which they were awarded the prize medal at the American Institute Fair, 1869, and are offered extremely low for cash or instalments. Warerooms 137 Eighth street, near Broadway.

A PRIVATE FAMILY DECLINING HOUSEKEEPING will sell rosewood Pianoforte, made order, celebrated maker, fully guaranteed, used six months, cost $700, for $240; Parlor Furniture, Etageres, Paintings, Bronzes, Silverware; Chamber, Dining Furniture; Glassware, Carpets, Table Cutlery; Chinaware. Sacrifice. 57 West Fifteenth street, near Sixth avenue.

A GREAT OFFER.—HORACE WATERS, 481 BROADway, will dispose of 100 Pianos, Melodeons and Organs of six first class makers, at extremely low prices for cash during this month, or will take from $5 to $25 monthly until paid. The same to let, and rent money applied if purchased. New Chickering Pianos are included in this offer.

A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE OF FIRST CLASS square and upright Pianos; also a Chickering and others, great bargains. STEADMAN & HOLLYER, 55 West Sixteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

A RARE CHANCE.—PRIVATE FAMILY LEAVING the city will sell their elegant 7½ octave rosewood Pianoforte, made to order, cost $700, for $250; in use six months; also 200 lots of Furniture at half cost. Call at 113 West Twenty-seventh street, near Sixth avenue.

A LARGE VARIETY OF FIRST CLASS PIANOFORTES can be found at the factory and warerooms of JENNYS & SON, 235 East Twenty-first street, between Second and Third avenues.

A MAGNIFICENT, RICHLY CARVED, FOUR ROUND corners, rosewood 7½ octave Pianoforte, made to order for $800, only seven months in use, will be sold for $275; also rich Parlor, Chamber and Dining Furniture at half cost; property of private family. 12 East Tenth street, one block west of Broadway, between University place and Fifth avenue.

A LADY GOING IN THE COUNTRY WILL SELL for $250 cash, cost $520; nearly new, carved legs, latest improvements, maker's bill of sale, guarantee; boxed for shipment; 28 Third avenue.

A SACRAFICE.—$225; ROSEWOOD FULL 7 OCTAVE pianoforte, round corners, iron frame, overstrung bass, all modern improvements, carved case and legs; celebrated maker; warranted. McDONALD & CO., 26 Fourth av.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIANO CHEAP, CALL AT MERRELL'S wareroom, No. 8 Union square; sold on instalments or rented; customers suited; large stock; best makers; look before selecting elsewhere.

MAGNIFICENT SEVEN OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO, $125; maker, Gilbert, Boston; elegant, overstrung, having carved legs; superb instrument; fully guaranteed; extraordinary bargain for cash.
JAMES GORDON, 196 Bleecker street.

WANTED TO BUY—A FIRST CLASS SECOND HAND Piano; will pay part down and the remainder in monthly instalments. For further particulars call at 144 West Twenty-ninth street.

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A HEAVY PORTER.

WHY DO GROCERS' PROFITS FADE?

Pilfering on a Magnificent Scale—How to Purchase Farms from Small Salaries—Mean Thefts and a Neat Arrest.

During several months past Messrs. R. Seaman & Co. wholesale grocers, of No. 42 Murray street, have missed quantities of goods from time to time of which they could find no account on their balance sheets. The store was closed in the evening in the presence of some of the "bosses," and everything appeared to be right. As soon as there was evident the slightest laxity in this watchfulness goods would go again. The members of the firm pondered, consulted, compared notes,

SCRATCHED THEIR HEADS

and sighed, but said nothing to their employés. Sugar by the barrel, coffee by the sack, tea by the chest, and other portions of their stock in corresponding proportion—where could it go to? The rats could not devour it. They might get away with meal and flour, and even sugar, if they each

HAD A "SWEET TOOTH,"

but what would they do with the barrels and hoops, the bags and boxes and all the other wrappings? It clearly was not the rats. Who could it be? They did not once suspect that the porter in the store could be guilty of theft. "Perish the thought" they would say, if ever such a thought rose up. No, the porter was

THE NOBLEST WORK OF GOD,

an honest man. He had been in their employ a long time, and he had been so faithful, always at his post early in the morning; careful, conscientious and apparently contented at his work all the day, and would never leave until everything was safely housed at night. It could not be the porter. They were satisfied with him. Had they not some short time ago voluntarily

RAISED HIS WAGES

because he was a poor man and was so economical that, although his wages were comparatively small, he had saved enough to warrant him in buying "a small place in New Jersey," and he was so surprised and so thankful, poor fellow, that he almost cried with joy? No, no; he could not be the pilferer. It must be somebody else. While this cogitating and debating were going on

THE LEAKAGE GREW LARGER AND LARGER.

Some days three or four barrels of sugar would be missed; then, again, sacks of coffee would go; boxes of tea were not in the places they had been seen in the day previous, until within one week fully sixteen barrels of sugar and large quantities of tea and coffee had disappeared.

A few days since a German woman called on Messrs. Seaman & Co. and notified them that she had observed

SOME SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES

which transpired in the neighborhood of her residence "way up down." From her statement it appeared that day after day quite early in the morning a truck laden with barrels of sugar and groceries in large bulk would stop at a small establishment opposite her house, and there

THE LOAD WOULD BE DUMPED

and the stuff taken inside. She watched and learned that the loads came from Seaman & Co.'s, and as she thought things looked very queer she made it her business to come and tell. Acting on her information, Mr. Berry, one of the members of the firm, engaged a party to act as detective and watch proceedings in and around the store all day. On Friday morning last the poor, honest porter opened the store quite early. He was merry and sang at his work. Presently a truck came along and backed up to the sidewalk in front of Seaman's.

THE PORTER'S SONG WAS STOPPED,

and he and the truckman bent themselves to the task of loading up the truck, little dreaming that keen eyes were watching their operations. Four barrels of sugar, and two bags of coffee were secured, when the truckman, thinking that the neighborhood was growing too hot "roped his haul" and drove off. The watcher hailed a butcher boy who was passing and followed the truck as far up Broadway as the St. Nicholas Hotel. Here he took a hack and ordered the driver to follow the sweet load at a respectable distance. The truck drove up to a small house in 120th street, and the load was taken off and rolled into the house, when the follower secured the services of a police officer and with him applied for admission. The door was locked, and, fearing that their birds might fly, the officer and detective burst in the door and found the truckman and another man busily engaged scratching the marks off the barrels. They turned on the discoverers and showed fight, but on a warning that they would have

THEIR BRAINS BLOWN OUT

if they acted too rashly they quietly submitted and were led off to the station house. The watcher returned to the store and detailed the incidents in and result of his morning's watch. The porter was called and assured that the members of the firm believed that some goods must have been stolen. They thought they missed something. "Goods stolen—oh, pshaw!" confidently exclaimed the porter. "That's all fancy." He was told of the arrest of the truckman, and of the morning watch that had been kept. Then he wilted. *They had him*, as Captain Kelso would say,

"DEAD TO RIGHTS."

This he claimed was his first offence, and he was sorry for it, and from information given by him the firm succeeded in recovering $205 in money and eight barrels of sugar. He then went on, gave some inkling of similar proceedings in other large establishments, one of which, although doing an apparently fine business, had most unaccountably failed. There are other parties directly implicated; the police are on their track, and they will, no doubt, ere long be run down.

CAUGHT IN A TRAP.

Shrewd Capture of Highway Robbers at Yonkers.

At Yonkers, Westchester county, yesterday morning, William Connell, a one-armed ex-soldier, and William L. Rhead, a laborer, were arraigned before Police Justice Baird to answer a charge of assault and attempted highway robbery, the complainant and intended victim being Roundsman Weston, of the Thirty-second sub-precinct police.

As there have been numerous robberies from the person perpetrated on intoxicated strangers during the past few months within the village limits Sergeant Mangin concluded that it was the work of

AN ORGANIZED GANG OF CRIMINALS,

and resolved by a dexterous plan to bring the guilty parties to justice. To this end he detailed Roundsmen Weston and Austin. Early on Sunday morning under his instructions the officers named, having completely disguised themselves, repaired to prominent places in the village and there stretched themselves on the sidewalk, feigning intoxication. Shortly after two o'clock Weston's anxious ears were greeted with the sound of footsteps, and shortly after he was picked up and carried into a back street by the accused parties.

OPERATIONS

were at once commenced on the supposed drunkard, and while Rhead stood sentry Connell took hold of Weston's watch and chain, valued at eighty dollars, and was about snatching them away when the officer sprang to his feet and collared the robber, who, however, struck Weston a harmless blow before being overpowered. Rhead attempted to escape, but was overhauled by Officer St. John after being chased several blocks. The parties pleaded not guilty, and were held in the sum of $1,000 each to await the action of the Grand Jury.

DIAMOND CUT DIAMOND.

Johnny Cooper's "Queer" Coup d'Etat in Newark.

Some weeks ago it came to the ears of a certain detective located at Newark, N. J., in the service of the United States, that one Johnny Cooper was "pushing the queer," as passing counterfeit money is called in the vernacular of the profession. Accordingly he set to work to catch Johnny in the act; for, by the way, it may be stated *en passant* that the detective alluded to is notorious for the clean way in which he invariably nails wrong-doers of this stripe. One Gus Zeruth was pressed into service and instructed to "lay" for Johnny, and induce him to sell a quantity of counterfeit money. An interview was had and the arrangement made for the purchase of $250 in queer for seventy-five dollars in good money. In due time the transaction was completed in a saloon in William street, Zeruth getting a nicely done-up package and Johnny his seventy-five dollars. Zeruth, determined not to buy a "pig in a poke," tore a slip of the package covering on top and beneath, and there, sure enough, were excellent greenback imitations. "Gus" left perfectly satisfied, but shortly afterwards returned in high dudgeon, and presenting a pistol at Johnny demanded the restitution of the seventy-five dollars. He had discovered that with the exception of a one and a two dollar bill the remainder of his purchase proved to be brown paper. Johnny declined refunding the money, and, indeed, told "Gus," in terms not particularly elegant, that he was not an absolute fool—such a "G—d d——d flat." To avoid any trouble, while Zeruth was talking to some one at the bar Johnny slipped out the back way. It seems he got wind of the job that was being put up for his benefit.

ANOTHER INFANTICIDE IN HOBOKEN.

Saturday afternoon the body of a female infant was found floating in the waters of the North river, near the Hoboken ferry slip. The body had not been long in the water, and it was evident that the child had been murdered. Infanticides are now becoming quite common in Hoboken, and a closer watch around the piers would certainly prevent the sacrifice of many a human being.

OBITUARY.

George William Frederick Villiers, Earl of Clarendon.

A cable telegram from London announces the sudden death on Sunday last of the Earl of Clarendon. He was born on the 12th of January, 1800, and was consequently in the seventy-first year of his age. He was the eldest son of the late Hon. George Villiers, who died in 1827, his mother being Theresa, daughter of John, first Lord Boringdon, and sister of the late Earl of Morley. In 1838 he succeeded his uncle as fourth Earl of Clarendon.

HIS PUBLIC CAREER.

The Earl of Clarendon was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge, soon after leaving which he entered the diplomatic service of Great Britain. He was also for some time employed in the civil service in Ireland and on the Continent. In 1833, before his accession to the earldom, he obtained his first prominent post, being then appointed Ambassador to the Court at Madrid. This position he held until 1839, when he returned to England, and during the year following (January 3, 1840) was made a Privy Councillor. About the same time he was appointed Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and in 1841 Lord Privy Seal under Lord Melbourne's administration. In 1846 the Earl was appointed President of the Board of Trade, an office he retired from in 1847 to accept the position of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. While there the insurrection of 1848 broke out, and although it is probable that the Earl endeavored to act with justice and impartiality it is certain that some of the most outrageous acts of the British authorities in Ireland were performed during his administration. In 1852 he returned from Ireland, and in February of the following year he entered the Ministry as Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

On entering upon the duties of his new office, the Earl of Clarendon found the political situation of Europe pregnant with danger to peace. The astute diplomacy of the then newly elected French Emperor had committed Great Britain to the policy of France in the East. He had, consequently, to conduct the negotiations with that Power and with Austria, Prussia, Russia and Turkey. Lord Aberdeen, the head of the British Ministry, was averse to disturbing the tranquillity of Europe, and in this desire he was aided by Lord Stratford, the British Ambassador to Turkey, by whose advice and diplomacy the Porte was enabled to avert a rupture with Russia for some time. In the negotiations between the several governments the Earl of Clarendon displayed marked ability, and when, in 1855, Lord Aberdeen's Ministry fell, the late Earl of Derby, who was instructed to form a new Ministry, expressed the desire that the deceased statesman should remain at the head of the Foreign Office. On the failure of Lord Derby Lord Palmerston was appointed Prime Minister, and he immediately requested the Earl of Clarendon to retain the office he had then held for three years. He accepted the position, and as Foreign Minister signed the treaty of peace at Paris in 1856. Two years later (1858) he retired from the Ministry with Lord Palmerston and the rest of the Cabinet. On the return of Lord Palmerston, in 1864, he joined his administration as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and in November, 1865, was again appointed Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. In June, 1866, being then in office under Earl Russell, he resigned, with his colleagues, after the defeat of the Ministry on the Reform bill. He remained in opposition in the House of Lords until the latter part of 1868, after the overthrow of Mr. Disraeli on the Irish Church question, when, for the third time, he re-entered the Ministry, again in the capacity of Foreign Minister. During the Earl of Clarendon's administration the question of the Alabama claims came up, and he concluded the treaty with Mr. Reverdy Johnson which Lord Stanley, now Earl of Derby, began, and which the United States Senate almost unanimously rejected.

PERSONAL MATTERS.

The Earl of Clarendon was descended from a brother of the famous Villiers, the favorite of James I., and represented a younger branch of the family of the Earl of Jersey. The Right Hon. Charles Pelham Villiers, well known as an advocate of free trade, is his brother. On the 4th of June, 1839, the deceased Earl married Lady Katherine, daughter of Walter James, first Earl of Verulam and widow of John F. Barham. By this lady he had eight children, six of whom are living. One of his sons, George Patrick Hyde, is a Lieutenant in the Grenadier Guards. He is succeeded in his titles and estates by his eldest living son, Edward Hyde, at present a member of Parliament for Brecknock. In addition to his title of Earl of Clarendon the deceased was Baron Hyde, of Hindon, county Wilts, and was a K. G., G. C. B., P. C., D. C. L. He was also for many years a magistrate for Herts and the Liberty of St. Albans.

Francis Brockholst Cutting.

After a brief illness this well known citizen of New York died at his residence in this city on Sunday morning last, in the sixty-sixth year of his age. Mr. Cutting was born in 1805, and was descended from an old and respectable family of this State. At Columbia College he received an excellent education, and after studying law was admitted to the bar. His thorough knowledge of his profession, added to a brilliant intellect and fine oratorical powers, soon placed him at the head of the bar and gave him a national reputation. Entering into politics as a democrat, the same ability which distinguished his career as a lawyer made him one of the leaders of his party. In 1836 and 1837 he represented New York city in the lower House of the State Legislature, and during the two sessions, which were unusually exciting, he was conspicuous in the debates. Some of the speeches delivered by him in the Assembly attracted marked attention at the time by the vigor and logic of their arguments.

In 1837 the democracy went out of power in this State and remained in the minority for several years. In the same year Mr. Cutting retired from active politics and devoted his entire attention to the duties of his profession. It is doubtful if any other lawyer of this city ever possessed a more extensive practice of the kind of business he attended to than did the deceased for nearly twenty years. There was hardly an important commercial suit before the metropolitan courts in which he was not engaged during this period; and it can also be said that there have been few lawyers more generally successful in their cases than he was in his. This fact speaks all the more favorably for his abilities, because his branch of the profession gave but little scope for oratorical eloquence, it being limited to solid argument.

Re-entering the political arena, Mr. Cutting was, in the fall of 1852, elected a Representative in Congress for the Eighth district of this State, comprised of the Twelfth, Eighteenth and Nineteenth wards of this city, defeating Mr. Brooks by more than one thousand majority. In Congress he participated in the exciting debates on the Kansas and Nebraska questions, and gave offence to the Southern democrats because he refused to support their views. It was during the discussion on the Nebraska bill that Mr. Cutting became involved in a personal quarrel with John C. Breckinridge. On the 21st of March, 1854, the former led the opposition to referring the bill to the Territorial Committee, which was the programme of the administration party. The motion for such reference was defeated by a majority of fifteen, and Mr. Cutting then moved that the bill be referred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union. Although the democrats had a majority of seventy in the House, and the Southern whigs supported the administration on the question, the motion was carried, and amid much excitement the House adjourned. On the Monday following in Committee of the Whole the bill came up, and Mr. Cutting, in debate, severely criticised the action of Mr. Breckinridge, on a previous day, in questioning his motives. Breckinridge retorted with great bitterness, accusing Cutting of having stated a falsehood in saying that he had skulked on the Nebraska question. On the same day Cutting wrote a note to Breckinridge demanding a retraction of the lie. Breckinridge refused to retract unless Cutting withdrew the "improper and offensive" language which called forth the lie. Later in the evening the member from Kentucky wrote another note, referring the whole matter to his friend T. T. Hawkins, who was authorized to make arrangements for a hostile meeting. Hawkins, supposing his principal the challenged party, addressed Colonel James Monroe, Cutting's second, submitting the terms regulating the meeting. Monroe replied, denying that his principal had challenged Breckinridge and submitting his terms. A lively correspondence followed from this veritable comedy of errors, which finally resulted in the settlement of the affair to the satisfaction of both gentlemen. The statement of an evening paper that Breckinridge had to resort to special pleading is incorrect. Neither gentleman sought to avoid the meeting. Had Mr. Hawkins delivered the second note of Cutting to Breckinridge denying that his remarks were of a personal character the quarrel would have ceased the day after the debate.

On the close of his term Mr. Cutting retired from active political life, nor did he ever after aspire to office. During the war he was the leader of the war democracy of this city and extended to the government a hearty support in its efforts to suppress the rebellion. Personally he was in every respect a most estimable gentleman. Courteous and accomplished, he made a delightful companion in society. He married many years ago and leaves a widow and several children. To them and to the very large number of friends possessed by the deceased gentleman the loss is irreparable. But few men of prominence have lived in New York who have been more deservedly admired and esteemed than Mr. Cutting. As a lawyer he was able and brilliant, as a citizen he was whole-souled and patriotic and as a man he was honest and died with an unblemished character.

Surgeon James Symes.

By a cable telegram from Edinburg we are informed of the sudden death of James Symes, the distinguished Scotch surgeon. The deceased was born in Kinross-shire, Scotland, in 1800, received an excellent education, studied medicine, having been a pupil of Liston, and after his admission as a surgeon settled in Edinburg, where he became distinguished as an anatomist and a lecturer. In 1851 he published his work "On the Excision of Diseased Joints." The reputation which this gave him led to his appointment to the chair of Clinical Surgery in the University of Edinburg. This he occupied until the time of his death, excepting only a brief period, when he held the position of Professor of Surgery in the University of London. The medical works of Dr. Symes are well known to all the members of the profession. In addition to the one already mentioned, he wrote and published "Contributions to Pathology and the Practice of Surgery" (1847); "Treatise on Diseases of the Rectum" (1853); "Principles of Surgery" (1855); "Excision of the Scapula" (1864), and several others. He also contributed monographs on almost every branch of surgery. Some old operations were revived by him, and his many suggestions of new ones were always well received by the profession. Dr. Symes held the position of surgeon to her Majesty in Scotland.

Armand Barbes.

From Paris we learn of the death of Armand Barbes, the French revolutionist, politician and political writer. He was born at Pointe à Pitre, Guadeloupe, in 1810, but came to France when quite a child. He was educated at the Ecole de Soreze, in Turin, an establishment essentially religious and monarchical in character. With a singular contradiction to the professed character of the place young Barbès had not been there long before he became a foe to religion and monarchy. His father died while he was a minor, leaving him a considerable fortune, and in 1830 he went to Paris, accompanied by his guardian. Here he at once engaged in revolutionary plots and conspiracies. He joined numerous secret societies, avowed himself a republican and took part in the insurrection of April, 1834, for which he was imprisoned five months. No sooner had he regained his liberty than he engaged in new plots and again got himself into prison, this time for secretly manufacturing powder. On the expiration of his term M. Barbès returned to Paris, where he promptly entered into a new conspiracy with M. Blanqui, Martin Bernard and others, the upshot of which was that in the abortive rising of 1839 he was captured, tried and after conviction sentenced to death. Louis Philippe, however, commuted the sentence to imprisonment for life. The successful insurrection of 1848 once more restored him to liberty and he became a member of the provisional government and was subsequently elected a member of the National Assembly. Of course, in a few months he got into a row with the republican government, conspired for another revolution, was arrested and sentenced first to exile and next to perpetual imprisonment. In 1854, while at Belle Isle, he wrote a letter, which was made public, in which he extolled the policy of France against Russia, rejoiced in the success of the French army and paid a neat compliment to the Emperor. Napoleon was so pleased with his patriotic sentiments that he ordered him to be set at liberty. Barbès, however, eccentric and revolutionary as ever, refused to accept the imperial clemency and declined to leave the prison. Finally he left and immediately went into voluntary exile, from which, however, he returned some time ago. His political writings are quite voluminous, but are of little interest at the present day. Barbès himself was a remarkable character. It is a question whether he was wholly sane.

David Heaton.

This gentleman, member of Congress from North Carolina, died on Sunday morning in Washington, after a painful illness of several weeks' duration. He was formerly editor of a paper in Ohio, and served a term in the Senate of that State. Subsequently he removed to Minnesota, engaged in politics and became a member of the State Senate. On the close of the war Mr. Heaton went to North Carolina and was elected by the people a member of the Fortieth Congress and was re-elected to the Forty-first.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Prominent Arrivals in This City Yesterday.

Governor J. T. Hoffman, wife and daughter are at the Clarendon Hotel.

Count d'Irisson d'Hérisson, of Paris; Major A. De Kodolitch, of Vienna; Dr. D. L. Huntington, of the United States Army, and General A. G. Lawerance, of Newport, are at the Albemarle Hotel.

General W. B. Franklin, of the United States Army; General W. B. Tibbitts, of Troy; Surgeon General Barnes, of the United States Army, and Captain Messiets, of the French Navy, are at the Hoffman House.

General S. E. Marvin, of Albany; H. G. Parker, of Boston; Colonel J. J. Felps and Dr. B. H. Carpenter, of San Francisco; Colonel A. J. Ingleson, of Mobile, and Judge Nelson, of Poughkeepsie, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

General G. W. Williams, of New York, and Conrad C. Simmons, of St. Thomas, are at the Everett House.

Captain Lindsay Brine, of England; A. B. Ames and J. J. Cobb, of Boston, and W. Otis, of Cleveland, Ohio, are at the Westminster Hotel.

Thomas A. Hardy, Jr., of Baltimore; W. C. Wadell, of New York; F. D. Barnum, of Memphis; F. de St. Germain, of Paris; S. Williams, of California, and M. Shields, of Chicago, are at the St. Denis Hotel.

Captain Pritchard and Captain Ferris, of Montreal; Francis B. Hayes, of Boston; E. Warcollier, of Paris, and J. Mozier, of Rome, Italy, are at the Brevoort House.

A. C. Yates and C. W. Snow, of Syracuse; G. W. Talbott, of Providence; Mons. Damp, of Paris; F. L. Laflin, of Saugerties; Dr. Fitler, of Philadelphia; C. A. Tucker, of Illinois; W. L. Parker and J. H. Comstock, of St. Louis; W. H. Newman, of Buffalo; E. H. Syme, of New Orleans, and F. P. Webber, of the United States Coast Survey, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

H. G. Fant, of Washington; Thomas Turner, of Charlestown; W. Frazer and A. B. Tripler, of New Orleans, and J. N. Bonaparte, of the French Army, are at the New York Hotel.

General E. McCook, of Colorado; General E. C. Walthall, of Mississippi, and P. Ihrie, of Easton, Pa., are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

H. De Montferrand, T. Viand and H. Dupont, of Paris, and General Sam. Geere, of New York, are at the St. Charles Hotel.

Bayard Taylor, of Pennsylvania; C. H. Coffin, of West Point; J. C. Palmer, of Connecticut; F. D. Sewell, of Washington; Captain J. Jaques, of Virginia; J. B. Alley, of Massachusetts, and J. L. Requa, of Florida, are at the Astor House.

Prominent Departures.

Colonel Shaffer and General J. D. Cumming, for Washington; General Ewing, for Staten Island; M. McMichael, for Philadelphia; Lyman Blair, for Chicago, and Horace L. Kent, for Richmond, Va.

Arrivals from Europe.

The following is a list of the passengers who arrived from Europe yesterday in the French steamship Pereire, Captain Duchesne:—

Mr Bonaparte, Mr Herriman and wife, Mr Mozier and wife, Mme Stevens, Mr Johnston, Mr Prover and wife, Mme de Birmingham, Dr Birmingham, Mr Malezieux, Mr Beys, Mr Baque and wife, Mr Biber, Mr Muller, Countess de St Germain, Mr Gauthier, Mme Petit, Mr Latulipe, l'Abbé Mailly, Mr Ricardo and son, Mr Haskin and son, Mme Holladay, daughter and servant; Mlle Yates, Dters Carpentier, Mme Du Crinfant, Mrs Martine, Mrs Adonague, Mr Perret, Mr Lombard, Mme Albertoni and niece, Domestique Hovolitsch, three demoiselles Hauzer, Mr Chassot, Mr Bench, General Williamson and lady, Mrs Lawrence, Mr Lawrence, Mr Varcollier, Mr Moore, Mr Bandestein, Mr Voisin, Major Hodalitsh, Mr Deroth, Miss Weller, Miss Gatelder, Mr Boutin, Mr Kingsbury, Miss Basen, Mr Bexford, Mr Coffy, A Flury, lady and infants; Mrs Flamant, Baron and Mme Perai, Mme de Angeli, Mrs Leonard, Mrs Batione, Mme Waegel, Mlle Hale, Mlle Baer, Mrs Lithcedberg and daughter, Mrs Bosens, Mme Patterson, Mme Nice and daughter, Mr Cerf, Mme Lehman and two infants, Mme Loeb, Mme Ray, Mr Sontreton, Mr Verplane, Mr de St Count de Herisson, Mme Eckle and infant, Mr Benech and wife, Mr Lange, Mr Kolpp, Mr. Eakins, S Zanier, K Ouariet, Gabriel, Carbini, Badarac, Chabrier, Bertholle, Creplet, Bougon, Healy, Magne, Ytuarte, Pondepeyer, Gerin, Mme Chard, Mmes Bartlet, Bourgoir, Mlle Corse, Mmes Salmon, Fribourg, Fer.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

A New Style of Coffer Dam.

Among the many plans presented to the Commissioners of Docks is one of a new coffer dam on a new principle, the invention of a Mr. Cosgrove, who was for many years foreman in the Ericsson works. The coffer dams are to be made of boiler iron, and in sections. The sections are so mechanically arranged that they can be lowered in from 25 to 100 feet of water, and avoid leverage. When down they can be made water tight, and when the dock and bulkhead is built they can be unlocked and floated without the aid of hoisting machinery.

One coffer dam is to enclose 300 feet of river front, extending 200 feet into the river and 25 feet high, giving room to excavate and build front wall and bulkhead, the cost not to exceed $10,000. In the above enclosure the water can be pumped out in six hours, at an expense not exceeding $300. With the use of two coffer dams the entire city front can be excavated and built. They will last for fifty years with proper care.

THE PRIZE RING.

The Fight Near Mobile Between Turner and Donelly—Eighty-seven Rounds Fought—Turner the Victor—Terrible Punishment.

[From the Selma (Ala.) Gazette, June 23.]

Happening to be in Mobile, we accepted the invitation extended to the members of the press to be present at the prize fight between Turner and Donelly last Tuesday morning. These men had been in training near the city for two weeks, and the excitement in regard to the fight had become general, especially when it became known that Turner was an Englishman and Donelly an Irishman. Tickets for the excursion over the Mobile and Ohio Railroad were sold at $5 each, and when the pugilists made their appearance in the city on Monday night everybody was in a fever of excitement to see them. A large number of even bets were made upon the result. The purse was $500 a side.

Before daylight Tuesday morning a large crowd had collected at the depot, and just before five o'clock the train started. About two miles from the city the train was stopped and the tickets collected. The train then proceeded to Kushla, about eleven miles from Mobile, where the crowd disembarked. The ring was formed near the railroad, in an open space, and about half-past six Donelly threw his hat in amid loud cheers. Shortly afterwards Turner threw his in. Upon the toss up Turner won the corner and chose the southeast, with his back to the sun. Captain Melville, of Mobile, was chosen referee and Captain Jim Jewell, of Montgomery, umpire. At seven o'clock the men advanced to the scratch, with their seconds, all shaking hands. Donelly then advanced to Turner and offered to bet $100 upon the fight, which was accepted. In a few seconds they commenced the first round, and then followed a fight which speaks well for the bravery of these men. During the greater part of the time Donelly forced the fighting on Turner, who tenaciously stuck to his corner. It was very evident from the beginning that a large portion of the crowd favored Donelly, and it was a noticeable fact that his second and timekeeper displayed their pistols very conspicuously. For more than an hour victory seemed certain for Donelly, but Turner preserved his calmness, and after exhausting him commenced striking some very severe blows on Donelly's face, and in a short time his eyes began to close up, while his nose and mouth were badly bruised and bleeding. On the seventy-third round Turner struck Donelly a very severe blow on the head, completely disabling his left hand. Both men came to the scratch gallantly, however, laughing and joking each other until the eighty-seventh round, when Donelly failed to come to time, and Turner was declared the winner. At this juncture a row between the friends of the two men was very imminent, and nearly all the quiet citizens left the ring. Better counsel prevailed, however, and some degree of order was restored.

Donelly was a pitiful object to look at after the fight, with his face and eyes bruised and swollen. He appeared very cheerful and seemed to think that he would whip the next time. Thousands of dollars were bet on the fight, and some of the losers were very loud in their denunciations of the referee for his decision.

The impressions formed by us on this occasion are very unfavorable to this sport, and now that it seems that the South has been chosen as the battle ground for these pugilists we hope that a healthy moral sentiment will prevail among our people against it.

Died.

WALLACE.—At Rutherfurd Park Hotel, New Jersey, on Monday, June 27, HANNAH KENNEDY, the beloved wife of William T. Wallace, in the 27th year of her age.

Funeral will take place from the Rutherfurd Park Hotel, on Wednesday afternoon, at half-past twelve o'clock. Carriages will be at the depot, Rutherfurd Park, Erie Railroad, on the arrival of the twelve o'clock train.

[*For Other Deaths See Ninth Page.*]

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises	4 29	Moon sets...eve	— —
Sun sets	7 35	High water.eve	8 12

OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURES FROM NEW YORK FOR THE MONTHS OF JUNE AND JULY.

Steamer.	Sails	Destination.	Office.
Minnesota	June 29	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
Sidonian	June 29	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Hansa	June 30	Bremen	68 Broad st.
Pennsylvania	July 2	Liverpool	69 Broadway.
Paraguay	July 2	London	54 South st.
Donau	July 2	Bremen	68 Broad st.
Idaho	July 6	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
Pereire	July 9	Havre	58 Broadway.
Bellona	July 16	London	54 South st.

PORT OF NEW YORK, JUNE 27, 1870.

CLEARED.

Steamship Hammonia (NG), Meyer, Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg—Kunhardt & Co.
Steamship Hatteras, Lawrence, Norfolk—Old Dominion Steamship Co.
Steamship Franconia, Bragg, Portland—J F Ames.
Ship Prima Donna, Lunt, San Francisco—Sutton & Co.
Ship Friedeburg (NG), Boysen, Hamburg—Funch, Edye & Co.
Bark Hakon Jarl (Nor), Mattieson, Liverpool—Funch, Edye & Co.
Bark Luciano Serra (Ital), Cacace, Penarth Roads—Funch, Edye & Co.
Bark Freihandel (NG), Wachler, Bremen—Oelrichs & Co.
Bark Jane Adeline, Hutchinson, Marseilles—Jas Henry.
Bark Esther, Titcomb, Havana—Nesmith & Sons.
Bark Lord Baltimore (Br), Lantare, Perth Amboy—Pendergast Bros & Co.
Brig Eledona (Br), Smith, Exeter—Henry & Ruckel.
Brig Sarah Gilmore, Clifford, Cardenas—J E Ward & Co.
Brig Humming Bird (Br), Stevens, Hantsport—J F Whitney & Co.
Schr Edward Burnett, Bender, Para—B J Wenberg.
Schr Arthur Patterson, Brazos Santiago—Woodhouse, Southmayd & Rudd.
Schr A L Fitch, Yates, Newark—J S Ingraham & Co.
Schr Louisa Wilson, Holt, Salem—B F Metcalf.
Sloop Lilly B, Martin, Wilmington, Del.
Steamer Frank, Pierce, Philadelphia.
Steamer A C Stimers, Lenny, Philadelphia.
Steamer Tacony, Nichols, Philadelphia.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

Steamship Idaho (Br), Price, Liverpool June 15, and Queenstown 16th, with mdse and 533 passengers, to Williams & Guion. June 18, lat 50 20, lon 21, passed bark Wentworth, bound E; 21st, lat 46, lon 29, two bark rigged steamers, do; 22d, lat 45, lon 45, ship Clara Rayer, do; 24th, lat 43, lon 56 40, a North German steamer, do.

Steamship City of Paris (Br), Mirehouse, Liverpool June 16, and Queenstown 17th, with mdse and passengers, to John G Dale. June 20, lat 49 10, lon 27 40, was in company with steamship Helvetia, from Liverpool for New York; 21st, lat 47 20, lon 34 20, signalled a schr rigged British steamer, with white, red and white stripes on top of smokestack, bound E; 23d, lat 43 40, lon 46 40, steamship City of Washington, hence for Liverpool; 25th, lat 41 40, lon 59 20, steamship City of Dublin, do for do.

Steamship Paraguay (Br), Williams, London June 5, and Havre 7th, with mdse and 389 passengers, to Howland & Aspinwall. Had strong westerly winds to the Banks, remainder of the passage moderate NW winds; the weather experienced from Europe to the Banks has been most extraordinary for the month of June, and with the exception of the temperature may be considered a thorough winter passage.

Steamship Pereire (Fr), Duure, Havre, via Brest June 18, with mdse and 191 passengers, to Geo Mackenzie. Had some heavy weather part of the passage; June 22, no lat &c, saw ship Rhine, from London for New York.

Steamship Louisa Moore, Salyear, Newbern, NC, 46 hours, with mdse and passengers, to Murray, Ferris & Co.

Ship Wellington (Br), Skaling, Liverpool, 40 days, with mdse, to Samuel Thompsons, Nephew & Co. Took the northern passage and had strong westerly winds up to the Banks. Has been 13 days from there, with light variable winds. June 1, lat 48 14, long 36 21, passed the wreck of a vessel of about 150 tons, bottom up. 15th, lat 42 44, long 53 44, spoke steamship Smit (NG), hence for Bremen.

Ship Ladoga (of Boston), Willey, London 53 days, with mdse, to Wm Ropes & Co. Took the northern passage and had heavy W and SW winds to the Banks; have been 18 days from there, with light, variable winds and calms, with dense fog; saw no ice.

Ship Elizabeth Yeo (Br), Scott, Newport May 6, with railway iron to Jas Tinker—vessel to Busk & Jevons. Had light winds and fine weather to lon 15; from thence to lon 53 a continuance of strong gales from NW to WSW, with a heavy cross sea, extremely cold weather and large quantities of rain; came south of the Banks, saw no ice; June 14, lat 41, lon 53, signalized bark Flora, bound east; same day, ship Randel, hence for London; 17th, lat 42 23, lon 57, saw a bark bound east, showing 4th dist pendant, Nos 3092; 21st, lat 41 26, lon 66 40, bark Inca (NG), from Bremen for Baltimore; 25th, lat 40 25, lon 70 40, spoke and nearly run over bark Margarita, hence for Hamburg; she had none of the regulation lights set, and when asked his reasons for not exhibiting them could get no reply whatever; had it not been for the extra vigilance of the officer on watch a collision would have been unavoidable, the result of which would no doubt have been a serious loss of life; 25th, 140 miles E of Sandy Hook, ship Wellington (Br), from Liverpool for New York.

Bark Ole Bull (Nor), Meidell, Newcastle, 38 days, with railway iron to Funch, Edye & Co. Took the northern passage and had light southerly winds to the Banks; has been 14 days from there with light westerly winds. The O B is anchored on the bar.

Bark Freeman Dennis (Br), Fletcher, Glasgow, March 5, with mdse to Boyd & Hincken. Experienced strong easterly gales up to lon 40 W, since then moderate variable winds and calms with thick fog. Crossed the banks of Newfoundland in lat 43 40 and saw no ice. June 5th, lat 48 30 N, lon 39 30 W, spoke ship Alexandra (Br), Brown, from Cardiff for Belfast, Me; 13th, lat 41 30 lon 52 49 W, ship Lancaster, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, 38 days out; 24th, lat 40, lon 67 32 W, ship Naturalist (Br) hence for Liverpool. The F D is anchored on the bar.

Bark Harzburg (NG), Kuhlken, Bremen 38 days, with mdse and 146 passengers, to Oelrichs & Co. Took the northern passage and had fine weather, with thick fog; had one birth and one death on the passage; June 24, lat 38 53, lon 63 17, spoke whaling bark Tropic Bird, of New Bedford, cruising; same time, bark Meridian (NG), from Philadelphia for Bremen.

Bark Reindeer (of New Haven), Wellington, Mayaguez, P R, 13 days, with molasses, to H Trowbridge's Sons. Had moderate weather; has been 4 days north of Hatteras.

Bark Alice Tarlton (Br), Connor, Caibarien, 12 days, with sugar, to E D Morgan; vessel to Miller & Houghton. Had fine weather; 5 days north of Hatteras.

Brig Nellie Mitchell, Nelson, Frontera, Mexico, 24 days, with mahogany and logwood, to Borland, Dearborn & Co. Had fine weather, with light winds and calms; June 8, lat 23 45, lon 89 14, spoke bark San Louis (NG), steering NW; has been 5 days N of Hatteras.

Brig Joseph Howe (Br), Turner, Arecibo, PR, 17 days, with sugar and molasses, to Burdett & Pond—vessel to H J DeWolf & Co. Had light, variable weather; June 20, lat 28, lon 71 15, spoke schr Reward, from Demerara for Baltimore; 6 days north of Hatteras.

Brig Chilianwallah (Br), Tucker, Caibarien, 10 days, with sugar, to Sheppard, Ganey & Co—vessel to G H Brewer. Had light winds the entire passage; 4 days N of Hatteras.

Brig Alexander Nickels, Rosebrook, Glace Bay, CB, 14 days, with coal to G H Brewer—vessel to Thompson & Hunter. Had light, variable weather.

Brig Shannon (of Millbridge), Sawyer, Rockport, Me., 7 days, with ice, to the Knickerbocker Ice Company; vessel to Simpson & Clapp. Had rough weather. The Shannon is at the SW Spit.

Schr Marguerite (Fr), Taffinel, St Pierre, Mart, 21 days, with sugar, to H A Suan & Co.

Schr Roque Alayo (Sp), Valhousat, Baracoa 9 days, with fruit, to J & T Peargall.

Schr Willis Dill, Howland, Newbern 7 days, with naval stores and lumber, to Thomas, Holmes & Co.

Schr Sarah Purves, Jones, Virginia.
Schr Gen Sheridan, Jewell, Baltimore for Middletown.
Schr J M Newton, Rich, Richmond, Me, 4 days, with ice, to the Washington Ice Co.

Passed Through Hell Gate,

BOUND SOUTH.

Schr J R Howard, Howard, St John, NB, 14 days, for New York, with lumber to Leney & Parker.
Schr Georgia, Biler, Bangor 10 days, for Newark, NJ, with lumber.
Schr Albion, Smith, Bangor 8 days, for New York, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.
Schr Mattie Holmes, Stubbs, Bangor 5 days, for New York, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.
Schr Darius Eddy, Hopkins, Bangor 5 days, for New York, with lumber to E A Stevens.
Schr Forest City, Davis, Bangor 7 days, for New York, with lumber to Watson & Pierce.
Schr Georgia, Davis, Bangor 6 days, for New York, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.
Schr Cherub, Fletcher, Bath, 5 days, for New York, with lumber to Bryan Brothers.
Schr C Lozier, Dunham, Bordingham, Me, 6 days, for New York, with ice to C H Matthews.
Schr Flora King, Look, Calais 7 days, for New York, with lumber to Jed Frye & Co.
Schr Lucia B Ives, Mills, Hallowell, Me, 5 days, for Newark, with ice to Newark Ice Co.
Schr Congress, York, Portland 6 days, for New York, with lumber to Holyoke & Murray.
Schr Ann L Lockwood, St John, Richmond, Me, 6 days, for New York, with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.
Schr W C Hall, Coleman, Rockland for New York, with lime to J R Brown.
Schr Hudson, Post, Rockland for New York, with lime to J V Haviland.
Schr Adrian, Everett, Rockland for New York, with lime to J V Haviland.
Schr Julia Newell, McIntyre, Rockland for New York, with lime to Candee & Pressey.
Schr Red Jacket, Averill, Rockland for New York, with lime to J R Brown.
Schr Maggie Bell, Hall, Rockland for New York with lime to J R Brown.
Schr Gen Warren, Bishop, Rockland 4 days, for New York, with lime to J R Brown.
Schr S J Lindsley, Crockett, Rockland 5 days, for New York, with lime to J V Haviland.
Schr Laconia, Whitton, Rockland 6 days, for New York, with lime to J R Brown.
Schr Calista, Spear, Rockland 6 days, for New York, with granite to Babcock & Brainard.
Schr James K Lawrence, Torrey, Surrey, 6 days, for Rondout, with staves to W Jarvis.
Schr Talisman, Robinson, Thomaston 7 days, for New York, with lime to Candee & Pressey.
Schr Hannah D, Chase, Gloucester 4 days, for New York, with fish to C Nickerson & Co.
Schr John D Griffin, Harding, Gloucester for New York, with fish to Woodruff & Robinson.
Schr D & E Kelley, Kelley, Boston for Rondout.
Schr Wm Capes, Baker, Boston for New York.
Schr E P Church, Gifford, Cape Cod for New York, with lobsters to C Comstock & Co.
Schrs Charles Rodgers, ——, Rockport for New York.
Schr E W Pratt, Henderson, Edgartown for Philadelphia.
Schr Onward, Gorham, Nantucket for New York.
Schr Adelia Trubell, Hess, Cape Ann for New York.
Schr Deborah Jones, Baker, Cape Ann for New York.
Schr Clara Bell, Chase, Cape Ann for New York.
Schr Maria Louisa, Cole, Cape Ann for New York.
Schr Geo W Whistler Jr, Phinney, Cape Ann for New York
Schr Kate McLean, Vicker, Cape Ann for New York.
Schr J H Tripp, Crowley, Chatham for New York.
Schr M E Graham, Fountain, Wareham for Philadelphia.
Schr Tryall, Soule, New Bedford for Albany.
Schr Stephen Waterman, Chase, New Bedford for New York.
Schr Emily Belle, Kelley, Falmouth for New York.
Schr Esquimaux, Briggs, Taunton for New York.
Schr Messenger, Peck, Taunton for New York.
Schr Josephine, Lindsley, Taunton for New York
Schr M J Mead, Thrasher, Taunton for New York.
Schr Roanoke, Deering, Taunton for New York.
Schr Angler, Chase, Fall River for New York.
Schr Ripple, Hanover, Providence for Trenton.
Schr Nightingale, Beebe, Providence for New York.
Schr M R Carlisle, Potter, Providence for New York.
Schr Minerva, Brightman, Providence for Elizabethport.
Schr Susan Scranton, Harvey, Providence for New York.
Schr Chauncey St John, Packer, Providence for New York.
Schr Nathl Holmes, Northup, Providence for Rondout.
Schr N B Gibson, Chare, Providence for New York.
Schr Tryphenia, Nickerson, Providence for New York.
Schr Malabar, Kennedy, Providence for New York.
Schr Seraph, Ryder, Providence for New York.
Schr Haze, Fenton, Providence for Trenton.
Schr S A Falconer, Wilson, Providence for Elizabethport.
Schr A H Brown, Fierce, Providence for Elizabethport.
Schr Faustina Dickens, Babcock, Westerly for New York.
Schr Lake, Mills, Norwich for New York.
Schr Onward, Sheffield, Norwich for New York.
Schr Old Zack, Beebe, Norwich for Elizabethport.
Schr Effort, Nickerson, New London for New York.
Schr Hudson, Champlin, New London for New York.
Schr Reading RR No 43, Baldwin, New London for Elizabethport.
Schr Wm Donnelly, Lynch, East Haddam for Elizabethport.
Schr Wm McShean, Miller, Hartford for Amboy.
Schr Lizzie Bennett, Nelson, Hartford for New York.
Schr Hamburg, West, Hartford for Philadelphia.
Schr Elias Runlon, Lewis, Hartford for New York.
Schr D B Bennett, Lewis, Hartford for Philadelphia.
Schr R M Clark, Stocking, Hartford for New York.
Schr J M Brainard, McCarthy, Portland for New York.
Schr Sarah L Thomas, Hall, Portland for New York.
Schr Robert Smith, Balson, Portland for New York.
Schr Celestia, Alford, Portland for New York.
Schr C H Northam, Dibble, Portland for New York.
Schr Sarah L Thomson, Hull, Portland for New York.
Schr H Curtis, Curtis, New Haven for New York.
Schr Senator Grimes, Philbrook, New Haven for New York
Schr M Powell, Fenton, New Haven for Trenton.
Schr E C Dinsmore, Allen, New Haven for Albany.
Schr Connecticut, Stevens, New Haven for Hoboken.
Schr Loon, Smith, New Haven for New York.
Schr Judge Runion, Hopkins, New Haven for New York.
Schr Dr Wm R Powers, Crosby, New Haven for Elizabethport.
Schr Flash, Robinson, Montauk for New York, with fish to S B Miller.
Schr Excelsior, Munsty, Cold Spring for Sing Sing.

BOUND EAST.

Steamship Franconia, Bragg, New York for Portland.
Schr Gust, ——, Trenton for Hartford.
Schr Lady Emma, Carroll, Philadelphia for New Haven.
Schr Henry Lemuel, Jarvis, South Amboy for Bridgeport.
Schr B English, Kelly, South Amboy for Holmes' Hole.
Schr Uncas, Morgan, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Fanny Hazard, Mayo, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Hydrangea, ——, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr L Robinson, Robinson, Elizabethport for Hingham.
Schr J P Hall, Farrell, Elizabethport for Nantucket.
Schr Native, ——, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Adelaide, Smith, Elizabethport for Bridgeport.
Schr Francis Hatch, ——, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr J S Mitchell, Morrill, Albany for Stamford.
Schr Davison, Smith, Albany for Providence.
Schr Caiota, Kennett, Albany for Boston.
Schr Oregon, Ferris, Malden for Providence.
Schr John Manlove, Frollock, Rondout for Jamestown.
Schr White Rock, Hubble, Rondout for Bridgeport.
Schr J M Taylor, Fowler, Rondout for Providence.
Schr G W Babcock, Phinney, Rondout for Westerly.
Schr T Bodine, Bunce, Rondout for Providence.
Schr F Merwin, ——, Rondout for Providence.
Schr Avail, ——, Rondout for Providence.
Schr O F Hawley, ——, Rondout for Providence.
Schr J G Baldwin, Day, Rondout for Middletown.
Schr Ruth Halsey, Hoyt, Newburg for Norwich.
Schr Silas Brainard, ——, Newburg for Providence.
Schr Danl Webster, ——, Newburg for Norwich.
Schr F Mayo, ——, Hoboken for Boston.
Schr Sarah Maria, Ham, Hoboken for Portsmouth.
Schr Angler, Besse, Hoboken for Wareham.
Schr C H Delamater, ——, Jersey City for Bridgeport.
Schr M L Bartlett, Ricker, New York for Goose Island.
Schr Helen M White, McKay, New York for Newburyport.

Wind at sunset SE, fresh.

Marine Disasters.

BARK ALBATROSS (Br), from Pensacola for Montevideo, which put into Norfolk in distress, has been surveyed by order of the British Consul and was found to be making 8 inches per hour in smooth water. The leak appears to be in the upper works, as they are much open. Her seams are very open and will require calking; her pumps will be overhauled, as they are out of order.

BARK CEREALIA (of Bangor, Wales), McMurray, sailed from Philadelphia Jan 17 (refined petroleum) for London, and has not since been heard of.

LIVERPOOL, June 13—The John Parker, Scarbro, arrived here from New Orleans, reports June 1, lat 45 38, lon 31 58, passed a large vessel of 1200 to 1400 tons burthen, painted black, apparently American, with mainmast sprung, no sail on it with the exception of mainsail hanging in the gear; all sail set forward except foretopgallantsail. She was on port tack and standing to the northward. Ship laboring very heavily, and it blowing a strong gale from the westward at the time, could not ascertain her name.

STANLEY, FI, April 30—The Hamilton, arrived here from Cardiff 28th inst, to take in the cargo of the Sea Witch, McCully, from Antwerp for San Francisco, which put in here leaky May 7 last; the latter vessel will, it is believed, be sent home in ballast.

ST HELENA, May 12—The brig Candati (of Schiedam), Krynen, from Padang for New York, arrived here 8th inst with her fore and main masts sprung, having experienced heavy weather on the passage. Two surveys have been held and both masts have been condemned.

Spoken.

Ship Samuel G Glover, Miller, from Manila for Boston, April 6, lat 12 50 S, lon 93 40 E.
Ship Energy, Caulkins, from Batavia for Rotterdam, May 30, lat 31 N, lon 44 W.
Ship Japan, Emmons, from Liverpool for San Francisco, June 8, lat 48 20 N, lon 10 54.
Ship Louisa, Glover, from Cardiff for New York, June 10, lat 47 20, lon 22 30.
Ship Akbar, Lamson, from New York for Melbourne, May 30, lat 29 N, lon 37 W.
Ship N B Palmer, Low, from New York for Hong Kong, May 29, lat 26 N, lon 36 49 W.
Ship Sonora, Paine, from New York for San Francisco, May 12, lat 9 N, lon 30.
Ship Garnet, Oliver, from New York for Valparaiso, &c, May 22, lat 28 N, lon 28.
Ship Sagamore, Pickering, from Boston for Bombay, May 31, lat 30 N, lon 39 27 W.
Ship Artisan, Smith, from New Orleans for Bremen, June 5, lat 45, lon 30.
Bark Clifton (Br), Matthews, from Singapore for Boston, no date, in Banca Straits.
Bark Trinity, Bolles, from Desolation for ——, May 6, lat 18 21 S, lon 3 14 W.
Bark Sabine, Breaker, from Liverpool for New York, June 10, no lat, &c. (The Sabine was off Queenstown 9th.)
Bark Samuel D Carlton, Tapley, from Cardiff for Hong Kong, May 18, lat 3 S, lon 28 W.
Bark Elm Grove (Br), Hurst, from Marseilles for San Francisco, May 7, lat 10 S, lon 31.
Bark Victor, Wass, from New York for Melbourne, April 20, lat 30 S, lon 26 10 W.
Bark Hellespont, Crowell, from New York for Buenos Ayres, May 13, lat 14 50 N, lon 36 48.
Bark Mariano, Bearse, from Boston for Melbourne, April 13, lat 24 S, lon 27 40 W.

Foreign Ports.

ARDROSSAN, June 14—Sailed, Geo Bell, Hilton, NYork.
ANTWERP, June 12—Arrived, Criterion, Sheldon, Callao.
AMSTERDAM, June 12—Arrived, Zeebloen, Gollards, New York.
BRISTOL, June 14—Arrived, Stratford, Olsen, Pensacola.
Sailed 15th, Charlotte, Stief, Philadelphia.
BREMERHAVEN, June 12—Arrived, D H Watjen, Deetjen, and Christel, Friedrichs, NYork; 13th, Magdalena, Henke, do.
Sailed 11th, F Reck, Denker, Philadelphia.
BROUWERSHAVEN, June 13—Arrived, Rhea, Anderson, NYork.
BILBOA, June 10—Arrived, Springbok, Nash, NYork.
CARDIFF, June 14—Cleared, Moses Day, Woodworth, and Capena, Christoller, NYork; Geo Shepley, Merryman, Montevideo.
Sailed 13th, Palmyra, Martin, NYork; Tabasco, Billant, Galveston.
Ent out 13th, Geo Hurlbut, Masson, for NYork; Brewster, Collins, Callao; Devonshire, Featherstonhaugh, New Orleans; 14th, Wm Yeo, Howes, NYork.
Arrived at Penarth 12th, Brewster, Collins, St Nazaire.
Sailed 3d, Ventus, Vesper, Rio Janeiro.
CALAIS, June 11—Sailed, Socrates, Neilsen, NYork.
CADIZ, June 7—Arrived, L L Squire, Horton, and Herman, Ditchourn, NYork; 8th, Wm Van Name, Craig, do; Waverley, Terry, Gijon.
Cleared 11th, Amy A Lane, Carver, Pomaron, to load for Liverpool.
DUBLIN, June 14—Arrived, Carl August, Philadelphia.
Cleared 14th, Diana, Michaels, NYork.
FALMOUTH, June 15—Off, Artisan, Smith, from New Orleans for Bremen.
Arrived 14th, Canadienne, Equin, Puget Sound for London (and sailed 15th); 15th, Mystic Tie, Shaw, Cardenas.
Off the Lizard 13th, Arracan, Spencer, from NYork for London.
FOLKESTONE, June 14—Off, Atlas, White, from Shields for New London; 15th, Haminga, Rexeland, from New Orleans for Cronstadt.
GLOUCESTER, June 13—Arrived, Peppino Magnano, Martino, NYork.
Sailed 13th, Ressource, Grau, NYork.
GLASGOW, June 14—Sailed, St Patrick (s), Montreal; 16th, Britannia (s), NYork.
GOTHENBURG, June 11—Arrived, John N Cushing, Baxter, Antwerp; Wm Brown, Hopkins, Amsterdam.
GIBRALTAR, June 9—Arrived, Belle, Dente, NYork (and cleared for Barcelona).
Cleared 3d, J H Kennedy, Rich, Genoa; 4th, Rachel, Cafiero, do.
GENOA, June 11—Arrived, Eolus, Perkins, NYork.
HAMBURG, June 11—Arrived, Prinz Albert, Meyer, NYork; Victoria, Lianeberg, Pensacola (before reported arrived 4th); Lorenzo, Follansbee, Baker's Island; 13th, Caledonia, Shearer, Boston.
Sailed from Cuxhaven 16th, Eugenie, Voss, NYork.
HELVORT, June 14—Arrived, Enterprise, Mulder, NYork.
HAVRE, June 13—Sailed, Southampton, West, NYork; Investigator, Carver, Cardiff and United States.
LIVERPOOL, June 13—Arrived, Black Prince, Marshall, Baltimore; Lumsden (s), Roach, New Orleans; Maid of Orleans, Houston, do; 14th, Riverside, Randell, do; Island Queen, McClellan, Charleston; Poseidon, Knudson, New Orleans; 15th, Geo A Holt, Norton, do; Armstrong, Owens, and Monsoon, Chilton, Mobile; Malacca, Dawson, San Francisco; D W Chapman, Miller, Savannah; Thor, Fraching, Norfolk.
Sailed 13th, City of Cork (s), Allen, NYork; Rutland, Gardner, Melbourne via Soderhamn; Gold Hunter, Freeman, Philadelphia; 15th, Southern Chief, Higgins, Montevideo; Helvetia (s), Griggs, NYork; Island Home, McLellan, Baltimore; Hudson, Richardson, Calcutta; Fras Carvill, Moriarty, New Orleans; Jas Foster, Jr, Hatten, NYork.
Cleared 14th, Screamer, Young, NYork; Cordelia, King, New Orleans; Sarah Bell, Ditchburn, San Francisco (and was in river 15th); Clara, McConnell, Buenos Ayres; 15th, India, Patten, Boston; Matilda Hilyard, Lovitt, Gloucester; J R Hes, Graham, New Haven.
Ent out 13th, City of Baltimore (s), Delamotte, Boston; Nevada (s), Green, NYork; 14th, Aleppo (s), Browne, and Jerome Jones, Crosby, NYork; Batavia (s), Le Messurier, Boston and NYork; Adela McLoon, Munroe, Baltimore; Rochester, Clough, Cardiff and New Orleans; Clifford, Waker, Calcutta (changed from San Francisco); 15th, Tuscarora, Rowland, and Tonawanda, Tuoley, Philadelphia; Tiger, Russell, Portland; A B Wyman, Wyman, Boston; Peruvian (s), Smith, Quebec.
LONDON, June 13—Arrived, L L Sturges, Lienekin, New York (and ent out for do).
Cleared 15th, Fassfern, Harris, Philadelphia; Plymouth Rock, Warner, NYork (and sailed from Gravesend 16th).
Ent out 15th, Loch Katrine, McCallum, NYork.
Sailed from Gravesend 13th, Alice, Ericksen, Philadelphia (and from Deal 15th); 14th, Confidence, Patterson, NYork.
LONDONDERRY, June 15—Sailed, Stadacona, Cassidy, Philadelphia.
Arrived at do 27th, steamship Dacian, Laird, NYork (June 15) for Glasgow.
LIMERICK, June 13—Sailed, E A Sonder, Mackler, Newport.
LEGHORN, June 11—Arrived, Flora, Laprelle, NYork.
MARSEILLES, June 13—Arrived, Teresina, Viola, NYork.
NEWCASTLE, June 11—Ent out, Winifred, Scott, NYork; Carmanu, Reetz, Boston.
NEWPORT, June 14—Sailed, J F Chapman, Norton, NYork; Eliza Avelina, Dowley, Boston.
PETERHEAD, June 11—Passed, Garron, from Montevideo via Hampton Roads for London.
PENRYN, June 15—Arrived, Echo, Irving, NYork.
PALERMO, June 6—Cleared, Daniel Draper, Bottome, New York.
PENANG, May 2—Arrived, Humboldt, Kelly, Singapore.
QUEENSTOWN, June 14—Arrived, Aruba, Scholtz, NYork (and sailed for Gateshead to discharge); 26th, Calabria (s), McMickan, do (June 16) for Liverpool (and proceeded); Nebraska (s), Guard, do (June 15) for do; City of Antwerp (s), Leitch, do (June 14) via Halifax 16th for do (and both proceeded).
Sailed 16th, Moneta, Yates (from San Francisco), Havre.
QUEBEC, June 27—Arrived, steamship Scandinavian, Ballantine, Liverpool.
ROUEN, June 13—Arrived, Abigail, Raymond, NYork.
SOUTHAMPTON, June 27—Arrived, America (s), Bussius, NYork (June 16) for Bremen (and proceeded).
SHIELDS, June 14—Sailed, Thos Lord, Doe, NYork.
In port 15th, Sunshine, Weeks, for New York via Havana, preparing for sea.
STAXIGO, June 10—Passed, Edgar Cecil, Anderson, from Shields for Boston.
SWANSEA, June 14—Cleared, Althea, Harding, Providence.
SLIGO, June 8—Arrived, Sif, Christiansen, Savannah.
SWINEMUNDE, June 12—Arrived, Horace Scudder, Gould, Philadelphia; 15th, Star of Hope, Peterson, do.
SEVILLE, June 10—Arrived, A Bradshaw, Sears, NYork.
SMYRNA, June 1—Arrived, John Mathues, Sullivan, Malta; 4th, O C Clary, Gould, Messina.
ST HELENA, May 8—Arrived, Candati, Krynen, Padang for NYork; 16th, Mary Tatham, Tallack, Singapore (and sailed for Boston).
Passed do May 14, Aleppo, Fleming, from Colombo for NYork.
ST JOHN'S, PR, June 12—In port brig Geo Latimer, Knight, for Baltimore, to sail 15th.
ST JOHN, NB, June 25—Arrived, schr E A Ford, Carpenter, NYork.
Cleared 24th, ship New Era, Knight, Liverpool; bark Kate Harding, Harding, do; schrs Ocean Belle, Philadelphia; Nevada, do; Gun Rock, NYork.
TRAVEMUNDE, June 12—Arrived, Carl, Baas, NYork.
TARRAGONA, June 10—Arrived, Susan Bergen, Davis, New York.
VALENCIA, June 9—Arrived, Escort, Baker, Cardiff; Simla, Porter, Callao.
WATERFORD, June 13—Arrived, Harriet, McNabb, NYork.

American Ports.

BOSTON, June 25—Arrived, brigs Ella (Br), Martin, Trinidad; Dirigo, Cole, Alexandria, Va; schrs E S Twisden, Chase, Cape Town, CGH; Carrie Hever, Robinson, Alexandria, Va; S Morris, Seaman, Georgetown, DC; Union Flag, Maloney, Baltimore; Virginia, Bearse, do; C W May, May, Philadelphia; Jonathan May, Neal, do; Mary Augusta, Lord, do; Benj Reed, Gregory, do; Fawn, Kelly, do; General Knox, Lovell, Elizabethport; T H Seymour, Burgess, do; Caroline Wallace, Hoboken; A Healon, Phinney, do; Mary Eliza, Phinney, Albany; William R Genn, Small, Poughkeepsie; Franklin, from NYork; A Healon, Phinney, New York.
Cleared—Bark Nora, Gibbs, Barbados; schrs John Farnum, Baker, Baltimore; James Martin, Baker, Philadelphia; Chas Carroll, Chase, NYork. Also cld, bark Aurelia, Lincoln, NOrleans; brig Rainbow (Br), Marshall, Demarara; schr Mary D Haskell, Barnes, Baltimore.
26—Arrived, bark Blair Athol (Br), Haines, Rotterdam; schrs Cygnus, Small, Mayaguez; A D Scull, Scull, Alexandria, Va; Ontara, Sprague, Philadelphia; Hene, Glover, do; Nellie Doe, Richardson, Elizabethport; Light Boat; Wood, do; Clara Sawyer, Branscom, Port Johnson; Agenoria, Adams, Rondout; Howard, Wooster, Newburg, NY; Chase, Ingraham, Clinton Point.
Returned—Schr M D Haskell, Barbour, having split mainsail.
Sailed—Saturday, wind W, ships Siam and Ceylon.
27th—Arrived, steamers Norman, from Philadelphia; Geo Appold, from Baltimore; Neptune, from NYork; ship Frank N Thayer, Towne, Liverpool; bark King Bird (Br), Dexter, Gottenburg; brig H B Emery, Small, Cienfuegos; schr Leona, Myers, Gonaives.
BALTIMORE, June 25—Arrived, brigs Sparkling Water, Hichborn, Matanzas; Shamrock, Ray, Richmond, Me; schrs Willie, Staples, St John's, PR; Home, Marshall, NYork; Ocean Traveller, Adams, Beverly.
Cleared—Bark Eliza White, Mahoney, Matanzas; schrs Arctic, Norris, St John's, PR; Surprise, Beers, and Ocean Traveller, Adams, Boston.
Sailed—Bark Agnes; brigs Virginia Dare, Aura, Lewis Clark, Alex Kirkland; schr Arctic.
27th—Below, bark Aquidneck, Chesebrough, from Rio Janeiro.
BANGOR, June 24—Cleared, schr Ann Elizabeth, Getchell, NYork.
CHARLESTON, June 23—Arrived, schr Robert Palmer, Clark, NYork.
Cleared—Brig J L Pye (Br), Pye, Liverpool.
24th—Arrived, schr Abbie Pitman, Lombard, Wood's Hole.
27th—Arrived, brigs Nellie Howe, Baltimore; Hattie B, Rockport; schr S R Jameson, do.
FORTRESS MONROE, June 27—Passed in, bark Aquidneck, from Rio Janeiro for Baltimore.
Passed out—Bark Isle of Skye, for Yarmouth; brig Torrid Zone, for Demarara.
GALVESTON, June 21—Cleared, brig Karmsund, Ostermundsen, Liverpool.
GEORGETOWN, SC, June 21—Cleared, schr Emma, Anthony, Stonington, Ct.
JACKSONVILLE, June 21—Cleared, schrs E B Everman, Corson, NYork; 22d, Wm E Mann, Rogers, do.
KEY WEST, June 17—Arrived, brig Mary E Hines, Hines, NYork.
MOBILE, June 22—Arrived, ship Saranac, Dunlevy, Philadelphia.
NEW ORLEANS, June 21—Arrived, bark Ann Walsh, Coombs, Nassau.
22d—Arrived, brigs Dolores (Sp), Farnes, and Amable Antonio (Sp), Vila, Havana.
Cleared—Steamship Zodiac, Hines, Belize, Hon; bark Emma C Litchfield, Hayden, Havre.
25th—Sailed, steamship Geo Cromwell, Clapp, NYork.
26th—Arrived, steamships Cortes, Nelson, and Mississippi, Henry, NYork.
Sailed—Steamship United States, Blanchard, NYork.
27th—Sailed, steamship George Washington, Gager, New York.
SOUTHWEST PASS, June 21—Sailed, ship Emma.
NORFOLK, June 23—Arrived, bark Albatross (Br), Adams, Pensacola for Montevideo, put in leaking; schrs J J Housman, Brown; John Leuthall, Smith; Mary E Simmons, Gandy, and A R Wetmore, Leman, NYork.
24th—Arrived, schrs Yankee Doodle, Malsburg, and John Forsyth, Burr, NYork.
Sailed—Bark Ada Carter, Kenney, Havana.
NANTUCKET, June 18—Arrived, schrs S Sturtevant, and C S Watson, Adams, Philadelphia; 27th, L O Foster, Eldridge, NYork; 21st, Annie Magee, Young, Philadelphia.
Sailed 24th, schrs J B Allen, Case, Philadelphia; 22d, C S Watson, Adams, do.
PENSACOLA, June 20—Arrived, brig Emma L Hall, Blanchard, Mobile; schr Fanny Fern, Saunders, Lavaca.
PHILADELPHIA, June 25—Arrived, bark Sir Colin Campbell, Murray, Ivigtut; schrs David Collins, Townsend, Fall River; Chas Cooper, Nickerson, Harwich; B F Carver, Norwood, Calais; J H French, Burgess, Richmond, Me; Geo S Adams, Baker; C E Jackson, Babcock, and S A Hoffman, Hoffman, Boston; E A Leonard, Barker, Gouldsboro; Julia Nelson, Cavalier, Providence; Robin Hood, Adams, Hartford; Vermeiln, Beckinson, and M E Coyne, Facemire, New Bedford; Aid, Smith, and Geo Carlin, Adams, Fall River.
Cleared—Bark Atlantic, Jacobson, Stettin; brig Lophema (Br), Gongdon, Genoa; schrs Sarah Mills, Baker; Ella Amsden, Smith; O Tilton, Somers; Isaac Carver, Saule; Addie Ryerson, Houghton, and Sarah, Cobb, Boston; Chas Cooper, Nickerson, Hyannis; Urbana, Allen, Beverly.
27th—Below, brig Home, from Jamaica; schrs Ralph Carlton, from Cardenas; J J Spencer, from Cienfuegos; United States, from Mobile.
LEWES, June 25—Went to sea, brigs E R Stewart, for Barbados; J Pierce, for Boston.
PORTLAND, June 25—Arrived, barks Crusoe (Br), Mix, Sagua; F M Tower, Perry, Elizabethport; brigs Chimborazo, Coombs, Havana; Herald, Hanson, Matanzas; A H Curtis, Merryman, Philadelphia; M A Berry, Chase, Hoboken; schr Nellie Bowers, Stackpole, Matanzas.
RICHMOND, June 25—Sailed, schr Horatio Nichols, Dupur, New Haven.
SAVANNAH, June 22—Sailed, brig Alice Lee, Foster, Wood's Hole via Chisholm's Island; schr Argus Eye, Thompson, Boston.
27th—Arrived, schr M B Bramhall, NYork.
SALEM, June 24—Arrived, schrs C S Edwards, Corson, Georgetown, DC; J Ponder, Jr, Browne, and Saxon, Hatch, Elizabethport; Lucy Clark, Hoboken; Uncle Tom, Look, South Amboy.
WILMINGTON, NC, June 23—Arrived, schrs Mary D Ireland, Ireland, NYork; Hattie Coombs, Rockland.
24th—Arrived, brigs Flor del Mar, Pellow, and Almata, Christopher, NYork; Cairo (Br), Vance, do; schrs Vrate, Mason, and E B Wheaton, Atkins, do; Maunaloa, Talbot, New Haven.
Cleared—Bark Amoy (Swe), Dannbert, London.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Buy your China, Glass, Plated Ware, Table Cutlery, Refrigerators, Cooking Utensils and all other House Furnishing Goods, suitable for the season.
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At EDWARD D. BASSFORD'S,
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ABSOLUTE DIVORCES OBTAINED IN DIFFERENT States; legal everywhere; desertion, &c., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained; advice free. M. HOUSE, Attorney, 78 Nassau street.

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ARE YOU SUFFERING WITH INDIGESTION? DOES heartburn trouble you? Do you spit up sour water? Go at once to the druggist's and get a box of WELLING'S Dyspepsia Tablets. Price 50c. per box. See home references.

AT J. H. JOHNSTON & ROBINSON'S, 150 BOWERY, corner Broome street, New York, prices reduced to gold rates on Diamonds, Gold and Silver Watches, fine Jewelry and sterling Silverware. Cash paid for old Silver and Diamonds.

RHEUMATIC AFFECTION—THE MOST INVETERATE cured at one visit. Ladies and gentlemen can rely, for all their ailments, on Dr. DEHANT, 146 Bleecker street. Twenty years' practice.

THOMAS R. AGNEW, 260 GREENWICH STREET, New York, has reduced the prices of Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Flour and all kinds of Groceries, Molasses and Provisions to the gold standard.

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SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

13 WEST 30TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AV. AND BROADWAY.—A Protestant woman as first class cook; would assist with the washing and ironing; best city reference.

28 WEST 13TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook in a private family; no other need apply; will be found willing and obliging; can be seen for two days. Address W. B.

33 EAST 35TH ST.—A WOMAN AS COMPETENT cook; not afraid to work; no objection to the country

35 EAST 18TH ST., REAR HOUSE.—A FIRST CLASS cook; understands her business in all its branches; prefers New York; best city reference.

43 62D ST., BETWEEN MADISON AND 4TH AVS.—A respectable young woman as cook; is a first rate washer and ironer; has the highest testimonials with regard to character and capacity.

44 WEST 19TH ST.—AS COOK IN A PRIVATE FAMily, who thoroughly understands her business; has unexceptionable city references. Can be seen at her present employers.

59 WEST 36TH ST.—AS COMPETENT COOK; WOULD assist with the washing and ironing in a small family; as first class baker; best city reference.

60 WEST WASHINGTON PLACE.—A WIDOW AND daughter wish to go in the country; as meat and pastry cook; daughter to take care of children; city references. Call for two days.

112 WEST 20TH ST., IN REAR.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman (and her daughter, 12 years old) as cook. washer and ironer; willing to make herself useful.

119 WEST 30TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS., in the rear.—A respectable young woman as cook; understands all kinds of cooking, English, French and American; all kinds of game and poultry; desserts of all kinds; has no objection to a first class boarding house. Best city reference.

131 WEST 28TH ST.—AS GOOD COOK; IS WILLING to assist with the washing and ironing.

133 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS first rate cook; is a good baker; is willing to assist with the washing if required; understands her business well; good city reference.

133 WEST 25TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs., first floor, back room.—A respectable girl as cook to a private family; one who understands French and English cooking. Can give good city reference.

151 WEST 24TH ST.—A COMPETENT WOMAN AS cook in private family; thoroughly understands her business.

154 WEST 18TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV., ROOM 21.—A competent woman as good plain cook; will assist in washing; would go a short distance in the country; city reference.

156 WEST 18TH ST.—AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN as first class cook; understands all kinds of meats, soups, pastries and jellies; best city reference. Call for two days.

156 WEST 20TH ST., BAKERY.—A RESPECTABLE young woman as first class cook; no objection to coarse washing; will be found trustworthy; first class city reference.

156 WEST 20TH ST., IN BAKERY.—A RESPECTAble young woman as good cook; understands her business thoroughly; will assist with washing and ironing; good city reference.

158 WEST 23D ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS good cook; willing to assist in the washing and ironing; best city reference; no objection to a boarding house.

203 WEST 27TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV., FIRST FLOOR A middle aged woman as good cook and baker; city preferred. Two years' city reference.

245 WEST 35TH ST.—A LADY GOING TO THE country would like to obtain situations for her two girls—one as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing, the other as chambermaid and waitress, or would take charge of children. No objection to the country.

266 WEST 43D ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A respectable woman as cook; understands her business thoroughly and is an excellent baker; has no objection to the city or country. Can be seen for two days.

313 7TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS.—A respectable girl in a private family as good cook, and willing to assist with the washing and ironing; good city reference from last place.

313 EAST 31ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO to cook, wash and iron in a small private family. Has the best city references. Ring the top bell.

317 WEST 25TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, IN THE rear.—A respectable girl as cook, washer and ironer, and will do general housework in a private family; good city reference from last place.

338 EAST 13TH ST.—AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN AS cook; understands cooking in all its branches; is a good baker; in a private American family. Call for three days at present employer's; reason for leaving, because the family are going travelling, also a young girl as chambermaid and waitress; both wish to go together.

341 WEST 26TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs.—As cook and would assist with the washing and ironing if required.

343 EAST 27TH ST., ROOM No. 8.—A COMPETENT woman as cook and assist with the washing and ironing; has no objections to the country; good references.

349 1ST AV., BETWEEN 20TH AND 21ST STS.—A respectable girl as cook, washer and ironer; good reference.

414 7TH AV., BETWEEN 32D AND 33D STS.—A respectable young woman as cook in a private family; has three years' reference from her last place. Can be seen until suited.

450 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN woman as good cook; is willing to assist with washing and ironing, no objections to private boarding house; good city references. Can be seen for two days.

531 WEST 26TH ST., BETWEEN 10TH AND 11TH avs., third floor.—A respectable young girl as cook, washer and ironer in a private family; good city reference.

532 WEST 39TH ST., BETWEEN 10TH AND 11TH avs.—A respectable young woman as cook, washer and ironer, or to do general housework; good baker; no objection to the country; has the best reference. Can be seen for two days.

552 8TH AV., BETWEEN 40TH AND 41ST STS., UP stairs, rear.—A respectable woman as cook, and to assist with the washing and ironing, or to do housework; good city reference. Call for two days.

648 2D AV., BETWEEN 35TH AND 36TH STS.—A young woman, with a little girl 5 years old, as good plain cook; will assist with the washing; no objection to a short distance in the country, good city reference. Call for two days.

Chambermaids, &c.

4 VARICK PLACE, SULLIVAN ST.—A YOUNG English person as chambermaid in a hotel or private family

4 UNION COURT, UNIVERSITY PLACE, BETWEEN 11th and 12th sts.—A young girl as chambermaid and waitress; would go to the country with a family; good city reference.

15 5TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN AS chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen at her last employer's.

16 WEST 32D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress in a private family. Can be seen at her present employer's.

22 WILLETT ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—A respectable girl to do chamberwork and assist with washing and ironing in a small private family; good country reference; country preferred.

29 WEST NORTH MOORE ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL to do chamberwork and fine washing; best city reference can be given. Apply for two days.

52D ST., FIRST HOUSE WEST OF 3D AV., NORTH side.—A young woman as chambermaid, or would assist at washing and ironing; best city reference.

54 CHARLES ST., CORNER OF 4TH, OVER THE LIquor store.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family, or to take care of a baby and sew; no objection to go in the country, has good city reference.

78 6TH AV.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN TO do chamberwork and fine washing and fluting.

84 WEST 11TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG DANish woman to do chamberwork and plain sewing. Call at or address her last place.

111 LEXINGTON AV.—A LADY WISHES A PLACE for a Protestant girl as chambermaid and waitress or nurse; country preferred. Apply for reference as above, from 1 until 4 o'clock.

117 PERRY ST., REAR.—A FIRST CLASS CHAMBERmaid; would assist in washing if required; good references.

124 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL to do chamberwork and plain sewing; city reference.

124 WEST 18TH ST.—AMERICAN GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and nurse or nurse and seamstress; country preferred.

126 8TH ST., CLINTON PLACE, SECOND FLOOR, room No. 4.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to assist in the washing.

137 EAST 46TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen at her present employer's.

138 5TH AV., CORNER OF 19TH ST.—A RESPECTable girl as chambermaid and laundress; best city reference; no objection to go in the country.

168 WEST 32D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress in a small private family; can assist in washing. Can be seen until 2 o'clock at her present employer's.

203 WEST 27TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV., FIRST FLOOR, back room.—As chambermaid and waitress or to do chamberwork and sewing; city references.

206 EAST 26TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D avs.—A young girl as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to go in the country; best city reference.

210 WEST 20TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A RESPECTAble young girl to do chamberwork and waiting, or would take care of children and do plain sewing; best city reference; no objection to go to the country.

240 WEST 41ST ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK.—A respectable girl as chambermaid or to mind children; no objection to the country; good city reference.

241 36TH ST., NEAR 2D AV., TOP FLOOR, BACK room.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress; good reference.

255 WEST 19TH ST. (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S).—A young girl as chambermaid and nurse and to do sewing; would go in the country.

257 6TH AV.—A GERMAN GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID or waitress.

258 WEST 37TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, ROOM NO. 9.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress, or to take care of growing children and do plain sewing.

267 WEST 10TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do chamberwork and waiting; can do plain sewing; is willing and obliging.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Chambermaids, &c.

288 3D AV., NEAR 22D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress; reference if required.

315 WEST 20TH ST., NEAR 8TH AV., REAR.—A Protestant girl as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and seamstress in a private family; fully competent to take charge of growing children; willing to go to the country for the summer; best city reference.

318 EAST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do chamberwork and waiting or to assist in the washing or general housework; good city reference.

320 WEST 21ST ST.—AS CHAMBERMAID OR TO do general housework for a small family; reference given.

328 EAST 51ST ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A young woman as chambermaid and seamstress or as nurse and seamstress; speaks French; best references.

342 WEST 25TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs.—A respectable young woman as chambermaid and to assist with washing in a private family; has three years' city reference.

349 1ST AV., BETWEEN 20TH AND 21ST STS.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress; would assist with washing and ironing.

351 EAST 39TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, LATELY landed, as chambermaid and waitress; would assist in washing and ironing if required; is willing and obliging. Apply on Tuesday and Wednesday.

366 WEST 25TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or would go to the country to take care of children; best city references.

369 EAST 60TH ST., NEAR 1ST AV.—A RESPECTAble young woman as chambermaid and waitress; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing. Call for two days.

402 WEST 38TH ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs., front room, third floor.—A respectable girl to do up stairs work or the work of a small family.

433 WEST 36TH ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs.—A respectable girl, 16 years old, to do up stairs work or take care of children.

457 WEST 27TH ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable girl to do chamberwork and assist in washing and ironing, or to take care of children and do plain sewing. Can be seen for two days.

475 7TH AV., BETWEEN 35TH AND 36TH STS.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and plain sewer or to assist in washing; no objection to the country; good city reference. Call for two days.

1,052 3D AV., BETWEEN 62D AND 63D STS.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to the country; best reference.

A YOUNG ENGLISH PROTESTANT GIRL, LATELY landed, wants a situation as chambermaid and seamstress. Can be seen four doors above 13th st., on 6th av.

WANTED—A PLACE AS CHAMBERMAID OR NURSE for children, in an American family, by a German girl, who speaks German, French and English perfectly. Address or call at 315 Rivington st.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

1ST FLOOR, FRONT ROOM, 377 EAST 12TH ST.—Fashionable dress and cloakmaking; Summer and Fall Suits, $6, upwards; Wrappers, $3 a $3 50; also children's and misses' garments made to order; Patterns and Fashion Plates, cutting and basting. Terms cash. Call or address.

5 WEST 24TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—AS SEAMstress; willing to see to a growing child and go in the country.

34 GREENWICH AV., REAR.—AS DRESSMAKER and seamstress; understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses; all kinds of plain sewing; by the day or week. Address E. G., for two days.

45 ELIZABETH ST.—AS SEAMSTRESS, TO GO OUT by the day; understands dressmaking and Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine. Address D. & D. L.

107 38TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; can sew on the machine or do light chamberwork; best of references. Can be seen for two days.

134 CHRISTOPHER ST.—A COMPETENT DRESSmaker desires a few more customers; orders executed at short notice on reasonable terms, or would go out.

143 3D AV., IN THE STORE.—A FIRST CLASS dressmaker wishes a few more engagements by the day in families.

148 EAST 28TH ST.—A DRESSMAKER WHO UNderstands her business thoroughly will go by the day or week in families; no objections to leaving the city.

176 5TH AV.—A GERMAN GIRL, WHO SPEAKS English, as seamstress and light chambermaid; no objection to go in the country. Good city reference from her present employer.

227 8TH AV., BETWEEN 21ST AND 22D STS.—A first class dressmaker by the day or week in private families.

234 WEST 31ST ST.—AN EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker wishes an engagement by the day; is a good fitter and trimmer.

236 WEST 19TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A RESPECTable young woman as seamstress by the day, week or month; can furnish her own Wheeler & Wilson's machine, best city reference. Address.

243 EAST 31ST ST.—A FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER and operator on Wheeler and Wilson's machine; understands all kinds of family sewing; will go out by the day, or will do work at her own house. Call on or address DRESSMAKER.

325 WEST 42D ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.—A thorough dressmaker will go out by the day, or take work in her own house.

335 EAST 13TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER will take work at her own residence; ladies, and children's suits made in the latest style; also cutting and fitting, and sewing on Wheeler and Wilson's machine, from $1 50 and upward.

434 ATLANTIC AV., BROOKLYN.—A MOTHER AND daughter: one as seamstress and chambermaid; the other, aged 11, to tend door and do light work. Apply for three days between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock. No objection to city or country. Mrs. WARD.

455 6TH AV.—AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER, who thoroughly understands cutting, fitting and trimming, desires a few more engagements by the day in families.

488 6TH AV., BETWEEN 29TH AND 30TH STS.—A first class dressmaker would like a few more engagements by the day; can operate on any machine; would take the work home if preferred.

524 6TH AV.—A MIDDLE-AGED AMERICAN, AN experienced and thorough dressmaker, to engage for the summer months as dressmaker and seamstress, or as housekeeper in a family; country preferred; is perfectly reliable; references unquestionable. Address Mrs. M. A.

573 2D AV., BETWEEN 31ST AND 32D STS., THIRD floor, in the rear.—A dressmaker as seamstress by the month; understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's suits; would make herself useful in light chamberwork; has no objection to the country.

880 8TH AV., BETWEEN 52D AND 53D STS.—A lady, formerly of Mme. Deeden's, will do dressmaking at her house for a few first class customers, at reasonable prices.

General Housework, &c.

4 HORATIO ST., IN THE STORE.—A RESPECTABLE girl to do general housework or cook, wash and iron, in the city; three years' reference.

54 UNIVERSITY PLACE.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do housework or chamberwork in a small private family; best city reference.

89 WEST 11TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE WOman to do general housework in a private family in city; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; excellent city reference.

119 9TH AV., IN THE STORE.—A GOOD, SMART GIRL, lately landed, to do general housework.

134 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman to do general housework in a small private family; has no objections to the country; best city references from her last place.

140 WEST 52D ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A RESPECTable young woman to do general housework in a small family; is a good washer and ironer; has good city references; can be seen for two days.

145 WEST 16TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO GENEral housework; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; has over three years' city references from last place; no objection to the country for the summer.

158 EAST 42D ST., BETWEEN 3D AND LEXINGTON avs.—A respectable woman to do general housework in a small family.

160 EAST 52D ST., NEAR 3D AV.—A YOUNG GIRL, lately landed, to do general housework.

203 3D AV., CORNER 37TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL to do light housework or tend children and do plain sewing; call for two days.

204 EAST 22D ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL, LATELY landed, to do general housework and make herself generally useful.

227 WEST HOUSTON ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO DO housework in a small family; no objections to a short distance in the country.

233 10TH AV., BASEMENT.—A RESPECTABLE woman to do housework in a small family.

236 EAST 47TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman to do general housework in a small private family; good city reference.

238 EAST 24TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO GENEral housework in a small private family; can give the best city reference. Call one day.

240 WEST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO do housework in a small private family; no objection to a short distance in the country; five years' city reference from last place.

241 WEST 27TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO LIGHT housework in a small family; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; has three years' references; no objections to the country.

241 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A girl to do general housework in a small private family; has four years' city reference from her last place. Call for one day only.

244 EAST 30TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, BACK.—A young woman to do general housework in a small family.

266 1ST AV., FRONT ROOM.—A YOUNG WOMAN to do general housework or chamberwork in a small family; city reference.

282 WEST 32D ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—An experienced woman to do the housework of a small family.

305 32D ST.—A RESPECTABE GIRL TO DO GENeral housework; is willing and obliging; has city reference.

311 7TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS.—A respectable young woman to do general housework; city reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

General Housework, &c.

317 EAST 37TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO GENEral housework; has good reference from her last place.

318 EAST 31ST ST.—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework; has good city reference from last place; has no objection to the country. Call for two days.

337 EAST 21ST ST., IN THE BAKERY.—A RESPECTable young girl to do light housework; is willing and obliging.

341 EAST 60TH ST., NEAR 1ST AV.—A RESPECTAble girl to do general housework; the best city reference given.

342 WEST 25TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS general housemaid in a small private family; she is newly arrived from the old country. Address Mrs. MILLER.

343 36TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.—A young woman to do housework in a small family or to take care of children; no objection to go to the country. Good city reference from her last place.

423 EAST 18TH ST, FIRST FLOOR—A RESPECTABLE young girl, lately landed, to do general housework; is willing and obliging; can be seen with her parents until engaged.

435 EAST 14TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO DO general housework or down stairs; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; the best city references.

504 EAST 14TH ST.—A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN wishes to do general housework in a private family; good references. Inquire for ANNIE TRACY.

563 3D AV.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a small family.

656 2D AV., TOP FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL, lately landed, to do general housework in a small family. Call for two days.

858 7TH AV.—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork; best city reference; call for two days.

Housekeepers, &c.

40 EAST 18TH ST.—AN AMERICAN WIDOW LADY as housekeeper, where she can have her child, three years old, with her; city or country. Address for two days B. L. N.

41 CHEEVER PLACE, SOUTH BROOKLYN.—A widow lady of experience as housekeeper or companion; can cut and fit dresses and be generally useful; references given. Address or call on Mrs. STEPHENSON.

54 EAST 12TH ST.—A YOUNG WIDOW AS HOUSEkeeper for a gentleman of wealth. Only those who can appreciate a sensitive lady may address M. A. W.

211 WASHINGTON ST., HOBOKEN.—A WELL EDUcated widow lady, acquainted with all household work, as housekeeper.

234 EAST 21ST ST.—AS HOUSEKEEPER, BY A THORough going, respectable woman, who is not afraid to work; would take the entire charge of the house in the absence of the family, or would wait on an invalid lady; can produce the highest references. Can be seen for two days.

243 EAST 31ST ST.—A YOUNG AMERICAN WIDOW of refinement, accustomed to good society, and well qualified to take charge of a gentleman's house, or any other position not menial. Call on or address DRESSMAKER.

A YOUNG AMERICAN WIDOW—AS HOUSEKEEPER; can take entire charge. Address for one week J. K. S., Herald office. Triflers need not answer.

A LADY, OF LONG EXPERIENCE AND GOOD REFERence as to capability and character, desires a situation as matron or housekeeper in a boarding school or any public institution. Address, for one week, Mrs. L. L., Herald office.

WANTED—BY A LADY USED TO THE MOST REfined society, a position in a widower's family, to take charge of household duties, or would like to go as companion with a lady and assist her in household duties; a refined and pleasant home very desirable; salary no object; best of references given and required. Address Miss M. H., box 105 Herald office.

Laundresses, &c.

142 WEST 15TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN would like to procure washing and ironing, to be done at her residence. Call for Mrs. CAIRR.

200 WEST 21TH ST., CORNER OF 7TH AV.—A REspectable young woman as laundress, or chambermaid and to assist with the washing; no objections to a short distance in the country. Call for two days.

203 WEST 27TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV., FIRST FLOOR, back room.—As first class laundress; understands ladies' fineries and French fluting; will assist with chamberwork; city reference.

219 EAST 22D ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable woman to do washing and ironing, or would go out to work by the day.

220 WEST 32D ST., IN THE REAR.—WASHING, ironing and fluting done, by Mrs. A. SORRAL.

241 WEST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman as first class laundress and chambermaid; understands fluting; would readily assist at waiting; best city reference.

248 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, to do a family's or a few gentlemen's washing; fluting done in the neatest manner at a low price. Call all the week.

326 EAST 33D ST.—WORK BY THE DAY, AS GOOD washer and ironer; is willing to do anything and make herself generally useful; best city reference.

428 EAST 15TH ST., BETWEEN AV. A AND 1ST av.—By a respectable woman, the washing of a few private families to do at her residence.

1,521 3D AV., BETWEEN 85TH AND 86TH STS.—A first class laundress would take in washing for gentlemen or families, by the piece or dozen or by the month, or would go out two days in the week.

Nurses, &c.

28 EAST 22D ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A REspectable young girl as nurse to children or an invalid lady going to Europe. Call for two days.

31 MADISON AV.—AN EXPERIENCED, MIDDLE aged woman as nurse, to take care of an infant; eight years of the best reference; no objection to the country.

54 LAFAYETTE AV., BROOKLYN.—A RESPECTAble married woman as wet nurse; best city reference given.

75 3D AV.—A MONTHLY NURSE, DISENGAGED; best city references; don't object to the country. To be seen to-day.

81 CHARLTON ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS wet nurse. Call from 9 to 5.

107 WEST 27TH ST.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman as child's nurse or to take care of growing children; no objection to the country. City reference if required.

125 EAST 27TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE; no objection to the country for the summer. Can be seen for two days at last employer's.

145 WEST 32D ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 7TH AVS.—A young colored girl to take care of children and wait on a lady; private family preferred.

152 WEST 28TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A RESPECTAble married woman to take a child to her home to wet nurse; best city reference. Call for one day.

203 WEST 27TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV., FIRST floor, back room.—A competent infant's nurse; would assist in chamberwork; city or country; city reference.

207 WEST 23TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS nurse; has no objection to the country. Best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

219 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.—A MIDDLE AGED, experienced lady as nurse or companion for an invalid; references exchanged; only first class persons need apply. Mrs. FRENCH.

219 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.—A MIDDLE AGED, experienced lady as nurse or companion for an invalid. References exchanged. Only first class persons apply at Mr. FRENCH'S.

230 WEST 18TH ST. PLACE.—AN AMERICAN GIRL to mind a child; can do plain sewing. Apply for three days.

230 WEST 18TH ST. PLACE, BETWEEN 7TH AND 8th avs.—A respectable girl, 16 years of age, to mind children; good reference. Can be seen until suited.

241 WEST 22D ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—A respectable girl as nurse and seamstress, or nurse and chambermaid; will be found willing and obliging; best city reference.

241 WEST 27TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE and will do plain sewing; no objections to a short distance in the country; good reference.

247 7TH AV.—A COMPETENT GIRL AS NURSE and seamstress; fully competent to take entire charge of a baby; no objection to the country for the summer months; can come well recommended.

257 WEST 31ST ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, LATELY landed, to take care of children or do chamberwork. Call for two days.

316 WEST 16TH ST.—A YOUNG, HEALTHY WOman, with a fresh breast of milk, as wet nurse; can take the entire charge of a baby from birth.

319 EAST 21ST ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO TAKE care of one or two children and make herself generally useful; references if needed.

322 EAST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—A respectable young girl as nurse and seamstress, or to do chamberwork and sewing; is willing and obliging; would go a short distance in the country; best reference.

415 6TH AV.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN AS nurse and seamstress or first class waitress; best city reference.

421 WEST 37TH ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs., top floor.—A respectable Protestant woman wants an infant to nurse, or two small children to board at her house. Call all week.

423 EAST 19TH ST., NEAR 1ST AV., ROOM NO. 3, second floor.—A strong, healthy woman, with a fresh breast of milk, as wet nurse. Call for two days.

436 WEST 18TH ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs.—A German girl to take care of a child; is willing to go out of the city.

464 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as nurse and seamstress.

511 EAST 13TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A YOUNG GIRL to take charge of one child or to make herself useful around the house.

568 2D AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL TO mind children or to do upstairs work; no objection to go in the country.

614 LEXINGTON AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, lately arrived from the old country, as child's nurse or chambermaid.

796 6TH AV., SECOND DOOR ABOVE 45TH ST., IN the boot and shoe store.—A competent woman to take charge of growing up children and sew; can cut and fit children's dresses; no objection to the country. Satisfactory reference given. Call for two days.

BETWEEN CLINTON AND GRAND STS., HOBOKEN, over butcher's.—A respectable widow as wet nurse in a private family; has a fresh breast of milk.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Nurses, &c.

WANTED—A CHILD TO WET NURSE, BY A YOUNG married woman who has lost her baby; good reference. Inquire in 3d av., sixth house from 40th st., South Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid. Best reference given. Address FANNY, Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND SEAMstress; thoroughly acquainted with the cutting and making of children's dresses and fine work; best references; city or country. Call from 10 until 2 to-day, corner Doughty and Columbia sts., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A NURSE OF LONG EXPERIENCE, with diplomas and certificates from the first physicians, an engagement to take care of or travel with an invalid, or as monthly nurse. References of the highest character. Address Mrs. JOHNSON, box 6,129 New York Post office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A WOMAN lately landed from Dublin; is duly qualified from the Rotunda Hospital to act as lady's nursetender; or would go as nurse in an hospital. Please to call at or address 324 East 25th st., for Mr. KELLEY.

Waitresses, &c.

32 WEST 14TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS WAITRESS or chambermaid; no objection to the country; good reference.

40 EAST 18TH ST.—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS FIRST class waitress; no objection to the country; good city references. Call from 10 to 4.

100 WEST 37TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—A YOUNG girl as first class waitress or chambermaid; would go a short distance in the country with a family; best city reference from last place.

139 7TH AV., NEAR 20TH ST.—A NEAT YOUNG woman as first class waitress or to do chamberwork and waiting; city or country. Best city reference.

207 WEST 46TH ST.—A NEW ENGLAND PROTESTant girl as regular waitress or chambermaid and plain sewer; is willing to work in the city or country. City reference.

247 7TH AV., NEAR 24TH ST.—A COMPETENT young woman as first class waitress in a private family, or would do chamberwork and plain sewing; can come well recommended; no objection to the country for the summer.

Miscellaneous.

6 WEST 33D ST.—A YOUNG GERMAN PROTESTANT, with best references, as governess with young children or as travelling companion. Call or address A. W.

7 EAST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PERSON AS lady's maid and seamstress; no objection to the country or travelling; good city reference. Address.

49 3D AV.—AS LADY'S MAID; IS A FIRST CLASS hairdresser and dressmaker; understands different sewing machines; no objection to travelling. To be seen from 11 to 1.

68 GROVE ST.—A RESPECTABLE COLORED GIRL as lady's maid or seamstress; would travel during the summer months.

71 PERRY ST.—A RESPECTABLE COLORED GIRL AS lady's maid or seamstress; would travel a short distance.

96 DEAN ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.—AN AMERICAN person of experience to take care of and instruct children; would assist in plain sewing, or attend an elderly or invalid lady; lived in last place eight years; no objection to city or country or to travel; excellent reference. Call on or address Miss STERTON.

139 WEST 50TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A GIRL, 16 years of age, to make herself generally useful.

187 SPRING ST., IN THE REAR.—A GIRL, LATELY landed, in a private family; is a good worker and will make herself useful.

A LADY DESIRES A SITUATION AS GOVERNESS or companion; no objection to country or to travel. Address for three days Miss MAY, Herald office.

A GENTEEL, REFINED YOUNG LADY, TO ATTEND a candy, bakery or fancy store, or any light business, in city or country; reference given if required. Address J. A. M., Brooklyn Post office.

A LADY WISHES AN ENGAGEMENT FOR PART OF the day; teaching or some other light employment—English, French, Music, Drawing. Terms $6 per week. Address H. M., Herald office.

A WELL EDUCATED GERMAN LADY, WHO SPEAKS French fluently and tolerably good English, wishes a situation either in a family, a school or a respectable business. Address box 2,751 Post office, New York.

A LADY THOROUGHLY COMPETENT DESIRES copying; would revise manuscript, write letters, assist in composing sermons or lectures. Address box 31 Post office, Hoboken, N. J.

A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE YOUNG LADY WOULD like a situation as copyist; writes a good, plain hand and is quick and correct at making up accounts; a very moderate salary would be required. Address R. N. C., Herald office.

COPYIST.—A YOUNG LADY DESIRES COPYING TO DO at home or in an office. Address L. V. J., Herald office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE LADY, A SITUAtion as companion or nurse to an invalid lady; she would make herself otherwise useful if necessary; good reference given and required. Address A. B., box 111 Herald office.

Intelligence Offices.

WET NURSES WANT SITUATIONS, FROM 10 TO 4 daily, at Nurse Agency, 2½ 6th st., near Bowery. No fee until suited.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

A GIRL WANTED—TO DO PLAIN COOKING AND general housework of a small family; city reference. Apply at 235 West 43d st., near Broadway.

A.—TWENTY FIRST CLASS VESTMAKERS WANTED, on fine vests and children's suits; very neat finishers; also two or three fine buttonhole makers. 736 Broadway, third floor.

A COOK WANTED—ONE WHO UNDERSTANDS A little French cooking and to assist in the washing; city references required. Call for two days at 327 West 28th st., between 8th and 9th avs.

A WILLING, RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTED—IN A private family; must be a first class washer and ironer and good plain cook. Apply, with best city reference, at 411 East 51st st., below 1st av.

A YOUNG LADY WANTED—WHO IS OF A CHEERful disposition, and is quick and correct at figures and writes a fair hand. Apply at 176 Bleecker st.

A.—LADIES—HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR WORK TO pay for first class Sewing Machines by instalments. 139 Eighth street, between Broadway and Fourth avenue. Instruction free.

DRESSMAKERS.—WANTED, FIRST CLASS DRESSmakers and trimmers. None but first class hands need apply, ready to work, to M. A. PARRAIN, 23 Bond st.

OPERATORS WANTED—ON WHEELER & WILSON'S sewing machines; also first class dressmakers. Apply to JAMES A. HEARN & SON, 775 Broadway.

TWO GIRLS WANTED—ONE TO ASSIST IN WASHING and scrubbing, and a nice, tidy girl in the ice cream saloon. Call at corner of 6th av. and 53th st.

UNION ADAMS & CO., 637 BROADWAY, WANT FIRST class hands on Napoleon, spring and buckle stocks.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO CHAMBERWORK AND waiting. Apply at 121 4th av.

WANTED—A GERMAN NURSE TO TAKE CARE OF two little children. Call at 128 East 44th st.

WANTED—A GOOD LAUNDRESS, ALSO CHAMBERmaid and waitress. Apply at 161 Waverley place.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS OPERATOR ON WHEELer's machine, by Mme. H. FRESE, 854 Broadway.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be a good washer and ironer. Apply at 256 West 22d st.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS; ONE TO DO PLAIN COOKing, washing and ironing; the other to do chamberwork and take care of children. Apply at KEARNS' Restaurant, Fordham depot, Westchester.

WANTED—A COMPETENT, HONEST, TRUSTY GIRL to do general housework in a small family; references required. Apply at 330 East 41st st.

WANTED—A SEAMSTRESS; MUST UNDERSTAND dressmaking and Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Apply at 321 West 57th st.

WANTED—A GIRL WITH GOOD CITY REFERENCE, for general housework; one not afraid of work; wages $12 per month. Apply at 310 East 13th st.

WANTED—A CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS TO go a short distance in the country. Apply to J. R. SUTTON, 53 Court st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK IN A PRIVATE FAMILY; must understand pastry and be willing to assist with the washing. Apply, with reference, at 226 125th st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A TIDY AND RESPECTABLE SCOTCH or American girl as nurse and chambermaid; must have good city reference. Apply at 65 West 45th st.

WANTED—A GIRL ABOUT 15 OR 16 YEARS OF AGE, to take care of a child and make herself generally useful about a house. 115 Perry st.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COOK AND TO DO FINE washing and ironing in a small family, to go a few miles in the country. Best references required. Apply between 10 and 2 o'clock at 330 West 31st st.

WANTED—A HANDSOME AND PREPOSSESSING young lady, to attend in a cigar store; must have a good character and the best reference. Call at 934 Broadway, in store.

WANTED—A FIRST RATE COOK, WASHER AND ironer for a small family; must be neat and well recommended; a good home. Lizzie McRea call again at 500 7th av.

WANTED—A COUPLE OF PREPOSSESSING YOUNG ladies to go to a fashionable watering place. Address for two days Mrs. J. C. CASTRO, box No. 8 Central office, 638 Broadway, stating where an interview can be had.

WANTED—A SMART GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK FOR two in family and assist in the care of a child; must be a good washer and ironer and have good city reference; wages $11. 51 Pitt st.

WANTED—BY A PHYSICIAN, AS WAITRESS AND to do the work of a parlor floor, a nice, tidy girl, who would not object to going home at night. Apply at 63 West 33d st.

WANTED—TWO AMERICAN, SWISS, GERMAN, Swede or colored women; one as cook and to do coarse washing; the other as laundress and waitress. 116 East 26th street.

WANTED—A TIDY GIRL, TO DO HOUSEWORK FOR a small family; short distance in country; an excellent place for a good girl. Apply, with reference, to HANAN & REDDISH, 35 Warren st., up stairs.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

42 EAST 32D ST.—AS WAITER IN A PRIVATE family; can be highly recommended as capable and trustworthy; no objection to the country; best city reference. Address J. M.

156 WEST 41ST ST.—A FIRST CLASS HEAD COOK for city or country; best reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

AN ENGLISH WAITER, AGED 24; SPEAKS GERman. Address W. B., box 126 Herald office.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS BARtender; can give good recommendation from his last place. Address S. S., box 134 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—AS FIRST CLASS WAITER in a private family, by a Protestant man; good city reference. Address J. W. B., 365 6th av., for two days.

AS FIRST CLASS WAITER.—AN ENGLISHMAN, AGED 24; prefers the country. Address W. B., box 126 Herald office.

A BONUS OF $200 PAID TO ANY ONE PROCURING me a permanent situation. Address CHESTER KING, Herald office.

A SINGLE YOUNG MAN AS WAITER IN A HOTEL or private family; would like to go in the country for the summer; good reference. Address B. B., box 292 Herald office.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS PORTER; is quick at figures, writes a good hand, understands bookkeeping and is not afraid to work; good references given. Address T. S. C., Herald office.

AN EXPERIENCED PHILADELPHIA BROKER wishes to obtain a situation with some stock or gold broker in New York. Address HENRY, 59 South 3d st., Philadelphia.

A COLORED MAN, FROM PHILADELPHIA, WANTS a place in a small house to take care of a horse and make himself useful; is not afraid of work. Apply at 121 West 30th st., in the rear.

A YOUNG GERMAN, LATELY MARRIED, OF VERY good education (speaks and writes English, German and French perfectly), wishes to obtain situations for himself and wife, or alone; is also very well acquainted in cooking, carving, &c.; best city references; no objection to the country. Address R. BEHUNE, 207 East 10th st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ASSISTANT COOK OR carver; no objection to go to the country; city reference given. Address W. M., Herald office.

TO HOTEL PROPRIETORS.—A HIGHLY RESPECTAble thorough business man; requires an engagement as steward, or to take the entire charge of a first class establishment. Address A. LOVEJOY, Wilson's restaurant, 56 East 13th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK OR STEWARD; best reference. Call or address for four days New York Yacht Club, Clifton, Staten Island.

WANTED—BY A COLORED YOUNG MAN, A SITUAtion in a hotel, broker's office or bank; can give good references. Address J. A. J., 81 Cedar st., room No. 8.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION AS barkeeper; can give first class reference and is willing to devote his whole time to business. Apply at 146 6th av., corner of 11th st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION AS waiter; fully competent and strictly temperate; no objection to the country; good city references. Address WAITER, Herald office.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

A COMPETENT DRUG CLERK, UNMARRIED.—APply at 129 Pavonia av., Jersey City, N. J. Take Pavonia ferry, foot of Chambers st.

A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT MAN DESIRES A POsition in a first class hotel as clerk or superintendent; can advance some cash if desired. Address G. P., Herald office.

A DRUG CLERK WANTED—IN A RETAIL STORE. A young man, well qualified, with reference from last employer, may apply at 59 Montgomery st., Jersey City.

A SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPER IS WANTED—BY A practical man of thorough experience; best city reference. Address ATTENTION, Herald office.

A YOUNG MAN, WITH GOOD REFERENCES, EXperienced and not afraid of work, desires a position as salesman or clerk; would do anything honest. Address WILLING, Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—AS BUYER (RESIDENT or otherwise) for a wholesale house dealing in lace, embroidery and white or dry goods, by a man thoroughly conversant with foreign and home markets, of acknowledged taste and judgment, and many years' experience. Can influence trade. References unexceptionable. Address W., box 173 Herald office.

DRUG CLERK WANTED—A SINGLE MAN AND ONE thoroughly competent. Apply at DELY'S Pharmacy, corner of Myrtle and Washington avenues.

DRUG CLERK WANTED.—A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, who will sleep in the store and attend night calls; one competent for prescriptions and otherwise unobjectionable will be liberally dealt with; a German preferred. Apply to WHELTER, PATTERSON & CO., 133 William st.

HARDWARE SALESMAN WANTED—AN EXPErienced city man, one that thoroughly understands the business. Address J. BUTLER, Herald office, stating salary and references.

SALESMEN WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE HAT, cap, straw goods and fur house, for the States of New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and Ohio. Address box 2,618 Post office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, 21 YEARS of age, as assistant drug clerk, salesman or for an office; can bring the best recommendations. Apply to or address E. D., Jr., care C. A. Clegg & Co., 10 Cortlandt st.

SITUATION WANTED—IN A FIRST CLASS LIQUOR and wine house, as travelling agent, by a young man of good personal appearance and understanding the business; can give reference and security if necessary. Address for three days A. B. C., Herald office.

WANTED—A CLERK FOR A DRUG STORE.—GOOD references. Apply at 161 Harrison st., Brooklyn, from 7 to 9 P. M.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, WHO HAS HAD TWO OR three years' experience in the retail drug business. Address, with references, for one week, A. W. D., 123 Macdougal st.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS RETAIL DRY GOODS salesmen for the dress goods department. Apply to J. & C. JOHNSTON, 787 and 769 Broadway.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN ACQUAINTED WITH THE Custom House business. C. HENSEL, 20 Exchange place.

WANTED—BY A STEADY YOUNG MAN, A SITUAtion as bookkeeper in a country hotel, or assistant; best reference and security. Address 35 East 15th st.

WANTED—A GOOD SALESMAN TO SOLICIT THE trade up the Hudson and through Jersey, for lace and fancy goods. State name, salary and references. Address N. M. G., Herald office.

WANTED—A MAN WHO IS THOROUGHLY COMPEtent to take charge of a feather duster manufactory. One who understands the business in all its branches may address M. & CO., Herald office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION AS bookkeeper, cashier or collector (ten years' experience as such) or any other position where character, &c., is requisite; references first class; salary moderate. Address W. J. C., Herald office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, 29 YEARS OF AGE, A situation as bookkeeper or cashier; has held positions of great trust and responsibility in large houses here and in Germany for more than ten years. Can furnish best city references. Address G. G. N., Herald office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED CITY SALESMAN AND collector in a wholesale wine and liquor house; no applications considered without the best reference of practical ability and integrity. Address, stating salary expected, box 103 Post office.

WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE HOUSE, A YOUNG man acquainted with bookkeeping. Address, stating salary expected, which must be moderate to commence with, J. B., Herald office. Also a boy, residing with his parents, smart at figures and a good Penman.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

AN ENGLISHMAN (SINGLE) WISHES A SITUATION as coachman in a private family; best city reference. Address K. W., box 181 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN (GERman), as gardener; knows the care of horses; can milk if required. Address S. FAHNER, 23 3d st.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES A SITUATION AS COACHman and groom for a Protestant young man whom he can highly recommend; he is a good city driver and groom; city or country. Call on or address W. BOGARDUS, 335 East 65th st.

A COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINgle man; is a first class driver; temperate and obliging; has undoubted city references. Address or call on COACHMAN, 45 West 20th st.

A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT SINGLE YOUNG man as coachman and groom in a private family; best city reference. No. 8 East 31st st., present employer's. None but a city family need apply.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS MAN, as groom and coachman; best city references. Address M. Y., 556 Broadway, Cone & Adams' carriage warehouse, for two days.

A COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE man; has best city references and will be found willing and obliging. Address J. HARLIN, box 187 Herald office.

A SINGLE MAN, OF 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, wants a place as coachman; is a first class driver; willing and obliging; good city reference. Address M. R., 139 West 38th st., private stable.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS COACHman who thoroughly understands his business; best reference; no objection to city or country. Address P. G., 347 2d av., between 25th and 26th sts., for two days.

A COACHMAN, MARRIED, WITHOUT ENCUMBRANCE, wants a situation as coachman; understands his business thoroughly; has the best city reference for the last 12 years. Can be seen at private stable 121 West 27th st., for two days.

AN EXPERIENCED MAN, FULLY COMPETENT TO take charge of a gentleman's place, wants a situation as coachman and gardener; can give good city reference. Address J. S., box 200 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN, as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business; best city references. Address F. M., 142 West 39th st.

A SITUATION WANTED—AS FIRST CLASS COACHman, by a single German, who thoroughly understands his business; best city reference. Address O. G., box 219 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED AS COACHMAN BY A YOUNG man who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses; he is sober, industrious and obliging; has the best city references; no objection to the country. Apply to or address T. B., at C. Graham's saddlery store, 65 University place.

A FIRST CLASS MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS coachman; city or country; country preferred; understands his business; willing and obliging; understands the care and treatment of horses to perfection; best references. Call on or address JOSEPH, Coggswell's Livery stable, corner 33d st. and Lexington av.

A SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, BY A competent young man, who understands his business thoroughly, with a private family; understands gardening; no objections to go a short distance in the country; good reference if required. Apply for three days at 2,346 3d av., corner 127th st. MICHAEL DULEY.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A THOrough, competent man, single, who can give several years' references from some of the leading families in this city. Address M.P., box 201 Herald office.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

COACHMAN WANTED (COLORED PREFERRED). For gentleman's country seat; one hour from New York; must understand the care and treatment of horses and have first class reference. Inquire at Free Labor Bureau, corner 8th and Mercer sts., from 11 to 12.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG man; one who thoroughly understands his business; is a good careful city driver and can give four years' city reference from his last employer. Address P. H., Coleman's harness store, 1,252 Broadway, or P. H., Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG SINGLE MAN, as coachman; would take a summer job; best city reference. Address J. H., box 116 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A COACHMAN, A SITUATION IN THE country; best references. MICHAEL GORMAN, No. 5 West 12th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A single man who thoroughly understands his business; has first class reference. Apply at Flandrau's carriage store, No. 7 East 18th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; BY A REspectable man; thoroughly understands his business; the very best city reference. Call at 19 West 28th st.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION AS coachman in a private family; no objections to go to the country; best reference. Address J. K., Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT ENGlish coachman; is willing and obliging. Call on or address R. C. D. at private stable 129 West 28th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, WAITER or to make himself useful in a private family, by a young Frenchman; best city reference. Address F. G., No. 5 North Moore st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A MAN who thoroughly understands his business. Address box 103 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A SINgle man, who understands his business thoroughly; undoubted reference as to ability and character. Address R. M., box 150 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a single man who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; best city reference. Call on or address K. Y., 896 Broadway, between 19th and 20th sts., in the drug store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER; MARRIED (no children); has a thorough practical knowledge of hot and cold graperies, greenhouse and flower ground, fruit trees and vegetables in general; first class reference from last place as to capability, honesty and sobriety. Address J. E., box 103 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A STEADY, SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS, middle aged German (Protestant), a situation as coachman; understands the care and treatment of horses in all branches; 15 years' experience; willing to take care of a small garden and one cow; will be found willing and obliging about a gentleman's place; good references. Address C. SCHULTZ, box 213 Herald office.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 PER DAY—BY THE AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., BOSTON, MASS., or ST. LOUIS, MO.

A BOY WANTED—FOR A RETAIL JEWELRY STORE; one who understands repairing clocks and to make himself generally useful; must come well recommended. AUDEMARS & SCHAFURS, 73 Fulton av., Brooklyn.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR THE STATE OF NEW YORK, for the greatest Masonic work of the age, Macoy's General History, Encyclopedia and Dictionary of Free Masonry. J. H. WARWICK, 432 Broome st.

A YOUNG, ACTIVE BOY WANTED—TO RUN errands and take orders; must be able to write. Apply, before 9 o'clock, at stables 128 West 29th st.

AN INTELLIGENT BOY WANTED—IN REAL ESTATE office; must be a good penman and reside with his parents. Address in own handwriting, stating age and wages expected, which must be low, B., box 125 Herald office.

A FEW GOOD CANVASSERS REQUIRED—WITH $5 capital, for a new article which sells readily everywhere; splendid chance for good salesmen. GREEN & TERRY, 21 Wall st.

BOY WANTED—AT DRUG STORE, CORNER OF 17TH st. and 4th av.; must be well recommended, and live in the vicinity.

BOY WANTED—AN ACTIVE, INTELLIGENT LAD, about 17 years old, in a dry goods commission house. Address box 5,658 Post office.

BOY WANTED—FOR OFFICE; MUST RESIDE WITH his parents. Address for three days box 4,007 Post office, stating age, residence and reference, in handwriting of applicant.

BOY WANTED—IN THE APPRENTICES' LIBRARY, 472 Broadway—About 15 years of age, who writes a very good hand and is acquainted with books. Apply between 10 A. M. and 12 M.

LIVE, WIDE AWAKE AGENTS WANTED—TO INTROduce a new and popular Toy; sells at sight. Call at 263 Broadway, room 14.

WANTED—TWO WAITERS. 65 Ludlow st.

WAITERS WANTED—THIS DAY, AT SIMMONS' DINing Rooms, 71 Murray st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN THAT UNDERSTANDS the bar and oyster business, at LYNCH'S, 245 8th av.

WANTED—A LIGHT PORTER, WITH GOOD REFERence, at 350 Bowery.

WANTED—A BARTENDER, AT NO. 2 EAST BROADway, corner of Chatham square.

WANTED—A GOOD, TRUSTY MAN TO DRIVE A lumber wagon; one acquainted with the business. Apply at office of P. HERRMAN, builder, 338 West 14th st.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS WAITERS. APPLY to the steward of St. Cloud Hotel, 42d st. and Broadway, before 10 o'clock.

WANTED—ACTIVE MEN, THIS DAY, TO SELL THE quickest thing out; $3 to $10 a day made; first rate for country. Apply at 78 Cedar st., room 10.

WANTED—A MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS THE CARE of horses and is willing to make himself generally useful, to go a short distance in the country. Apply to JOHN R. SUTTON, 63 Court st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SMART (WHITE) BOY, WILLING TO work faithfully for moderate wages. Call at 218 East 19th st. before 10 A. M.

WANTED—A GOOD HONEST BOY TO MAKE HIMself generally useful in a saloon. Reference required. Apply at 23 Coenties slip.

WANTED—TEN FIRST CLASS WAITERS, TWO BRASS men, two experienced pantrymen, one entremet cook, one first class butcher cook. Apply on board steamer Plymouth Rock, pier 28 North river, between the hours of 10 and 12. JOHN BRAND, Steward.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL A PATENT WATER Filter; can make from $3 to $5 per day; also agent wanted for different cities. Apply after 9 A. M. to GEORGE BARNES, 309 Bowery, basement.

WANTED—LABORERS AT THE POUDRETTE WORKS on the Hackensack river near, the New Jersey Railroad bridge, three miles from Jersey City. Wages $1 50 per day; board on the premises. Apply at the works.

WANTED—TWO AGENTS TO SELL A GOOD ARTIcle, used in every dining saloon, on a good salary and commission. Call at C. HETHERSTON'S, 207 Washington st., corner of Vesey.

WANTED—A MAN TO TAKE ORDERS FOR A GLASS decorating concern on commission. Only live men need apply, at 520 West 22d st., up stairs.

WANTED—A SMART, INTELLIGENT BOY IN A BILliard saloon; one who is accustomed to the business, resides with his parents and can come well recommended. Apply, between 10 and 12 o'clock this day, at Brevoort Hall, 54th st., near 3d av.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL THE OCTAGON SEWING MACHINE. It is licensed, makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch" and is warranted for five years. Price $15. All other machines with an under-feed sold for $15 or less are infringements. Address OCTAGON SEWING MACHINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.; Chicago, Ill.; Pittsburg, Pa., or Boston, Mass.

WANTED—IN A FIRST CLASS MERCANTILE HOUSE; an active young man to make himself generally useful in the office; must write a good hand, attend to invoice book, cash and collecting and come very highly recommended. Reply in handwriting to J. L. M., Herald office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 18 YEARS OF age, who resides with his parents in the city; must write a very good hand; to enter goods and assist in the office in a boot and shoe jobbing house; the very best reference required. Address, in handwriting, stating age, salary and reference, box 5,473 New York Post office.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL THE HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. It makes the "Lock Stitch" (alike on both sides) and is the only licensed under-feed Shuttle Machine sold for less than $60. Licensed by Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker and Singer & Co. All other under-feed Shuttle Machines sold for less than $60 are infringements, and the seller and user liable to prosecution. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston, Mass.; Pittsburg, Pa.; Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.

YOUNG MAN WANTED—TO KEEP BOOKS AND collect; must be active and honest; salary $500 to $600. Address, with references, BOOKKEEPER, station E.

THE TRADES.

A CASSIMERE HAT FINISHER WANTED.—80 Nassau st.

AN EXPERIENCED WHITE AND FLANNEL SHIRT cutter wanted at 35 Walker st. Good reference required.

A YOUNG MAN OF 17 YEARS WANTS TO FINISH his time at the plastering; lives with his parents. 316 East 60th st.

A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED PHOTOGRAPHER who also understands retouching negatives, desires a situation; best reference; no objection to the country. Address ROBERT WELCKE, 436 East 5th st.

ENGINEERS AND IRONFOUNDERS.—WANTED, BY an Englishman, an appointment as Bookkeeper; thoroughly understands the trade; German, French and shorthand; excellent references. Address H., 48 4th av., N. Y.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN AS FUR dresser and flesher. Call on FREDERICK HARNETT, Pacific Hotel, 176 Greenwich st.

TO BOOKBINDERS—EMPLOYMENT WANTED. Address W. J., Herald office.

TO JEWELLERS.—GOOD WORKMEN AND CHAIN makers wanted; also boys, to work on chains. Apply to E. D. VALENTINE & CO., at factory, No. 4 Liberty place.

WANTED—PRESSMAN FOR FINE CUT AND BOOK work; rare situation for first class pressman. Address, with reference, M. H. M. & CO., care E. P. Dutton & Co., 713 Broadway.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS WOOD WORKMEN ON light work at DUBOIS & CO.'S, Carriage Factory, 33 Boerum st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A DIE SINKER, FULLY COMPETENT for fork and spoon dies. The Newark workman, who answered a previous advertisement, is requested to call at 8 Park row.

WANTED—BY THE ADVERTISER, A SITUAtion as fireman in a large hotel; thoroughly understands steam engine power. Apply to THOMAS BURNS, 8 Vandam street, for two days.

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FINANCIAL.

A. A.—MONEY. TO BUY MORTGAGES, TO LOAN, ON Leasehold Property, and in New York and New Jersey. WASHINGTON R. NICHOLS, Counsellor at Law. 115 Broadway, room 12.

A.—PRINCIPALS ONLY.—MONEY TO LOAN ON good New York and Brooklyn Property. First and Second Mortgages bought. HASTINGS, COLVIN & SALMON, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine st.

AT 20 PER CENT BONUS FOR CASH—$200,000 wanted, in various sums, on half value splendid city real estate; several handsome properties, paying 12 per cent, at 25 per cent discount for part cash. Address CONSIDERATION, Herald office.

BULL'S HEAD BANK.—FORTY-SEVENTH DIVIDEND. New York, June 24, 1870.—A quarterly dividend of five per cent, free of all taxes, was this day declared out of the net earnings of the past three months, payable on and after the 1st day of July next. G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

BOND AND MORTGAGE.—MONEY TO LOAN ON first class security, in New York and Westchester counties and in New Jersey. J. O. & J. H. SKIDMORE, 52 Cedar street.

BUREAU OF ADVANCES ON LIFE POLICIES, 21 Park row. E. G. K. CALEF, Manager.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK, No. 253 Sixth avenue, Booth's theatre. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 8 o'clock. Money deposited on or before July 20 will draw interest from July 1, at seven per cent. Interest paid on all sums from $1 to $10,000. WILLIAM M. GILES, President. H. K. THURBER, HUGH MURRAY, Vice Presidents. ISAAC S. BARRETT, Secretary.

G. L. WILLARD & CO., 34½ PINE STREET.—SUMS of $5,000 to $40,000 to loan on approved first and second mortgages in New York or Brooklyn, without bonus. Principals only need apply.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 280 Bowery, near Houston street. Six (6) per cent interest allowed on all sums from $5 to $10,000. Money deposited NOW will draw interest from July 1. GERMAN SPOKEN. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M. ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President. HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED New York real estate. Mortgages promptly cashed. Principals only. WM. SINCLAIR, JR., & CO., No. 3 Pine street, room No. 1.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH. NEW York, June 25, 1870.—A dividend of three and a half per cent, free of all taxes, will be paid to the stockholders of this bank on Tuesday, the 5th day of July. By order of the Board of Directors. GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS DUE 1ST OF JULY NEXT on the city of Montgomery bonds will be paid at our office, No. 30 Wall street. HOWES & MACY.

OFFICE OF THE HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, 11 Wall street, New York, June 8, 1870.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a regular semi-annual dividend of (5) five per cent. Also an extra dividend of (5) five per cent, free of government tax, payable on and after July 1. JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY, 102 Broadway, New York, June 23, 1870.—Customers of this company entitled to Certificates of Profits for the year 1868 are requested to obtain and receipt for the same immediately, in order to avoid their forfeiture. CYRUS PECK, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE American Merchants' Union Express Company, 113 Broadway, New York, May 18, 1870. The Board of Directors of this company, at their regular quarterly meeting held this day, have declared a semi-annual dividend of three (3) per cent on its outstanding capital stock, payable July 15, 1870, out of its net earnings prior to the 1st inst. The transfer books will be closed on the 25th day of June next, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 16th day of July next. J. N. KNAPP, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING Fund of the State of South Carolina. COLUMBIA, S. C., June 20, 1870. According to the provisions of an act approved March 1, 1870, "To provide for a sinking fund and the management of the same," the undersigned commissioners, under said act, hereby authorize as follows:—Proposals will be received, according to regulations heretofore published, on or before 12 M. Thursday, July 7, 1870, at the banking house of H. H. Kimpton, the financial agent of the State, No. 9 Nassau street, New York, for the sale of one hundred thousand (100,000) dollars of the bonds or stocks of the State of South Carolina. ROBERT K. SCOTT, Governor. J. L. NEAGLE, Comptroller General. D. H. CHAMBERLAIN, Attorney General. J. H. RAINEY, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate. R. C. DE LARGE, Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Columbia, S. C., June 1, 1870. The interest maturing July 1, 1870, on the bonds of the State of South Carolina will be paid in gold on and after July 1, at the banking house of H. H. Kimpton, the financial agency of the State, No. 9 Nassau street, New York, and at the Treasury office in Columbia, S. C. The interest on the registered stock of the State, made payable at the Financial Agency of the State in the city of New York, will be paid in New York. The interest on all other registered stock of the State will be paid in Columbia only. NILES G. PARKER, Treasurer State South Carolina. Coupons will be received for examination on and after 27th instant. H. H. KIMPTON, Financial Agent State South Carolina.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, GREENVILLE AND COLUMBIA Railroad Company. COLUMBIA, S. C., June 20, 1870. Coupons of the State guaranteed bonds, certificates of indebtedness and second mortgage bonds of the company due July 1, 1870, will be paid at the banking house of H. H. Kimpton, No. 9 Nassau street, New York, or at the Carolina National Bank in Columbia, S. C., on and after the 1st day of July, 1870. The interest on the outstanding first mortgage bonds and fractional certificates of indebtedness will be paid at the office of the company. REUBEN TOMLINSON, Treasurer.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK, Nos. 396 and 398 Canal street, corner of Laight. Six per cent interest on $5 to $5,000. Money deposited now will bear interest from July 1. Assets, $7,569,735 06.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.—THE COUPONS of the 6 per cent First Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, due July 1, 1870, will be paid on and after that date, free of government tax, at the office of the company, 46 Sears' Building, Boston, and at the banking house of Morton, Bliss & Co., 30 Broad street, New York. JOHN M. S. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

WANTED TO BORROW—$1,000 TO $5,000, FOR WHICH liberal commission will be given; security, one of the best patents ever issued; or would sell an interest. Address PERKINS, box 131 Herald office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—FIRST OR SECOND Mortgages having about a year to run. Address, with full particulars, J. L., 422 West Forty-seventh street.

54 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK, JUNE 21, 1870.—The coupons of the first mortgage bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad Company of California, the Western Pacific Railroad Company and the California and Oregon Railroad Company, due July 1, 1870, will be paid, free of government tax, on and after that date, at the banking office of Fisk & Hatch, No. 5 Nassau street, New York. Schedules of twenty or more coupons will be received for examination on June 23 and 25 inst. C. P. HUNTINGTON, Vice President.

$5,000 TO $7,000 DOLLARS TO LOAN ON IMPROVED city property below the Park. Good Second Mortgages wanted. Address CASH O. D., Herald office.

$25,000 WANTED—ON FIRST CLASS IMPROVED Westchester county property. Principles only need apply to T. S. SHEPHERD, 205 Broadway.

$165,000 TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTGAGE on Real Estate in this city, Brooklyn or in Westchester county. Apply to JOHN F. CONREY, 62 Wall street, room 12.

$275,000 TO LOAN—IN SUMS TO SUIT, ON New York Property. First and Second Mortgages cashed at lowest market rates. BELLAMY & STRATTON, No. 5½ Pine street.

$750,000 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPERTY in the cities of New York, Brooklyn, New Jersey and Westchester county, to principals only. E. M. MASON, No. 1 Centre street.

LOAN OFFICES.

AT 77 BLEECKER STREET, NEAR BROADWAY, UP stairs, the highest cash advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Pianos, &c.; the same bought and pawnbroker's tickets bought. 77 Bleecker street.

AT J. A. JACKSON'S, NO. 5 AMITY STREET, NEAR Broadway—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Dry Goods and Personal Property of every description. Same bought and sold.

AT S. & M. MIGEL'S, NO. 7 UNION SQUARE (SPINGLER House).—Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry bought, sold, and money advanced on same to any amount at liberal terms.

AT 152 CANAL STREET—H. SALOMON BUYS, SELLS or advances liberally on Personal Property of every description. Business confidential.

AT WOLF BROTHERS', 559 BROADWAY, FORMERLY of Brooklyn.—Money liberally advanced on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks; more particularly on Pianos. Business strictly confidential. Same bought and sold.

AT 57 THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR WALLACK'S theatre—I pay the highest price for Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry, or advance on the same. ISAACS, Diamond Broker, 57 Thirteenth street.

AT HYMAN'S, 658 BROADWAY, CORNER OF BOND street—Liberal advances made on Diamonds and Watches, Silverware, &c.; or will pay the highest market price for the same.

AT THE ESTABLISHED OFFICE, 66 NASSAU STREET, room No. 3, the highest prices are paid for Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, &c.; also advances made on same. A. HONIGMAN, Broker.

BROADWAY, CORNER FULTON STREET (KNOX'S building)—Business established fifteen years.—NEWMAN LEOPOLD buys, sells or advances liberally on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Life Policies, Merchandise and other Securities negotiated for.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES MADE ON ALL DEscriptions of merchandise; custom duties paid on goods in bond, and the same taken for sale on commission. Terms liberal. AARON CRISTALAR & CO., 469 Broadway.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWelry and Silver Ware, and the same bought for cash, by GEORGE C. ALLEN, 512 Broadway, under the St. Nicholas Hotel.

DENTISTRY.

DR. CRANE'S OSTEOPLASTIC AND PLATINA FILLing restores decayed, broken and sensitive teeth to their original shape, color and soundness, without pain. 18,000 testimonials. Rooms 258 West Forty-second street.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.—THIRTEEN years; benumbing applications (narcotization); gas administered. Beautiful teeth $1; set $10; plumpers for thin lips and hollow cheeks. J. JAY VILLERS, 155 Grand street, near Broadway.

THE EVENING TELEGRAM.

READ THE TELEGRAM THIS DAY.
THE SHADOWS OF METROPOLITAN LIFE ILLUMINED.
"FOOTSTEPS AMONG THE FALLEN"
is the title of a series of articles on the all-absorbing topic of the social evil. The revelations are startling. A complete exposition will be made of the causes of sin, and a sketch of a wanton's checkered life, revealing the hidden horrors of licentiousness. While the skeleton is unveiled, pains has been taken to treat the subject with delicacy.

"THE TELEGRAM."
A startling exposition of social corruption, misfortune and infamy in our midst. Moral lessons for the multitude. To-day, in the TELEGRAM, a serial narrative of female degradation, portrayed with a truthful, modest pen, with sketches from life.

MOTHERS, WIVES AND SISTERS,
READ TO-DAY'S TELEGRAM,
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TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

AT 111 BROADWAY—LARGE OFFICE TO LET, FURnished or unfurnished; also business property. See descriptive list, sent free by mail upon application to STANLEY DAY, Agent.

A LARGE HALL, WITH ANTEROOMS, TO LET—Suitable for a dancing academy, public meetings, &c. Apply to W. C. LESSTER, 1,279 Broadway, corner Thirty-fourth street.

A STORE TO LET CHEAP—917 BROADWAY, CORNER of Broadway and Twenty-first street. One to five years. Apply to A. R. MATHES, Madison Square House, Twenty-first street and Broadway.

A SPLENDID OPENING.—TO LET, THE HANDSOME Store 575 Third avenue, corner Thirty-eighth street; fine plate glass windows; best stand on the avenue for dry goods; rent can be made in shawls and cloaks; owner giving up on account of health. Apply in the store.

STEAM POWER, WITH SPLENDIDLY LIGHTED Floors, 25x105, 25x60 and 25x30, to let. Best power and finest rooms in the city. Apply to the engineer, Nos. 9, 11 and 13 Baxter street.

STEAM POWER TO LET—ROOMS 44 BY 85, LIGHT on all sides. Inquire at E. C. ROBINSON'S Chair Manufactory, 163 to 164 West Twenty-seventh street. Rounder and Boring Machine for sale.

STORE TO LET—DOING A BUSINESS FROM $500 TO $600 weekly; reason for leaving, going into wholesale millinery and dry goods. Apply at 586 Third avenue.

TO LET—A LARGE, WELL LIGHTED, STRONG AND substantial Building, adapted for any business, No. 46 Marion street, two blocks from Broadway, between Spring and Prince, four floors, 28x94 feet each; will be let with or without steam power. Apply to WEATHERED & CHEREVOY, 117 Prince street.

TO LET—ON EASY TERMS, A WOOD TURNING AND Sawing Shop, with full set machinery in running order, in a first class business location. For particulars inquire on the premises, corner of First and Adam streets, Hoboken, N. J., of GEORGE FOCHT.

TO LET—A LARGE FLOOR OF FIVE ROOMS, IN ONE of the best localities in the city; suitable for dwelling or business. Rent cheap. Apply in market 68 West Thirty-third street.

TO LET—LOW RENT, SPLENDID LOCATION AND neighborhood for printer or light manufacturing purposes, fine, large Second Floor, 350 Bowery. Apply on the premises to CAMPBELL & CO.

TO LET—THE BEST BUSINESS LOCATION IN NEW York, a first class Basement and Sub-Basement; size 25x100; four doors west of Broadway. Apply at 56 White st.

TO LET—A NUMBER OF VACANT LOTS FOR STORage or business purposes, foot of Third street, East river; rent low; dock front. Address as above. D. A. YOUNGS.

TO LET—FOR LUNCH COUNTER OR RESTAURANT, Part of Store 59 Walker street, near Broadway; to the right man rent will be reasonable.

TO LET—PART OF FIRST FLOOR AND BASEment of store No. 53 Lispenard street, near Broadway; all improvements.

TO LET—AN OLD ESTABLISHED DENTIST STAND; location Bond street, near Broadway; a good chance for doctor or dentist. For particulars inquire at WALDRON BRO'S, 45 Beekman street.

TO LEASE—ON GREAT JONES STREET. SECOND building from Broadway (will be ready about the 15th of July), a fine new corner Store on first floor, about 27x65 feet, with iron front and plate glass windows; also the Second Floor, 27x127 feet, together or separately. Apply to NICOL & DAVIDSON, 686 Broadway. Steam power if required.

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished.

A NICELY FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—NEWLY painted (or Lower Part), 49 Lexington avenue, near Twenty-fifth street; location good; with others, furnished or unfurnished. N. C. BISHOP, 243 Broadway.

A NEWLY AND COMPLETELY FURNISHED HOUSE at Harlem, near boat and depot, with every improvement; on three lots of ground; beautiful both summer and winter; rent $1,250. ROBT. G. RICHARDS, 955 Broadway.

FOR RENT—A PARTIALLY FURNISHED OR UNFURnished House, 17 rooms, at very low rent, or Furniture (very handsome) to hire. Address L., box 126 Herald office.

TO LET—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED 4 S. H. S. HOUSE, 20 rooms, No. 5 East Tenth street, for the summer or year. Apply at 33 West Twenty-seventh street.

TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED THREE STORY brick House (12 rooms), all modern improvements; within five minutes' walk of two ferries, in Brooklyn. JOHN PURDY, 212 Broadway, room No. 12.

TO LET—CHEAP, FOR TEN MONTHS, A LARGE HANDsomely furnished House; first class location; near Washington square; family going to Europe. Address B. D., box 175 Herald office.

Unfurnished.

A VERY CONVENIENT 13 ROOMED HOUSE, NEWLY decorated; rent $100 monthly; quiet location. Furniture if required. To view from 11 till 5. 147 Waverley place, near Sixth avenue.

TO LET—THREE STORY HIGH STOOP BROWN STONE House, Fifty-eighth street, near Lexington avenue, $1,400; three story brown stone, Second avenue, $1,200. JOHN E. UNDERWOOD, 820 Third avenue.

TO LET—WHOLE HOUSE NO. 10 ST. LUKE'S PLACE; all improvements; $1,800. Also Suite of Rooms, from $20 to $50. NATHANIEL ROE, 200 Varick street.

$25 PER MONTH.—A HANDSOME LITTLE TWO story and attic Cottage to let, 166 East 112th street, near Third avenue. Inquire of J. MURTAGH & BRO., stone yard, 112th street and First avenue.

$650 PER YEAR WILL HIRE THE THREE STORY and basement brick House, with all the modern improvements, and two lots of Ground, situate on Penn street, Nineteenth ward, city of Brooklyn, E. D. Apply to KELSEY & CONNELL, 94 Broadway, Brooklyn, E. D., L. I.

ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

A SUIT, OR FLAT, OF FIVE ROOMS TO LET—TO A small family of respectability, in the new "European House," 78 West Forty-eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues; has every necessary convenience for genteel housekeeping; a Beebe range, hot and cold water, bathroom, fireplace heater; gas fixtures, with separate meter; laundry room, elevator; halls and stairs furnished, lighted, and kept in order; a porter in attendance, &c., &c. Apply as above.

A LADY LIVING ALONE WILL LET A LARGE front Room, with use of kitchen, to gentleman and wife. Call at 111 West 30th street, near Sixth avenue.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—THREE STORY, with modern conveniences; genteelly located and easy access to five cars; half of the rent taken in the board of two adults. Apply at 267 West Thirty-first street.

AIRY ROOMS.—ONLY SEVEN PERSONS IN ENTIRE spacious private dwelling No. 6 St. Mark's place, and but three Rooms remain to let. Large bathroom and every modern convenience.

AT 235 BOWERY NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS (gas, water, closets, etc.) to let. By floor or separately. Housekeeping allowed. A good and central location.

A BASEMENT FLOOR, PARLOR FLOOR AND SECOND Story to let, in a pretty three story house, to one or two small families. Apply on the premises, 205 Thirty-third street, near Second avenue. With chandeliers.

AT 49 LEXINGTON AVENUE—SPLENDIDLY FURnished Rooms to let, or the whole or part, for housekeeping; near Twenty-fifth street; location first class. N. C. BISHOP, 243 Broadway.

AN ELEGANT PARLOR FLOOR, BASEMENT AND Third Floor to let, together or separate, in the brown stone house 953 Second avenue; all improvements; $60 together; also some other splendid Floors and Parts of Houses, from $25 to $30. Inquire of owner, 338 East Thirtieth st.

A FLOOR TO LET—IN A PRIVATE HOUSE. REFERence required. Inquire at 316 East Fourteenth street.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—SINGLY or en suite; healthy and pleasant location, overlooking Central Park. Address WEST FIFTY-EIGHTH STREET, Herald office. References exchanged.

FOUR UNFURNISHED ROOMS (ON SECOND AND third floors) to let—To small family. Gas, bath, &c. Pleasant location. Inquire at 418 East Fifty second street, near First avenue.

FURNISHED—A SUITE OF FIVE ROOMS, ONE OF four and one of three; also a large Parlor and some single Rooms; some for housekeeping; private Houses. Inquire of the owner, 61 Bleecker street.

ONE OR TWO WELL FURNISHED LARGE FRONT Rooms to let, without board, at low rent; also a small Room at the elegant private house 147 East Twenty-first street, Gramercy Park.

THREE PARLORS AND BASEMENT, UNFURNISHED, or will divide; also one to four Rooms, furnished, for housekeeping; first class private house, near Sixth avenue. 125 West Twentieth street.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR, FIVE NICE ROOMS IN house 215 West Thirty-sixth street; $40 per month; see premises. PARTRIDGE, 25 West Fifteenth street, morning and evening; or 128 Broad street.

TO LET—A SMALL SECOND FLOOR TO A GENTLEman and wife only, in a nice private house. 135 East 122d street.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR, IN HOUSE 254 WEST Fortieth street; eight rooms; water and gas. Rent $35. Cheap.

TO LET—PARLOR, BASEMENT AND TOP FLOORS, with all the modern improvements, situated near Stuyvesant Park; also Apartments in East Twenty-ninth street. Inquire of H. DISNEY, 325 East Sixteenth street.

TO LET—SEVERAL NICE FLOORS, WITH GAS AND water, at 254 West Fortieth street. Inquire at 263 West Thirty-ninth street.

TO LET—A FIRST FLOOR, IN A HIGH STOOP House, containing six rooms; water, gas, chandelier, bath, pantries, &c. Rent $35. Inquire on premises, 451 West Forty-fourth street.

TO LET—FIRST FLOOR AND BASEMENTS OF HOUSE No. 274 Eighth avenue, opposite Grand Opera House.

TO LET—IN A PRETTY BROWN STONE HOUSE, SECond Floor, $30. Also Third Floor, $25. Apply on the premises, 695 Second avenue.

TO LET—FIRST FLOOR OVER THE STORE, 420 Fourth avenue, near Twenty-ninth street; all improvements; in good order. Apply to the owner, on the premises, from 11 to 1 o'clock.

TO LET—A GENTEEL PARLOR FLOOR AND BASEment; eight rooms, gas and water; rent $43. Also Third Floor, three rooms, $12. Apply at 223 East Fifty-ninth street.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITHOUT BOARD, IN a first class private house; Brooklyn Heights, overlooking the bay; 3 minutes from Fulton ferry; 74 Columbia street; references exchanged.

TO LET—TO A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, A PARLOR, kitchen, pantry, with two Bedrooms, well ventilated, with gas and water; rent $27. 127 West Twenty-fourth st.

$5 WEEKLY—SITTING AND TWO BEDROOMS CONnecting, furnished for housekeeping; genteel house; near cars; Brooklyn; water on floor and everything comfortable. Apply at 124 Broadway, room No. 9.

$7 50 WEEKLY.—THREE ROOMS CONNECTING, furnished for housekeeping; hot and cold water, stationary tubs, bathroom, &c.; location first class; 40 minutes from Astor House. 235 Fifty-second street, near Broadway.

ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

$10 PER MONTH.—TO LET, SECOND STORY OF house, five rooms, on Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn. S. C. MOUNT, 117 Nassau street, Brooklyn.

214 THIRTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR THIRD AVENUE.—A large, well furnished Room, without board, $5 per week, in a quiet, pleasant place; would give breakfast if desired.

587 BROOME STREET, NEAR HUDSON.—A SECOND story Room to gentleman, without board; family private; reference required.

863 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE UNION SQUARE, near Seventeenth street.—Furnished Rooms to rent, without board, to gentlemen or family; privilege of kitchen

HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., WANTED.

A RESPONSIBLE FAMILY WANT A HOUSE, FURnished or unfurnished, located between Ninth and Thirtieth streets, Fourth and Sixth avenues; price about $1,800. Address S., box 114 Herald office.

WANTED—FOR GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, TWO furnished rooms, closets, &c; privilege light housekeeping; between Fifteenth and Thirtieth streets, west. Address WILLIAM, Herald office.

WANTED—A SMALL COTTAGE, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, within a short distance of the city, near the water preferred; rent must be reasonable. Address N. D. T., station C, New York city, stating rent and all particulars.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY OF THREE PERsons, three or four Rooms in private house, at moderate rent; east side or Harlem preferred. Address, with particulars, J. GAFFNEY, station F.

WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE, WITH 5 OR 6 sleeping rooms, not over an hour from the city by rail. Address box 4,018 Post office, giving price for three months.

WANTED TO RENT—FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS, A commodious, well furnished House, with all modern improvements and within one hour of city; by boat preferred. Address, with full particulars, U. R. Y., box 3,650 New York Post office.

WANTED TO RENT—A ROOM, WITH STEAM power, to manufacture cotton bats. Parties having such to let please address H. J., care Hirsh & Co., 474 Broadway.

WANTED TO HIRE—A BUILDING, TWO OR MORE stories high; 25x100 or thereabouts; for a small manufacturing business; one with small steam engine preferred. Address F. A. L., Herald office.

COPARTNERSHIPS.

EMIL C. CALM, OF THE LATE FIRM OF CALM & Elish, hereby gives notice that said firm is dissolved. Numerous notes have been fraudulently and without authority issued in the name of the said firm during my absence in Europe, on receiving information of which by cable I have immediately returned to New York, and can be seen at 127 Third avenue, at which place I request any person in possession of any notes signed in the name of said firm to communicate with me. I shall not pay any such notes. EMIL C. CALM, 127 Third avenue.
NEW YORK, June 27, 1870.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

A LIGHT MECHANICAL BUSINESS FOR SALE.—Stock and tools worth $3,000. Goods staple as wheat. Capital required, $1,200. MOODY & MYDDLETON, No. 7 Murray street, rooms 23 and 24.

A PARTNER WANTED—WITH CAPITAL, IN THE steamship and money broker's business. For further particulars apply at 11 Broadway.

A MAN WANTED TO JOIN IN ONE OF THE BEST Meat Markets in Brooklyn; small capital required. LOCK & MORGAN, 21 Broadway.

A.—MUST BE SOLD IMMEDIATELY, A VALUABLE Lease of Liquor Store and Stock cheap for cash. Apply to COLE & MUDGETT, corner Sixth avenue and Thirty-second street.

ALL SHOULD EXAMINE THE CHAMPION COW Milker, patented April 5, 1870, before engaging in other business. Machine shown daily in practical operation. New York Cow Milker Manufacturing Company, 267 Broadway.

AN ACTIVE MAN MAY OBTAIN A HALF INTEREST IN a profitable Fruit and Flower Farm, near New York, where the present profit can be trebled by the use of about $5,000 additional capital for enlarging the business; best references required and given. Particulars of WILLIAM H. PARS, at Appleton & Co.'s, 90 Grand street.

CANVASSERS WANTED—ON ADVERTISING (TWO weekly papers) and job printing; good address and energy will ensure $20 to $35 per week. TURNER & MIGNARD, 109 Nassau st.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT; ONE OF THE BEST business and fitted up places in city; owner's health only cause of sale; offered very cheap and on easy terms. Apply at 106 Murray street. Mr. EMMONS.

I HAVE A THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF THE GROcery and whiskey business, with a good class of customers, and $1,700 to invest. Would like an engagement with some good house. Address A. B., box 200 Herald office.

PARTNER WANTED—IN AN ESTABLISHED MANUfactory protected by letters patent, paying large profits; worthy the attention of capitalists; an investigation invited. Apply at 569 Broadway, rooms Nos. 2 and 3.

PARTNER WANTED—IN THE RETAIL DRUG BUSIness; good location; with capital from $2,000 to $3,000. Address L. C. H., Herald office.

RARE CHANCE—FOR ANY PARTY WITH $300 OR $400, in a Specialty Doctor's Office; equal partnership; business established. Call at 55 Bleecker street, after 9 A. M.

RARE CHANCE.—WANTED, A PARTNER WITH $250 cash, in a genteel Broadway business. Apply at the Central Letter office, 688 Broadway. No agencies treated with. HENRY EVERTON.

TO A PARTY HAVING $5,000 AND UPWARDS TO INvest the subscriber can offer inducements not excelled to engage in a safe, legitimate business recently established. Profits will realize 240 per cent. Apply to MAURICE MANFRED, box 2,241 Post office.

TIN, STOVE AND PLUMBING BUSINESS, AT NEWburg, for sale; very desirable location and well established. Only reason for selling, poor health. Capital required, $2,500. Address box 577 Newburg, N. Y.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE, ENERGETIC MAN, with a small capital, to take an interest in a good paying business. Address, with real name, box 95 station A.

WANTED—A PURCHASER FOR WHOLE OR PART of a very good Wood Manufacturing Business; over $12,000 have been invested, but present owners have not capital enough. Address D., box 206 Herald office.

WANTED—ONE OR TWO PARTIES, WITH $60,000 TO $75,000, to join advertiser in enlarging a well established and increasing business; profits liberal and permanent; money no object without good business qualifications. Address WARD, box 5,464 Post office.

$600.—PARTNER WANTED. IN A RELIABLE first class cash manufacturing business, well established and profitable. 13 Exchange place, up stairs, next door to Taylor's Hotel, Jersey City.

$5,000 CASH.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, AN agent in Buffalo, N. Y., for a manufacturing company; must invest the above amount; salary $2,000 and commission on sales. Apply to C. D. ULMER, 157 West Twentieth street, New York.

INSTRUCTION.

AT THOMPSON'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 20 FOURTH avenue, opposite Cooper Institute—Telegraphy, Bookkeeping, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Spelling; day and evening; private instruction; ladies' department; terms low; open all summer.

A GENTLEMAN OF UNIVERSITY EDUCATION WILL take pupils, during vacation, in classics, English, mathematics, &c.; a good opportunity for gentlemen reading for college examinations or boys needing special assistance; board combined, if required, in a pleasant house in Seventeenth street, near Union square, on very moderate terms; references unquestionable. Address SCHOLIAST, Herald office.

BUSINESS WRITING, BOOKKEEPING, ARITHMETIC, &c.—DOLBEAR'S Commercial College, 875 Broadway, corner Eighteenth street, will remain open day and evening all summer. Special attention is paid to ladies. They learn a stylish, fashionable "English hand" in a few private lessons. Boys prepared practically for business. Terms reasonable.

TUTOR WANTED—A GRADUATE OF HARVARD, thorough in Greek and Latin, for two months in the country with a young man. Address, with terms and reference, D. B., box 783 Post office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, A SITUATION IN A school or private family, to teach English, French and music; no objection to the country; the highest references given; remuneration no object. Call at or address 142 West 16th st.

WANTED—BY A LADY, FRENCH AND MUSIC PUpils at her own residence. Address MOZART, Herald office.

28 BOND STREET.—FRENCH TAUGHT BY PROfessor PARRAIN, in classes or private lessons.

CLOTHING.

AT 246 SEVENTH AVENUE, SECOND DOOR ABOVE Twenty-fourth street.—Received $60,000 cash to purchase Wearing Apparel and Household Furniture for the Western market; promises to pay 50 per cent more than any one by calling on or addressing Mr. and Mrs. ROSENBERG.

AT 71 SIXTH AVENUE, ONE DOOR FROM WAVERLEY place—F. HARRIS will pay the highest price for ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off Clothing, Carpets and Furniture, as we have to fill a large order. We promise to pay 25 per cent more than any dealer in the city. Call or address F. HARRIS, 71 Sixth avenue. Ladies attended by Mrs. Harris.

ATTENTION.—AT EDWARD MILLER'S WELL KNOWN establishment, 160 Seventh avenue, near Nineteenth street, the utmost value paid for Cast Off Clothing, Carpets, Furniture, &c. Having a great demand for them I guarantee to give satisfaction to all parties by calling on or addressing Mr. or Mrs. MILLER.

AT THE UPTOWN ESTABLISHMENT, 816 SIXTH AVEnue, near Forty-sixth street, ladies and gentlemen will positively receive 50 per cent more than elsewhere for Cast-off Clothing, Carpets, Furniture, &c., having a large order for Gonzales, Texas. We shall pay for Dresses from $15 to $50; Overcoats, $7 to $20; Pants, $4 to $8. Ladies waited upon by Mrs. FLATTO.

AT 832 BROADWAY, NEAR THIRTEENTH STREET, H. HERZ pays the highest cash price for Ladies' and Gentleman's Wearing Apparel, Carpets, &c., &c. Ladies waited on by Mrs. Herz.

AT 297 THIRD AVENUE, NEAR TWENTY-THIRD street, M. LEON pays the highest price for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel, Carpets, &c., &c. Ladies waited on by Mrs. Leon.

AT 141 SIXTH AVENUE—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN will be surprised at the prices E. MINTZ pays for Cast-Off Clothing, Jewelry, &c. Please call on or address Mr. or Mrs. E. MINTZ, 141 Sixth avenue, between Tenth and Eleventh streets.

AT 176 SEVENTH AVENUE—LADIES AND GENTLEmen will be surprised at the prices J. ANHALT pays for cast-off Clothing, Carpets, Jewelry, &c. From $7 to $40 for Silk Dresses; for Coats, from $4 to $15; for Pants, from $3 to $5. By calling or a note by post punctually attended to by Mr. or Mrs. Anhalt.

A1.—AT M. MARKS', 22 SIXTH AVENUE, OPPOSITE Eighth street, ladies and gentlemen will be astonished at the prices M. Marks pays for Cast-off Wearing Apparel, Carpets, Furniture, Jewelry, &c. The best you can do is please to call at my establishment or send us a note; the number as above. Ladies waited upon by Mrs. Marks. True, you will be dealt with to your satisfaction and benefit.

AT 274 SEVENTH AVENUE, NEAR TWENTY-SIXTH street, M. ABRAHAMS will pay the best prices for Ladies' and Gents' Cast Off Clothing; also Carpets. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Abrahams.

SALES AT AUCTION.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER. By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, salesrooms Nos. 95 Chambers and 77 Reade street; art galleries Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, southwest corner of Twelfth street, on Thursday and Friday evenings, June 30 and July 1, at 7½ o'clock each evening. Special sale of high class Oil Paintings, the private collection of a well-known connoisseur going abroad, comprising many valuable works by celebrated and favorite European and American artists. Also, by order of John Sedgwick, special receiver, a number of fine European Pictures, to be sold without reserve. Comprised in this collection are the works of, viz.:—

Meyerheim,	Noterman,	Morvillier,
Engelhardt,	Schoep,	Brissot,
Waldmuller,	Hekking,	Vandervin,
Smetz,	Reinteus,	Spangler,
Van Kuyk,	O. Webber,	Thibot,
Kawassee,	Seil,	Favier,
A. F. Tait,	W. L. Marple,	Naur,
Deshayes,	V. Lafere,	Culverhouse,
Leon Page,	Ranney,	N. Bush,
H. A. Young,	N. Calyo,	Pyne,
I. Holberton,	Wiggins,	Marshall,
Lacroix,	Tideman,	

and others equally celebrated. Now on exhibition as above. Free day and evening.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER. BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER. On Wednesday, June 29, at 11 o'clock, at their salesrooms, 95 Chambers and 77 Reade streets. ASSIGNEES' SALE.—Continuation from May 26, to close the balance of the stock of fine Wines and Liquors offered by us on that date—viz., fine Bordeaux red and white Wines, Cruse Fils Freres, Brandeburg and others' fine Hock Wines, old Southside and other favorite Maderas, Victoria, Mousley, Lacote and Capedepon, Duff Gordon, Feuerila, pale golden and brown Sherries, Moselle Wines, Hennessy, Martell and Jules Robin Brandies, in glass; Sazarac, 1795, in wood; Jamaica and Grenada Rums, old Bluegrass, Cutler and other Bourbon Whiskeys; Holland Gin, &c., &c.; empty Casks, Wine Baskets, &c. Goods are all of fine quality and sale positive.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER. Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office. High Class Modern Paintings. JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL will sell by auction on Tuesday and Wednesday, 28th and 29th, at 11 o'clock each day, at their salesroom, 37 Nassau street, a large and important sale of modern and ancient Paintings. In the collection may be found the works of

Bierstadt,	S. Coleman,	Lilly M. Spencer,
Church,	W. M. Brown,	E. L. Henry,
J. M. Hart,	Bispham,	L. Lang,
W. Hart,	Bensell,	T. L. Smith,
Gifford,	Tait,	
	FOREIGN.	
Nydervelt,	Charles Chaplin,	Leon,
De Haas,	Rousseau,	Van Ville,
Verschauer,	Ver Bukhoven,	and others.

Now on exhibition at the above salesroom.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER, (office and salesroom 37 Nassau street) BY JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL, auction sale of Horses, Carriages and Harness, at the Horse Auction Mart, 112 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue. THIS DAY (TUESDAY), AT 12 O'CLOCK. For full description see under head of Horses and Carriages in catalogue. We never postpone a sale on account of the weather.

A.—RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR HOUSEKEEPERS, hotel keepers and the trade. Over 800 lots and over $20,000 worth elegant Household Furniture, Paintings, Bronzes, at public auction to the highest bidder, on this day (TUESDAY), June 28, at 10½ o'clock, at the large five story residence 12 Tenth street, between Broadway and Fifth avenue, near Fifth avenue. Magnificent four round corner rosewood 7¼ octave Pianoforte, eight rich Parlor Suits, covered with satin brocatel, striped and plain reps and haircloth; Pier and Oval Mirrors, brocatel, reps and lace Curtains; magnificent Oil Paintings, Bronzes, French Clocks, Vases, Statuary, Cabinets, Bois de Rose; Etageres, Tables, Bookcase, Writing Desks, 15 rosewood and walnut Chamber Suits, Mattresses, Bedding, Sofas, Lounges, Chairs, Sideboard, Extension Table, Dining Chairs, Glass, China and Silver Ware; Cutlery, &c. Reliable men in attendance to cart or pack goods for purchasers at reasonable charges. EDWIN NICHOLS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.—J. M. TAYLOR, AUCTIONEER. Magnificent Household Furniture, furnished at a cost of $25,000. 500 Lots by catalogue. A rare chance for housekeepers. Drawing Room Suits, Pianoforte, Bronzes, Paintings, Statuary. On this day (TUESDAY), at the elegant mansion 57 West Fifteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, sale commencing at 10½ o'clock. Drawing Room Furniture, covered brocatel richest description: rosewood Pianoforte, Etageres, Secretaire Bookcase, Encoigneures, marqueterie Cabinets, Tables, Canterbury; medallion, velvet Carpets; brocatel, lace Curtains; Chandeliers, Paintings by eminent artists; Bronze Clock, Mirrors; rosewood, walnut Bureaus, Bedsteads, Wardrobes; Mattresses, Counterpanes, Extension Table, Sideboard, Chinaware, Linens, Silverware, Cutlery, Glassware; Basement, Kitchen Furniture; Furniture of servants' apartments. Sale peremptory. Catalogues at house.

A. J. BLEECKER & CO. WILL SELL AT AUCTION on Tuesday, June 28, at 10½ A. M., at 150 Sixth avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, Household Furniture, consisting of Carpets, Parlor and Bedroom Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, Kitchen Furniture, &c. Catalogues at office.

AARON CRISTALAR & CO., AUCTIONEERS—WILL sell this day (Tuesday), 28th, at 10½ o'clock, at 1,278 Broadway, near Thirty-fifth street, the entire Stock and Fixtures of a French Pastry, Ice Cream Saloon, comprising first class marble top Soda Fountain, Counters, Tables, stock of Candies, Jars, Scales, Mirror, Clock, Chairs, Curtains, Oilcloths, Awnings, Ice Cream Freezers, Moulds, &c.; also two sets Billiard Balls, 12 Billiard Chairs, &c. The above goods are nearly all new. Will be sold in lots.

AUCTION NOTICE.—CHINA, CROCKERY, GLASS, Table Cutlery, Fancy Goods, &c. FARRINGTON & SEIXAS will sell this day, 28th, at 10 o'clock, at 50 Barclay street, a general and desirable assortment of the above goods, from the shelves, in lots to suit city and country retail trade. Goods packed in good order for shipping, free of charge.

AUCTION NOTICE.—LARGE SALE, THIS MONDAY. 112 West Twenty seventh street, near Sixth avenue. LUKE FITZGERALD, Auctioneer, will sell this (Tuesday) commencing at 10½ o'clock, all the elegant, costly Furniture contained in the above residence, consisting of rosewood Pianoforte, Parlor Suits covered in brocatel and silk reps; Centre Tables, Turkish Chairs, Paintings, Bronzes, Ornaments, Curtains, Carpets, Mirrors, &c. Dining Room Furniture—Chairs, Extension Table, Buffet, Glassware, Dinner and Tea Sets; Silverplated Ware, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Ice Pitchers and other articles. Bedroom Furniture—Rosewood and walnut Sets, single and double Bedsteads; over 20 Curled Hair Beds, Spring Beds, Carpets, Curtains, Sheets, Pillows, &c. Also Kitchen and Basement Furniture, in all, 400 lots useful Household Furniture.

AUCTION NOTICE—AUCTION NOTICE.—AT 67 WEST Twenty-seventh street, large sale of Household Furniture, Carpets, Pianoforte and over 200 lots, this day (Tuesday), commencing at 1½ o'clock.

ALBERT B. WALDRON, AUCTIONEER. Salesrooms 108 Liberty and 111 Cedar streets, Household and Cabinet Furniture, On WEDNESDAY, at 10½ o'clock, WALDRON & COOKE will sell as above, a fine assortment of second hand and new Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room and Hall Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, Crockery, Glass, Plate, Cutlery, Paintings, &c. Full particulars to-morrow.

BY F. COLTON, AUCTIONEER.—ELEGANT FURNIture, Mirrors, Carpets, rich Diamond Jewelry, &c. On Friday, July 1, at 11 o'clock, the entire elegant Furniture of the private mansion on the East river, foot of Eighty-fourth street. Rich Parlor Suits, in satin; elegant rosewood Etageres, Centre Tables, Lace and Damask Curtains, Bronze Clock, elegant carved rosewood and walnut Chamber Suits, rich black walnut Buffet, Extension Table, Chairs, rich Velvet and Brussels Carpets, Oilcloths, Shades, &c., being the entire furniture of a family removing from the city; also about 50 lots of rich Diamond and other Jewelry, Gold Watches, &c. Take Third avenue cars to Eighty-fourth street.

BY JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., AUCTIONEERS.—THE Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell 80,000 tons Scranton Coal at public auction, on Wednesday, June 29, at 12 o'clock noon, at 20 Exchange place. SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

B. G. BRIGGS, AUCTIONEER.—GLASS AND CROCKery Ware at auction, in lots to suit families and the trade, at 10½ o'clock this morning and every day this week, at 123 West Broadway. S. B. WAKEMAN & CO.

BENJ. P. FAIRCHILD, AUCTIONEER. Executor's sale. Will sell on Tuesday, June 28, 1870, at 10 A. M., at No. 13 Bethune street, Household Furniture, consisting of Parlor and Bedroom Furniture, Extension Table, Chairs, Beds, Bedding, Crockery, Glassware, Kitchen Utensils, &c.; also Goldbeaters' Tools, Fixtures, &c. By order of the Executor.

BENJ. P. FAIRCHILD, AUCTIONEER. Mortgage sale. On WEDNESDAY, June 29, 1870, at 10 A. M., at salesroom No. 9 Beach street, Two splendid rosewood Upright Pianos. By order of mortgagee. Also same day, Collector's sale of Household Furniture, consisting of Pier and Mantel Mirrors, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, Hair and Straw Mattresses, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Clothing, Books, &c. Also Marshal's sale of two light sets single Harness, One Express Harness, &c.

BENJAMIN P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer. Executors' sale of Elegant and Costly Furniture belonging to the estate of Tarrant Putnam, deceased. Will be sold at public auction, on Thursday, June 30, at 10 A. M., at the private residence, No. 315 Madison avenue, corner Forty-second street, all of the elegant Furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of rosewood Piano, Ormolu and Gilt Parlor Suit, in blue satin brocatel; Console Tables, Pier and Mantel Mirrors, rosewood and black walnut Bedroom Suits, fine curled Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds and Bedding, black walnut Dining room Furniture, Marble Top Buffet, black walnut Extension Table, black walnut Dining Room Chairs, China Dinner and Tea Sets, Glassware; Axminster, Velvet, Medallion and Brussels Carpets, black walnut Marble Top Hatstand, Refrigerator, Oilcloth, Kitchen Utensils, &c.

BY M. DOUGHTY, AUCTIONEER. Mortgage sale of Cabinet Furniture, en suite or separately, together with rosewood Piano, Household and Office Furniture, Iron Safe, &c. M. DOUGHTY will sell this day (Tuesday), June 28 at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, 79 Nassau street, Parlor Suits, Carpets, Mirrors, rosewood and walnut Bedroom Suits, Hair Mattresses, Lounges, Bookcase, Wardrobes, two rosewood Pianos, city makers; Air Pump, &c., together with a large assortment of second hand Furniture. Sale positive. By order of the mortgagee.

BY E. NICHOLS, AUCTIONEER, This (Tuesday) afternoon, at 1½ o'clock, large Household Furniture sale at the residence of Joseph Biedel, Esq., No. 2 West Tenth street, a few doors from Fifth avenue—Velvet, Brussels Carpets, Curtains, Mirrors, Paintings, Bronzes, rosewood Pianoforte, Parlor Suits, Turkish Chairs, Lounges, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Mattresses, Bedding, Dining Furniture, &c.

BY MAX BAYERSDORFER, AUCTIONEER.—WILL sell to-morrow, Wednesday, at 10½ o'clock, all and entire Stock and Fixtures of a first class old established corner Liquor Store, with four years' lease of entire building; rare chance for liquor men. More full particulars.

BY MAX BAYERSDORFER, AUCTIONEER.—SELLS Thursday, 30th, entire Stock and Fixtures of first class corner Grocery Store on Third avenue, cheap, at private sale. MAX BAYERSDORFER, office and salesroom 87 Third av.

BY MAX BAYERSDORFER, AUCTIONEER, SELLS AT 11½ o'clock, 33 St. Mark's place, rich Furniture, consisting of superb Parlor, Cottage and Bedroom Suits; Bedding, rich Brussels Carpets, Crockery, Glassware, Kitchen Utensils, &c., in lots. Dealers invited.

BY MAX BAYERSDORFER, AUCTIONEER, SELLS, 9½ o'clock, 392 Tenth street, Stock, Fixtures of grocery. Positively in lots. Dealers invited. MAX BAYERSDORFER'S office and salesroom 87 Third avenue.

SALES AT AUCTION.

E. A. LAWRENCE, AUCTIONEER. Great auction sale of the Wyckoff Homestead and 85 Lots, at Glendale, L. I., THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1870. Also, at private sale, on the instalment plan of $10 monthly, 92 Lots, on graded avenues, at 20 per cent less than former prices, for This day only. Train leaves South Side Railroad depot at 10:15 A. M. The best free collation ever offered will be served at 1 o'clock P. M., including Raspberries and Cream. Bargains will be had at this sale. Call for free tickets and free information at the office of LAWRENCE, OAKLY & FLEURY, Auctioneers, 10 Pine street, and the GLENDALE LOT ASSOCIATION, 61 Cedar street, room No. 6.

EDWARD PETTINGER, AUCTIONEER.—59TH SALE of unclaimed Property takes place on Wednesday, June 29, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Central Office, 300 Mulberry street, consisting of miscellaneous articles, Iron, Rope, Sugar, Cotton, Men's and Women's Clothing, Watches, Jewelry, Revolvers, Hardware, Dry Goods, Shoes, &c.

EDWARD SCHENCK, AUCTIONEER. Large sale of Flags of different nations. By EDWARD SCHENCK, to-morrow, 29th, at 12 o'clock, at 65 Liberty street, a large quantity of assorted Flags of different nations, suitable for decorations; also a very fine Coach, Harness and a quantity of second hand Furniture; also a rosewood grand Pleyel Piano, and a quantity of cut Glassware. Also a quantity of French Copper Cooking Utensils.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—FURNITURE, CARPETS, ONE rosewood 7 octave Piano.—AARON CRISTALAR & CO., Auctioneers, will sell, on Wednesday, June 29, at 10½ o'clock, at salesroom 469 Broadway, near Grand, 1 walnut Chamber Suit, richly gilt; 1 do. plain; 1 Parlor Suit, in green reps; 1 rosewood Armoire, 1 Bookstand, 1 Brussels Carpet, 1 Hall Stand, 2 sets Curtains, 1 Easy Chair and 2 Rocking Chairs, 2 Parlor Organs, &c. By order of Rachel Anderson, Executrix.

J. C. DEVOY, AUCTIONEER.—POSITIVE SALE OF Improved and Unimproved Real Estate in Eighth and Twenty-second wards, ranging in value from $250 to $10,000, on Thursday, June 30, at 4 P. M., at salesroom 591 Fifth avenue, between Sixteenth street and Prospect avenue, Brooklyn. Fifth avenue cars at Fulton ferry bring you to the sale. See posters and handbills.

JACOB BOGART, AUCTIONEER. Wednesday, June 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the auction rooms No. 1 North William street. Marshal's sale. A large assortment of Household and Cabinet Furniture. CHARLES F. WATTS, Marshal. Also, at 11 o'clock, at the auction rooms, a lot of Rhein Wine. CHARLES F. WATTS, Marshal. Also, mortgage sale, four gilt and black walnut Pier Glass Frames. H. B. FERGUSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.

JACOB BOGART, AUCTIONEER. Bankrupt sale of Drug Store. This day, June 28, 1870, at 11 o'clock, at 210 William street and No. 1 North William street, by order of the assignee in bankruptcy, the entire Stock and Fixtures of a Drug Store and Soda Water Establishment, consisting of Iron Fountains, 60 Copper Soda Water Fountains, Drugs and Medicines, Perfumery, Bottles, Stoves, Counters, Showcases, Desks, Scales, Weights, Lead Pipes, Stationery, Generators, Boilers, Root Beer Casks, &c., &c. GEORGE W. BROWN, Assignee in Bankruptcy.

J. P. TRAVER, AUCTIONEER. Mortgage Sale. JOHN A. DUNN & CO. will sell at their salesroom, 268 Bowery, on Wednesday, June 29, at 10½ o'clock, a large lot of Ice Boxes and Refrigerators; also Showcases, Carpets, Crockery, one large Sideboard, Bedstead, 100 Sea Grass Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cutlery and Plated Ware. JOHN W. BENNETT, Attorney.

LEWIS E. WOOD, AUCTIONEER, will sell THIS DAY, June 28, 1870, at 2½ o'clock P. M., on the ground, 65 choice Lots in the Second ward of the city of Bayonne, 25 minutes from New York by Central Railroad of New Jersey, from foot of Liberty street, New York, and 400 feet from depot. Forty trains to and from Bayonne daily. The above property is some of the very best in Hudson county, commanding magnificent views of New York city and bay, Brooklyn, Staten Island and the Narrows, and situated on 80 foot avenues, graded and sidewalks flagged. Churches, schools, stores and first class residences, now rapidly going up, are in the immediate vicinity. Terms easy and made known on the day of sale. For maps, free tickets and full particulars apply to the auctioneer, LEWIS E. WOOD, 69 Montgomery street, Jersey City.

LEWIS E. WOOD, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL THIS day, June 28, at 4 o'clock P. M., on the premises, at Bayonne, 25 minutes from New York on Central Railroad of New Jersey, a new first class French roof House, containing 9 rooms, hot and cold water, bath, stationary wash tubs in kitchen, &c. The house is situated on high ground, with fine view of New York and Newark bays; excellent fishing, boating and bathing in immediate vicinity. For particulars apply to LEWIS E. WOOD, 69 Montgomery street, Jersey City.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE COMmissioners of the Sinking Fund of the city of New York, that pursuant to the provisions of the act entitled "An act to authorize the construction of a railroad in 125th street, and in certain other streets and avenues in the city of New York," passed April 28, 1870, they will sell at public auction, in the Governor's Room of the City Hall, in said city, on Monday, July 18, 1870, at 12 M., to the highest bidder for the same, the right, privilege and franchise to construct, operate and use a railroad with a single or double track as hereinafter provided, and to convey passengers thereon for compensation, through, upon and along the following streets or avenues, route or routes, in the city of New York, viz:—Commencing on the North or Hudson river, at the foot of 130th street, thence through and along 130th street, with a double track, to Manhattan street; thence through and along Manhattan street, with a double track, to 125th street; thence through and along 125th street, with a double track, to the East or Harlem river; also from 125th street, thence through and along the Third avenue, with a double track, to the Harlem bridge; also from the Third avenue, thence through and along 130th street, with a double track, to the Harlem river; also from 125th street at its intersection with Tenth avenue; thence northerly, through and along the Tenth avenue, with a double track, to the terminus of said Tenth avenue, together with the necessary connections, turnouts and switches for the proper working and accommodation of the said railroad, on the said streets or avenues, route or routes, said road to be completed within two years from the passage of said act, except upon and along Tenth avenue, and upon and along said avenue as fast as the same shall be opened, graded and paved, from 125th street. Such sale will be conducted in the ordinary manner of sales at auction, and the person or corporation who shall offer to pay into the city treasury the largest sum of money for such right, privilege or franchise shall receive from said Commissioners a certificate that he or they is or are entitled to such grant, and are authorized to construct, operate and use the same in accordance with the provisions of the said act, such certificates to be issued on the payment, within ten days, into the city treasury of the amount of the bid and of the execution of a bond to the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York, in the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, in two good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by the Comptroller of said city, conditioned that the person or corporation receiving such certificate shall within two years finish and complete said road and equip the same with the requisite number of cars and horses, except along Tenth avenue as aforesaid; but should he or they be restrained or prevented by any legal proceedings from completing and constructing the same, the time for which they are so restrained shall not be deemed or taken to be part of the time within which the same is to be completed. But the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund are authorized and reserve the right to reject any bid, if in their judgment it is for the interest of the city that they should do so, and offer the franchise for sale again. A copy of the act of the Legislature under which the sale is to be made can be procured at the Finance Department. Dated New York, June 1, 1870.
A. OAKEY HALL, Mayor.
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
JOHN J. BRADLEY, Chamberlain.
JOHN K. HACKETT, Recorder.
JOHN MOORE, Chairman Finance Committee, Board of Aldermen.
NICHOLAS HAUGHTON, Chairman Finance Committee, Board of Assistant Aldermen.
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE—WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—JAMES AGAR, Auctioneer, will sell this day, at 59 New Bowery, at 10½ o'clock, 590 lots of Gold and Silver Watches; Gold Guard, Fob and Vest Chains; Gold and Diamond Rings, Pins, Earrings, Bracelets, Necklaces, Silverware, Guns, Pistols, Opera Glasses, Musical and Mathematical Instruments and other valuable goods. By order of A. J. Jackson, 90 Prince street.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—JOHN MORTIMER, 11 East Broadway, will sell, this day, at 11 o'clock, 400 lots Gold and Silver Watches, fine Gold and Diamond Jewelry, Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Pistols, Guns, Opera Glasses, Cutlery, Carpenter's Tools and other valuable goods, worthy the attention of dealers and others. By order D. De Long, 299 East Broadway.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—WILLIAM S. INGRAHAM, 38 New Bowery, will sell this day 500 lots Men's and Women's Clothing, Silk Dresses, Shawls, Remnants, Underwear, Bedding, Sheets, Spreads, Table Linen, Coats, Pants, Vests, Boots, Shoes, &c. By order Moss Brothers, 61 Catharine street.

R. FIELD, AUCTIONEER—WILL SELL THIS DAY, AT 11 o'clock, at 117 Fourth avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, the Furniture of a family declining housekeeping, consisting of Sofas, Chairs, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Feather Beds, Mattresses, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Oilcloths, Kitchen Utensils, &c.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—RODAY S. BRASSEL, AUCTIONeer, will sell this day, at 10 o'clock, at 76½ Catharine street, the Stock and Fixtures of a Hat Store, consisting of a large assortment of Hats, Caps, &c., &c. WM. H. SHIELDS, Deputy. JAMES O'BRIEN, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—RODAY S. BRASSEL, AUCTIONeer, will sell this day, at 11 o'clock, at the corner of Montgomery and South streets, the Contents of a Boat Building Shop. JAMES O'BRIEN, Sheriff. J. SEEBACHER, Deputy.

WILLIAM ABBOTT, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE NO. 6 City Hall place. Will sell on Tuesday, 28th inst., at 11 o'clock, the Contents of the wholesale and retail liquor store of James Sheehan & Co., at lower dock, Main street, Sing Sing, N. Y., consisting of a large stock of Brandies, Bourbon and Rye Whiskeys, in demijohns and barrels; also Sherry, Port and Champagne Wines, Counters, French plate Mirrors, Hay Cutter, several sets new and second hand Harness, fine Horse, Harness and Wagon; lot of Coal, wooden Stable, &c. This is a good chance for men in the liquor trade.

WILLIAM KENNELLY, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL at auction, on Wednesday, June 29, at 10½ o'clock, at 283 Henry street, rosewood, black walnut Parlor Furniture; elegant framed Pictures, Gilt Mirrors, Velvet and Ingrain Carpets, Dining Room Furniture, China, Beds and Bedding, Window Shades, Curtains, &c., &c. Catalogues at auctioneer's office, No. 4 Pine street.

WM. WITTERS, AUCTIONEER—WILL SELL ON Thursday, at 10½ o'clock, at the old established photograph gallery of Mrs. Moore, at 421 Canal street, the entire Apparatus, Cameras, Chemicals, Baths, Screens, Counter and outside cases, Frames, Signs, including everything usually required for the conducting a first class gallery, together with about 5,000 negatives. Also all the Household Furniture, consisting in part of French Plate Mirrors, rosewood Pianoforte, Tapestry and other Carpets, Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Bureau, Washstand, about 500 fine Photographs, Ambrotypes, Engravings and Oil Paintings in rich Frames.

ASTROLOGY.

DR. AND MRS BROUGHTON CAN BE CONSULTED on all affairs of life at 491 Broome street. Fee $1 to $5.

MADAME ROSA, GREAT NATURAL CLAIRVOYANT, reveals your whole life, from the cradle to the grave. 472 Canal street. Fee $1.

MADAME ROSS, MEDICAL AND BUSINESS CLAIRvoyant, tells the past, present and future; shows likeness and tells name of your husband. 159 Forty-first street, between Broadway and Seventh avenue.

$20,000 REWARD TO ANY ONE WHO CAN surpass Madame CLIFTON, the great Medical and Business Clairvoyant. All business strictly confidential. Office 198 Bleecker street, second door west of Macdougal street.

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BOARDERS AND LODGERS WANTED.

1 BLOCK EAST FROM CITY HALL.—FRANKFORT House, Frankfort street, corner of William; 250 rooms. A Room to yourself 35c. to 50c. per day; $1 50 to $3 per week. Open all night.

1 BLOCK SOUTH OF CHATHAM SQUARE.—150 clean beds and Rooms at 35 and 50 cents per day; $2 and $2 50 per week; at the Grant House, 48 New Bowery.

1 HANDSOME SUIT OF ROOMS ON SECOND FLOOR; also other Rooms, for families or gentlemen. Excellent table and home comforts; terms moderate. 43 West Twelfth street.

1 SUIT OR MORE OF ELEGANT FURNISHED Rooms, with or without Board, at Worth House, 102 Fifth avenue. Single Rooms for gentlemen.

2D DOOR WEST OF SULLIVAN, 172 BLEECKER street.—Pleasant Rooms and good table; terms, $6 to $10 per week. Table Board, $5.

5 EAST TWELFTH STREET.—FURNISHED ROOMS to let, en suite or singly. References exchanged.

5TH HOUSE FROM FOURTH AVENUE, 108 EAST Fourteenth street.—Several handsomely furnished Rooms to let, en suite or singly; terms reasonable; can have privilege of kitchen.

$6 TO $10 PER WEEK.—VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, with excellent Board, for families and single persons, at 176 Bleecker street, six blocks west of Broadway.

7 WEST WASHINGTON PLACE.—FURNISHED ROOMS, with Board, in suits or singly; house first class; location splendid; terms moderate. References exchanged.

11 UNIVERSITY PLACE, CORNER OF CLINTON place.—Large, airy Rooms to let, with Board, to families or gentlemen; summer prices. References exchanged.

15 WARREN PLACE (CHARLES STREET), NEAR Waverley place.—Rooms to let, furnished or unfurnished, with Board; terms moderate.

15 WEST TWENTIETH STREET.—VERY DESIRABLE Rooms, on first and second floors, to let, with or without Board. The furniture is new and the rooms are large.

16TH STREET, NO. 20.—TWO CONNECTING ROOMS on first or third floor, with Board, at summer prices.

16TH STREET, NO. 2.—THREE OR FOUR GENtlemen can obtain connecting Rooms, with first class Board.

19 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH ST., OPPOSITE FIFTH Avenue Hotel.—Elegantly furnished Rooms to let, with or without Board, to gentlemen and wives, or single gentlemen. Summer prices.

19 WEST TWENTY-SIXTH STREET.—ELEGANTLY furnished Rooms, en suite or singly, for gentlemen's families or single gentlemen; superior table. References required.

20 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET, NEAR DELmonico's.—Large, airy Rooms, nicely furnished, to let cheap, in suits or singly, without board. References required.

20 EAST TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—NEATLY FURnished Rooms to let, without board; central location, two doors from Broadway. Also basement Room, back Parlor and Extension Room, suitable for a physician.

21 WEST TWENTY-SECOND STREET.—FURNISHED Parlor and Bedroom on second and third floors, and large Room on third floor to let, with or without private table.

22 TENTH STREET, BETWEEN UNIVERSITY PLACE and Fifth avenue.—Desirable Rooms, with or without Board, with a private family; also a single Room; terms moderate.

24 WEST THIRTY-NINTH STREET.—SECOND STORY front Room to let with Board.

25 WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, NEAR FIFTH Avenue Hotel.—To let, handsomely furnished large and small Rooms, for summer or longer, without board.

30 BLEECKER STREET.—TWO PALORS FURNISHED (new), with or without Board. Gentlemen and their wives, or a party of gentlemen. Terms moderate.

31 WEST SIXTEENTH STREET.—A PRIVATE FAMily will let a Second Floor, handsomely furnished, either with private table or without board; highest references required.

32 EAST TWENTY-NINTH STREET.—WELL FURnished Rooms to let, at low rent, with breakfast if desired.

33 CLINTON PLACE.—HOUSE NEWLY PAINTED and papered; large and small Rooms to let, with Board; terms reasonable.

33 WEST TWENTY SEVENTH STREET.—ELEGANTLY furnished Rooms to let, with or without Board; Southerners or Cubans; in doors or single.

40 EAST THIRTY-FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN MADIson and Park avenues.—Very desirable Rooms for families or single gentlemen, with first class Board; location cool and delight; references exchanged.

42 EAST THIRTIETH STREET, NEAR MADISON avenue.—A large and handsomely furnished front Room and Hall Room adjoining to let with Board.

42 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET.—TO LET, WITH Board, large Second Floor, for the summer; also other Rooms for families or single gentlemen; transient and day boarders accommodated.

44 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET.—TO LET, WITH or without Board, a handsome Second Floor, together or separately; private table if desired. References exchanged.

45 LEXINGTON AVENUE.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHed Rooms, with Board, at extremely low terms for the summer, to gentlemen or families; located two blocks from Madison square and Gramercy Park; private table if desired; references exchanged.

45 WEST ELEVENTH STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH avenue and University place.—Pleasant Rooms, with excellent table, on very reasonable terms to desirable parties. ... Rooms, with Board; hot and cold water; bathroom adjoining, with alcove; terms moderate. Call for two days.

49 WEST THIRTEENTH STREET.—A FURNISHED and unfurnished Room to let, with or without Board, or for light housekeeping, to one or two persons; family small. Terms reasonable.

50 WEST FORTY-SIXTH STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH and Sixth avenues.—Neatly furnished Rooms to let, with Board, in a private family; terms moderate; references exchanged.

51 WEST THIRTY-FIRST STREET, CORNER BROADway, opposite Grand Hotel and Clifford House.—Furnished Rooms for gentlemen, at very low rates, until September.

55 WEST TENTH STREET.—TO LET, A NICELY furnished front Room to a gentleman, without board; terms $5 per week. References required.

55 WEST FORTY-SECOND STREET, BETWEEN Fifth and Sixth avenues.—To let, very desirable Rooms, with Board, to single gentlemen or families. References.

56 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET (FIFTH AVEnue Hotel block).—Beautiful furnished Rooms for gentlemen; hot and cold water, &c.; $5 and $6.

57 NINTH STREET, BETWEEN UNIVERSITY PLACE and Broadway.—Pleasant, well furnished Rooms, to a party of gentlemen; also single Rooms, with or without Board. References exchanged.

64 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET.—FURNISHED Rooms, on parlor and other floors, with or without Board, at moderate rates for the summer.

71 MADISON AVENUE.—UNEXCEPTIONABLE BOARD at greatly reduced rates for the summer; families or single gentlemen, transient or otherwise.

82 IRVING PLACE.—TO LET, WITH OR WITHOUT Board, handsomely furnished Rooms, in a beautiful location; bath, hot and cold water; moderate prices.

109 EAST THIRTY-FIRST STREET, THREE DOORS from Fourth avenue. A fine Floor, with Board, to a small family or gentlemen, for $25 per week. References.

110 FOURTH AVENUE, NEAR TWELFTH STREET.—First class Board and Room for a gentleman and wife, or two or more gentlemen; also a handsome front Hall Room.

114 SEVENTH AVENUE, NEAR SEVENTEENTH street.—Furnished front and back Parlor, separately or together, for gentleman or gentleman and wife; gas, bath hot and cold water; rent moderate.

128 WEST TWELFTH STREET.—A FAMILY obliged to leave the city take pleasure in recommending their Rooms to parties desiring good Board in a pleasant family.

129 WEST THIRTY-SIXTH STREET.—A YOUNG lady can be accommodated with a handsomely furnished front or back Room, with Board, with a young widow.

129 CLINTON PLACE, EIGHTH STREET, BETWEEN Fifth and Sixth avenues.—Large, handsome furnished Rooms; also Hall Rooms to let, without board.

130 EAST TWELFTH STREET, BETWEEN THIRD and Fourth avenues.—A private family will let pleasant furnished Rooms, with or without breakfast; closets, gas, bath, &c.; references.

130 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET.—BEAUTIful Rooms on second and third floors, with first class Board. Terms reasonable.

136 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET, NEAR Broadway.—Handsomely furnished Room, for gentleman and wife; board for lady; hot and cold water, bath adjoining; terms very moderate; house private.

137 WEST FORTY-SEVENTH STREET.—A PRIVATE family have a Front or several handsomely furnished Rooms to let, with Board, or private table. References required.

138 WEST FOURTH STREET, BETWEEN WASHINGton square and Sixth avenue.—A small furnished Room to a gentleman, without board.

139 EIGHTH STREET, BETWEEN BROADWAY AND Fourth avenue, near New York Hotel.—Elegantly furnished Rooms to let, with or without Board, to families or single gentlemen.

144 LEXINGTON AVENUE, NEAR TWENTY-NINTH street.—Handsomely furnished Room, with Board, for gentleman and wife or single person; very small private family of adults.

147 SIXTH AVENUE.—A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, living alone, has a handsome furnished Room to let to a gentleman, where he can enjoy a quiet home; house pleasantly located.

154 EAST THIRTIETH STREET.—A WIDOW LADY will let handsomely furnished Rooms, en suite or singly, to gentleman or gentleman and wife, with or without Board. Terms reasonable.

162 SECOND AVENUE.—TO LET, SEVERAL VERY choice, elegantly furnished Rooms, with or without Board, in the first class brown stone residence; terms moderate.

220 EIGHTEENTH STREET, BETWEEN SECOND and Third avenues.—Nicely furnished Rooms, with Board, on first, second and third floors; all modern improvements, good location and pleasant home.

224 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET, BETWEEN Seventh and Eighth avenues.—A gentleman and wife or two gentlemen can be accommodated with Board; the Room is on second floor, well furnished; hot and cold water. Those in pursuit of a home call.

233 WEST TWENTY-SECOND STREET.—A WELL furnished front Room on third floor, with bath adjoining, to let with first class Board to a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen; terms moderate.

BOARDERS AND LODGERS WANTED

260 WEST TWENTY-SECOND STREET.—TO LET, with Board, a large front Room, with hall Room attached, together or singly; nicely furnished and at reasonable rates.

305 TWELFTH STREET, NEAR SECOND AVENUE—Large Room, with Board, for a gentleman and wife, or two gentlemen. Single room for a gentleman $7 per week.

306 EAST THIRTEENTH STREET, ONE DOOR EAST of Second avenue.—Furnished Rooms to let, with Board; suitable for gentleman and wife, or gentlemen; house modern; price moderate.

315 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET; SUITS OF ROOMS to let with first class board; also small rooms for gentlemen; pleasant location; Southern people will do well to call. Summer prices.

328 (OLD NO. 184) EAST THIRTEENTH STREET.—First class Board, fine Rooms, ample closets and baths: terms $6 to $8 per week.

512 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL. Furnished Rooms, with windows, to gentlemen, at $3 to $5 per week.

749 SIXTH AVENUE, NEAR FORTY-SECOND street.—A widow lady has a handsomely furnished front Parlor and Bedroom, with private bath, for gentleman or gentleman and wife; very desirable.

AN ELEGANT SUIT OF ROOMS, SECOND FLOOR, front, consisting of parlor, two bedrooms and private bath; house and appointments first class; location Twenty-first street, near Fifth avenue. Terms reasonable. Apply to S. B. GOODALE, No. 9 West Twenty-third street.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET A FURNISHED Room to a married couple (with Board for the lady); location between Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets, east. None but those of refinement and responsibility, who desire an unexceptionable home (where the strictest privacy is an object), need address ALMA, Herald office.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS—WITH every appointment, suitable for families or single gentlemen, may be had, with or without Board, in the fine brown stone house 213 West Forty-second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—A SMALL FAMILY OF ADULTS will let several pleasant Rooms, with or without Board; moderate terms. 135 East Sixteenth street, near Westminster Hotel.

HARLEM.—TO LET, WITH BOARD, IN A PRIVATE family, a large Room; price $14 a week for two persons; location very pleasant, near river, within three minutes' walk of boat landing. Call at 448 East 119th street, or address R. B. S., 116 Maiden lane.

ONE BLOCK FROM THE COOPER INSTITUTE.—ELEgant Apartments to rent to a gentleman, or gentleman and wife; meals served if desired; house private; first class. 33 Stuyvesant street.

ST. ELMO, CORNER BROADWAY AND TWENTY-NINTH street.—American plan; $3 50 per day. Family and single Rooms for the summer at reduced rates. LEWIS LELAND.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE OLD LADY AND her daughter a child to board, from 4 to 8 years old; the best of care will be taken of it. Call at 248 West Twenty-eighth street.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

A PHYSICIAN, IN GOOD STANDING, DESIRES AN Office, with or without Board, between Fifth avenue, Broadway, Thirty-fourth and Forty-second streets. Address M. D., Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE, in a small quiet family, where there are no other boarders; terms not to exceed $15 per week. Address M. F. C., Herald office.

HARLEM.—GOOD BOARD WANTED, BY TWO GENtlemen in business down town. Address R. K. D., 49 Nassau street, room No. 7.

WANTED—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM IN A quiet family, widow preferred, by a gentleman and wife; Board for lady. Address H. S. A., Herald office.

WANTED.—TWO SOUTHERN YOUNG MEN WISH Lodgings and Breakfast in a small and pleasant family, half an hour's walk from pier No. 5 North river; the best references given. Address R. C., Herald office.

WANTED—BOARD, AT MODERATE TERMS, IN A Catholic family, with few or no boarders, living between Fourteenth and Twenty-third streets, on west side. Address, stating terms, location, &c., STUDIO, Herald office.

BROOKLYN BOARD.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—WANTED, GOOD BOARD and washing, with Hall Bedroom, for a respectable youth. Address box 6,778 New York Post office.

HOTELS.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, ONE BLOCK FROM CITY Hall, junction of William, Duane and Chambers streets.—Rooms, with clean beds, 50c. a day. Family rooms $1.

NOW OPEN—THE RUTLEDGE HOUSE, NO. 834 Broadway, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, on the European plan; newly and elegantly furnished throughout.
W. H. BURROUGHS, } Proprietors.
R. N. HOTCHKISS, }

SUMMIT HOTEL, CORNER OF BOWERY AND CANAL street (new house), on European plan.—Rooms by the week or month. All beds with spring mattresses.
B. BREDER, Proprietor.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A PLEASANT PLACE FOR COUNTRY BOARD—ON the banks of the Shrewsbury river, within a short distance of ocean bathing; every convenience for families or single boarders. Communication four to six times a day with New York, either by Sandy Hook Railroad to Navesink station, or by steamer ... ton, Monmouth county, N. J.

... situation up the Hudson river, about three hours' sail from New York; terms for board from $6 to $9 per week; taken to and from boat free. Inquire of C. STAKEM, 83 Murray street; J. H. LANCE, Fulton Market, near ferry, or STEPHEN WOOLSEY, 31 Fifth street, Williamsburg, E. D.
E. S. WOOLSEY, Milton, N. Y.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR TWO SINGLE GENtlemen can find first class Accommodations with a small private family residing on north shore Staten Island; house delightfully situated; five minutes from boat landing. Address box 4,855 Post office.

AT RIVERSIDE, ON THE SOUND—SEVERAL FAMIlies are prepared to take summer boarders at very reasonable rates; fine sea bathing, fishing, &c. For circulars address S. M. NEWMAN, Mianus, Conn.

A PRIVATE FAMILY HAVING A SPLENDID COUNtry seat in New Jersey, one hour from New York and seven minutes' walk from station, will take a few Boarders; plenty of fruit and shade; must be seen to be appreciated. Inquire at 25 Cliff street.

AN ELEGANT PLACE AT WOODSIDE, FOR TWO OR three families, for Board; house and grounds large and splendid, one hour from City Hall. Information at 263 Broadway, room No. 6.

A PARTY CAN SECURE FIRST CLASS BOARD IN A healthy inland place, well shaded, 30 miles from city, in Westchester county. Apply at 265 Fourth avenue, southwest corner Twenty-first street.

A FEW PERSONS CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH first class Board in one of the most delightful situations on Long Island Sound, 70 miles from New York; house large, with all modern improvements; steamboat landing three minutes' walk from house; good boating, bathing and fishing. Further particulars inquire of W. H. Y., Corn Exchange Insurance Company, 101 Broadway, New York.

BOARD WANTED—NEAR THE SEASHORE, FOR A family of six, in a good farm house, where there is plenty of fresh victuals, with easy access. Terms must be moderate. Address box 2,659 New York Post office.

BOARD WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, where there is no fever and ague; a farm house and mountain air preferred. Send for two days full particulars to O. H. T., 87 and 89 Hudson street, New York.

BOARD WANTED—FOR LADY AND CHILD, WITH sea bathing, near city; private family preferred. Address, with full particulars, W. B., 149 West Twenty second street, New York.

BOARD—AT A LARGE, COMMODIOUS HOUSE, SITUated on Great South Bay, 60 miles by Long Island Railroad; ocean and still water bathing, gunning, sailing, &c. Inquire at 189 West Sixteenth street.

BOARD AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—FIRST CLASS BOARD, for families; fine grounds, good stabling; 10 minutes from depot. 209 Morris avenue, Elizabeth, N. J., or inquire at 69 Liberty street, New York.

BOARD FOR CHILDREN—BY THE MONTH OR year, in a cool, shady, healthy locality, convenient to salt water; bathing, boating, fishing, &c. Address FAMILY SCHOOL, box 52 Post office Matawan, N. J.

BOARD WANTED—IN THE COUNTRY: HEALTHY location and mountain air, for a small family, of three or four persons. Address, with particulars, terms, &c., H. M. S., 214 Second avenue, New York.

BOARD AT HIGHLAND—ON THE HUDSON, THREE miles from city of Poughkeepsie; fine situation; extensive grounds, well shaded; references given. Address JOSHUA BROOKS, Highland, Ulster county, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT THE WARREN HOUSE, BELvidere, N. J., on the Delaware river, a few miles from the Gap. For information call at Freese's Commercial Hotel, 17 and 19 Park row.
WILLIAM H. DAWES, Proprietor.

COUNTRY BOARD AT FORDHAM, SIX MINUTES from depot, forty to city.—Desirable Rooms, good table, healthy location; good stabling; terms from $7 to $9 per week. Call on or address Mrs. C. CHILTON, Fordham, Westchester county.

COUNTRY AND CITY BOARD WANTED.—ADDRESS BOARDERS' DIRECTORY, 727 Broadway. Established 1857. Free directions given to delightful boarding places.

COUNTRY BOARD.—MOUNTAIN HOUSE, COYLESville, N. J.; first class Board on reasonable terms. Steamboat Pleasant Valley, foot of Spring street, 10 A. M. and 2:25 P. M. Stages each boat.
J. MOORE.

COUNTRY BOARD.—ONE OR TWO FAMILIES CAN be accommodated at a farm house, on the New Jersey Central Railroad; 48 minutes from New York; abundance of farm products and excellent accommodations. Terms for adults, $8. Address W. B. C., Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT CHAPPAQUA, N. Y., ON HARlem Railroad, thirty miles from city; house situated on high ground; rooms large and airy, extensive piazza; five minutes from station. Terms moderate. Address as above, box 66. Reference—J. A. Kemp, of Messrs. P. Lynch & Co., 41 Vesey street.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FAMILIES CAN BE ACCOMMOdated at MOORE'S, on Manhasset Bay, L. I., two miles from Sands' Point landing. Refers to H. J. Clipperly, 259 Canal street, or W. M. Onderdonk, 52 Whitehall street.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG GENTLEman, at a farm house within one hour's journey of the city; plain country living. Address, with terms, A. W. W., Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—ON THE HUDSON, NOT too far from the city, for a lady and infant, at moderate terms. Address, stating terms, W. R., box 1,126 Post office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, wife and two children (under three years), with or without nurse, in a family where there are but few boarders; on high ground; good country living; within two hours from New York; for two months. Address for three days, with full particulars, lock box 19 Springfield Post office, Mass.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR GENTLEMAN, wife, child and nurse, either on the Sound, with boating and bathing, or on some small lake, and within three hours of the city. Address immediately, stating terms, &c., P. G. N., Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR A LADY, TWO children (under three years) and nurse; mountain air and farm house preferred; must not be over three hours from the city. Address, stating terms and location, box 2,556 New York Post office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A FOREIGN GENtleman and his wife; close to sea and not far from New York. Address, stating terms and full particulars, ALFRED, Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—NEAR NORWALK, Conn., at a farmhouse, for a lady and three children. Terms moderate. Address A. K., 923 Broadway.

EVERGREEN LAWN—AT CORNWALL, ON THE HUDson, is now ready for the reception of boarders.
Mrs. C. S. TALMADGE.

EIGHT MINUTES' WALK FROM VANDERBILT'S landing, Staten Island.—Excellent Rooms, splendid situation, gas, bathroom, &c. For particulars apply at Scott's stables, close to landing.

EXCELLENT COUNTRY BOARD—TWO MILES BEyond New Rochelle; rooms large and airy; spacious grounds; bowling alley, billiard rooms, bathing, &c. Prices moderate. References required. For further particulars inquire of F. R. MYERS, 212 Broadway.

FAMILIES CAN FIND A PLEASANT HOME AT A farm house, six miles from Coxsackie Landing; for reference apply to last summer boarders, at 207 Bleecker street; terms easy. Address G., Coxsackie Post office, Greene county, N. Y.

FIRST CLASS COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FREE from mosquitoes, for a gentleman, his wife, two children (9 and 11), nurse, coachman and two horses. Address, with particulars, 141 West Forty-seventh street.

GOOD FARM HOUSE BOARD WITHIN 100 MILES OF New York. Terms $7 for adults; nurse and children $4 per week. Reference given. Address box 541 Port Jervis (Orange county) Post office.

MONTROSE, SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.—BOARD IN A family; house new; modern improvements; transit provided to depot. Address box 108 South Orange Post office.

ORANGE.—SPLENDID FURNISHED ROOMS; HOUSE new, elevated, cool; 20 miles' view; 60 minutes from city; five, plank walk, from Montrose station. J. D. PALMER (late of Mountain House), South Orange.

STATEN ISLAND (NORTH SHORE).—A YOUNG GENtleman wishes Board at or convenient to New Brighton or West New Brighton landing. Address, stating terms, which must be moderate, J. J., Herald office.

STAMFORD, CONN.—BOARD FOR TWO ADULTS, IN private family; no other boarders taken; three minutes' walk from depot. Address STAMFORD, box 122 Herald office.

SIX OR EIGHT ADULTS CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good Board at a farm house; pleasantly located, well shaded, plenty of milk, vegetables, &c.; half mile from Katonah station, Harlem Railroad. Reference, H. Parry, 238 Fourth avenue, or address C. A., Katonah, Westchester county, N. Y.

SUMMER BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN, wife and two children (3 and 9 years old) and nurse; plenty of milk and vegetables; location within one hour of New York; on the Hudson preferred. Address box 2,136 Post office.

SUMMER BOARD AT GOOD GROUND, L. I.—Those desirous of passing a pleasant summer will do well to communicate with the undersigned; his house is located but a few rods from the water, a few minutes' sail from the Atlantic; fishing and shooting in their season; depot half a mile from the house. Address JOSHUA CORWIN, Good Ground, N. Y.

WANTED—BY TWO GENTLEMEN, COUNTRY BOARD, with a private family, within an hour from the city. Address J. N., box 5,306 Post office.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, BOARD within a short ride from New York, by the sea, with good bathing, &c. Address, with terms, &c., box 2,645 Post office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, BOARD, A SHORT distance in the country, either in New Jersey or Staten Island; terms must be moderate. Address, with particulars, C. H. B., Herald office.

WANTED—BOARD AT BERGEN POINT, BY A GENtleman, wife and two young boys; private family or farm house preferred. Address T. A., box 1,271 New York Post office.

WEST BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND.—A GENTLEman and lady or single gentlemen can be accommodated with fine large airy Rooms and first class French Board, in a private family; house and furniture new; five minutes' walk from landing. Address A. C. A., box 155 Herald office.

SUMMER RESORTS.

ARCADE HOTEL, LONG BRANCH—THREE MINUTES from depot or beach. Families can have large Rooms at from $10 to $20 weekly. Excellent table.

A.—WILLOW HAVEN.—A FEW ELEGANT ROOMS can be secured at this most desirable seaside resort if applied for at once. Salt water bathing, boating, fishing; 40 trains from foot of Liberty street daily; Pamrapo station. Apply on premises or address box 5,134 Post office.

BATH HOTEL—AT BATH, L. I., IS NOW OPEN FOR the reception of guests; liberal arrangements will be made with parties coming early in June; a furnished Cottage to let; good stabling. Accessible by Greenwood and Bath R. Road every forty minutes. GEO. SHIELDS, Proprietor.

CAPE MAY, N. J.—FIRST CLASS PRIVATE BOARDing, 24 Hughes street, near the ocean; table well supplied with all the delicacies of the season; terms moderate ... Mrs. M. MEESER.

COOPER HOUSE, OTSEGO LAKE, COOPERSTOWN, N. Y., will open June 1.—Elegantly furnished; boating, fishing, fine drives; ground made classic by the pen of Cooper; terms reduced to $3 per day ... Address CHARLES A. WATKINS, Watkins House, Albany, N. Y., or Cooper House, Cooperstown, N. Y.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL is now open. Terms reasonable. Address SYLVANUS T. COZZENS, West Point, N. Y.

CLIFFWOOD SPRINGS HOUSE.—DELIGHTFULLY located on the beach at Cliffwood, Keyport, N. J.; 25 miles from New York. Terms $10 to $15. Apply to F. B. GOODALE, No. 7 West Twenty-third street, Fifth Avenue Hotel.
H. B. KENT, Proprietor.

CROFT HOUSE, OPPOSITE WEST POINT, GARRIson's.—Terms moderate; no dampness for children; high altitude. Inquire of R. K. McCOLLOUGH, 922 Broadway.
SYLVANUS D. WRIGHT & CO.
Proprietors, Garrison's station.

FIRST CLASS FAMILY BOARDING HOUSE AT OYSter Bay, L. I. Apply to SAMUEL E. UNDERHILL, Proprietor.

HEATH HOUSE, SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN SPRING, N. J., is open for the season.
L. S. COLEMAN, Proprietor.
Mr. Coleman can be seen Wednesdays, between 12 and 1 o'clock, at 75 John street.

LONG BRANCH.—BOARD WANTED, BY GENTLEMAN and wife. Call on or address, stating accommodations, location and price, HONRA FROST, 1 Nassau street, N. Y.

LONG BRANCH.—SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR families can be had in cottage delightfully located on the shore, within walking distance of depot. Apply at second cottage north of ... Hotel.

MISSISQUOI SPRINGS HOTEL—OPEN ON THE 4TH July. This hotel is adjacent to the springs whose waters have wrought such wonderful cures.

MONT EAGLE HOUSE, AT SUSPENSION BRIDGE, Niagara, N. Y.—This elegant and commodious house, which has a full view of the falls ... is now open for the reception of permanent and transient guests ... hats to the house ... from $10 to $14 per week.
W. P. MUNRO, Proprietor.

NEPTUNE HOUSE, NEW ROCHELLE, DISTANCE 17½ miles per New Haven Railroad, trains running most every hour.
W. L. LISH, Proprietor.

NEPTUNE HOUSE, FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I.—THIS well known and old established house is now open to receive guests. It has been renovated. It looks as it always has, the abode of comfort. Parties wishing to spend the summer months at this beautiful watering place will find the comforts of a home by stopping at the above named house. To add to its facilities there is a beautiful lawn attached, where children can enjoy their youthful pleasures fully protected from the burning sun.
Mrs. BALL, Proprietress.

ORIENT POINT HOUSE, ORIENT POINT, L. I.—NOW open, extensively improved; situated on the extreme end of Long Island, fronting the Sound and Gardiner's bay; sea bathing, fishing, driving, &c.; reached by steamer Eastern City, pier 23 East river; send for circular; terms moderate.
M. P. PARSONS.

OTTAWA HOTEL, MONTREAL, CANADA.—NEWLY furnished and recently enlarged; capacity, 400 guests; the best hotel in the Province. D. C. Burnett has had 20 years' experience as a hotel keeper in the city and State of New York.
BURNETT & DOYLE, Proprietors.

PAVILION HOTEL, KEYPORT, N. J., IS NOW OPEN.—Parties wishing choice Rooms will make early application. Boats leave at Barclay street 4 P. M. Address GEORGE J. KIBBEE, Proprietor.

PERSONS DESIRING RECREATION FOR THE SUMmer will find ample accommodations at a house pleasantly located a short distance from Long Branch; facilities for salt water bathing, fishing and boating; carriage in attendance; terms moderate. For full particulars address Mrs. L. TUCKER, Shark River, N. J.

RIVERSIDE HOUSE, WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, FOOT of 152d street.—A limited number of desirable Rooms can be secured upon early application as above; terms moderate. Twelve trains each way daily, via Hudson River Railroad.
E. M. BRITTON & CO.

SEVEN SPRING MOUNTAIN HOUSE, MONROE, Orange county, N. Y., now open; two hours from New York via Erie Railroad; large marble building in the mountains; accommodates about 200; billiards, bowling, fishing; first class resort. Coaches waiting at each train for guests. Charges low. J. SAKOYSKA, formerly Richmond House, Virginia.

SOUTHSIDE HOTEL OPEN FOR BOARDERS, AMITYville, L. I.; on the Great South Bay 1½ hour from New York; take Southside Railroad; good fishing and boating.
E. C. KING, Proprietor.

ST. MARK'S HOTEL, NEW BRIGHTON, STATEN Island. This favorite resort is now open. For accommodations apply at or address the hotel.
DE CAMP & COLE, Proprietors.

SEASIDE RESIDENCE.—TO LET, FOR THE SEASON, a furnished Cottage, of eight rooms, with abundance of fruit trees; beautifully located on the Shrewsbury river, at the Highlands, N. J. For price and particulars address HIGHLANDS, Herald office.

THE EQUINOX HOUSE, MANCHESTER, VT.—HARlem trains 10:30 A. M., 3:45 P. M. Address by mail or telegraph.
F. H. ORVIS.

THOMPSON'S HOTEL, LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.—THIS hotel, which has been rebuilt this season, is now open for the reception of guests. Some first class Rooms may be had by application to N. L. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

WASHINGTON ROCK HOTEL, PLAINFIELD N. J.—Pure mountain air, 600 feet elevation; view 50 miles in extent; large, shady grove, fine drives, &c.; only 1½ hours from Liberty street; bountiful table and attention guaranteed. Circulars at 265 Broadway.
JOHN WOOD, Proprietor.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A GOOD SECOND HAND Safe, medium size, at a liberal price. Address SAFE, Herald office.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

East Side.

AN EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY.—THE OWNER, desirous of leaving the city, will sell his elegant four story brown stone corner House on Fifth avenue; the house is 25x60, lot 100; if wanted, the adjoining Lot on the street may likewise be obtained. Address box 3,951 Post office.

A FOUR STORY, MEDIUM SIZED, WELL BUILT, strictly modern high stoop brown stone Dwelling, in Forty-fourth street, near Fifth avenue, for sale very reasonably. For permits apply to V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine street.

A.—THREE THIRD AVENUE WELL LOCATED, WELL rented four story brown stone substantially built Stores, having fine present and best possible prospective value, for sale low.
V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine street.

West Side.

A GREAT SACRIFICE.—FOR SALE, ONE HOUSE OF that beautiful row on west side of Madison avenue, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth streets; four story brown stone fronts, finished in the most costly manner, with marble wainscoting, rosewood, black walnut, birdseye maple and other costly material; first class location. Half cash. Must be sold. Come and see it.

A BARGAIN IN THE NINTH WARD—A THREE story and attic high stoop modern brick House and Lot, on Bank street, near Waverley place, 22x50x90; in fine order; possession at once. HOLLY BROS. & KISSAM, No. 6 Pine street, 12 to 4 P. M.

A VALUABLE EIGHTH AVENUE STORE PROPERty, well rented, near Forty-second street, for sale low.
V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine street.

A TREMENDOUS BARGAIN.—HOUSE 49 WEST FIFTYfifth street, 18.9x55, lot 101.5, first class every way, for sale.

CENTRAL AVENUE, BELOW JEROME PARK.—ABOUT 150 City Lots, in one plot, for cash, at $240, being less than half present prices elsewhere.
STANLEY DAY, 111 Broadway.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—HOUSE AND LOT, IN West Thirty-sixth street; house in first rate order, with all modern improvements. Price, $12,000; cash $5,000, balance in 5 years. Address M. & B., Herald office.

FOR SALE—A NEW FIRST CLASS FOUR STORY brown stone House, on Columbia College lease, on Fifty-first street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues; price $23,000. Address L. & O., Herald office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—AN ENGLISH BASEMENT HOUSE, on West Thirty-second street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues. Address S. L. B., Herald office.

$14,000 WILL PURCHASE A SPLENDID FOUR story House; best location in Twenty-eighth street; all improvements and in perfect order. Apply to owner, WM. H. REAGAN, No. 5 Beekman street.

Miscellaneous.

AT 170 BROADWAY—C. F. COMBS WILL GIVE INformation of property, dirt cheap; any person wanting a home or farm will do well by calling before purchasing elsewhere.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A THREE STORY HOUSE, 25.4x100 deep, built on the entire lot, with large store, suitable for any purpose. Inquire at 49 Broadway, in store.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

ELEGANT STONE FRONT HOUSE, IN NEW YORK avenue, near Pacific street, Brooklyn; new and unoccupied, surrounded by charming villas; lot 22x100. Terms to suit. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, New York, or at HONDLOW'S, Montague street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE AND FULL lot, in good repair; situated at 46 Conselyea street, between Lorimer and Leonard, Williamsburg.

I OFFER FOR SALE, FOR TWO DAYS, THE OXFORD House, corner of Charlton and Washington streets; an actual bargain and fortune for the purchaser, or will sell at auction Thursday.
JAMES CAGNEY, Auctioneer, 515 Washington street.

$4,000.—FOR SALE—TWO STORY AND HIGH basement House, nearly new, full lot, on Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn, E. D.; easy terms.
S. C. MOUNT, 117 Nassau street, New York.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

ALL WANTING FARMS.—9,000 ACRES, GOOD SOIL, mild climate; 34 miles south of Philadelphia; price only $25 per acre; also improved Farms. The place is growing more rapidly than most any other place in the United States; thousands are settling. Address C. K. LANDES, Vineland, N. J.

AT TARRYTOWN, on the Hudson.—For sale, splendid Building Sites, within a short distance of the depot, cheaper than those sold at auction; prices from $1,000 to $3,000 per acre; surrounded by first class improvements. Also Cottages, with nice gardens, fruit and shade trees; prices from $8,000 upwards, according to location. Also first class Residences, from $10,000 to $40,000. Parties desiring to purchase or hire, furnished or unfurnished, on the east bank of the Hudson, between the city and Albany, will find full particulars and be shown personally the property by applying to S. EMBERSON, 421 Eighth avenue, between Thirty-first and Thirty-second streets, who is intimately acquainted with the value and location of most all the property on the river bank and the interior of the country, having made it a specialty for the past ten years.

A NICE COTTAGE (TEN ROOMS) TO LET—FURnished complete, for three months or longer, at Tarrytown; 10 minutes' walk from the depot; stable, &c.; rent very cheap. Apply to S. EMBERSON, 421 Eighth avenue.

A.—NEW FRENCH ROOF COTTAGES TO LET OR for sale, at Rutherford Park, N. J.; terms to suit.
THOS. R. AGNEW, 260 Greenwich street, New York.

A COUNTRY SEAT IN ENGLISH NEIGHBORHOOD, ... minutes' walk from depot, to let, with from all necessary outbuildings, coachman's house, barn and rooms, with all improvements ... house has 15 ready for use and abundance of fruit.
E. L. & B. T. BURNHAM, 619 Hudson street, New York.

AT GREENWICH—ATTRACTIVE VILLAGE RESIdence for sale; carriage house; lawn and garden; fruit and shade; shore front; near depot. Immediate possession. Address J. W. ATWATER, Cascob Bridge station, Conn.

AT NEWARK.—NEW STYLISH COTTAGE; SEVEN rooms, finished in most modern manner; marble mantels, bay windows, piazza, water in house, half acre in lawn and garden, fine shade; city cars pass the place; thirty minutes to New York; surroundings first class. Rent $50 per month.
I. S. PESHINE, 673 Broad street, Newark.

A FARM OF 100 ACRES, NEAR FARMINGDALE, L. I. 30 miles from city; 75 cultivated, the rest woodland; good Buildings, Implements, Stock and Crops, for sale cheap, on easy terms, or to exchange. In exchange for city property some cash can be paid. J. LEVY, 328 East Thirtieth street.

A CHEAP FARM FOR SALE—IN ONEIDA COUNTY, 125 acres; frame house, barn and outhouses; stock, crops and farming implements; price $2,500. Inquire of JOHN GRAHAM, 283 avenue A.

CASTLETON HEIGHTS, S. I.—FOR SALE, MODERN House; green house; half acre; for health, view and surroundings unsurpassed; eight minutes from landing.
COLLINS, 38 Pine street.

COUNTRY SEATS, FARMS AND COTTAGES FOR sale, exchange and to let—In all parts, within 50 miles' time by rail. E. M. MASON, No. 1 Centre street.

DUNDEE LAKE, PATERSON, N. J.—EIGHT ACRES for sale, from water's edge to Lake View avenue. Inquire at 307 Hudson street, New York city.

FOR SALE—A DELIGHTFUL SUMMER RESIDENCE and productive Farm of 250 acres, well stocked, near market and railroads.
D. H. CARPENTER, Collinsville, Conn.

FOR SALE—AT MADISON, N. J., A NEW COTTAGE, 10 rooms, beautifully located, within five minutes of railroad station. Apply to J. A. WEBB, 229 West street, New York.

FOR SALE—IN WEST MORRISANIA, A FIRST CLASS three story, basement and sub-cellar Mansard roof House, 15 rooms, beautifully located; all improvements, gas, water, &c., but 25 minutes from Twenty sixth street; easy access to steam and horse cars; only $11,000; terms easy. For particulars apply to C. MONKS, 401 Broadway.

FOR SALE—SPRING VALLEY, ROCKLAND COUNTY, N. Y.—A fine new House and Barn; house large, contains 10 rooms; large lot; corner property; plenty fruit and shade; near depot; Northern Railroad; foot Chambers street; price $5,000.
S. G. BROWER, 218 Broadway, room No. 8.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE SUGAR HOUSE PROPERTY in a Southern city; all in complete order; will pay $100,000 per annum. Apply to THOMAS MASTERTON, No. 5 Pine street, third floor.

FOR SALE—A FARM AT ESOPUS, ULSTER COUNTY, N. Y., near the landing; ninety acres; two fine orchards and other choice fruits, house and barns, &c.; all under cultivation; price $8,000; part mortgage. Call for two days, between 10 and 1, at C. D. DISOSWAY'S, 82 John street. N. B.—The cheapest farm in this State.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE NEW FRENCH ROOF House located in Leonia, N. J.; 12 rooms and bath; near the depot. Price $7,000; rent moderate.
JOHN J. GARTHWAITE, 37 Mulberry street.

HOTEL FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT FAR ROCKAway, L. I., with Ball and Barroom, $8,500; cash $500; railroad often daily. Address S. NORTON, feed store, 117 Broadway, Williamsburg.

HOLBROOK, L. I.—SEVERAL PLOTS OF FIVE AND ten acres at $25 per acre; also Lots near depot at $25 by monthly instalments. A Cottage for sale, on easy terms. Healthy location, good society, many improvements being made. Maps, &c., at T. A. R. WEBSTER'S, 57 Broadway.

LONG BRANCH.—FURNISHED COTTAGE TO RENT, containing 7 rooms; well shaded, garden, carriage house and stable, 10 minutes from shore; high ground. Inquire of J. M. SPERO, 264 Bowery.

MANHATTANVILLE.—FOR SALE, TO LEASE OR EXchange, a fine three story frame Dwelling, nearly new; 11 rooms; 25x25x100. Inquire of owner, 152 Broadway, third floor.

MORRISTOWN, N. J.—TO RENT, ONE FURNISHED and one unfurnished House, near to depot; complete, with water, gas and all modern improvements. Address E. L. LOUNSBURY.

NEW BRIGHTON, S. I., TWO DOORS WEST OF PAvilion.—Elegant Rooms to rent, for families or single gentlemen, for the season; bathing, boating, fishing and stabling on the premises.

RENT OR SALE—AT ORANGE, STYLISH HOUSE, 14 rooms; near depot; furnished or unfurnished, stable; one acre of land; rent low. No. 4 West Twenty-eighth st.

SARATOGA.—LARGE AND SPLENDID NEW HOUSE on Circular street, opposite Congress Spring Park, to let for the season; completely furnished. Address D. A. HARSHA, Saratoga Springs, or HASTINGS, COLVIN & SALMON, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine street.

SPRING VALLEY, ROCKLAND COUNTY, N. Y.—FOR sale, a Cottage House, nine rooms, good barn, desirable lot, plenty fruit and shade; six trains daily each way by Northern Railroad, foot Chambers street; very reasonable price, only $3,500; terms easy.
WILLIAM H. MELICK, 421 Broadway.

THREE FURNISHED HOUSES—ONE LARGE, ELEgant; near St. Mark's Hotel, New Brighton, S. I.; to let cheap. Four unfurnished, $600 to $1,200.
COLLINS, 28 Pine street.

TO FLORISTS.—NEW BRIGHTON, S. I.—FOR SALE, Cottage, three large Greenhouses, great quantity Plants, Implements, &c., nine Lots; five minutes from landing.
COLLINS, 28 Pine street.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSES AT ISLIP, LONG Island, near Pavilion Hotel. Inquire on premises, or of M. PORTER, No. 8 Pine street.

TO LET—AT MOTT HAVEN, A HOUSE CONTAINING 12 rooms, in a desirable location, at a reasonable rent; five minutes' walk from depot. Address B., 303 Pearl street, New York.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, A LARGE French roof House, at Forest Grove, Morrisania, with all modern improvements; water, bath, gas, closets, &c.; fine lawn, garden and carriage house. Inquire at 46 Canal street.
J. COCHRANE.

TO RENT—A VERY DESIRABLE FURNISHED COUNtry Residence, for two or three months, from July 1; to a small family without children; terms $75 per month, including services of servant girl and use of piano. Address box 511, Danbury (Conn.) Post office.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

DIAMONDS AND GOLD WATCHES IN EXCHANGE for city improved Property; a Liquor, Grocer or Drug Store for improved Lots in Hudson City, N. J.; a brown stone House in Brooklyn for a Farm. Apply to CORBIERE & CO., 176 Broadway.

EXCHANGE FOR CITY HOUSE—A FIRST CLASS Farm; over 250 acres; fine view of the Hudson; cash will be added if an object.
J. O. HOYT, 171 Broadway.

EXCHANGE—LONG ISLAND FARM, 170 ACRES; OLD buildings; take country seat, good business or other real estate; agents not treated with. Address FRANK, Herald office.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR NEW YORK OR Brooklyn Property, Farm, 40 acres, dwelling and outbuilding; beautifully located on high ground, near Richmond, S. I.; value $15,000. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A BOARDING HOUSE with 25 good paying boarders at present; is situated in the Bowery, near Cooper Institute. Apply to P. GAFFNEY, 225 Bowery.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR NEW YORK OR Brooklyn property, 400 acres in New Jersey; 200 under cultivation and meadows; 200 woodlands. Steamboat landing on the farm. For full particulars apply to owner, 118 First place, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR A FARM OF ABOUT 30 to 60 acres, a fine three story, basement and subcellar frame House; all improvements and in good neighborhood. Inquire on Willoughby avenue, second house northeast of Hall street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE OR mortgages in Brooklyn or New York, the sidewheel steamboat JAS. A. STEVENS, 196 feet long, 22 feet beam, 7 feet deep; engine 28 inches, 8 foot stroke; good boilers, coppered and copper fastened and in first rate order. Address JOHN R. CORWIN, box 286 Newburg Post office, N. Y.

WANTED—ORANGE, ELIZABETH, NEWARK, PATERson, Englewood, Tenafly, Hackensack or Rahway, N. J., Property, near depot, in exchange for city houses.
GEORGE P. THAYER, 81 Cedar street, room No. 6.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

A MODERATE SIZED FARM WITH GOOD BUILDings wanted—within 40 miles of New York; in whole or part exchange for first class Manufacturing Stock. Address NEW JERSEY, box 101 Herald office.

FARM WANTED—IN NEW JERSEY; 30 MILES OF city; 10 to 170 acres; near depot and healthy location; must state condition of land, improvements, price; no agents. Address ALEX., box 2,530 New York Post office.

HOUSE WANTED.—A LARGE TWO STORY BRICK, or three story brick or brown stone, between Thirty-fourth and Eighty-sixth streets, or in convenient distance in Brooklyn or Jersey City. Any one having such a house to sell cheap for cash will please address, stating price, terms, &c., CASH, box 125 Herald office.

WANTED—FOR CASH OR PART EXCHANGE, GOOD Brooklyn Property for investment or to occupy principal only; no agents answered. Address, with full particulars, X., Herald office.

WANTED—A MEDIUM SIZED HIGH STOOP HOUSE, between Twelfth and Thirtieth streets, not more than three blocks east or west of Broadway. Address 29 Cottage place, between Bleecker and Houston streets.

WANTED—A FARM, WORTH FROM $20,000 TO $30,000, in exchange for the equity in improved suburban Property. Address FARMER, box 162 Herald office.

EUROPE.

ENGLISH ELECTRO-SILVER PLATE AND CUTLERY

MAPPIN & WEBB,

celebrated manufacturers, invite

Americans visiting England

to inspect their unrivalled show rooms, containing an

immense stock of their celebrated manufactures.
Electro-Silver Plate
of highest quality and most beautiful design and workmanship.
Tea Services, Dinner Services
and
Table Cutlery
of every description.
Please note carefully the address—
76, 77 and 78 Oxford street, and 71 and 72 Cornhill,
London.
Royal Cutlery Works, Sheffield;
and
Winsley street Works, London.
The best Illustrated Catalogue in the trade.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.
M. K. Jessup et al. vs. the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad Company et al.
Pursuant to an order of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, 1870, on prd'a in the above entitled cause at the Spring Term ... Calling at the office of ... in this city, I will pay to the HOLDERS bonds, secured by the mortgage made by the first preferred said Wilmington and Manchester Railroad Company, the plaintiff, M. K. Jesup, who have not already received the same, a per centage of $30 72 on said bonds and accrued interest on the same, being dividend for distribution, as aforesaid, from net sales of that portion of the railroad and other property covered by said mortgage, which was in the State of North Carolina.
In further obedience to the order made as aforesaid, I hereby notify all holders of the bonds above referred to that unless the same are presented to me as above for payment of the dividend above stated on or before the
First day of September, 1870,
they will be forever debarred of any participation in the said fund in my hands for distribution as aforesaid.
M. CRONLY,
Commissioner and Referee.
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 16, 1870.

MEDICAL.

A GREAT AND SURE REMEDY FOR MARRIED ladies.—The Portuguese Female Pills always give immediate relief, being specially prepared for married ladies. A lady writes:—These pills relieved me in one day, without inconvenience, like magic. Price $5. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, office 129 Liberty street, or sent by mail.

ALL PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IMMEDIATELY without mercury; manhood restored; office very private.
Dr. HARRISON, 52 Sixth avenue.

ALL PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IMMEDIATELY by Dr. EVANS, 94 Chatham street, without mercury. Evans' Magic Invigorator; lost manhood restored in 15 minutes.

A GREAT LADIES' BENEFACTOR—DR. EVANS, 94 Chatham street; a powerful, safe, sure medicine, $5, also gentlemen treated; private diseases cured; manhood restored.

A.—LADIES IN TROUBLE GUARANTEED IMMEDIATE relief. No pay (until perfectly cured). Dr. ASCHER, No. 3 Amity place (Laurens street.)

A SPECIALTY.—DR. R. COBBETT, MEMBER OF N. Y. University Medical College and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted as usual on private diseases. Office, 23 Centre street, near Chambers. N. B.—No fee unless cured.

A.—MME. VAN BUSKIRK, PHYSICIAN, NEVER fails to cure female complaints. Elegant rooms, nursing. 42 St. Mark's place. Consultation free.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR MARRIED LADIES, WITH or without medicine, by Madame RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery; over 30 years' practice. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, specially prepared for married ladies, price $5, which can never fail, are safe and healthy. Sold only at her office, No. 1 East Fifty second street, first door from Fifth avenue, and at druggists, 152 Greenwich street, or sent by mail. Caution.—All others are counterfeit.

ALL PRIVATE DISEASES (EITHER SEX) TREATED with unparalleled success. Also nervous debility, resulting from youthful indiscretions, causing nervousness, aversion to society, defective vision, physical weakness and finally impotency, is permanently cured. Call or send for (sealed) pamphlet, describing all special diseases. Consultations and correspondence strictly confidential. Office embraces every convenience, is respectably and centrally located.
Dr. OLIN, 27 Bond street, New York city.

ALL DISEASES OF THE PELVIC VISCERA, GENErative and urinary organs speedily and successfully treated by W. B. WEST, M. D., physician and surgeon, 144 West Fortieth street.

ADVICE FREE.—LADIES IN TROUBLE RELIEVED at one visit; 25 years' experience. Dr. VIDAL, 697 Broadway, corner West Fourth street, room No. 3.

A PRIVATE CONFINEMENT HOSPITAL, PLEASANTly situated in the country, within twenty minutes ride of the city; good accommodations, medical attendance, nursing, &c.; terms reasonable. For particulars call at or address BOTANIC DISPENSARY, 491 Broome street.

A LADIES' PHYSICIAN.—DR. H. D. GRINDLE, PROfessor of Midwifery, over 20 years' successful practice in this city, guarantees certain relief to ladies, with or without medicine. Sure relief to the most anxious patient in 24 hours. Residence 120 West Twenty-sixth street, near Sixth avenue. Elegant rooms for ladies requiring nursing.

A.—MADAME GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN, 120 West Twenty-sixth street, guarantees relief to all female complaints. Pleasant rooms for nursing.

CERTAIN CURE FOR LADIES IN TROUBLE.—DR. EVANS', 94 Chatham street, with or without medicine. His powerful, safe Female Pills and compound, price $5.

DR. WATSON, THE OLD PRACTITIONER HIMSELF, cures recent cases in a few days, and perfectly restores the debilitated; consultations free; charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. 658 Broadway.

DR. HUNTER, 56 BOND STREET, ONE DOOR FROM Bowery (forty years at No. 3 Division street), cures worst cases of private diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician or no charge. Manhood restored and nervous debility cured in one week, by Dr. HUNTER'S Botanic Cordial; $5 a pint.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DR. AND MADAME DUBOIS (25 years' practice) guarantee certain relief to married ladies, with or without medicine, at one interview. Female restorative $5. Patients from a distance provided with Board, nursing, &c. Electricity scientifically applied. No 154 East Twenty-eighth street, near Third avenue.

LOSS OF MANHOOD OR IMPOTENCY, RESULTING from the follies of youth or other cause. Young, middle aged or even old men permanently restored to manly vigor by Dr. LEWIS, No. 7 Beach street. 40 years' successful practice.

NO PAY UNTIL CURED.—DR. AND MADAME WEST, 144 West Fortieth street, cure at one interview. Their French Pills never fail. Elegant Rooms before and during confinement. Charges reasonable.

FOR SALE.

A DRUG STORE FOR SALE—HALF AN HOUR FROM New York, doing a good trade; low for cash. Address for three days OPIUM, Herald office.

A.—IF YOU WANT A BARGAIN IN EITHER NEW OR second hand Safes, don't fail to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
AM. STEAM SAFE CO., 300 Broadway.

A GROCERY FOR SALE—IN A FIRST CLASS NEIGHborhood; doing a fine business; will be sold low. Call on or address D. N. SMITH, 1,368 Broadway.

A CORNER LIQUOR STORE FOR SALE ON Eleventh avenue, with Lease of House, License, &c.; a chance for a poor man. Apply at 664 Eleventh avenue.

A FIRST CLASS UP TOWN CORNER LIQUOR STORE for sale cheap—well fitted up; doing a good business. This is a chance for a business man. Apply to WILLIAM ABBOTT, 6 City Hall place.

A RARE CHANCE.—THE BEST PAYING STATIONery and Fancy Goods Store off Broadway will be offered at auction June 30; if not sold before at private sale. For particulars apply CAMPBELL & CO., 350 Bowery.

A LOT OF HERRING'S, MARVIN'S, WILDER'S AND Davidson's Safes; also brokers' and jewelers' Safes at sacrifice, to close out.
LILLIE SAFE COMPANY, No. 3 Park place.

A VERY SUPERIOR DOWN TOWN RESTAURANT and Dining Saloon, with fine Bar, for sale; first class patronage; doing a large business and paying well. Apply, for three days, to CAMPBELL & CO., 350 Bowery.

A DISTILLERY FOR SALE CHEAP—THREE YEARS' lease. Inquire at 565 Eighth avenue. Or will sell at auction on Thursday, June 30, at 419 West Thirty-second street, at 10½ A. M.

A FIRST CLASS CORNER LIQUOR STORE, IN ONE of the best locations in the city for sale; rent very moderate and lease four years to run. Reason for selling about to leave the city. Terms reasonable. Call on or address A. B. C., 216 Rivington street.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED, PROMINENT, FIRST CLASS Eighth avenue corner Liquor Store for sale—Valuable, long lease, elegant fixtures and choice stock; a bargain; offered with or without stock. Full particulars with CAMPBELL & CO., 350 Bowery.

A CORNER LIQUOR STORE DOWN TOWN FOR SALE at a great sacrifice; also Bakeries, Restaurants, Sample Rooms, Lager Beer Saloons, English Ale Houses, Cigar Stores, down town Liquor and Lunch Saloons; splendid corner Drug Stores, Butter Stands, Meat Markets, an old established Fancy Goods Store.
MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

BARBER SHOP FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE OF THE best locations in the city. Apply on the premises, 84 Duane street, near Broadway.

CANDY FACTORY AND STORE, ESTABLISHED NINE years, for sale cheap.—Easy terms; owner has liquor store. If not sold at private sale will be sold in lots on the 29th inst., without reserve, at 39½ Catharine street.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—AT FLUSHING, L. I.; A rare chance. For particulars apply to WHEELER, PATTERSON & CO., 153 William street, New York.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—ON FULTON AVENUE, Brooklyn; good location and fixtures; well stocked; will be sold low. Inquire of G. W. STRICKLAND, 73 Cedar street, New York.

FOR SALE—BOARDING AND LAGER BEER SALOON. Apply at 492 Broome street.
PH. ZANZI.

FINE LIQUOR STORE FOR SALE.—APPLY TO P. HIGGINS, 623 First avenue, corner Thirty-sixth street.

FOR SALE—THE OLD ESTABLISHED NINTH WARD Ale House, corner Fourth and Perry streets; cheap.

FOR SALE—BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGG STORE. Apply, on the premises, at 473 Ninth avenue.

FOR SALE—THE CIGAR STORE 94½ ELM STREET; established 1850. Rent $20. Price $300.

FOR SALE—A FINE FIRST CLASS LIQUOR STORE, cheap. Inquire at No. 13 First avenue.

FOR SALE—AN UP TOWN CORNER LIQUOR STORE; none other on the corners. Apply at 481 Second avenue.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A GROCERY STORE; RENT LOW. Apply at 76 Carmine street.

FOR SALE.—OLD ESTABLISHED WHOLESALE MAchinery Oil business for sale. Ill health the only cause for selling. Address L. B. S., Herald office.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID DISTILLERY LIQUOR Store; cheap; best location in the city. 417 West Thirty-sixth street.

FOR SALE—A MILK ROUTE; HORSE AND WAGON, new; satisfactory reason for selling. Apply at corner of Sixteenth street and avenue A, liquor store.

FOR SALE—A CIGAR AND TOBACCO STORE, IN best business location down town, very cheap. Address J. Y., Herald office.

FOR SALE—ONE LARGE BLACK HORSE, WITH CART and Harness, in consequence of ill health of owner. Apply corner of Oliver and South streets.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS LIQUOR STORE, 104 Bleecker street, near Broadway. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—AN OLD ESTABLISHED WHOLESALE and Retail Liquor Business, in a good location; owner retiring. No agents. Address TOM, box 151 Herald office.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST LIQUOR STORES IN the Fourteenth ward. Inquire of Mr. STRINGER, 166 Fulton street, for particulars.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A RESTAURANT AND Oyster House on the Eighth avenue; established over 20 years; doing a good bar business. Apply at 69 Gold street.

FOR SALE—$400 WILL BUY A WHOLESALE AND retail Liquor Store, doing a good business; Lease, License, &c., to be sold in consequence of ill health. Address W. F. S., Herald office.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—AN OLD ESTABLISHED Paper Hanging, Window Shade, &c., Store on Hudson street. Satisfactory reasons given. Call at 257 West Houston street, between 5 and 7 P. M.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME CORNER LIQUOR STORE, with Lease, Stock and Fixtures. Inquire of MAX BAYERSDORFER, 87 Third avenue, corner of Twelfth street, or 760 Second avenue, lager beer saloon.

FOR SALE—A NICE SAMPLE ROOM, IN THE THIRD ward; doing a good business; sickness the cause of selling. Apply at GILROY'S, southeast corner of Third avenue and Thirty-first street, or at the place, No. 5 Hudson street.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST AND OLDEST ESTablished Groceries on Fulton avenue, Brooklyn, doing a large first class business. Address G. W. T., Herald branch office, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE FAMILY CASH-PAYING Grocery Store, in Brooklyn; long lease; low rent. Sold cheap; good reasons for selling. Apply to THOMAS GAFFNEY & CO., 22 Chambers street.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE AND FIXTURES OF HOUSE No. 4 Neilson place, within one block of Broadway, suitable for private family or boarding house; will be sold reasonable. For further particulars apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—A GROCERY STORE IN BROOKLYN, IN a good neighborhood, doing a good cash trade; satisfactory reasons given for selling it. Apply to HENRY WELSH, wholesale grocer, corner Washington and Franklin streets, New York, or W. H. BROWNELL, No. 7 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—THE WELL KNOWN OYSTER HOUSE and Restaurant on Third avenue, one door from Fourteenth street, on a direct line to the Academy, Bryant's, Irving Hall, Hippotheatron and Tammany; the best location in the city and a splendid chance to make money; will be sold cheap in consequence of the death of the proprietor; lease of whole house for two years. Apply on the premises, 130 Third avenue.

FOR SALE—A PROVISION STORE AND BUTCHER'S Shop, in a fine location in Morrisania, on the Boston road, now doing a good cash business; three years' lease. Apply in the pork store southeast corner Third avenue and 158th street, Harlem.

FOR SALE—ON ACCOUNT OF ILL HEALTH OF THE owner, Stock and Fixtures of a Grocery Store on Grand street; will be sold cheap. Address or apply to D. MOORE, BLOOM & CO., 140 Cedar street, corner West, New York.

FOR SALE—AN OLD ESTABLISHED AND VERY successful Stamping, Embroidery and Ladies' and Children's Fancy and Undergarment Establishment in Sixth avenue, the owner retiring to France. Apply to EDWARD HARTNAGLE, 64 Wall street.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A CORner Liquor Store, doing a good business; low rent; two years' lease; satisfactory reasons for selling. Inquire in the store 252 Newark avenue, Jersey City.

FOR SALE, ON ACCOUNT OF DEPARTURE FOR EUrope—The Lease of a well paying Boarding House and its Furniture; custom established since several years. Rent cheap. Location good. Address M., Herald office.

LAW LIBRARY, IN GOOD CONDITION, CONSISTING of latest and best selected works, will be sold reasonable. Address LIBRARY, Herald office.

LIQUOR STORE FOR SALE—ON BEST PART OF Sixth avenue, proprietor having two businesses. Inquire at 153 Sixth avenue.

SODA FOUNTAIN FOR SALE—CONTAINING TEN syrup tanks and three draughts for mineral waters. Address FOUNTAIN, box 121 Herald office.

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A WELL ESTABLISHED Grocery Store for sale cheap; good reason for selling. Apply at 750 Second avenue, near Fortieth street.

TO BAKERS.—HORSE, WAGON AND HARNESS, AND a good route of cash customers; selling 500 loaves per day up town; price $550. Address C. M., box 197 Herald office.

VALENTINE & BUTLER'S SAFE, GOOD SIZE, NEARly new, for sale cheap. Address box 115 Herald office.

$3,500 FOR ONE OF THE BEST BAKERIES IN Sixth avenue; twenty-two barrels of flour baked and sold out of the store a week.
BAUER & OBERLANDER,
58 Bowery, entrance on Canal street,
Rooms Nos. 1 and 2.

$5,000.—A RARE CHANCE—STOCK AND GOOD Will of a Variety Store in the city; long established; now doing a thriving business, for sale at a bargain. Satisfactory reasons given. Apply to J. G. WELLS, 432 Broome street.

MACHINERY.

A SECOND HAND 20-HORSE POWER BOILER, AS good as new; 36-inch diameter, 11 feet 4 inches long; 36 2½-inch tubes, to be sold. To be seen at 37, 39 and 41 West Forty-fourth street. For further particulars inquire of C. BEMLIE, 27 Union square.

A.—ENGINES, BOILERS, STEAM PUMPS, SHAFTING, Belting, Tools and Machinery, new and second hand bought, sold and exchanged.
HOFFMAN & FINNEY,
167 Water street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—THE MACHINERY OF A BOX FACTORY and Moulding Mill, consisting of Planing and Moulding Machines, Lathes, Box Saws, Shafting, &c., &c.; also an almost new 80 horse power Engine and Boilers. Can be seen running at 139 Grand street, Jersey City.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A FORTY-FIVE HORSE POWER Engine; can now be seen running at 49 Chrystie street. Inquire as above of INGERSOLL, WATSON & CO.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, TWO ICE CREAM Machines; one 25 quarts and one 85 quarts; used one season; at 136 Sixth avenue.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS TRACK BOLT MACHINE; Hardaway's large size preferred. Address room 17 Union Building, Chicago, Ill.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

WASHINGTON.

Withdrawal of A. B. Cornell's Nomination as Assistant Treasurer at New York.

THE CUSTOM HOUSE CARTAGE SYSTEM.

Summer Movements of the President.

Abolition of the Income Tax by the Senate.

The Duty on Salt to be Reduced.

Report of the Conference Committee on the Currency Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 27, 1870.

Indian Matters.

Brevet Captain George Atchison, Indian Agent for the Chippewas, reports two murders having been committed in that agency within a month, the cause of which is attributed to intemperance among the Indians, the victims and the offenders both being savages. The agent writes notwithstanding that there are several parties indicted for selling liquor to Indians the offence seems to go on unmolested.

Friend Samuel M. Janney, Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the Northern Superintendency, writes from Omaha, under date of 23d inst., to the Indian Commissioner. He says on that day he had an interview with Red Cloud and his chiefs on the subject of a peace between the Sioux and the Pawnees. He represented to them that his people as well as the Pawnees, were at peace with each other, and that the Pawnee chiefs had expressed their willingness to make a treaty of amity with the Sioux, stating further that the Great Father here had chosen the Friends, as men of peace and long known as the friends of the Indians, and placed them in charge of the Pawnees in order that they might be improved and rendered peaceable.

Superintendent Janney also suggested that the Pawnee chiefs would meet the Sioux at Columbus, Neb., if they would stop there on the way out.

Red Cloud replied that the Pawnees had once been one people with them, but had turned against them while they were contending for their rights; that they had joined the white soldiers and had killed many of the best men among the Sioux. He could not stop now to make a treaty with them: he had not the time, nor could he do it without consulting his people. Another chief with Red Cloud spoke to the same effect, but he used some expressions which led Superintendent Janney to believe that a good impression was made upon them, and he hopes that further reflection will induce them to look favorably upon the proposition.

A report was received from the agent of the Kansas Indians, Mahlon Stubbs, through Superintendent Hoag, stating that the squatters have all left the reservation and no unlawful occupants were now upon their lands. A delegation of would-be settlers visited the Indians last week, offering five dollars *per capita* to remain upon the reservations; but their offers were denied. It was said they would be back again soon and take possession. A detachment of soldiers from Fort Riley are now with the agent to aid him in keeping squatters from the reservation. The Indians have arrived from a successful buffalo hunt, all well and satisfied.

The agent of the Kiowas and Comanches reports from that agency on the 3d inst. that thirty or forty of the roving Comanches and two Cheyennes stole about twenty horses and mules from near the agency on the 24th of May. Several bands have left for the Plains, and are not expected back till fall. Tabananaca, who led the raiders, is the only chief who feels mad and is the only one living on the reservation who has gone on the warpath.

The Currency Bill—Report of the Conference Committee.

Representative Garfield to-day submitted to the House the report of the committee of conference on the Currency bill. It was ordered to be printed. He will call for action upon it to-morrow.

The bill provides for an issue of $45,000,000 of national bank notes to banks, in addition to the $300,000,000 authorized by the Currency act of 1864, the amount of notes so provided to be furnished to banking associations organized or to be organized in States and Territories having less than their apportionment, as contemplated in the Apportionment act of 1865. The securities for such circulation deposited with the Treasurer of the United States shall be any description of bonds of the United States bearing coin interest. Applications for the circulation shall be made within one year after the passage of this act, and the Comptroller shall issue it to the banks making application, giving the preference to those States and Territories having greatest deficiency. No bank organized under the act shall have a circulation exceeding half a million dollars. A new account of the increased circulation shall be made as soon as practicable, based upon the census of 1870. The Comptroller, at the end of each month, is required to report to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount of circulating notes issued during the previous month, whereupon the Secretary of the Treasury shall redeem and cancel a like amount of three per cent certificates, issued under the acts of March 2, 1867, and July 25, 1868, by giving notice to the holders thereof that the interest shall cease after the day designated in the notice, and that said certificates shall no longer be available as banking reserves. Upon the deposit of any gold interest bearing bonds of the Treasury of the United States in the manner prescribed in the nineteenth and twentieth sections of the National Currency act it shall be lawful for the Comptroller to issue to the bank making the deposit circulating notes of different denominations not less than five dollars, and not exceeding in amount eighty per cent of the par value of the bonds deposited, which notes shall bear upon the face the promise of the association to which they are issued to pay them upon presentation at the office of the association in gold coin of the United States, and shall be redeemable upon such presentation in such coin. The capital of any such banking association is limited to $1,000,000. Banks organized under the preceding sections are required to keep on hand at all times not less than twenty-five per cent of their circulation in coin, and shall receive at par in payment of debts the gold notes of every other such bank which is at the time redeeming its notes in coin.

The limit of circulation to $300,000,000 in the Currency act and the requirement that the banks in San Francisco must redeem their notes at par in the city of New York are removed. The term "lawful money" in the Currency act, as applicable to banks there organized on a gold basis, shall be construed to mean "gold coin of the United States."

The bill further provides for the withdrawal from banking associations having a circulation exceeding that contemplated in the act of March 3, 1865, of $25,000,000. This circulation is to be withdrawn, commencing with the banks having a circulation exceeding $1,000,000 in the States having an excess of circulation and in excess of $1,000,000, and then proceeding *pro rata* with other banks having a circulation exceeding $200,000 in States having the largest excess of circulation, and reducing the circulation of such in States having the greatest proportion in excess, leaving undisturbed the banks in the States having a smaller proportion until those in greater excess have been reduced to the same grade, and continuing thus to make the reduction provided for by this act until the full amount of $25,000,000 shall be withdrawn; and the circulation so withdrawn shall be distributed among the States and Territories having less than their proportion, so as to equalize the same.

Provision is made where banks fail to return the circulation required within one year for the sale of their bonds deposited with the Treasurer of the United States for their circulation. No circulation is to be withdrawn until the $45,000,000 granted in the first section shall be taken up. A bank located in a State having more than its proportion of circulation may remove to a State having less than its proportion.

The Vacant Assistant Treasurership.

The nomination of Mr. Cornell as Assistant Treasurer at New York has been withdrawn at his own request, he preferring to remain in his present position as Surveyor of the Port of New York. About a month ago the appointment was tendered to Mr. Cornell, but was declined. It appears the President was subsequently informed that Mr. Cornell had changed his mind and that he would accept. He was out of the city at the time the appointment was made, but as soon as he heard of it he hastened hither to inform the President of the mistake. The President will send in a successor in a day or two, though he has not as yet determined upon the person.

The Cartage System.

Mr. S. S. Cox, of New York, has received a petition, numerously signed by the merchants of New York city, praying that the cartage system of the New York Custom House may be abolished. In answer to the prayer of the petitioners Mr. Cox prepared and introduced the following preamble and resolution, which were adopted:—

Whereas on the 4th of April last this House directed the Secretary of the Treasury to report what changes by contracts, regulations or otherwise had then been made by the Collector of Customs at New York city with reference to the cartage system for goods, the reasons for such changes and whose interest was thereby affected favorably or unfavorably; and whereas it is alleged that the Secretary peremptorily ordered an investigation into said system, having found the system of doubtful legality and an unjust exaction on the merchants, carmen and others engaged in commerce in said city, and by a letter of instructions of the 1st of June last having restored the general order system and abolished said cartage bureau system, which, notwithstanding said order of the Secretary, still exists through the acts of the Collector alone, who refuses compliance with the order of the Secretary, and notwithstanding the written protest of the merchants of New York city, representing commercial wealth to the amount of $450,000,000, and against the protest of the warehousemen, carters, truckmen and others engaged in local transportation; therefore,

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury communicate to this House the results of his investigation and his orders and letters in the premises, and that he also communicate whether his instructions have not been complied with, to the end that legislation may be had if necessary in the premises.

The Movements of the President During the Summer.

In event of Congress holding to its present resolution to adjourn on July 15 the President will not remove his household to his seaside cottage at Long Branch until after that time. Should the day of adjournment be extended he will take his family and servants to the seaside before the 15th and leave them there while he returns here to await the dissolution of Congress. During the latter portion of July, all of August and portion of September, therefore, the Executive Mansion will be abandoned for the more healthful and agreeable breezes of the sea. One Secretary and a portion of the ushers and Mansion police will remain in the building as a guard. The President will take with him all his family servants and Mehler, the steward of the mansion, also his horses. Most of his time will be passed at Long Branch, though several excursions are talked of during the season of recreation. The President will adopt the same rule in regard to public business as he did last year, visiting the capital when the exigencies of public business require, or at least every two weeks, in order to keep himself advised of the public business.

Substitutes for the Income Tax.

The following are the two sections reported by Mr. Sherman and adopted by the Senate as substitutes for the income tax stricken out:—

First, that sections 120, 121, 122 and 123, of the act of June 30, 1864, and amended by acts of July 13, 1866, and March 2, 1867, shall be construed to impose the taxes therein mentioned, being taxes on dividends of corporations and salaries of government officers for and during the year 1870, and that all such taxes shall be collected in the manner now or hereafter provided by law.

Second, that for the purpose of allowing deductions from the incomes of any religious or social community holding all their property and the income therefrom jointly and in common, each five of the persons in such society, and any remaining fractional number of such persons less than five over such groups of five, shall be held to constitute a family, and a deduction of $1,000 shall be allowed for each of said families. Any taxes on the incomes, gains and profits of such societies now due and unpaid shall be assessed and collected according to this provision.

Death of the Earl of Clarendon.

The British Minister having announced to the Secretary of State this morning the death of the Earl of Clarendon, the President directed a message of sympathy and regret to be transmitted through our Minister at London. The following despatch was therefore sent by telegraph to Mr. Motley:—

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27, 1870.

Mr. MOTLEY, Minister, London:—The death of the Earl of Clarendon removes a statesman whose fame belongs to the world, and whose loss will be felt by other nations than that in whose behalf he labored for the advance of civilization and in the interests of peace. The President tenders the sympathy of the United States to her Majesty and to the British people, and condolence to those to whom the loss brings personal grief. HAMILTON FISH.

The Funding Bill.

General Schenck succeeded to-day in getting the Funding bill made the special order for to-morrow after the morning hour, and also in confining the speeches that may be made upon it to five minutes each. The indications are that the bill will be disposed of to-morrow in some shape, but whether it will go through as reported by the Ways and Means Committee is doubtful. It will be earnestly opposed by all those who believe with the Secretary of the Treasury that it is impossible to fund the debt in a four per cent bond. The bill will finally go to a conference committee for settlement, as the two houses cannot agree upon it.

Appropriation for the Census.

The Secretary of the Interior to-day communicated to the House of Representatives a letter from the Superintendent of the Census asking an appropriation of $2,325,000 to defray the expenses of taking the ninth census. It is stated therein that the expense of taking the eighth census was $1,690,000.

The Hatch-Babcock Investigation.

The majority and minority reports in the Hatch case, together with the testimony, were laid on the tables of Senators this morning; but some of them desiring to examine the document before resuming consideration of the St. Domingo treaty, voted against going into executive session to-day on that subject.

The President has addressed a letter to Senator Nye, chairman of the Senate select committee of investigation in the Hatch case, in regard to the protocol respecting the preliminary understanding about the treaties of annexation of St. Domingo or the acquisition of the Bay of Samana. In the letter the President endorses the action of General Babcock.

The United States and Mexican Claims Commission

met to-day. The commissioners and counsel were present, but nothing of public interest transpired save the reading of a letter of Dr. F. A. Lieber of New York accepting the office of umpire. The Commission adjourned until to-morrow noon.

Indian Raid in Texas.

The mail rider from Austin, Texas, to Fredericksburg in that State, reports that on Saturday, the 11th instant, a party of Indians came on the line of Little Barton creek to within fifteen miles of Austin, and stole horses from several parties, who pursued the Indians, and as they have not returned fears are entertained that they have been murdered by the savages.

The Question of Whiskey Metres.

Commissioner Delano has written a letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, stating that when he came into the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue, he found the Tice metre in use. He did not then deem it proper to dispense with it; but complaints had since reached him that the metre is of no practical value, while it is unnecessarily oppressive to distillers. He has tried to ascertain the justice of the complaints, and after careful observation, experience and practical tests, he is satisfied many of them, to some extent, are well founded, and that it is not practicable, without detriment to the revenue, to dispense entirely with the use of the second or credit metre, and also with that portion of the metre known as the automatic Tice metre, and hence in the regulations he has prescribed the less expensive and useful simple metres to be changed and adopted for use as simple metres. This arrangement, he says, will prove advantageous to the service, while it will relieve distillers from considerable expense, and permits the automatic metres now in use to be changed at a small expense into simple metres.

A Neglectful Telegraph Company.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in reply to the House resolution whether any of the telegraph companies having their offices in the city of New York have refused or neglected to report to the Assessor the amount of gross receipts, states that the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company neglected for five months to make such returns. The neglect, however, was reported by the company itself, with such explanations as to show that it was not wilful, but owing to business circumstances. The tax of $598 was subsequently paid, since which time the company has regularly made returns.

The French Practice Squadron at Newport.

Commander E. O. Matthews, in charge of the Torpedo Station off Newport, R. I., reports to the Navy Department the arrival there of the French line-of-battle ship Jean Bart and brig Obligado, composing the French practice squadron. They will remain ten days.

The Bureau of Engraving.

The close of the fiscal year being near at hand the Secretary of the Treasury has, as usual, appointed a committee to examine into the condition of the Bureau of Engraving, of which George B. McCartee is chief. Every facility is afforded the committee by the chief of the bureau and his assistants.

Murder of a Sheriff in Texas.

A letter from Corpus Christi states that the Sheriff of Nueces county, Texas, has been foully murdered, and there was consequently great excitement.

The Interest on the Richmond (Va.) City Debt

will be promptly paid on July 1. The bonds could be sold at a higher rate than heretofore, but there are none in the market.

Executive Nominations.

The following nominations were sent in to-day:—

George Cogswell to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Sixth district of Massachusetts, vice U. S. Howe, to be relieved.

First Lieutenant W. B. Kennedy to be captain in the Tenth cavalry; Second Lieutenant Oliver E. Wood to be First Lieutenant in the Fifth artillery.

Postmasters—William D. Hitchcock, Alpena, Mich.; W. W. Webb, La Crosse, Wis.; Nicholas P. Trist, Alexandria, Va.; A. S. Allen, Berea, Ohio.

Personal.

Mr. Saville, Chief Clerk of the Treasury Department, left here this evening for Chicago, to be present at the graduation of his sister from the seminary in that city. Mr. Bigelow, Chief of the Loan Department of the Treasury, will act as Chief Clerk. Mr. Saville will be absent about ten days.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

Second Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 27, 1870.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

From the New York Legislature, relating to the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers.

From citizens of Georgia for the establishment of a United States District Court.

From soldiers of the late war, calling attention to the Bounty bill.

EVENING SESSION.

A motion by Mr. HOWARD, (rep.) of Mich., to hold an evening session to-day to dispose of the Texas Pacific and the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad bills was objected to by Mr. Sherman as tending to delay the Tax bill, and gave rise to a long debate. The motion was finally agreed to.

THE TAX BILL

came up as unfinished business, and Mr. SHERMAN, (rep.) of Ohio, chairman of the Finance Committee, stated as the result of the consultation in regard to the bill that they had agreed to let all the income taxes go, and as a substitute to retain the tax on sugar as it is now, and also the tax on gross receipts. He said that the House proposition for a classification of the tax on sugars had been objected to by business men throughout the country, and the Senate committee classification had encountered equally strong opposition. The remaining sections of the bill would clear up the ambiguities in reference to the special tax on the dividends of corporations, such as insurance companies, and relative to the Shakers and other religious societies. Instead of striking out the tariff part of the bill and leaving the whole subject to the determination of a committee of conference, he suggested that the Senate should proceed under the five minute rule of debate to act upon each section separately.

Mr. HOWE, (rep.) of Wis., made an argument for retaining the income tax.

Mr. SHERMAN suggested that the question had been decided. He had no hope that the vote of the Senate would be changed.

Mr. DRAKE, (rep.) of Mo., thought that there was reason to hope that the vote would be changed.

Mr. HOWE continued his remarks.

At a quarter past one o'clock a motion to go into executive session was rejected—yeas 23, nays 30.

The income tax sections were then stricken out without a division.

Mr. SHERMAN offered a new section to continue the tax on corporations and salaries during this year.

Mr. BAYARD, (dem.) of Del., opposed the continuance of the tax mainly in justice to the salaried employés of the government, now poorly paid.

Mr. SHERMAN said the personal income tax was being collected for the present year and the income taxes should cease at the same time. Besides, the provision had already been adopted by the Senate.

The amendment was agreed to and various others submitted by Mr. Sherman to carry out the recommendations of the Finance Committee.

The amendment of the Finance Committee to authorize the consolidation of collection districts was agreed to.

The tariff sections having been reached, the amendments reported from the committee were discussed. That striking out the duty of five cents on chicory, succory, dandelion root and acorn coffee, raw, ground or burned or prepared, and on all substitutes for coffee, was agreed to.

Mr. SHERMAN endeavored to withdraw the amendments reducing the duties on sugar according to the Senate committee's classification, so as to allow the rate to remain as under the existing laws.

Mr. HAMLIN, (rep.) of Me., objected to the withdrawal of the section, and asked to have a vote upon it. He argued in favor of reducing the duty on sugar, believing that the receipts of next year would exceed those of the preceding year, while the surplus in the Treasury could be drawn upon if necessary.

Mr. SHERMAN opposed the reduction upon the ground that the estimated receipts from revenues would not warrant it. He believed that increased expenditures would keep pace with any increased receipts.

Mr. KELLOGG, (rep.) of La., favored retaining the present rates on sugar, and opposed the tax of three and a half cents on the clarified sugars, which included the fine sugars of Louisiana, as striking directly at the interests of the producers of that State in favor of the refiner.

Mr. BAYARD hoped that in this case and all others the present duties on imports might be retained, believing that any change in the tariff should be in furtherance of a comprehensive system of alteration.

Mr. YATES, (rep.) of Ill., was in favor of abolishing all taxes on the prime necessaries of life—sugar, tea and coffee. He advocated the tariff for protection, as well as for revenue.

Mr. MORTON, (rep.) of Ind., referring to the continuance of the present rates on sugar as necessary to make up the loss of revenue by the repeal of the income tax, said he would never agree to transfer the burden of the income tax from the rich to the poor. He favored a gradual reformation of the tariff, and argued that democrats in Congress had favored the highest duties on articles not produced in the country, so that the lowest might go upon those that were produced here in competition with foreign nations denying all protection.

Further remarks were made by Mr. THURMAN, (dem.) of Ohio, in favor of a general reduction of taxation, and that the duty on sugar would compel people to pay bounty to a few sugar refiners in the United States that they might make fortunes.

Mr. SHERMAN replied that every refiner in the United States was opposed to the classification both of the Senate and of the House.

At half-past three the Senate voted upon the Senate amendment striking out the paragraph in the House bill classifying the tax on sugar.

The amendment was rejected—yeas 26, nays 30.

The classification therefore remains. The following is the vote:—

YEAS—Messrs. Abbott, Anthony, Bayard, Cole, Conkling, Corbett, Cragin, Drake, Fenton, Gilbert, Harris, Howard, Kellogg, Morrill of Me., Morrill of Vt., Osborn, Pomeroy, Pool, Ramsey, Rice, Robertson, Sawyer, Scott, Sherman, Stewart, Stockton, Warner and Williams—26.

NAYS—Messrs. Boreman, Cameron, Carpenter, Casserly, Davis, Edmunds, Ferry, Fowler, Hamilton of Maryland, Hamlin, Harlan, Howe, Howell, Johnston, McCreery, Morton, Pratt, Ross, Saulsbury, Schurz, Spencer, Sprague, Sumner, Thayer, Thurman, Tipton, Vickers, Willey, Wilson and Yates—30.

Mr. YATES moved an amendment prohibiting hereafter all taxes on tea, coffee and sugar.

Mr. SHERMAN remarked that the amendment would strike off fifty-six millions of revenue, and, if adopted, the whole bill should fail.

Mr. YATES advocated his amendment at length.

At four o'clock the House resolution announcing the death of Hon. David Heaton, Representative from North Carolina, was received, and, after eulogies of the deceased and the adoption of the usual resolutions of condolence, the Senate, at forty-five minutes past four, took a recess until evening.

Evening Session.

At half-past seven o'clock the Senate resumed the consideration of

THE TEXAS PACIFIC RAILROAD BILL,

the question being upon Mr. Wilson's amendment to make the gauge of the road uniform at five feet from Marshall, Texas, to San Diego, Cal. After discussion the amendment was adopted by yeas 36, to nays 7.

An amendment by Mr. STEWART, authorizing the Southern Pacific Railroad of California to connect with the Pacific by a branch road, was adopted.

Also an amendment by Mr. SAWYER that all iron and steel used shall be purchased in the United States.

The bill then passed.

The Atlantic and Pacific Railroad bill was made the order for the morning hour of Tuesday. At 11:40 the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, June 27, 1870.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. JOHNSON, (dem.) of Cal.—To regulate the manufacture of brandy from grapes, peaches and other fruits.

By Mr. NIBLACK, (dem.) of Ind.—To abolish the tribal relations of the Miami tribe of Indians.

By Mr. WELKER, (rep.) of Ohio—For the establishment of a department of revenue.

By Mr. MAYNARD, (rep.) of Tenn.—To punish the collection of illegal taxes on passengers.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. WOOD, (dem.) of N. Y., introduced a bill for the distribution *pro rata* of all moneys paid or to be paid by the republic of Venezuela for claims of citizens of the United States under the award of the mixed commission, under the treaty of April 25, 1866. Passed.

Mr. DAVIS, (rep.) of N. Y., introduced a bill to authorize the issue of four per cent bonds exchangeable for and convertible into legal tender notes at par. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

REDUCTION OF THE DUTY ON SALT.

Mr. REEVES, (dem.) of N. Y., offered a preamble and resolution directing the Committee on Ways and Means to report to the House forthwith a bill reducing the present duties on all classes of salt fifty per cent.

The previous question was seconded by a vote of 71 to 67.

Mr. McCARTHY, (rep.) of N. Y., moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was rejected by a vote of 58 yeas to 106 nays.

Mr. FERRISS, (rep.) of N. Y., moved to reconsider the vote whereby the main question was ordered.

Mr. COX, (dem.) of N. Y., moved to lay that motion on the table.

Mr. COX's motion was agreed to—yeas 101, nays 57.

The resolution was then adopted—yeas 108, nays 49, as follows:—

YEAS—Messrs. Allison, Asper, Beatty, Beck, Benjamin, Biggs, Bird, Boles, Booker, Brooks, of N. Y., Buck, Buckley, Burchard, Burdett, Burr, Butler of Tenn., Clark of Texas, Clarke of Kansas, Cleveland, Cobb of N. C., Coburn, Cook, Conner, Crebs, Cox, Cullom, Davis of N. Y., Degener, Dickinson, Dyer, Ela, Eldridge, Farnsworth, Finkelnburg, Fitch, Garfield, Hawkins, Hawley, Hays, Heflin, Holman, Ingersoll, Johnson, Jones of Ky., Judd, Kellogg, Kerr, Knott, Lash, Lawrence, Lewis, Logan, Loughridge, Marshall, McCormick, McCrary, McKenzie, McNeely, Milnes, Moore of Ill., Morgan, Mungen, Newsham, Niblack, Orth, Packard, Paine, Peck, Acre, Platt, Pomeroy, Prosser, Reeves, Rice, Rogers, Sargent, Shanks of Ind., Shober, Smith of Ohio, Smith of Oregon, Smith of Tenn., Smith of Vt., Smith of Iowa, Stevens, Stevenson, Stiles, Stokes, Stoughton, Strong, Swann, Sweeney, Taffe, Trimble, Twichell, Tyner, Van Auken, Van Horn, Van Trump, Ward, Wells, Whitmore, Wilkinson, Williams, Wilson of Minn., Winans, Winchester, Wood and Woodward—108.

NAYS—Messrs. Ambler, Ames, Armstrong, Atwood, Beaman, Bennett, Benton, Bingham, Blair, Brooks of Mass., Buffinton, Butler of Mass., Cessna, Cobb of Wis., Conger, Covode, Dixon, Donley, Ferriss, Ferry, Fisher, Hoar, Kelley, Kelsey, Knapp, Laflin, Maynard, McCarthy, McGrew, Moore of Ohio, Moore of N. J., Morrell of Pa., Myers, Negley, O'Neill, Packer, Phelps, Poland, Sawyer, Schenck of Ohio, Sheldon of N. Y., Strickland, Tanner, Taylor, Tillman, Townsend, Wheeler, Willard and Wilson of Ohio—49.

THE FUNDING BILL.

Mr. SCHENCK, (rep.) of Ohio, proposed that the Funding bill be fixed for consideration to-morrow.

Mr. COX inquired whether the bill was the same as was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. SCHENCK replied that it was with a slight verbal amendment.

Mr. STEVENSON, (rep.) of Ohio, objected on behalf of the Committee of Elections.

Mr. SCHENCK moved to suspend the rules. The rules were suspended, and the bill was reported back and made the special order for to-morrow.

THE CONSULAR AND DIPLOMATIC APPROPRIATION BILL.

Mr. KELSEY, (rep.) of N. Y., from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, and moved that the Senate amendments be non-concurred in and a committee of conference ordered. Agreed to.

UNITED STATES COURTS IN INDIANA.

On motion of Mr. KERR, (dem.) of Ind., the Senate amendments to the bill for additional terms of United States courts in Indiana were taken from the Speaker's table and concurred in.

NEW YORK CUSTOM HOUSE CARTAGE.

Mr. COX offered a preamble and resolution in reference to the cartage of the New York Custom House, and requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to communicate the results of the investigation into it and his orders and letters in the premises, and whether his instructions have been complied with, to the end that legislation may be had if necessary. Agreed to.

THE DEATH OF THE EARL OF CLARENDON.

The SPEAKER laid before the House a telegram announcing the death of the Earl of Clarendon, English Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

CHANGING JUDICIAL CIRCUITS.

Mr. BUTLER, (rep.) of Mass., from the Judiciary Committee, reported back adversely the Senate bill to change the judicial circuits. Laid on the table.

PUNISHMENT OF ELECTION FRAUDS.

Mr. DAVIS asked leave to introduce a bill to punish crimes and frauds at certain elections.

Mr. BROOKS, (dem.) of N. Y., objected, saying that if his colleague wanted to fix the election of the New York Legislature the House had better repeal the adjournment resolutions, and postpone adjournment till November.

WASHINGTON CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

Mr. BEATTY (rep.) of Mich., moved to suspend the rules, so as to empower him to offer an amendment to the Sundry Civil Expenses Appropriation bill, authorizing the appointment of a municipal commission, for the dredging and narrowing of the Washington city canal, the levying of a tax of one hundred thousand dollars therefor on all the taxable property of the city, and the appropriation of $50,000 from the Treasury. Agreed to.

The House then, at a quarter past one, went into committee of the whole, Mr. Buffinton in the chair, on the

SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES APPROPRIATION BILL.

The items in regard to the Washington aqueduct gave rise to a discussion as to the inefficient supply of water to the city, which was attributed to the fact that the distributing mains are not equal to either the demand or supply.

Mr. COOK, (rep.) of Ill., moved a substitute to appropriate under various heads $120,932.

Mr. DAWES, (rep.) of Mass., moved an amendment to the substitute, requiring the money received for water rents to be applied to the improvement and repair of the aqueduct until otherwise provided by law.

The amendment was agreed to, and the substitute as amended was agreed to.

The items for work on the Capitol were attacked by some of the Missouri members—Messrs. McCormick, Benjamin and Finkelnburg—and were defended by Messrs. Dawes and Schenck.

Mr. SCHENCK said that so far as the building was concerned he was proud of it, and that he wished it to be complete, not only as a building, but as to the setting of the building—the grounds, terraces, &c. He regretted not having been in the House to record his vote against that vandal vote by which the House of Representatives had refused to take in the adjoining grounds. As to the talk about removing the capital, he had never regarded it as anything but bosh. So far as distance was concerned it mattered very little where the capital was. Railroads had pretty much abolished all distances, and the telegraph had abolished all time.

A proposition by Mr. FARNSWORTH, (rep.) of Ill., to widen the doors between the halls of the House and Senate elicited considerable discussion, Mr. DAWES remarking, on information received from the architect, that that would endanger the dome, and Mr. WOOD assuring the ambitious gentlemen on the republican side that they would not have occasion to pass from the House to the Senate, and that they might consider themselves lucky if they ever got back to the House.

Mr. FARNSWORTH withdrew the motion.

The items under the head of the Agricultural Department gave rise to a discussion between Messrs. Holman, Dawes, Wilson, of Ohio, and others, so that is was found necessary to rise and go into the House, when the debate was closed on the paragraph.

While in the House Mr. GARFIELD, (rep.) of Ohio, desired to make a report from the conference committee on the Currency bill, but objection was made.

The House again went into committee on the Sundry Civil Expenses Appropriation bill.

The items for the Agricultural Department were agreed to without amendment.

Mr. FARNSWORTH, (rep.) of Ill., sent to the Clerk's desk and had read a letter from Edward Clark, architect of the Capitol extension, stating that it must have been a mistake which led to the remark that he had represented the enlargement of the doorways between the halls of the House and Senate endangering to the dome. On the contrary, he had perfected a plan for remodeling the rotunda, one of the features of which was the enlargement of the doorways.

On motion of Mr. BENJAMIN, (rep.) of Mo., the item of $25,000 for a private claim of A. P. Hotaling and others for the Indian service in California was struck out.

A discussion arose between Messrs. Farnsworth and Dawes in reference to an item in the bill to pay Paul S. Forbes the balance due him under a contract with the Navy Department for a steam engine for the Algonquin, $27,330.

Mr. FARNSWORTH moved to strike it out, criticized the action of the Committee on Appropriations in reporting it, and expressed the opinion that the chairman of the committee (Mr. Dawes) was like Joe Bagstock, "Sly, sir—devilish sly."

Mr. DAWES retorted on Mr. Farnsworth as being so constituted that he could not believe any one else to be honest, and intimated that he did not desire to be measured by the gentleman from Illinois or by his standard of morality. The item had been reported because the Secretary of the Navy said it was to liquidate a balance due this man—not a claim, but a debt.

Mr. FARNSWORTH said he had not attacked anybody, and that the unusual wrath and excitement displayed by the gentleman from Massachusetts was entirely unnecessary. He did not suppose every man dishonest, and his friend from Massachusetts took unnecessary umbrage at what he had said. He had said he thought him sly, and the fact that when the bill was reported the gentleman said there was no special legislation in it was a little sly.

After some further discussion the motion to strike out the item was rejected.

The committee rose, leaving still six pages of the bill unfinished.

CURRENCY BILL.

Mr. GARFIELD, from the committee of conference on the Currency bill, made a report, and said he would call it up for action to-morrow.

The House then, at half-past five o'clock, adjourned.

PRINCETON COLLEGE.

Class Day Exercises of the Class of 1870.

Yesterday was Class Day at Princeton College, and a large and highly respectable assemblage was present on the occasion. About eight o'clock in the morning the weather assumed a rather threatening aspect, and fears were entertained that an inauspicious day would render the open air exercises disagreeable if not altogether impossible. About eleven o'clock, however, the lowering clouds had gradually drifted away, and the sun shed his beneficent rays over the city of Princeton, sending thrills of joy and gladness through many an anxious heart, and assisting materially in rendering the Class Day exercises of the class of '70 unusually interesting. The different morning trains from New York and Philadelphia brought numbers of distinguished visitors, and by noon the hotels and college grounds at Princeton were alive with happy groups of ladies and gentlemen waiting the first soul-stirring strains of the Seventh Regiment Band, which was to announce the opening of the day's programme.

At one o'clock P. M. a procession consisting of the students and professors was formed and passed through the college campus to the First Presbyterian church, where the exercises commenced. As the class of 1870 entered the church, preceded by Dr. McCosh, the President, they received a hearty welcome from the large audience that filled every available space in the edifice.

THE EXERCISES IN THE CHURCH

consisted of a class poem, by Thomas D. Supple, of Pennsylvania, the class poet of 1870; class oration, delivered by Thomas B. Brown, of New York, and the class ode, recited by Adrian Hoffman Joline and sung by the class. The class poem is a beautiful composition, and reflects great credit on the poetic genius of its author. The oration also was good, and the orator was frequently applauded during its delivery. He took for his theme "The Indefinite Perfectability of Man," and in a clear and logical style proceeded to show that the various faculties of the mind can be improved to an indefinite degree. The faculty of indefinite improvement alone distinguished human beings from the other different species of the animal kingdom. The gentleman also, in strong and forcible language, denounced the

POLITICAL CORRUPTION

of the age in which we live. He did not wish to be understood as referring to any class or party, as he believed bad and unprincipled men could be found in both political camps. The idea that a man ought to adhere to his party whether right or wrong was preposterous and productive of immorality in a government constituted as ours is. The rising generation had it in their power to remedy these growing evils and to render the political atmosphere of this glorious republic free from the corrupting influences of party demagogues and unprincipled private corporations. He also alluded to the existing bickerings and private animosities resulting from the late war, and recommended that spirit of tolerance and forbearance which free and enlightened men ought to exercise towards one another. The orator of the class also referred to the growing spirit of

RELIGIOUS SCEPTICISM,

so prevalent in the present age. This evil was partially the result of that system of free thought and free religion which the institutions of this country guarantee to its subjects, and he hoped that these privileges would not be so abused by the educated portion of the community as to lead to irreligion and a forgetfulness of their duties to the great Creator.

He then alluded in complimentary terms to the President of the college, Dr. McCosh, as also to his predecessor, Dr. McLean, who appeared on the platform. In addressing his fellow graduates he alluded in feeling terms to the memories and associations connected with their Alma Mater, and he hoped that the class of 1870 would not be backward in contributing towards the maintenance and support of the institution to which they owed such a deep debt of gratitude.

Dr. McCosh then thanked the speaker for his friendly allusion to himself as president. He thanked the audience for their attendance on the occasion. He knew the feelings that prompted them to be present at and to witness the exercises. The parents, friends and lovers of the senior class were, doubtless, animated by motives of the highest and noblest character, and on the part of the college he thanked them all for their attendance. It was well known that the college was a quiet and sober institution of learning; but once a year it was seized with a certain mania, which must be probably attributed to the solstitial term or to the approaching dog days. He was president of the college only three hundred and sixty-four days of the year; the other day the government of the institution was carried on by the senior class. In consequence of the authority of the president and faculty being set aside he expected that some great mistakes would be made, and he did not wonder that in the distribution of prizes

THE "WICKEDEST MAN"

may be the best man, the "laziest man" the most attentive student, and the prize for the "best mustache" may be given to a youth who has not a single hair on his chin. He then spoke of his predecessor, Dr. McLean, in very eulogistic terms, and his remarks in this respect were warmly applauded by the students.

Dr. McLEAN then addressed the students in a few brief and appropriate words. He recommended them to listen to the instructions and follow the advice of their learned and venerable president, and that they would surely become intelligent men, good Christians and useful citizens.

Prayer was then offered by Dr. McCosh, who also pronounced the benediction, which concluded the exercises which took place in the church.

The audience was duly notified by the master of ceremonies, William P. Schell, to meet in front of the library to witness the presentation by the class of "Knight's Encyclopedia," consisting of eleven volumes. The volumes were presented to the college library and Mr. William Bynum Glen delivered an oration on the occasion. In receiving the liberal donation Dr. McCosh thanked the class and referred to the college library and gymnasium; also to the apparatus of the college. The three departments were scantily furnished at present, but he was happy to say that some charitable ladies had volunteered to make these departments in every respect equal to those of any college in the United States. He urged the students to cultivate a taste for study and to fit themselves in every manner possible to discharge efficiently the active duties of life which they were about to enter.

THE CANNON EXERCISES

then took place beneath the shady trees in the large grounds attached to the college. The cannon exercises consisted of "History of the Class," given by Frank H. Pierce, of New Hampshire. The historian entered into a lengthy detail of the studies, amusements and other duties of the class, which he described in a very humorous and pleasing style, eliciting frequent applause and keeping the audience in the best possible humor. The presentation address followed, delivered by Mr. Henry Schenck Harris, of New Jersey. This gentleman also was so humorous and witty in his remarks that the audience was considerably amused.

Prizes were then awarded to the best gymnast, best (?) mustache, wittiest (?) man, wickedest man, biggest foot, inquisitive man, largest man, &c. The contestants for the various prizes drew forth the greatest possible amount of merriment, that frequently put the audience in an intense state of excitement.

The following are the names of the victors:—Best gymnast, J. T. Mason; best (?) mustache, T. B. Pryor; mean grin man, G. B. Kinkall; wittiest (?) man, C. F. Imbue; wickest man, William Spencer; biggest foot, C. B. Alexander; inquisitive man, C. Moore; laziest man, R. M. Agnew; nobbiest man, S. R. Gummere; the class infant, M. J. De Witt.

The exercises terminated about five P. M., and the vast assemblage left the grounds very much pleased with the instructive and interesting character of the proceedings.

THE FREE COLLEGE.

The Kelly Prize Debate Last Evening.

The Kelly prize debate between the literary societies of the College of the City of New York took place last evening at Steinway Hall. There was, notwithstanding the uncomfortable weather, quite a large audience, who seemed during the proceedings more anxious to keep cool by means of incessant fanning than to give an attentive ear to the speakers. It would be almost impossible to give anything like a correct sketch of the arguments used by the young gentlemen who took part in the debate, not so much from the fact that the question debated was rather peculiar—not to use a strong expression—but that each person who took part in the discussion spoke twice, thus effectually weakening the general arguments put forth by both sides in the first encounter.

The momentous question was, "Is the whole condition of society resulting from the influence of a popular form of government favorable to the growth of a splendid national literature?" The gentlemen who spoke in the affirmative were the following members of the Phrenocosmian Society:—Michael H. Cardozo, Charles A. Doremus, Charles B. Jessup. Those who spoke in the negative were members of the Clionian Society:—Graham McAdam, Charles H. Nettleton, Jonas E. Whitley. The following were the judges:—Messrs. Charles Tracy, Joseph F. Daley, E. B. Hart, Robert McGinniss, James S. Barron.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A NEWARK WORKMAN.

Yesterday forenoon, while James McGarlty, a workman employed at Marcus Sayde's lime and stone yard, in Newark, was piling up bricks, a thoughtless teamster ran against and tumbled the whole fabric down. McGarrity was extricated from the débris and the discovery made that his collar bone was broken in two places, as also his right leg above the thigh. He was removed to his home, No. 15 Durand street, and subsequently to St. Michael's Hospital. With great care and quietness it is thought he may recover.

HUMAN DEMONS.

Harlem Brutes Seduce a Child Thirteen Years of Age—She is Fastened to the Floor by Iron Bands—Kept from Her Home Nearly a Month—Some of the Scoundrels Arrested.

One of the most terrible cases of outrage that has ever occurred has lately come to light. The victim is a slight little girl, by name Mary Matilda White, weighing not over seventy pounds, and about three feet six or seven inches in height, and but thirteen years of age. She is a daughter of a retired merchant living in Mount Vernon, Westchester county, N.Y. On the 16th of May she, in company with some other children, went to Woodlawn, where she met

A VERY GENTLEMANLY LOOKING MAN,

who engaged her in conversation, and she, childlike, on the promise of a gold watch and chain, got on the Harlem train to come to New York to get some ice cream in his friend's saloon. At Mott Haven John Reilly (who had led her off) was joined by Paul Kelly and several others whose search for innocent victims was not as successful as his, and the whole party proceeded to the Harlem bridge, at the terminus of Third avenue, on the Westchester county side of which they got off. It was then about four o'clock in the afternoon. Matilda, "hand in hand," walked with Reilly to a small shanty on the rocks, into which she was pushed. Upon looking around the small 16 or 18x24 room she saw about ten other couples, male and female. The door was immediately locked after her entrance and there was no other egress. All of the females present, with one exception, were young, and none over fifteen years old. The entrance of the two was greeted with shouts by all

THE MALE BRUTES

present; several of the children were weeping, and then the interrupted orgies recommenced. Upon Matilda's refusing to accede to the lustful desires of Reilly he took "four sharp-pointed hooks or clamps from his coat pocket" (as stated in her affidavit), and securing them on her wrists and ankles, meantime threatening her life every moment,

FASTENED HER TO THE FLOOR.

He then satiated his vile passion upon her person, using her in a manner the particulars of which are unfit for publication. She was then taken to another shanty, in a similarly isolated and dark, dreadful and lonesome locality, on the New York side of the bridge, in 125th street, where she was kept nearly two weeks, during which time Reilly, first locking her in, brought several other men, all of whom, one after another, violated her person, and several times leaving her almost if not quite senseless on the floor, the shanty having no furniture whatever. The villains then, thinking that shame would prevent her from leaving them, removed her to a dwelling house, which the police will not permit being named as yet, they taking a room for her and one of her seducers, and there she was kept until she succeeded in

ELUDING HER PERSECUTORS,

and left them, penniless, being even compelled, in her dreadful condition, to walk all the way back to her distracted father and stepmother, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas White, in Mount Vernon, Westchester county. She has since identified the second shanty into which she was taken as being in East 121st street, between avenue A and First avenue. On the entrance of the police of the Twelfth precinct, under officer Thompson, rings and staples were found firmly fastened into the floor, fully corroborating one part of the child's painful story. The other shanty she says is on the Westchester county side of the Harlem Railroad bridge, behind a huge mass of rocks, and where, she says, although she screamed as loudly as she could, and struggled and squirmed as long as she was able, until prevented by pain, no one seemed to hear her, the place about the shanty being so desolate. Language is inadequate to describe how piteously she relates her sad story. At the boarding house to which she was last taken, kept apparently by a friend of one of the ruffians, she was

ROBBED OF HER EARRINGS

and some other small trinkets before she effected her escape. Her board was paid by the gang above mentioned. She minutely describes upwards of twenty different men and half as many girls whom she at different times saw at the two shanties. She saw no other girl chained to the floor by the arms and legs, as had been done with her, they seeming to accept their degradation from shame. The shanty in Mott Haven, the first one above named, was back of Robertson's lumber yard. She was decoyed away from her home on the 16th of May, and after effecting her escape returned

ALMOST DEAD

on the 3d of June, having been absent nearly four weeks. Last Tuesday a fellow giving the name of John Reilly, in company with two others, was arrested for committing an outrage on Mrs. Susan Binnie, of 126th street, a wealthy lady, whose case has been published, and taken before Justice McQuade, of the Harlem Police Court, who, thinking that Reilly might belong to the gang which violated Matilda, sent word to her father, who came and identified him from his little daughter's statement. She also was brought face to face with him before Judge McQuade last Saturday afternoon. The latter said, "Do you know this man?" She answered, faintly, "Yes, sir; he was one of them that fastened me on the floor." Reilly denied ever having seen her, and again she was asked, "Are you sure you have seen him before? Can you not be mistaken?" Holding down her head she artlessly replied, "Oh, no, sir; he was there a great many times." Reilly was immediately committed, Justice McQuade saying he would hardly take

A MILLION DOLLARS BAIL

for him on her truthful statement alone. Steps were immediately taken to arrest the remainder of the gang. Court officer Thompson and others were put upon the trail, and officer Thompson after staying up watching the shanties all of two days and nights, finally succeeded in capturing Paul Kelly, whom Matilda also recognized as one of her seducers. "Pug" Maun and Ed. Brennan,

TWO NOTORIOUS THIEVES

of the same gang, were also caught with much difficulty, and the girl recognized the latter immediately as having been present in the shanties on several occasions. Both of the latter are held for further examination. John Reilly and Paul Kelly will be sent to the General Sessions, before Recorder Hackett, this morning, for trial. John Reilly is a lately returned convict. Justice Meeks, of Morrisania, deserves credit, as does also officer Thompson, for their efforts in arresting

THE CRIMINALS.

Kelly says he is twenty-three years of age, a carpenter by trade, born on Long Island, and living in Eighty-fourth street, near Tenth avenue. The officers of the Harlem court are now in hot pursuit of the three other villains who outraged the little girl, and there is considerable talk of lynching them if caught and known to be the offenders.

Two other young girls are known to be missing from Mount Vernon within the last six weeks.

WATER.

Lecture by Dr. Arnot at the Hall of the Young Men's Christian Association.

A Scottish divine—the Rev. Dr. Arnot—delivered a lecture last evening at the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association in Twenty-third street on the subject of "Water." The speaker began by describing the formation of the world, in chaos, from fire and water. Describing an arch, he seized upon the idea that mortar could not be made without water, and, rising to a sublime height of rhetoric, traced a particular drop in the dew and rain to a mountain gorge. Higher up he soared, becoming animated by the subject, till his enthusiasm found expression in the transition of the liquid globule from the filth in which it might have been immersed to the heavens which it entered,

PURE AS AN ANGEL.

Then, with a touch of pathos, he added:—If the tears of men could be traced—the tears, for instance, of that "Man of Sorrows," to what a history would they give birth! Of transitions from the pure to the impure; from the pearly dew to the black *cloaca* of the sewers. Paschal fell upon the master stroke of his philosophy when the monks of St. Bernard showed him that it was impossible to boil meat in the higher regions of the Alps on account of the rarity of the atmosphere. The philosopher had been regaled by the monks with roast meats and broiled, but when he asked for boiled meats they shook their heads. Then the speaker partially explained the physical causes for this apparent phenomenon, and thence passed into a review of

THE BIBLICAL HISTORY OF WATER,

from the streams of the mountains of Samaria to the wells of the desert. The entire lecture was replete with Scriptural allusions, and was undoubtedly intended to convert the heathen as well as interest them.

After the lecture proper the speaker essayed a few remarks on the subject of the English speaking nations. He had been wont to say that in America alone had the Anglo-Saxon tongue been used by those instrumental in slavery. Now he could say that tyranny could find no home in the haunts of those who speak our language. There was a wire stretching from the other shore of the sea to this, and

ACROSS THE CONTINENT

to the farther ocean, sending its lightning thoughts from one to another, and he sometimes thought that men performed similar functions, and that he might influence his own country with a warmer regard for America on his return.

At the conclusion of the lecture Dr. Adams and others addressed the speaker in behalf of the meeting.

ACCIDENT TO THE MAYOR OF PATERSON.

Mr. John Ryle, Mayor of Paterson, N. J., was stepping into his carriage yesterday morning, when the horses gave a sudden start and threw him violently upon the curbstone. He was quite severely injured on the head, shoulder and arm, but his wounds are not considered of a dangerous character.

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EUROPE.

American Beauty and French Critics.

Trades Combination and the Tailors' "Strike" in Cork.

Disraeli and the Critics of "Lothair."

The Marquis Bute and His Adhesion to Religion.

IRISH CRIME AND ENGLISH LAW.

Imperial Russian Honor to Bismarck.

PATTI OUT OF TONE.

The French Transatlantic mail steamship Pereire, Captain Dause, from Havre by way of Brest the 18th of June, arrived at this port yesterday forenoon. The Pereire landed our continental files, dated to the afternoon of her day of sailing from France, having made the run from shore to shore in time slightly over eight days.

Among the passengers by the Pereire was Mr. Bonaparte.

The Inman steamship City of Paris, Captain Kennedy, from Liverpool the 16th and Queenstown the 17th of June, arrived at this port early yesterday morning. The City of Paris landed our special correspondence and newspaper mail files from Europe dated to her day of sailing from Ireland. The mail packages were delivered at the HERALD Building at ten o'clock in the morning unopened and in good order.

The last of the four private balls given by the Empress Eugenie on Monday evenings was not as fully attended as those preceding. White was the prevailing color of the ladies' toilettes. The Emperor Napoleon did not appear, having been seized by a slight attack of gout on his return from the races Sunday evening. The cotillon was led by M. Batbaida, and supper served in the Galerie de la Paix.

The Emperor of France, leaning on the arm of General Reille, aide-de-camp, walked June 15 on the terrace at the palace. Marshal Le Bœuf, M. Segris and Admiral Rigault de Genouilly came to present their respects, and afterwards transacted business with his Majesty.

General Read, United States Consul General for France, gave the last of a series of brilliant dinners at his residence in the Avenue d'Antin.

The Jews in Algeria gave a grand banquet to M. Crémieux, their co-religionist.

The *Indépendant de la Drôme* announces a slight improvement in the state of M. Bancel.

The Duke and Duchess Porro di Borgo left Paris for the château of Crillon with the Louis-Mirepoix family.

The Prince and Princess and Mlle. de Wagram have gone to their residence of Grosbois.

The Madrid journals announce that the Prince of Orange arrived in that city.

King Victor Emanuel left Florence for San Rossore, accompanied by the Marquis Spinola and Colonel Galletti.

General Fleury, French Ambassador at St. Petersburg, accompanied by Madame Fleury, their two sons, and his sister-in-law, the Princess d'Isly, Count Chotek, Minister of Austria, and Baron Pasetti-Fridenbourg, Secretary of the Austrian Legation, arrived at Moscow.

The increasing value of landed property in Ireland may be judged from the fact that several extensive lots were sold in the Landed Estates' Court, Dublin, at twenty-four years purchase of the rental returns.

It has been usual when the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland is absent from the country to associate the Protestant Archbishop of Dublin with the Lords Justices for the purpose of administering the executive in his Excellency's absence. On the present visit of Earl Spencer to England Archbishop Trench's name has been left out, his Grace being "no longer deemed a State functionary."

Monsignor Capel writes to the London *Times*, saying the report of Lord Bute's return to the Anglican Communion "has not the smallest foundation." The statement originally appeared in a French paper, but the Marquis deemed it "unworthy of formal contradiction." Monsignor Capel adds, "that Lord Bute was never a member of the Established Church of England."

A mail telegram from London, dated June 15, reports:—

So far from seceding from the Catholic Church the Marquis of Bute has started for Seville in order that on the festival of Corpus Christi he may be present at the service which the Catholic Church in Spain celebrates with such splendor and pageantry.

Mr. and Mrs. Allsopp, of Rockferry, Liverpool, were drowned by the upsetting of a boat on the river.

Fallows & Shaw's worsted mills at Wakefield, England, were destroyed by fire.

The Marquis of Waterford is about to lay the foundation stone of a new woollen factory at Kilmacthomas—a thriving little village upon his lordship's county Waterford (Ireland) estate.

In London Mr. Justice Byles agreed to liberate Hurt on two securities of £15,000, and Fiske on four securities of £500, with forty-eight hours' notice of trial, in the female "masquerader's" case.

The body of a young woman, named Lees, was found in a field near Enniskillen, Ireland, with her head cut off. She had run away with her sweetheart, and was missing about a week.

The obituary list of the London *Times* of one day contains some remarkable illustrations of prolonged existence in five ladies and three gentlemen, all of whom had reached four score years and upwards, their united ages amounting to 680 years, giving an average of exactly eighty-five years to each. The eldest gentleman had reached the great age of eighty-nine years, the two others of the same sex being eighty-six. Of the opposite sex the eldest was eighty-eight and the youngest eighty years of age.

A mail telegram from Pesth says that a trial which will be one of the most gigantic on record is about to take place in Hungary. The accused are brigands, 300 in number, and "it is expected that 200 of them will be condemed to death."

Victor Hugo published in a French paper the amount of his income. "I am possessed," writes the author, "in Belgium of 300 shares in the National Bank, producing about £1,260 yearly; in England, £17,000 of consols, producing annually £500; in France, from the Institute, £40; in Guernsey, Hauteville House, £40. Total, £1,940." M. Victor Hugo adds that "his property in his works is disposed of for some years to come, and that, owing to family arrangements, he pays over to his children some £1,200 a year."

The *Le Nord* says that "Dr. Cumming has been requested to leave Belgium, being without the necessary papers, and unable to give evidence as to means of subsistence."

The British channel telegraph cable has been found not to answer, and is being taken up.

FRANCE.

An American Sensation in Paris—Ungallant Remarks on American Ladies—Transatlantic Beauties Excited—The Empress' Encouragement of Blooming Youth—What's to Be Done?—Outshine the Native Critics—Elegant Fetes.

PARIS, June 15, 1870.

We have had quite a commotion in the feminine portion of our American colony in Paris, occasioned by some very spiteful remarks in one of the leading journals in Paris—*La Liberté*. It is hardly fair to hold the proprietor and chief editor of that paper—Emile de Girardin—responsible for this uncalled for diatribe, for it appeared in the usual weekly contribution of a writer attached to the staff, who uses the *nom de plume* of "Vicomte de Létoriere," and who is known to be a literary lady. What led to this splenetic attack on the young, unmarried ladies of Columbia it is hard to divine; but a personal motive of some sort is, doubtless, at the bottom of it. Perhaps the writer in question has seen her best days, and is fretted at the radiant and undisputed beauty of America's fair daughters; or it may be that this Gallic spinster has been overlooked in some of the late *fêtes* at the palace, where several of our lovely belles were the "observed of all observers." Be that as it may, the assault is so ill-natured and even bitter, that it has naturally attracted a good deal of attention in the American world. Before commenting on it further, perhaps I had better copy it *in extenso*. Here it is:—"They are so charming, our young French girls. Educated by tasteful mothers, they learn nothing of life but virtue; too limpid to be troubled, too white to be tarnished, ignorant of danger and preserved by their very chastity, they float through the world like doves in a tempestuous sky, the lightning not touching their wings. What a contrast they present, in their virginal purity, to the confused medley one meets of American girls; dressed like horses on parade, nothing being wanting, neither the mane nor the *croupière*. What need is there to invite these daughters of the Disunited States everywhere, of whom there are some who habitually occupy the boxes on the third row at the opera, behind the drop scene, where they cultivate their minds and their hearts by listening to the soft conference between ballet dancers and *les petit crévés*? In their democratic day these daughters of the Yankees tread with plebeian feet the royal stairs of the Tuileries, while noble descendants of high barons and ancient knights are forced to hide in some ruined manor their disdained nobility."

There is an effusion in which malice and anger struggle for the mastery. I would stake a trifle that the writer of the above is just one of those ignored descendants of some "ancient knight," whose "disdained nobility," lacking the means to support it, has not been recognized at the Tuileries as an acceptable substitute for those plebeian beauties that come teeming over every year from the United States, and whose claims to royal hospitality are graciously recognized by the imperial couple who occupy it. There is no denying the fact that our American girls—I mean those whose beauty, intelligence and grace raise them above the throng—are very marked favorites at court. They are not only invited to all the festivities in Paris, but are annually summoned to the gayeties at Compiègne, where they pass two or three days amid the splendors of that truly royal residence. I fancy the solution of this is to be found in the exceeding predilection of the Empress for every beautiful girl she meets, and, with that acute tact she inherits from that accomplished woman of the world, her mother, she knows that nothing contributes more to the real attraction of a *salon*, whether royal or otherwise, than the halo of youth and beauty. The Empress, therefore, never allows a pretty girl to pass her unnoticed, and it matters little whether it comes from east or west, or whether it represents an ancient pedigree or the new made family of yesterday.

Here is a proof of it. I was standing near an American friend of mine at one of the recent balls at the Tuileries, when the Empress, passing by, said to the gentleman in question, "I don't see your niece here to-night." He explained to her Majesty that a momentary indisposition had lost her the honor of being present. "I am sorry to hear it," replied the Empress, "for I don't like one of my pretty faces to be absent at a ball." What would the irate scribe of the *Liberté* have thought and felt if she, like me, had overheard this frank admission of imperial partiality for "pretty faces?"

Another anecdote, indicating the same well known trait, was related to me as having occurred at one of the last entertainments in the palace. The Empress was contemplating with singular interest a very lovely girl, often admired at Newport, Miss I——a, and the Ambassador of —— was standing by her. "Methinks," at length said her Majesty, "that I used to resemble that charming girl." "Yes, your Majesty, responded Señor O——, quite forgetting himself, "when you were young." "Of course," added the Empress, laughing, "when I was young, and that was a long time ago." The Ambassador was decidedly confused at this "palpable hit," and reddened to the temples. He had known the Empress all her life, but it would have been more gallant if he had not reminded her of the days when she was young, but hardly more beautiful.

To return to the censorious critic of the *Liberté*. I am ready to admit there is a difference very marked in general between the bearing, and often in the dressing, of French and American girls. It is the well known usage in France for all unmarried girls to be reserved in manner and very modest in attire, never wearing jewelry or gaudy colors. A French girl, after her *entrée* in society, still preserves a certain coyness, a restraint in tone and speech, that is becoming enough, but often rather tiresome. Once married, her dress, manner and conversation all change, and these are the privileges of her new condition. American girls, however, undergo no such stiff training as this. They are in the habit of giving free expression to their feelings and opinions, subject only to the restraints of good breeding, and consequently they have in point of vivacity a great advantage over their French rivals, and the fact that they are foreigners renders this superior animation unobjectionable in the eyes of the men, though doubtless they would consider it strange in a French girl. I say in the eyes of the men, for I perceive clearly that gentlemen, French or otherwise, would for the most part rather dance or chat with an American girl than with a French one, however like a "dove on a tempestuous sky," simply because they are more entertained by the untutored *naiveté* of a sprightly girl, who talks and acts with the impulsive freedom our American manners allow. The French women, both married and single, however, are displeased, I have reason to know, at what they call the singular *laissez aller* of our American girls. It is evident they consider themselves encroached upon by these "daughters of the Yankees," whose attractions of one sort or another are not only receiving too much notice at court, but, worse still, are demoralizing the French gallants, whose assiduities they once monopolized. It is evident there is a deal of volcanic material accumulating in the French female world of Paris against our plebeian beauties, as may be seen from their violent explosion in the *Liberté*; and who can predict what may happen in the future, if the nuisance is not in some way abated?

Can the HERALD make some ingenious suggestion that will tend in some degree to calm the wounded sensibilities of that disdained class the avenger in the *Liberté* represents, and to prevent some dire catastrophe that might possibly ensue? How do we know but that, sooner or later, some grand banquet may not be got up, when all the picked loveliness of the United States may be assembled only to be swept away at one fell blow by poisoned ices in the Borgia style? Really it is time to look after this matter. I ask again, can the HERALD suggest nothing? I appeal to its well-known sympathies for the fair sex of all tongues and on every side of the water.

I have run through my letter without touching any other than this dainty and captivating topic. I must reserve for next mail a lot of interesting items, yet I have just space to mention that the popular Minister and his amiable wife dined at the Tuileries a few days since, and, what is considered here a high compliment, the Emperor led Mrs. Washburne to dinner. When the scribe of the *Liberté* hears of this great will be the indignation thereat; but, luckily, Mrs. Washburne is a married woman, and they are allotted here far more perquisites than is vouchsafed to the "doves" aforesaid.

Mr. Washburne gave a very elegant entertainment a few days since to a large number of his countrymen resident here and *en voyage*. Everybody went away greatly delighted by the richness of the feast and the genial urbanity of their host. A grand dinner was also given the other day to the new Minister to the United States, M. Prévost-Paradol, by Mr. T. Balch, where the American Legation and a number of distinguished celebrities, including some of the Cabinet Ministers, were present.

The Drought—Fire in the Forest of Fontainebleau—"Red Tape" Rules and Their Violation.

PARIS, June 15, 1870.

We are getting into a peculiarly perplexing predicament. Rain does not fall, we are all as dry as chips, it is thirsty weather, water is scarce and the price of bread is augmenting.

The forest of Fontainebleau found it too hot, some days since, and burst into flames, it is supposed spontaneously, although it is asserted by some to have been the act of an incendiary. The son of a barrister was returning through the forest on foot, when his attention was attracted by flames on the plateau above Apremont. He proceeded immediately to Barbizon, in search of Monsieur le Maire, at whose door he hammered in vain, that functionary being absent. The adjoint was next applied to, and the request made that the tocsin should be sounded. Monsieur l'Adjoint was a man of red tape, and wanted a precedent for sounding the tocsin in a similar case. He searched, found none, and declared he could only order the drums to beat. "Well, then, rattle away." "But," remonstrated the Assistant Mayor, "here are the drums only, and I must send for a drummer, which will take a quarter of an hour." This was too much for the excited son of a barrister, who seized a drum and visited various parts of the town, rattling away as he did so in a manner that would have made Patti, in "Lucia," or Celine Montaland, in the "Cosaques," jealous. This unusual flagellation of the sheepskin soon collected a small troop of the inhabitants, and among others a number of the colony of artists who inhabit the place. Brush, mahlstick and pallet were cast aside, and the disciples of the art of painting hurried up if possible to save their favorite trees. Forest guards, gendarmes and troops arrived, and at last the flames were mastered when nearly seventy acres had been devastated. The pine trees, burned from stem to summit, still remain erect. Sight-seers have a new sensation: they flock in crowds to visit the blackened rocks and tree trunks—the only remaining vestiges of the late fire.

THE PARIS PRESS.

There are in Paris 980 journals, of which forty are political.

The following statement of their numbers and objects is of interest; it is official:—Religion, Roman Catholic, 62; Protestant, 25; Jewish, 3; instructive, 25; law, 48; administrative, 26; political economy, 63; medical, 69; natural science, 40; agricultural, 35; horticultural, 10; military art, 19; marine, 12; history, 26; fine arts, 65; architecture, 9; archæological, 19; public works, 35; financial, 49; industrial arts and trades, 66; ladies' journals, 36; fashions, 66; sport, 29; Free Masonry, 5; Spiritualism, 5; bibliography, 16; literature, 36; in all, 940 non-political journals, of which 113 are stamped and consequently entitled to receive advertisements. There are in addition to the above 40 political newspapers. With all proper deference for our French contemporaries, I find their perusal most irksome, the mind being in a constant state of doubt as to facts.

FEMME A BARBE.

All have heard Theresa sing the celebrated *Femme à Barbe*. The original *femme à barbe*—large, fat and forty—was wont to exhibit her ugliness at the various *fêtes* around Paris, and is supposed to have served as a model for the star of the Café Chantant. In consequence of domestic troubles the hirsute Eve tried to drown herself near the Pont du Change. Medical examination proved her to be insane, and she has been consigned to a lunatic asylum. Theresa, who has already made 120,000 francs by doing so, is still singing in the Chatte Blanche; but, thank goodness, I have not heard her for many months. The Gaite theatre, notwithstanding the heat, where she nightly is applauded by her admirers, whose name is legion, is not very far distant from one bearing the name of an actress who, having been from the commencement of this century a public favorite, now has sought repose in retirement. Born on the 30th of August, 1798, Virginie Déjazet made her first appearance before the public in 1802, since which she has been constantly before it. Thirty-five years since her talent was described by Brazier in the following terms:—"Virginie Déjazet, the most daring actress that I know, recoiling before nothing, frightened at nothing, uttering slang with perfect tact. Virginie laughs with the public as with a friend, with an air of saying, 'I am about to give you something very bad, but don't be afraid, it is I. I am a good fellow.' Virginie understands everything about the theatre, malice, nature, grace, jollity, and if she does not make you cry it is that she will not. *ou qu'elle le veut bien.*" A greater compliment to an actress could hardly be paid.

BANKING AND BANKERS.

Three self-styled bankers, whose united ages would not reach the threescore years and ten spoken of in Holy Writ, are at present absent from Paris. They are accompanied by 500,000 francs, which, if everybody had their own, would be quietly reposing in the pockets of the waiters at restaurants, attendants at baths, servants and others, who were taken in by a small financial sheet, published weekly, with the especial object of making victims. Every person in Paris likes speculation. My *bonne* has shares in this and the other financial scheme. She is learned in obligations of the Ville de Paris and government loans. The absence of the young bankers alluded to above is deplored by hundreds of small capitalists. Although acting in concert they had establishments in different quarters of Paris, the Credit Financier, the Caisse des Petits Capitalists and the Caisse des Rentiers. In the safe was found, after their departure for Belgium, twenty-six francs, bearing the Pope's effigy, which, as I before told you, diminishes their value considerably.

CRIME.

Suicide is still on the increase. Heat of the weather is said to have something to do with it, and yet I should imagine that but few inhabitants of this capital can hope to find cooler quarters in the next world. Four of us attempted and three succeeded in one day in anticipating payment of the debt to which humanity is heir. One, a geographical engineer, took a header from the Pont de l'Alma, and a policeman took a header after him, as did also an inhabitant of the neighborhood. He was brought out alive, although before throwing himself into the water he had tried to strangle himself with a rope tightly tied around his throat, and had swallowed the contents of a vial full of ammonia. It is evident he was not born to die by suicide. At the Pont de l'Alma a man attempted to drown himself, while at the Pont de la Concorde another, anxiously watched by a gaping crowd, was walking about quietly at the bottom of the river, airing himself with a pipe of gutta percha tube, the orifice of which was supported on the surface of the water by two pieces of wood. The shoes of this submarine *flaneur* had soles armed with perpendicular points, which enabled their wearer to walk easily against the current.

GOSSIP.

In Paris if a person drops a sou in the gutter everybody stops, everybody gazes intently, without knowing at what, and everybody chatters, without knowing what they are talking about. A policeman arrives, utters the magic *circulez, messieurs, circulez!* and the crowd disperses, no one knowing anything, but every one inventing some story to retail and be improved on by the first person to whom the great event is imparted. Paris is a gossiping, lounging place. How people get through any business at all is a mystery. The time lost in trying to find people at their offices or residences is amazing. From eleven till one you can find no one; or rather, the two best hours in the day are wasted in *cafés* with breakfasting and the *demie tasse*, followed by the small glass of cognac and cigars. Until initiated in Parisian customs I became as thin as a fiddle string in my endeavors to find people. I found, however, that it is as hopeless to attempt to catch a Parisian between those hours as it is to fish for trout under a bright sun, when the fish are taking their midday nap and would not "rise" at the daintiest living fly on the wing, much less at an artificial.

IRREVERENT.

It is difficult for the French to be serious; they are lively by nature. The Paris *gavroche* is celebrated for witty sallies, even in reference to the most serious subjects. I heard one yesterday afternoon, at the corner of the rue de Lafayette, where your correspondent, among others, had been brought to a standstill by a passing funeral. Followed by a considerable number of letter carriers in uniform, the interment was evidently that of a postman. A *gavroche* in a blouse at my elbow took his cap off like everybody else as the hearse went by; but he could not resist causing an indecorous titter in the crowd by alluding to the defunct in an audible voice to one of his pals, "*Dis donc, august!*"—is he prepaid and stamped for foreign post, or does he go free?

IRELAND.

Execution of the Law—The Special Commission in Meath—Causes of the Extra-Judicial Assemblage—Municipal Excitement—The Prisoners, Their Appearance, Trials and the Result—Sentences—The Scene in Court.

TRIM, June 15, 1870.

The Special Judicial Commission for the county Meath, which has, for some time past, been the subject of much controversy and speculation, concluded its labors in this town on the 9th instant. Though the criminal calendar was a long one, only two of the prisoners, strange to say, were put on their trial; but, as these were convicted, the Crown was, I suppose, so well satisfied with its victory that it did not wish to proceed further, and adjourned the other trials till the next assizes.

CAUSES.

As the commission is over, I wish to make a few observations upon it and upon the state of things which occasioned it. There are few, I think, who will deny that, for the last six or eight months, the social condition of the counties of Meath and Westmeath has been such as required the interposition of the law. Whoever reads the letters I have already written from this county will, I doubt not, be led to form a similar opinion. Several murders have been committed in the county, but none of the criminals have been made amenable to the law. Numerous other offences of a less serious nature have also taken place, and, in the majority of instances, it is to be regretted the offenders have not been brought to justice.

So many criminals have escaped that Mr. Gladstone and his colleagues were accused, and, indeed, with some semblance of justice, by their political opponents, of the greatest neglect with regard to the state of Ireland. Night after night in the House of Commons they were persistently taunted with fomenting disturbances of a religious as well as of a social nature in Ireland, with encouraging the assassination of the landlords, with doing all manner of wicked and foolish things; but, I may remark, that the only ground the tory "squireens" had for these accusations was that the government did not adopt any extraordinary measures to prevent these crimes. The object of the tories was two-fold. They wanted these outrages to be regarded as the result of Mr. Gladstone's policy, and they were resolved on forcing him to adopt coercive measures that would bring his government into disfavor with the Irish. Unfortunately, in the latter instance they were but too successful. But, instead of regretting these outrages, the tories sang a pæan over every one that took place. They did more than this. They encouraged them in every way they could. They were ready to join with the Fenians, with the Orangemen, with any and every society in fact, to help on and encourage those outrages which they so loudly deplored in the House of Commons. The importunities of these tories and the actual state of the country forced Mr. Gladstone at last to introduce the Coercion bill, and, strange to say, with the exception of Sir John Gray and his few followers, from none did he receive such opposition as from the tory members.

COERCION.

The Coercion bill was passed, and while it placed the entire population of Ireland under some restrictions it completely suspended the liberties of the people of Meath, Westmeath and Mayo. Notwithstanding its severity and the extraordinary powers with which it invested the magistracy and the police crime still continued in Meath.

The special commission, which is just now closed, was issued by the Lord Lieutenant for the purpose of dealing out the severest punishment to such persons as would be found guilty of crimes of a political or social nature, and, by making an example of them, deter others from following in their footsteps.

ON TRIAL.

I have no fault to find with the object of the commission; I believe that circumstances justified it and that it was absolutely necessary; but I do not see why all the prisoners were not put upon their trial or why the Crown was satisfied with the conviction of two. It is an extraordinary fact that, although only two prisoners were tried, the county Meath, for being purged of these two criminals, will be put to the enormous expense of £4,000 sterling, and all this for a trial of about ten hours. The presiding Judges, Chief Justice Monaghan and Mr. Justice Fitzgerald, are, it is said, to receive £1,000 sterling between them. During the trial Judge Fitzgerald never opened his mouth, and the Chief Justice delivered two charges, which were remarkable for nothing but their bad English. The Attorney and the Solicitor General will also come in for their share of the cash, and the prisoners' counsel, who, though employed by the Crown, will also be paid by the people of Meath for their strenuous exertions in behalf of Mr. Radcliffe's would-be murderers.

When government went to the trouble of raising such a "fuss" and of incurring such expense, it should have arraigned all the prisoners or have had no commission at all.

INDICTMENTS.

The trial of Edward Gearty and John Brady, for the attempted murder of Mr. Radcliffe, J. P., was looked forward to for several months past by the entire population of this county, indeed I might say of Ireland, with the utmost interest. It was the most serious offence of a political or social nature with which any person in the county stood charged; and although it was not very remarkable in itself, still it had a public significance which the people as well as the government were not slow to recognize.

Men of all classes flocked into Trim to be present at the trial. The town was so crowded that it was next to impossible to get a bed. The law officers of the Crown had to sleep in bedrooms in which I heard they could not stand upright. At the two hotels, which were very far from being comfortable, a stranger would be accommodated with a bed for a guinea a night. The jury were sent to a hotel, and were so badly provided for that the Chief Justice felt it to be his duty to fine the Sub-Sheriff twenty pounds sterling. The HERALD'S special correspondent, who came back here the evening before the trial, was obliged to repose on a sofa in an apartment occupied by three others, and for this luxury paid half a guinea.

STREET AND COURT SCENES.

Every one was up early next morning. The Judges arrived from Dublin by the ten o'clock train and took their seats on the bench an hour afterwards. The streets and lanes were crowded, but comparatively few were able to obtain admission to the court.

EDWARD GEARTY,

the chief, or rather I should say the only, criminal, is a man of about forty years of age and has an extremely forbidding cast of countenance. He is a small man, rather below the middle size, of dark complexion, heavy eyebrows, wicked looking eyes. He wears a black whisker and moustache. A worse countenance, I think, I have never seen. His character, if report can be relied on, is quite as bad as his appearance. He enjoys a very unenviable reputation in Kells, of which place he is a native. For years he was mixed up with all the secret societies of the town and neighborhood, and was the leader of the ribbonmen. In 1859, when the Phœnix boys were being arrested in different parts of Ireland, Gearty found it necessary to go to America, but returned to Kells a year or two afterwards, when the danger was over. As far as I am able to understand, the inhabitants of that town neither regret his absence nor his fate.

JOHN BRADY.

The other prisoner, John Brady, is a boy of about twenty years of age, and had the misfortune of falling into bad company a few years ago. He has quite a boyish look, and there is nothing vicious about his appearance.

TESTIMONY.

The trial of these two men, though short, will not, I think, be forgotten in haste in the county Meath. Brady, a short time after his arrest, made a voluntary statement to the resident magistrate of Trim, which was produced in evidence against him at the trial, and created a sensation such as, I believe, was seldom felt in a court of justice. They knew that their intended victim, Mr. Radcliffe, was in town, and they armed themselves and went to meet him at a lonely part of his road home. Brady was to hold the bridle lines while Gearty was to fire the shot, and, if necessary, to cut Mr. Radcliffe's throat, for which purpose he brought with him a butcher's knife. As was agreed upon between them Brady seized the bridle and Gearty discharged the contents of a large pistol at his intended victim, which, providentially missed his head and took effect in his hat. Brady was so frightened that he let go the bridle and thus prevented his accomplice from despatching Mr. Radcliffe with his knife.

It also came out during the trial that several persons were to be murdered within a short time from the attempt on Mr. Radcliffe's life. Among them were a Major Dalton and his son, Lord Dunsany's agent, and a gamekeeper in the neighborhood of Kells.

These facts, with many others I need not introduce here, gave a dreadful interest to the whole proceedings. I saw the Chief Justice actually tremble on the bench. The Solicitor General, who certainly is not a severe or rough-tempered man, was so excited with the horrible story he had heard that he delivered one of the ablest and most telling speeches I ever listened to against the prisoners.

SENTENCED.

Gearty received the heaviest sentence the law allows for the offence of which he was guilty—namely, penal servitude for the term of his natural life.

Brady, in consequence of his youth, was strongly recommended by the jury to mercy, and was let off with ten years' penal servitude.

HOPE.

I have no doubt that this sentence will be attended with the best possible consequences. It will give Gearty's accomplices, of whom a large number are in custody, a fright which, probably, they little dreamed of. It will, it is to be hoped, put an end to those lawless societies which, beyond all doubt, exist in this country, and should it do this it will accomplish a great deal. To strike terror into the hearts of the people was, I feel certain, the reason which induced the government to issue the commission; and their object was a wise one, and will, in due time, bear good fruit.

FIRST EFFECTS.

The prisoner Gearty, like most other murderers, was a coward: for when sentenced he fainted in the dock. The unfortunate man leaves a wife and a large family to bewail his unhappy fate. The former and two or three of the latter gave vent to their feelings in screams and sobs, which those who had the misfortune to hear will not soon forget.

The Tailors' Trade "Strike" in Cork—What an Employer Says.

[From the Cork Reporter, June 17.]

At the police office yesterday the charge against the tailors on strike for combination came on for hearing.

Mr. Cremen, on behalf of the accused, suggested that it be withdrawn in view of some arrangement being come to for the settlement of the dispute between the operatives and their employers.

Mr. Bishop, the complainant, stated that he could not go from his place of business to his private house without being annoyed and threatened with assault.

The case was postponed until Thursday next, and should the master tailors get no cause of complaint in the interim, it will not probably be proceeded with.

Neutralizing Agencies.

[From the Cork Reporter, June 17.]

In the British Parliament Mr. Heron intends to ask the government how long it is intended to keep the military in Tipperary workhouse, with the view of having them removed.

Mr. Stackpoole will, on next Monday, in Parliament, ask her Majesty's Postmaster General what steps he proposes to take and when they will be taken towards securing for the people of Ireland "a cheaper, more widely extended and more expeditious system of telegraphy."

ENGLAND.

Patti Out of Tone.

The musical editor of *Le Gaulois*, of Paris, gives the following account of a difference between Mme. Patti and Herr Wachtel:—

In one scene of "Don Giovanni," as is well known, the tenor sings an air of some length, during which time Zerlina and Zannetto are left on the stage taking no part in the music. By a conventional arrangement the artists representing these characters usually retire and only return when the tenor has finished his air. At the last representation of "Don Giovanni" at Covent Garden Herr Wachtel, who had requested Signor Tagliafico to arrange with Mme. Patti to observe the usual course, found, when about to commence his famous piece, that, although Signor Tagliafico had retired from the stage, Mme. Patti was still there. Believing that she had misunderstood the arrangement, he said, in a low voice, "Leave the stage," which Mme. Patti at once did in great indignation, and immediately protested to Mr. Gye that she would never again sing with a tenor who could speak to her with such insolence. An explanation followed, which was simply that Signor Tagliafico had omitted to inform Mme. Patti of the desire of Herr Wachtel, and the lady at once admitted that the latter could not have intended to affront her; but Herr Wachtel, in his turn, was indignant, refused to sing again, and demanded that his engagement at £600 per month should be cancelled, which was done.

DISRAELI'S CRITICS.

Lothair Under the Scalpel, and by Whom.

The Glasgow *Herald's* London correspondent writing upon the above subject says:—

The slashing criticism of Mr. Disraeli's book contained in this month's "Blackwood" has been written by Mr. Lawrence Oliphant, author of the recent "Piccadilly Sketches," and a well-known contributor to the tory magazine. Mr. Oliphant, who became known to fame by the record of his travels in connection with Lord Elgin's mission to China, entered Parliament as the representative of the Stirling burghs, having been elected at the general election which took place immediately preceding Lord Palmerston's death. A sudden whim, partly occasioned perhaps by ill-health, caused him shortly after entering Parliament to resign his seat, and he departed for America, where he was next heard of as one of the founders of a new sect, whose peculiar principles seems to have been a combination of religion and farming. Here he was for some time entirely lost to high class society, of which he had been once an influential member, and what little was heard of him merely revealed the fact that he was leading a life of transcendental solitude, somewhat akin to that described in Hawthorne's "Blythedale Romance." He was, in fact, beginning to be forgotten in England, when, at the commencement of the present year, his "Piccadilly Sketches" appeared, and brought him more prominently before the public. They were very bitter and slashing in their tone, and, as they satirized the more glaring of our social evils, in the cynical vein of a man who, having probed their depths and found them vanity, had retired into the wilderness, where he could rail at them with authority, the book became the town's talk, and was extremely popular at the fashionable libraries. One of the strangest features in connection with this publication, however, remains to be recorded. Having written, as it were, from the heart of his solitude, in the most caustic and condemnatory terms, of modern fashionable society, Mr. Oliphant left America and came over to London to hear what that society which he had so strongly ridiculed had to say about his book. He has been haunting the clubs for some time since, and "Lothair" having been opportunely given to the world while he was idling, he had the opportunity of feeding fat his grudge, ancient and otherwise, upon Mr. Disraeli, and writing a review which, at all events, has created a sensation.

[From the London Standard, June 15.]

Some of our readers may recollect that from the time the Peelite section purchased the *Morning Chronicle*, apparently for the purpose of writing Mr. Disraeli down, there were published in that paper, year after year, invectives against that gentleman which far outstripped all the limits of political discussion. No one knew at the time who wrote them; they were ascribed at the time to various individuals; but at last it came out the slashing writer was Goldwin Smith, then a man comparatively unknown outside the walls of Balliol. Surely the Oxford professor must have forgotten in his irritation at the "venomless story" of "Lothair" for how many years he libelled Mr. Disraeli with impunity and anonymously.

Whence the Title?

"A. H. B.," writing to the London *News*, says:—

Why Mr. Disraeli pitched on the name of Lothair for the hero of his last novel has puzzled more than one of your contemporaries. I think even Mr. Goldwin Smith might, if he knew the source of Mr. Disraeli's inspiration, admit that of a certain sort of cowardice he is not guilty. On turning to *Punch* for 1844, vol. 8, p. 16, I find among the characters in Punch's Pantomime one described thus:—"Lothair (sometimes called Young England, afterwards Harlequin), Mr. D'Israeli." The significance of the motto, "*Nosse omnia hæc salus est adolescentulis*," is also explained by this reference. Like M. Regnier, Mr. Disraeli, in retiring from a profession in which he has been so eminent, considerately wished to give the benefit of his experience to that Young England with which he was once himself identified.

GERMANY.

Russian Imperial Honor to Bismarck—The Czar at Ems.

The *Memoire Diplomatique* of Paris states that when Count Bismarck, who accompanied his sovereign the King of Prussia to Ems, took the hand of the Czar, and was lifting it to his lips, the Emperor Alexander anticipated the action by saluting the Prussian statesman on the cheek. From this gracious salutation it is inferred that Count Bismarck is in great favor with the Czar. The *Memorial* adds that "in diplomatic circles it is still believed, notwithstanding the denial of the semi-official journals, that in the interview between the two sovereigns plans have been agreed to in furtherance of the work of disintegration which has for some time past been carried on towards Austria; on the part of the one Power, by secretly inciting the Czechs to refuse all compromise with the Court of Vienna, and of other by propagating and encouraging Pan-Slavist ideas throughout the countries under the Austrian sceptre which are inhabited by a slave population."

The *Presse* of Vienna, however, announces that the object of the royal meeting at Ems was to arrange a marriage between the second son of the Czar, Prince Wladimir, and a youthful princess of the royal family.

Finance and Trade in Frankfort.

[From the London Times (city article), June 16.]

The advices from Frankfort describe a great tendency to animation on the Bourse. Old and solid railway securities command high prices, and Lombard and Austrian-French shares are especially in request, on the expectation of a large export of grain—a circumstance which has also caused the Vienna currency to rise two per cent during the past week.

A new bank has been started at Frankfort under the title of the German-American Bank, and among the promoters there are very good names. "They might do a profitable business," it is remarked, "but the question is whether anything of American origin could be safely endorsed *as long as judges are appointed by universal suffrage* and not by competent authorities, who could ascertain the characters of persons in whom such functions should be vested." United States bonds are in demand for investment, while there is scarcely any floating supply on the market.

The Frankfort municipal authorities have granted a concession to a company for extensive waterworks, with a guarantee of four per cent interest on the amount of their shares, taking also 1,500,000 florins on their own account. The water will be brought from the Vogelsberg and the Spessart, a distance of thirty miles, previous attempts to bring it from the hills in the neighborhood having failed, and the undertaking seems to be expected to prove highly remunerative. At a meeting of delegates from the French and South German railway companies interested in the traffic between France and Austria-Hungary at Prague, it has been resolved to reduce the freight for corn from Pesth to Paris, via Cologne, as has previously been the case via Kehl; to admit Dynamit in the international traffic; to grant a reduction in the freight of cotton sent from Havre, and various other reductions, to secure the transport for their lines.

SPAIN.

Prim's Speech on the Search for a King.

The following is the text of the speech pronounced lately by Marshal Prim in the Spanish Cortes on the subject of finding some one to accept the vacant throne. He said:—

The deputies probably expect me to proclaim the name of a candidate with whom I had been authorized to treat on the part of the Spanish government. (Hear, hear.) I shall not do so, because if I did I should commit an indiscretion which might lead to complications; and, besides, my honor is pledged. Gentlemen, you will, doubtless, approve my reserve. (Yes, yes.) The candidate was assuredly in the condition Spain requires. That is to say, of royal race, Catholic and of full age. But fatality had written in the book of destinies of nations that we were not to succeed in finding a king. The Prince, I have been informed with as much delicacy as benevolence, cannot for the present accept the crown. Then the government thought the time was come to refer to the Cortes and make the Assembly the arbiter of the question. Thus I sum up my statement. The Ministry has not been fortunate in these negotiations; it has no candidate for the crown of Spain to present you, at least for the present, but will it have to-morrow? I cannot say. I can only assure you that the government is animated by entirely the same sentiment as the monarchist deputies, and that most certainly the Cabinet has not lost all chance of finding a monarch. Without being able to fix a date or wishing to name the exact day, the government will continue to treat the question with great prudence and reserve until it can present to you a candidate capable of creating a general opinion in his favor. Like you, we have considered that the first thing that the country required was to get out of the interregnum at any price. But we have no candidate to offer you, yet, as it is possible that the majority in the Cortes may have one, you will, with your exalted wisdom, take what determination you may deem proper in conformity with your patriotic spirit and sentiments. I may add that the government, as well as the deputies, looks on the continuance of the provisional state of things as a great evil; but not having in its power any means of getting out of this painful situation it does not share the exaggerated fears which have been expressed as to the dangers which would result therefrom to liberty and society.

A Paris journal of the 16th of June reports the speech and then adds:—

The Marshal acknowledged that the Spanish crown had been offered to four different candidates in succession, all of whom refused it. As he did not give their names we will supply the deficiency by stating that they were the ex-Regent of Portugal, Don Fernando; the young Duke of Genoa; Count d'Eu, son-in-law of the Emperor of Brazil, and Prince Frederick of Hohenzollern.

RUSSIA.

A Church Sensation from Paris—Intolerance and Self-Sufficiency.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Eastern Budget*, of Vienna, writing on the 6th, says:—

The news that an English family of the name of Dickson was brutally ill-treated the other day by the pew opener of the Russian church in Paris has produced a great sensation here. It appears that this family, having a desire to see the church, were accompanied by a Russian lady, and that the pew opener, on learning that they were Protestants, turned them out, with such violence that the ladies of the party nearly fainted. The Russian Pope attached to the embassy has since attempted to explain this outrage by stating that he has not sufficient funds at his disposal to keep more than one pew opener. Otherwise, he added, the family in question would not have been refused admittance at the door, as the church is kept up not to satisfy the curiosity of foreigners, but to provide for the spiritual wants of Russians. This explanation does not seem to have been very well received by the government here, which is very sensitive to public opinion in France and England, and must know that the expulsion from a Russian church of persons of other religions can only be regarded in those countries as an act of intolerant barbarism.

Visitors to Paris will be glad to hear that this Russ dog in the manger has at last been brought to book.

OLD WORLD ITEMS.

The crop of truffles is said to be declining in France.

The cholera has been raging fearfully in British India, and the smell from some of the rivers there is frightful.

A daughter of the celebrated Lola Montez has just made her début as a *danseuse* in one of the German theatres.

The huge steel plated frigate The Sultan, the largest in the world, built at Chatham, England, for the Turkish Navy, is said to be a great success.

The second drawing of the Turkish railway bonds has just taken place at Constantinople. No. 514,732 obtained the prize of 300,000 francs, and 544,510 that of 25,000 francs.

The *Echo du Parlement*, of Brussels, announces that M. Langrand Dumonceau, the Belgian banker, has recently left Belgium for Brazil with some members of his family.

Some workmen of a town in Hanover amused themselves by stripping a tipsy companion and fastening him in that condition to a tombstone. A few hours later he was found there, dead.

British fishermen have been infringing the rights of the German fishermen near the coasts of the North Sea. The latter extend to a distance of three nautical miles at sea from the extreme limit.

Deep-sea fishing for ling and cod is proving much more abundant and profitable this season than for many seasons back, and, generally speaking, the Northumberland fishing trade is very prosperous at present.

The Danish government is devoting great attention to fortification. The military measures taken by Prussia on the island of Alsen have fully aroused the Danes, and they will prepare for possible war, cost what it may.

A man clad in a coat of mail is travelling on horseback about Scotland. His object in going in this guise is neither quixotic nor warlike. He is travelling to advertise the excellence of the black lead with which his coat is polished.

The celebrated Swedish poet, J. L. Runeberg, still alive in Norway, but mentally incapacitated, in consequence of a paralytic stroke, has been made an honorary member of the Swedish Academy of Fine Arts, History and Antiquities.

The discussion in the Municipality of Milan relative to the grant for the St. Gothard Railway was extremely long and animated, having lasted three sittings. The subvention of a million and a half was ultimately sanctioned, as already stated, by 35 to 5.

We hear that the plenipotentiaries of Prussia, Bavaria, Wurtemburg, Baden and Hesse, who met in conference at Frankfort, for the purpose of settling and dividing the debts made by the Knights of St. John, in the years from 1801 to 1805, brought their labors to a satisfactory conclusion on the 28th ult. According to arrangement already made the Swiss quota will be borne by the above mentioned governments.

The number of the London police on the 1st of January, 1870, was 8,857, viz.:—Four district superintendents, 25 superintendents, 246 inspectors, 934 sergeants and 7,613 constables. The number is less than on the 1st of January, 1869, at which date there were 7,693 constables. The cost of the metropolitan police in the financial year 1869-70 was £818,316, but this includes a contribution of £62,000 to the superannuation fund. There are 2,830 men on the superannuation list.

M. Garnier, a member of the French Cambodian expedition, asserts that in China the taste for opium is by no means confined to the human race. Pigs and horses thrive upon poppy flowers, and when deprived of their favorite food languish and die. At a town in Yunan rats used to resort in large numbers to an opium manufactory in order to inhale the fumes from the coppers, and after the town had been sacked by the Panthays the ruins of the factory were visited by its old *habitues*, who were content to die on the scene of their former happiness. What effect opium might have upon the equine constitution we cannot say; but if it would enable the broken-down cab horse to forget his miseries for a time, and, while standing on the rank, to dream of the freedom and fresh pastures of his youth, the most rigid moralist could not grudge the addition of a few grains of the anodyne to the contents of his nose-bag.

A trial has just taken place at Calcutta involving the right of a Hindoo woman to choose her own religion. A young woman, whose friends belong to the Brahmo Somaj, forsook the tenets of her fathers and was baptized. Her relatives got a writ of habeas corpus and secured influential counsel, but the judge decided against them and gave the woman her liberty. She at once, in open court, in the most unhesitating way, intimated that she would not return to her relatives. However, before judgment was recorded, she was again removed to a private room, in order that her mother might again try to shake her resolution. No Christian friend was permitted to enter. Presently wails and shrieks and howlings of grief reached us. After a painful interval the young woman was again called forth into the midst, evidently much agitated, and you may imagine the trying ordeal in a court crammed with spectators. She also had never been beyond the walls of the Zenana till within the last week. By God's grace she stood firm, and in a firm voice replied to the question where she decided to go, "To the Padre Sahibs." The excitement is immense among the natives. All Calcutta is in a ferment.

There can be no question of the adulteration of beer with water. This can hardly be said to be an unmixed evil. Those who contend that the more serious adulterations with cocculus indicus is rare should remember that the amount of cocculus indicus imported into England is sufficient for the adulteration of three-fifths of the beer consumed in the United Kingdom. There is no other known use for the deleterious drug. It is utterly useless and never employed in medicine, and is equally useless and unemployed in the arts. Nevertheless, while the quantity imported in 1857 amounted to 68 cwt., it amounted in 1863 to 1,054 cwt. It may also be stated that the use of cocculus indicus to give a fictitious strength to beer is not by any means confined to this country. According to a statement of Professor Dragendorff, formerly chemist to the St. Petersburg police, picrotoxine, the active principle of cocculus indicus, is largely used for adulterating beer in Russia, and it is a frequent occurrence that brewers are fined on this account and the beer confiscated. Schubert, of Würzburg, also states that Bavarian beer is very often adulterated with cocculus indicus.

TRAGIC OCCURRENCE IN A PRINTING OFFICE.

A Journeyman Printer is Shot Dead by a "D—d Sub."

[From the Council Bluffs (Iowa) Times, June 21.]

Yesterday, just as the *Times* was in press and the boys had begun to distribute their cases, our office was the scene of a terrible and sanguinary encounter. James M. Bell is a young man about twenty-two years of age. He is a small man, about five feet six inches high, rather stockily built, has gray eyes, light curly hair, and is in his manner taciturn, and so far as our acquaintance with him goes to show he is a quiet, orderly young man and always minded his own business while employed in the *Times* office. He has been in Council Bluffs only about ten or twelve days, and has worked part of the time in this office and part of the time on the *Nonpareil*, having no regular situation, but "subbing," as it is called, for other printers regularly employed, at such times as the latter happened to be drunk or indisposed. He had been "subbing" for Charles Austin, the murdered man, during the day. At about six o'clock in the afternoon Bell left the *Times* office and went over to the *Nonpareil*, remaining there a short time, when he returned. He came up in front of the *Times* office and leaned up against the door casing, looking into the office. Austin made some remark about his "d—d sub," blaming him for something that had occurred. The latter (Bell) responded by calling Austin a "d—d liar." Austin made a rush for the door, swearing he would whip Bell, but was so intoxicated that he lost his balance and went off the sidewalk into the gutter. Recovering himself, he started for Bell a second time, when the latter drew a small revolver, and leveling it shot his assailant through the head, the ball striking him directly over the right eye and about an inch above the eyebrow, passing directly through the brain and lodging against the skull bone on the back side of the head. Austin threw up his hands, gave a dull groan and fell forward on his face on the sidewalk, and for some minutes made no sign. Pretty soon, however, he began to exhibit signs of remaining life, and was taken up and carried to the yard in the rear of the *Times* office, where he remained in a semi-conscious condition till removed to the building adjoining the Washington House, where he recovered sufficiently to converse at intervals.

Bell, immediately after he had fired the shot, came back into the office, terribly frightened. We said to him, "Bell, what have you done?" He replied, "I have shot Austin. What shall I do?" We at once told him to go over to Montgomery's office and keep out of the way of the rapidly gathering and fearfully excited crowd till he could be taken in charge by the proper authorities. He followed our advice and went across the street. The crowd was increasing by scores, and in less than ten minutes the whole street in front of our office was crowded with people. Some of the lawless and turbulent spirits who are always on hand in such cases began to raise the cry, "Where is he?" "Bring him out," &c., and two of these latter followed Bell across the street, avowing their determination to take him out and hang him. They were, however, speedily dissuaded from their purpose by a little "moral suasion" in the hands of Montgomery, and there were no further demonstrations of the kind.

Bell was born in Cincinnati; he has a brother living in Indiana and two sisters living in Benton county in this State.

Charles Austin is thirty-three years of age. He is an old jour printer, having "tramped" the United States from the Atlantic to the Missouri and from the lakes to the Gulf. He was an eccentric genius, very intelligent and pleasant, and, like most old jour printers, was possessed of an inexhaustible fund of anecdote and humor. He had all the proverbial generosity of the true printer, and his last penny was at the service of any one who used him well. His wound is undoubtedly fatal, and he is only alive now by reason of his cast iron constitution and his strong, sluggish nervous organization. His home is at 13½ Whitehall street, New York city.

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